Supporting Information File 1

for

Synthesis of rigid *p*-terphenyl-linked carbohydrate mimetics

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Experimental procedures

Table of contents:

- General information s2
- Additional experimental procedures and analytical data s4
- References s32

General information

Reactions were generally performed under inert atmosphere (argon) in flame-dried flasks. Solvents and reagents were added by syringe. Solvents were dried using standard procedures and were purified with a MB SPS-800-dry solvent system. Triethylamine was distilled from CaH₂ and stored over KOH under argon atmosphere. Commercial available reagents were used as received without further purification unless otherwise stated. Products were purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (230-400 mesh, Merck or Fluka) or by size exclusion chromatography (Sephadex[™] LH-20, GE Healthcare). Unless otherwise stated, yields refer to analytical pure samples. Hydrogenolyses were performed with hydrogen from Air Liquide (Alphagaz 2). TLCanalyses were performed on silica gel coated aluminium plates purchased from Merck. Products were detected by UV-activity and by using staining reagents (Cer/molybdenum reagent, KMnO₄ and ninhydrine). NMR spectra were recorded on BRUKER (AV 500, AV 700) and JEOL (ECP 500) instruments. Chemical shifts (δ) are listed in parts per million (ppm) and are reported relative to solvent residual signals: $CDCI_3$ (¹H: δ = 7.26 ppm, ¹³C: δ = 77.16 ppm), CD₃OD (¹H: δ = 3.31 ppm, ¹³C: δ = 49.00 ppm) or pyridine-d⁵ (¹H: δ = 8.74 ppm, ¹³C: δ = 150.35 ppm). Integrals are in accordance with assignments; coupling constants (J) are given in Hz. All ¹³C NMR spectra are proton-decoupled. Multiplicity is indicated as follows: s (singlet), s_{br} (broad singlet), d (doublet), t (triplet), q (quartet), dd (doublet of doublet), dt (doublet of triplet), td (triplet of doublet), m (multiplet), m_c (centered multiplet). For detailed peak assignments 2D spectra were measured (COSY and HMQC). The given ratios of diastereomers were calculated by comparison of the 2'-H peaks. IR spectra were measured with a Jasco spectrometer (FT/IR-4100 with DLATGS Detector). HRMS analyses were performed with Agilent 6210 (ESI–TOF, 10 μ L/min, 1.0 bar, 4 kV) and Varian/Agilent Ionspec QFT-7 (ESI–FTICR, 4 μ L/min, 1.0 bar, 4 kV) instruments. Elemental analyses were carried out with instruments from PerkinElmer (CHN-Analyzer 2400) and from Elementar (Vario, Vario EL, Vario EL III). Melting points were measured with a Reichert apparatus (Thermovar) and are uncorrected.

Additional experimental procedures and analytical data

The following compounds were prepared analogously to literature procedures: ester **1** [1], TMSE-allene **5** [2], *N*-benzylhydroxylamine [3], samarium(II) iodide [4] and 1,2-oxazine **10** [5].

(S)-1-[(R)-2-(4´-Bromophenyl)-1´,3´-dioxolan-4-yl]ethane-1,2-diol (8)

Under an argon atmosphere, lithium aluminum hydride (3.21 g, 84.6 mmol) was suspended in dry THF (525 mL) at 0 °C. Ester **7** (21.6 g, 65.1 mmol), dissolved in dry THF (220 mL), was dropwise added to the lithium aluminum hydride suspension. After 1 h stirring at rt, the solution was cooled to 0 °C and slowly quenched with water (30 mL). Then, 20% aq. NaOH solution (22 mL) and water (37 mL) were added and the suspension was stirred for further 4 h at rt. The suspension was filtered through a pad of Celite[®]. The filtrate was extracted with diethyl ether (3 x 500 mL) and the combined organic layers were dried with Na₂SO₄, filtered and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was purified by column chromatography (silica gel, hexanes/EtOAc 1:3) to yield **8** (18.8 g, quant.) as a colorless solid.

The obtained two diastereomers (d.r. 52:48) were not separated.



mp 81-83 °C; [α]_D²² -0.1 (*c* 1.00, CH₃OH); signals with * refer to the major diastereomer: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 2.61 (s_{br}, 2 H, OH, OH*), 3.00, 3.06 (2 s_{br}, 2 H, OH, OH*), 3.62-3.67 (m, 2 H, 1-H, 1-H*), 3.74-3.86 (m, 4 H, 1-H, 1-H*, 2-H, 2-H*), 4.00 (dd, J = 6.6, 8.3 Hz, 1 H, 4'-H*), 4.07-4.18 (m, 4 H, 5'-H, 5'-H*), 4.20 (dd, J = 6.4, 8.4 Hz, 1 H, 4'-H), 5.72 (s, 1 H, 2'-H), 5.88 (s, 1 H, 2'-H*), 7.30-7.34 (m, 4 H, Ar, Ar*), 7.49-7.52 (m, 4 H, Ar, Ar*) ppm; ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 63.5, 63.6 (2 t, C-1, C-1*), 67.4, 67.5 (2 d, C-4', C-4`*), 72.0, 72.2 (2 d, C-2, C-2*), 76.1, 76.7 (2 t, C-5', C-5'*), 103.1, 103.3 (2 d, C-2', C-2'*), 123.4, 123.6 (2 s, Ar, Ar*), 128.0, 128.2, 131.5, 131.6 (4 d, Ar, Ar*), 135.9, 136.8 (2 s, Ar, Ar*) ppm; IR (ATR) \tilde{v} : 3410-3035 (O-H), 3090-3030 (=C-H), 2955-2870 (C-H), 1580 (Ar), 1250 (C-O) cm⁻¹; ESI-TOF (*m*/*z*): [M + Na]⁺ calcd. for C₁₁H₁₃BrO₄Na, 310.9898; found, 310.9895; [2M + Na]⁺ calcd. for C₂₂H₂₆Br₂O₈Na, 600.9881; found, 600.9872; anal. calcd for C₁₁H₁₃BrO₄ (289.1): C, 45.70; H, 4.53; found: C, 45.53; H, 4.50.

(*Z*)-*N*-{[(2*S*,4*S*)-2-(4-Bromophenyl)-1,3-dioxolan-4-yl]methylene}-1-phenylmethanamine oxide (6a) and (*Z*)-*N*-{[(2*R*,4*S*)-2-(4-bromophenyl)-1,3-dioxolan-4-yl]methylene}-1-phenylmethanamine oxide (6b)

Compound **8** (17.3 g, 59.9 mmol) was dissolved in a mixture of acetonitrile and water (185 mL, 125 mL) and sodium periodate (23.1 g, 108 mmol) was added at 0 °C in small portions. The suspension was stirred for 1 h at rt and the insoluble salts were filtered off. The filtrate was extracted with dichloromethane (3 x 300 mL) and the combined organic layers were dried with Na₂SO₄, filtered and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was dissolved in dichloromethane (180 mL) and *N*-benzylhydroxylamine (9.30 g, 75.5 mmol) and magnesium sulfate (10.8 g) were added. The suspension was stirred over night at rt, filtered and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was purified by column chromatography (silica gel, hexanes/EtOAc 1:1) to yield **6**

(17.3 g, 80%, d.r. 52:48) as a colorless solid. For analytical characterization small samples of pure diastereomers were obtained by a second column chromatography.



Diastereomer 6a:

melting range 105-109 °C; $[\alpha]_{D}^{22}$ -1.4 (*c* 1.20, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 3.87 (dd, *J* = 6.8, 8.5 Hz, 1 H, 5-H), 4.55 (dd, *J* = 7.3, 8.5 Hz, 1 H, 5-H), 4.89 (s, 2 H, NCH₂), 5.21-5.27 (m, 1 H, 4-H), 5.84 (s, 1 H, 2-H), 6.93 (d, *J* = 4.5 Hz, 1 H, N=CH), 7.29-7.32 (m, 2 H, Ar), 7.36-7.41 (m, 5 H, Ph), 7.49-7.51 (m, 2 H, Ar) ppm; ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 68.8 (t, NCH₂), 69.0 (t, C-5), 72.3 (d, C-4), 103.3 (d, C-2), 123.5 (s, Ar), 128.0, 129.1, 129.3, 129.5, 131.5 (5 d, Ph, Ar), 131.8, 136.0 (2 s, Ar, Ph), 138.0 (d, N=CH) ppm; IR (ATR) \tilde{v} : 3080-2830 (=C-H, C-H), 1600 (C=C, C=N), 1210 (C-O) cm⁻¹; ESI-TOF (*m*/*z*): [M + Na]⁺ calcd for C₁₇H₁₆BrNO₃Na, 384.0211; found, 384.0191; [2M + Na]⁺ calcd for C₃₄H₃₂Br₂N₂O₆Na, 747.0504; found, 747.0484; anal. calcd for C₁₇H₁₆BrNO₃ (362.2): C, 56.37; H, 4.45; N, 3.87; found: C, 56.38; H, 4.68; N, 4.07.

Diastereomer 6b:

melting range 109-114 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{22}$ +7.6 (*c* 1.05, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 4.08-4.12 (m, 1 H, 5-H), 4.35 (dd, *J* = 7.9, 8.4 Hz, 1 H, 5-H), 4.85 (s, 2 H, NCH₂), 5.23 (td, *J* = 4.7, 7.9 Hz, 1 H, 4-H), 5.75 (s, 1 H, 2-H), 6.84 (d, *J* = 4.7 Hz, 1 H, N=CH), 7.28-7.30 (m, 2 H, Ar), 7.34-7.40 (m, 5 H, Ph), 7.47-7.49 (m, 2 H, Ar) ppm; ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 68.9 (t, NCH₂), 69.3 (t, C-5), 72.5 (d, C-4), 103.5 (d, C-2), 123.5 (s, Ar), 128.0, 129.0, 129.2, 129.3, 131.5 (5 d, Ar, Ph), 131.9, 135.6 (2 s, Ar, Ph),

138.2 (d, N=CH) ppm; IR (ATR): \tilde{v} 3070-2865 (=C-H, C-H), 1590 (C=C, C=N), 1155 (C-O) cm⁻¹; ESI-TOF (*m*/*z*): [M + Na]⁺ calcd for C₁₇H₁₆BrNO₃Na, 384.0211; found, 384.0220; [2M + Na]⁺ calcd for C₃₄H₃₂Br₂N₂O₆Na, 747.0504; found, 747.0510; anal. calcd for C₁₇H₁₆BrNO₃ (362.2): C, 56.37; H, 4.45; N, 3.87; found: C, 56.51; H, 4.29; N, 3.90.

(3S)-2-Benzyl-3-[(2S,4S)-2-(4-bromophenyl)-1,3-dioxolan-4-yl]-4-[2-(trimethylsilyl)ethoxy]-3,6-dihydro-2*H*-1,2-oxazine (4a) and (3S)-2-benzyl-3-[(2*R*,4S)-2-(4-bromophenyl)-1,3-dioxolan-4-yl]-4-[2-(trimethylsilyl)ethoxy]-3,6-dihydro-2*H*-1,2-oxazine (4b)

Procedure 1:

Under an argon atmosphere, allene **5** (86 mg, 0.55 mmol) was dissolved in THF (2 mL) and cooled to -40 °C. Then *n*-BuLi (0.22 mL, 2.5 M in THF, 0.55 mmol) was added dropwise, the solution was stirred for 10 min at -40 °C and then cooled to -78 °C. Nitrone **6** (100 mg, 0.276 mmol) was dissolved in THF (1 mL) and added dropwise to the solution of deprotonated allene. The mixture was stirred for 1.5 h at -78 °C and then quenched with water (5 mL) at -78 °C. The solution was allowed to warm up to rt and the aqueous layer was extracted with diethyl ether (3 x 50 mL). The combined organic layers were dried with Na₂SO₄, filtered and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was purified by column chromatography (silica gel, hexanes/EtOAc 20:1) to yield the two diastereomers **4a** (50 mg, 35%) and **4b** (46 mg, 32%), both as colorless solids. The yields of reactions in large scale are 43-56%.

Procedure 2:

4-Bromobenzaldehyde dimethyl acetal (1.90 mL, 11.4 mmol) and cerium ammonium nitrate (5 mg, 0.010 mmol) were dissolved in dichloromethane (1 mL) and stirred for 15 min at rt. 1,2-Oxazine **10** (400 mg, 1.14 mmol) was added and the mixture was stirring for 3 d at rt. Sat. aq. NaHCO₃ solution (50 mL) was added, the layers were separated and the water layer was extracted with dichloromethane (3 x 100 mL). The combined organic layers were dried with Na₂SO₄, filtered and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was purified by column chromatography (silica gel, hexanes/EtOAc 20:1) to yield **4a** (22 mg, 4%) and **4b** (238 mg, 40%), both as colorless solids.



Diastereomer 4a:

mp 73-75 °C; $[α]_D^{22}$ +41.0 (*c* 1.00, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 0.06 (s, 9 H, SiMe₃), 0.98-1.10 (m, 2 H, Me₃Si*CH*₂), 3.32 (d, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 1 H, 3-H), 3.73-3.86 (m, 2 H, Me₃SiCH₂*CH*₂), 4.08-4.20 (m, 5 H, NCH₂, 5´-H, 6-H), 4.41-4.45 (m, 1 H, 5´-H), 4.67-4.71 (m, 1 H, 4´-H), 4.76-4.77 (m, 1 H, 5-H), 5.85 (s, 1 H, 2´-H), 7.25-7.27 (m, 1 H, Ph), 7.30-7.33 (m, 2 H, Ph), 7.36-7.37 (m, 2 H, Ar), 7.40-7.42 (m, 2 H, Ph), 7.50-7.51 (m, 2 H, Ar) ppm; ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ -1.4 (q, SiMe₃), 17.4 (t, Me₃Si*CH*₂), 58.3 (t, NCH₂), 63.0 (d, C-3), 63.0 (t, Me₃Si*CH*₂*CH*₂), 64.5 (t, C-6), 68.0 (t, C-5´), 75.3 (d, C-4´), 93.2 (d, C-5), 102.8 (d, C-2´), 123.0 (s, Ar), 127.1, 128.2, 128.2, 128.7, 131.4 (5 d, Ph, Ar), 137.6, 137.7 (2 s, Ar, Ph), 149.8 (s, C-4) ppm; IR (ATR): \tilde{v} 3085 (=C-H), 2950-2830 (C-

H), 1675 (C=C), 1250 (C-O) cm⁻¹; ESI-TOF (m/z): [M + Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₅H₃₂BrNO₄SiNa, 542.1158; found, 542.1217; [2M + Na]⁺ calcd for C₅₀H₆₄Br₂N₂O₈Si₂Na, 1059.2469; found, 1059.2520; anal. calcd for C₂₅H₃₂BrNO₄Si (518.5): C, 57.91; H, 6.22; N, 2.70; found: C, 57.75; H, 6.15; N, 2.72.

Diastereomer 4b:

melting range 84-89 °C; $[α]_D^{22}$ +3.2 (*c* 1.25, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 0.03 (s, 9 H, SiMe₃), 0.92-1.05 (m, 2 H, Me₃Si*CH*₂), 3.30-3.33 (m, 1 H, 3-H), 3.70-3.75 (m, 1 H, Me₃SiCH₂*CH*₂), 3.77-3.83 (m, 1 H, Me₃Si*CH*₂*CH*₂), 3.96 (dd, *J* = 6.6, 8.0 Hz, 1 H, 5'-H), 4.07 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1 H, 5'-H), 4.16-4.21 (m, 3 H, NCH₂, 6-H), 4.43-4.47 (m, 1 H, 6-H), 4.68 (m_c, 1 H, 4'-H), 4.74-4.76 (m, 1 H, 5-H), 5.82 (s, 1 H, 2'-H), 7.25-7.31 (m, 5 H, Ar, Ph), 7.39-7.40 (m, 2 H, Ar, Ph), 7.44-7.46 (m, 2 H, Ar) ppm; ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ -1.5 (q, SiMe₃), 17.4 (t, Me₃Si*CH*₂), 58.0 (t, NCH₂), 62.9 (d, C-3), 64.4 (t, C-6), 67.1 (t, Me₃SiCH₂*CH*₂), 72.0 (t, C-5'), 76.5 (d, C-4'), 93.1 (d, C-5), 102.9 (d, C-2'), 123.0 (s, Ar), 127.1, 128.2, 128.3, 128.7, 131.3 (5 d, Ar, Ph), 137.4, 137.5 (2 s, Ar, Ph), 149.5 (s, C-4) ppm; IR (ATR): \overline{v} 3065 (=C-H), 2950 (C-H), 1670 (C=C), 1250 (C-O) cm⁻¹; ESI-TOF (*m*/*z*): [M + Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₅H₃₂BrNO₄SiNa, 542.1158; found, 542.1172; [2M + Na]⁺ calcd for C₅₀H₆₄Br₂N₂O₈Si₂Na, 1059.2469; found, 1059.2446; anal. calcd for C₂₅H₃₂BrNO₄Si (518.5): C, 57.91; H, 6.22; N, 2.70; found: C, 57.96; H, 6.32; N, 2.67.

(1*S*,5*R*,6*R*,8*S*)-2-Benzyl-6-(4-bromophenyl)-8-[(*tert*-butyldimethylsiloxy)methyl]-3,7dioxa-2-azabicyclo[3.3.1]nonan-9-one (11)

1,2-Oxazine **4** (5.05 g, 9.74 mmol) was dissolved in acetonitrile (70 mL) and cooled to -30 °C. Tin(IV) chloride (7.61 g, 3.43 mL, 29.2 mmol) was added and the solution was stirred for 18 h and allowed to warm to rt. The mixture was quenched with water (60 mL) and extracted with dichloromethane (3 x 150 mL). The combined organic layers were dried with Na₂SO₄, filtered and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was dissolved in THF (80 mL), imidazole (1.33 g, 19.5 mmol) and *tert*-butyldimethylsilyl chloride (2.20 g, 14.6 mmol) were added and the mixture was stirred for 4 h at rt. The salts were filtered off and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was extracted with diethyl ether (3 x 150 mL). The combined organic layers were dried with Na₂SO₄, filtered, the solvent was removed in vacuo and the crude product was purified by column chromatography (silica gel, hexanes/EtOAc 30:1) to yield **11** (4.22 g, 82%) as a colorless oil.



[α]_D²² +120.2 (*c* 1.28, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 0.02, 0.04 (2 s, 3 H each, SiMe), 0.85 (s, 9 H, Si*t*-Bu), 2.71-2.75 (m, 1 H, 5-H), 3.54-3.56 (m, 1 H, 1-H), 3.88 (ddd, J = 1.5, 5.1, 7.9 Hz, 1 H, 8-H), 3.94 (dd, J = 5.1, 9.5 Hz, 1 H, 8-CH₂), 4.01 (d, J = 13.8 Hz, 1 H, NCH₂), 4.09-4.19 (m, 3 H, 8-CH₂, NCH₂, 4-H), 4.25 (dd, J = 5.6, 12.0 Hz, 1 H, 4-H), 4.89 (s, 1 H, 6-H), 7.25-7.36 (m, 7 H, Ar, Ph), 7.48-7.50 (m, 2 H, Ar) ppm; ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ -5.32, -5.26 (2 q, SiMe), 18.3, 25.9 (q, s, Si*t*-Bu), 55.3 (d,

C-5), 60.5 (t, NCH₂), 61.4 (t, 8-CH₂), 67.2 (t, C-4), 70.8 (d, C-1), 81.2 (d, C-6), 81.6 (d, C-8), 122.0 (s, Ar), 127.6, 127.7, 128.6, 128.9, 131.8 (5 d, Ar, Ph), 136.3, 137.2 (2 s, Ar, Ph), 207.9 (s, C-9) ppm; IR (ATR): \tilde{v} 3065 (=C-H), 2950-2855 (C-H), 1730 (C=O) cm⁻¹; ESI-TOF (*m*/*z*): [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₂₆H₃₅BrNO₄Si, 534.1498; found, 534.1540; [M + Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₆H₃₄BrNO₄SiNa, 556.1318; found, 556.1356; anal. calcd for C₂₆H₃₄BrNO₄Si (532.5): C, 58.64; H, 6.44; N, 2.63; found: C, 57.97; H, 6.51; N, 2.50.

(1*R*,5*S*,6*R*,8*S*,9*R*)-2-Benzyl-6-(4-bromophenyl)-8-[(*tert*-butyldimethylsiloxy)methyl]-3,7-dioxa-2-azabicyclo[3.3.1]nonan-9-ol (12a) and (1*R*,5*S*,6*R*,8*S*,9*S*)-2-benzyl-6-(4bromophenyl)-8-[(*tert*-butyldimethylsiloxy)methyl]-3,7-dioxa-2-azabicyclo[3.3.1]nonan-9-ol (12b)

Procedure 1:

At 0 °C compound **11** (500 mg, 0.939 mmol) was dissolved in ethanol (14 mL), sodium borohydride (71 mg, 1.88 mmol) was added and the mixture stirred for 3 h at -40 °C. The solvent was then removed in vacuo and water (50 mL) and dichloromethane (80 mL) were added and the crude product was extracted with dichloromethane (4 x 80 mL). The combined organic layers were dried with Na₂SO₄, filtered and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was purified by column chromatography (silica gel, hexanes/EtOAc 5:1) to yield **12a** (315 mg, 63%) and **12b** (46 mg, 9%) as colorless solids.

Procedure 2:

Compound **11** (680 mg, 1.28 mmol) was dissolved in THF (20 mL), at -10 °C L-selectride (1.92 mL, 1 \bowtie in THF, 1.92 mmol) was added dropwise and the solution was stirred for 1 h at -10 °C. The mixture was quenched with sat. aq. NH₄Cl solution (30 mL) and the aqueous layer was extracted with diethyl ether (4 x 80 mL). The combined organic layers were dried with Na₂SO₄, filtered and the solvents removed in vacuo. The crude product was purified by column chromatography (silica gel, hexanes/EtOAc 5:1) to yield **12a** (501 mg, 73%) as a colorless solid.

Diastereomer 12a:



mp 140-143 °C; $[α]_D^{22}$ +25.2 (*c* 1.04, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 0.11, 0.12 (2 s, 3 H each, SiMe), 0.93 (s, 9 H, Si*t*-Bu), 2.05 (s_{br}, 1 H, 5-H), 3.30 (s_{br}, 1 H, 1-H), 3.68 (dd, *J* = 1.3, 12.2 Hz, 1 H, 4-H), 3.76 (d, *J* = 10.7 Hz, 1 H, OH), 3.85 (dd, *J* = 6.9, 8.9 Hz, 1 H, 8-H), 3.98-4.07 (m, 4 H, 4-H, 9-H, 8-CH₂), 4.13 (AB system, *J*_{AB} = 15.1 Hz, 1 H, NCH₂), 4.35 (AB system, *J*_{AB} = 15.1 Hz, 1 H, NCH₂), 4.74 (s, 1 H, 6-H), 7.24-7.29 (m, 3 H, Ph), 7.32-7.36 (m, 4 H, Ar, Ph), 7.45-7.47 (m, 2 H, Ar) ppm; ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ -5.4, -5.3 (2 q, SiMe), 18.1, 25.8 (q, s, Si*t*-Bu), 40.8 (d, C-5), 60.2 (d, C-1), 61.6 (t, NCH₂), 62.4 (t, 8-CH₂), 64.8 (t, C-4), 70.3 (d, C-8), 78.9 (d, C-6), 79.7 (d, C-9), 121.0 (s, Ar), 127.1, 127.5, 128.0, 128.3, 131.3 (5 d, Ar, Ph), 138.3 139.0 (2 s, Ar, Ph) pm; IR (ATR): \tilde{v} 3555-3135 (O-H), 3095-3030 (=C-H), 2960-2855 (C-H), 1250 (C-O) cm⁻¹; ESI-TOF (*m*/*z*): [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₂₆H₃₇BrNO₄Si, 534.1675; found, 534.1680;

 $[M + Na]^+$ calcd for $C_{26}H_{36}BrNO_4SiNa$, 558.1474; found, 558.1481; anal. calcd for $C_{26}H_{36}BrNO_4Si$ (534.6): C, 58.42; H, 6.79; N, 2.62; found: C, 58.31; H, 5.98; N, 2.98.

Diastereomer 12b:



Melting range 161-165 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{22}$ +61.7 (*c* 1.37, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 0.05, 0.07 (2 s, 3 H each, SiMe), 0.87 (s, 9 H, Si*t*-Bu), 1.85 (s_{br}, 1 H, 5-H), 2.98 (s_{br}, 1H, 1-H), 3.67 (d, *J* = 12.2 Hz, 1 H, 4-H), 3.90-4.01 (m, 4 H, 4-H, 8-CH₂, OH), 4.09 (t, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 1H, 8-H), 4.16 (AB system, *J*_{AB} = 14.3 Hz, 1 H, NCH₂), 4.29 (AB system, *J*_{AB} = 14.3 Hz, 1 H, NCH₂), 4.68 (t, *J* = 3.7 Hz, 1 H, 9-H), 5.27 (s, 1 H, 6-H), 7.23-7.36 (m, 7 H, Ar, Ph), 7.42-7.49 (m, 2 H, Ar) ppm; ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ -5.3, -5.2 (2 q, SiMe), 18.3, 25.9 (q, s, Si*t*-Bu), 41.5 (d, C-5), 57.6 (d, C-1), 58.2 (t, NCH₂), 62.4 (d, C-8), 62.8 (t, 8-CH₂), 64.1 (d, C-9), 64.3 (t, C-4), 72.7 (d, C-6), 79.7 (d, C-9), 120.8 (s, Ar), 127.2, 127.9, 128.3, 128.6, 131.2 (5 d, Ar, Ph), 131.3, 131.6 (2 s, Ar, Ph) ppm; IR (ATR): \tilde{v} 3515-3340 (O-H), 3090-3030 (=C-H), 2950-2855 (C-H), 1250 (C-O) cm⁻¹; ESI-TOF (*m*/*z*): [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₂₆H₃₇BrNO₄Si, 534.1675; found, 534.1678; [M + Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₆H₃₆BrNO₄SiNa, 558.1474; found, 558.1478; anal. calcd for C₂₆H₃₆BrNO₄Si (534.6): C, 58.42; H, 6.79; N, 2.62; found: C, 59.51; H, 6.69; N, 2.44.

s13

(1*S*,5*R*,6*R*,8*S*,9*R*)-2-Benzyl-6-(4-bromophenyl)-9-(*tert*-butyldimethylsiloxy)-8-[(*tert*-butyldimethylsiloxy)methyl]-3,7-dioxa-2-azabicyclo[3.3.1]nonane (13)

Compound **12a** (277 mg, 0.518 mmol) was dissolved in dichloromethane (1.5 mL), 2,6-lutidine (0.11 mL, 0.932 mmol) was added and the mixture was cooled to 0 °C. *tert*-butyldimethylsilyl triflate (0.12 mL, 0.673 mmol) was added dropwise and the solution was stirred for 2 h at 0 °C. The mixture was quenched with sat. aq. NH₄Cl solution (20 mL) and the aqueous layers were extracted with dichloromethane (3 x 30 mL). The combined organic layers were dried with Na₂SO₄, filtered and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was purified by column chromatography (silica gel, hexanes/EtOAc 30:1) to yield **13** (336 mg, quant.) as a colorless oil.



[α]_D²² +71.5 (*c* 1.12, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 0.06, 0.08, 0.17, 0.19 (4 s, 3 H each, SiMe), 0.88, 1.00 (2 s, 9 H each, Si*t*·Bu), 1.65 (m_c, 1 H, 5 H), 3.00 (s_{br}, 1 H, 1-H), 3.22 (d, *J* = 11.8 Hz, 1 H, 4-H), 3.85 (ddd, *J* = 1.8, 5.1, 7.2 Hz, 1 H, 8-H), 3.92 (dd, *J* = 5.1, 9.6 Hz, 1 H, 8-CH₂), 4.10 (m_c, 1 H, 9-H), 4.11 (d, *J* = 14.7 Hz, 1 H, NCH₂), 4.17 (dd, *J* = 7.2, 9.6 Hz, 1 H, 8-CH₂), 4.47 (dt, *J* = 1.7, 11.8 Hz, 1 H, 4-H), 4.86 (d, *J* = 14.7 Hz, 1 H, NCH₂), 4.87 (s_{br}, 1 H, 6-H), 7.21-7.24 (m, 1 H, Ph), 7.29-7.32 (m, 4 H, Ph), 7.38-7.39 (m, 2 H, Ar), 7.43-7.45 (m, 2 H, Ar) ppm; ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz): δ -5.13, -5.06, -4.7, -4.5 (4 q, SiMe), 18.2, 18.4 (2 s, Si*t*·Bu), 25.9, 26.1 (2 q, Si*t*·Bu), 42.4 (d, C-5), 56.0 (t, C-4), 58.7 (t, NCH₂), 58.8 (d, C-1), 63.3 (t, 8-CH₂), 70.4 (d, C-9), 79.8 (d, C-6), 80.2 (d, C-8), 121.3 (s, Ar), 127.0, 128.3, 128.3, 128.6, 131.4 (5 d, Ph, Ar), 139.4, 139.6 (2 s, 125 M)

Ph, Ar) ppm; IR (ATR): \overline{v} 3090-3025 (=C-H), 2955-2855 (C-H), 1250 (C-O) cm⁻¹; ESI-TOF (*m*/*z*): [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₃₂H₅₁BrNO₄Si₂, 648.2535; found, 648.2574; [M + Na]⁺ calcd for C₃₂H₅₀BrNO₄Si₂Na, 670.2354, found, 670.2395; anal. calcd for C₃₂H₅₀BrNO₄Si₂ (648.8): C, 59.24; H, 7.77; N, 2.16; found: C, 59.48; H, 7.78; N, 2.16.

(1*R*,5*S*,6*R*,8*S*,9*R*)-2-Benzyl-6-(4-bromophenyl)-8-(hydroxymethyl)-3,7-dioxa-2azabicyclo[3.3.1]nonan-9-ol (15a) and (1*R*,5*S*,6*R*,8*S*,9*S*)-2-benzyl-6-(4-bromophenyl)-8-(hydroxymethyl)-3,7-dioxa-2-azabicyclo[3.3.1]nonan-9-ol (15b)

1,2-Oxazine **4** (2.00 g, 3.86 mmol) was dissolved in acetonitrile (20 mL) and cooled to $-30 \,^{\circ}$ C. Tin(IV) chloride (3.02 g, 1.36 mL, 11.6 mmol) was added and the solution was stirred for 18 h and allowed to warm up to rt. The mixture was quenched with water (40 mL) and the aqueous layer extracted with dichloromethane (3 x 80 mL). The combined organic layers were dried with Na₂SO₄, filtered and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was dissolved in THF (30 mL) and cooled to -15 °C. L-selectride (4.63 mL, 1 M in THF, 4.63 mmol) was added dropwise and the solution was stirred for 1 h at -15 °C. The mixture was quenched with sat. aq. NH₄Cl solution (50 mL) and the aqueous layer extracted with diethyl ether (5 x 80 mL). The combined organic layers were dried with Ma₂SO₄, filtered and the solvent was removed in 2.50 mL) and the aqueous layer extracted with diethyl ether (5 x 80 mL). The combined organic layers were dried with Na₂SO₄, filtered and the solvent was removed in 2.50 mL) and the aqueous layer extracted with diethyl ether (5 x 80 mL). The combined organic layers were dried with Na₂SO₄, filtered and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was purified by column chromatography (silica gel, hexanes/EtOAc 1:1 → 1:2) to yield **15a** (254 mg, 16%) and **15b** (685 mg, 42%) as colorless solids.

Diastereomer 15a:



mp 58-60 °C; $[\alpha]_{D}^{22}$ +88.9 (*c* 1.00, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 2.02 (m_c, 1 H, 5-H), 2.60 (s_{br}, 1 H, OH), 3.08 (m_c, 1 H, 1-H), 3.60 (s_{br}, 1 H, OH), 3.66 (dd, *J* = 2.3, 12.3 Hz, 1 H, 4-H), 3.81-3.85 (m, 2 H, 8-H, 8-CH₂), 4.03-4.13 (m, 3 H, 4-H, 8-CH₂, 9-H), 4.09 (AB system, *J*_{AB}= 14.0 Hz, 1 H, NCH₂), 4.29 (AB system, *J*_{AB}= 14.0 Hz, 1 H, NCH₂), 4.75 (s, 1 H, 6-H), 7.24-7.29 (m, 3 H, Ph), 7.33-7.34 (m, 4 H, Ar, Ph), 7.45-7.48 (m, 2 H, Ar) ppm; ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 40.8 (d, C-5), 61.3 (d, C-1), 61.6 (t, NCH₂), 64.0 (t, 8-CH₂), 64.2 (t, C-4), 70.3 (d, C-9), 79.2 (d, C-6), 79.9 (d, C-8), 121.4 (s, Ar), 127.7, 128.6, 128.7, 131.6 (4 d, Ar, Ph), 137.3, 138.9 (2 s, Ar, Ph) ppm; IR (ATR): \tilde{v} 3530-3210 (O-H), 2920-2850 (C-H), 1070 (C-O) cm⁻¹; ESI-TOF (*m*/*z*): [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₂₀H₂₃BrNO₄, 420.0810; found, 420.0807; [M + Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₀H₂₂BrNO₄, 420.0810; anal. calcd for C₂₀H₂₂BrNO₄ (420.3): C, 57.15; H, 5.28; N, 3.33; found: C, 57.30; H, 5.42; N, 3.48.

Diastereomer 15b:



mp 197-198 °C; $[α]_D^{22}$ +125.4 (*c* 0.95, CHCl₃/MeOH, 9:1); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃/CD₃OD, 6:1, 700 MHz): δ 1.81 (m_c, 1 H, 5-H), 2.80 (s_{br}, 1 H, 1-H), 3.61 (dd, *J* = 1.4, 12.3 Hz, 1 H, 4-H), 3.79 (dd, *J* = 4.2, 11.6 Hz, 1 H, 8-CH₂), 3.98 (dd, *J* = 5.7, 11.6 Hz, 1 H, 8-CH₂), 4.02 (ddd, *J* = 1.4, 2.6, 12.3 Hz, 1 H, 4-H), 4.08 (AB system, *J* = 13.5 Hz, 1 H, NCH₂), 4.26 (AB system, *J* = 13.5 Hz, 1 H, NCH₂), 4.26 (m_c, 1 H, 8-H), 4.85 (t, *J* = 3.8 Hz, 1 H, 9-H), 5.25 (s, 1 H, 6-H), 7.21-7.73 (m, 1 H, Ph), 7.26-7.30 (m, 6 H, Ar, Ph), 7.40-7.41 (m, 2 H, Ar) ppm; ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃/CD₃OD, 6:1, 175 MHz): δ 41.2 (d, C-5), 57.2 (t, NCH₂), 58.7

(d, C-1), 61.5 (d, C-9), 63.7 (t, C-4), 64.5 (t, 8-CH₂), 72.8 (d, C-8), 73.0 (d, C-6), 120.9 (s, Ar), 127.8, 127.9, 128.5, 128.6, 131.1 (5 d, Ar, Ph), 137.0, 140.0 (2 s, Ar, Ph) ppm; IR (ATR): \bar{v} 3385 (O-H), 3085-3025 (=CH), 2920-2870 (CH), 1490 (CH) cm⁻¹; ESI-TOF (*m*/*z*): [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₂₀H₂₃BrNO₄, 420.0810; found, 420.0824; [M + Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₀H₂₂BrNO₄Na, 442.0630; found, 442.0652; anal. calcd for C₂₀H₂₂BrNO₄ (420.3): C, 57.15; H, 5.28; N, 3.33; found: C, 57.52; H, 5.32; N, 3.37.

(1*R*,5*S*,6*R*,8*S*,9*R*)-2-Benzyl-6-(4-bromophenyl)-8-(trityloxymethyl)-3,7-dioxa-2azabicyclo[3.3.1]nonan-9-ol (16)



Compound **15a** (360 mg, 0.857 mmol) was dissolved in pyridine (4 mL). Trityl chloride (287 mg, 1.03 mmol) and DMAP (42 mg, 0.343 mmol) were added and the mixture was stirred for 3 d at 60 °C. The mixture was quenched with brine (10 mL) and the aqueous layer was extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 30 mL). The combined organic layers were dried with Na₂SO₄, filtered and the solvents removed in vacuo. The crude product was purified by column chromatography (silica gel, hexanes/EtOAc 4:1) to yield **16** (470 mg, 83%) as a colorless solid.

mp 94-96 °C; $[α]_D^{22}$ +17.8 (*c* 1.10, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 2.01 (s_{br}, 1 H, 5-H), 3.30 (s, 1 H, 1-H), 3.34 (dd, *J* = 7.8, 8.8 Hz, 1 H, 8-CH₂), 3.60 (d, *J* = 12.2 Hz, 1 H,

4-H), 3.83 (dd, J = 6.3, 8.8 Hz, 1 H, 8-CH₂), 3.84 (AB system, J = 14.9 Hz, 1 H, NCH₂), 3.91 (AB system, J = 14.9 Hz, 1 H, NCH₂), 3.96 (dd, J = 4.7, 12.2 Hz, 1 H, 4-H), 4.12 (m_c, 2 H, 9-H, 8-H), 4.80 (s, 1 H, 6-H), 7.05-7.07 (m, 2 H, Ph, Ar), 7.22-7.28 (m, 14 H, Ph, Ar), 7.45-7.51 (m, 8 H, Ph, Ar) ppm; ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 41.1 (d, C-5), 60.7 (d, C-1), 61.2 (t, NCH₂), 64.1 (t, 8-CH₂), 64.9 (t, C-4), 70.2 (d, C-9), 78.7 (d, C-8), 79.2 (d, C-6), 87.0 (s, *C*Ph₃), 121.2 (s, Ar), 127.2, 127.3, 127.7, 128.0, 128.1, 128.2, 128.3, 128.7, 131.4 (9 d, Ar, Ph), 137.9, 139.2, 143.8 (3 s, Ph, Ar) ppm; IR (ATR): ∇ 3555-3300 (O-H), 3025 (=C-H), 2940-2855 (C-H), 1450 (CH₂) cm⁻¹; ESI-TOF (*m/z*): [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₃₉H₃₇BrNO₄, 662.1906; found, 662.1904; [M + Na]⁺ calcd for C₃₉H₃₆BrNO₄Na, 684.1725; found, 684.1721; anal. calcd for C₃₉H₃₆BrNO₄ (662.6): C, 70.69; H, 5.48; N, 2.11; found: C, 71.21; H, 6.59; N, 2.13.

[(2*S*,3*R*,4*R*,5*S*,6*R*)-3-Amino-2,5-di(hydroxymethyl)-6-phenyltetrahydro-2*H*-pyran-4ol (17a)

A suspension of Pd/C (10% Pd, 50 mg) and iPrOH (3 mL) was saturated with hydrogen for 15 min. Compound **15a** (50 mg, 0.119 mmol) and NEt₃ (12 mg, 0.119 mmol) were dissolved in EtOAc (1 mL) and added to this suspension. The mixture was stirred for 18 h under hydrogen pressure (balloon), filtered through a pad of Celite[®] and the solvent removed in vacuo. The crude product was purified by column chromatography (silica gel, CH₂Cl₂/MeOH 15:1) to yield **17a** (25 mg, 83%) as a colorless solid.

mp 163 °C; [α]_D²² +71.5 (*c* 0.60, CH₃OH); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CD₃OD): δ 2.21 (s_{br}, 1 H, 5-H), 3.19 (dd, *J* = 4.2, 11.5 Hz, 1 H, 5-CH₂), 3.24 (d, *J* = 1.6 Hz, 1 H, 3-H), 3.59-3.64 (m, 2 H, 5-CH₂, 2-H), 3.71 (dd, *J* = 5.5, 11.3 Hz, 1 H, 2-CH₂), 3.83 (dd, *J* = 6.6, 11.3 Hz, 1 H, 2-CH₂), 4.27 (dd, *J* = 4.4, 5.5 Hz, 1 H, 4-H), 4.68 (d, *J* = 2.6 Hz, 1 H, 6-H), 7.21 (C part of AA´BB´C system, *J*_{CB} = 7.5 Hz, 1 H, Ph), 7.30 (B part of AA´BB´C system, *J*_{ABC} = 7.5 Hz, 2 H, Ph), 7.44 (A part of AA´BB´C system, *J*_{AB} = 7.5 Hz, 2 H, Ph) ppm; ¹³C NMR (CD₃OD, 175 MHz): δ 47.3 (d, C-5), 50.8 (d, C-3), 56.2 (t, 5-CH₂), 63.1 (t, 2-CH₂), 73.1 (d, C-4), 80.4 (d, C-2), 82.0 (d, C-6), 127.1, 127.9, 128.9, 141.6 (3 d, s, Ph) ppm; IR (ATR): \bar{v} 3600-3300 (O-H, N-H), 3070-3025 (=C-H), 2930-2855 (C-H) cm⁻¹; ESI-TOF (*m*/*z*): [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₁₃H₂₀NO₄, 254.1392; found, 254.1408; [M + Na]⁺ calcd for C₁₃H₁₉NO₄Na, 276.1212; found, 276.1223; anal. calcd for C₁₃H₁₉NO₄ (253.3): C, 61.64; H, 7.56; N, 5.53; C, 61.60; H, 7.65; N, 5.66.

(2*S*,3*R*,4*S*,5*S*,6*R*)-3-Amino-2,5-di(hydroxymethyl)-6-phenyltetrahydro-2*H*-pyran-4ol (17b)

A suspension of Pd/C (10% Pd, 69 mg) and iPrOH (3 mL) was saturated with hydrogen for 15 min. Compound **15b** (69 mg, 0.164 mmol) and NEt₃ (17 mg, 0.164 mmol) were dissolved in EtOAc (1 mL) and added to this suspension. The mixture was stirred for 18 h under hydrogen pressure (balloon), then filtrated through a pad of Celite[®] and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was purified by column chromatography (silica gel, CH₂Cl₂/MeOH 15:1) to yield **17b** (32 mg, 77%) as a colorless solid.

s19



mp 185-188 °C, [α]_D²² +46.1 (*c* 1.09, CH₃OH); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CD₃OD): δ 2.06 (dd, *J* = 4.2, 7.5 Hz, 1 H, 5-H), 3.39 (dd, *J* = 4.2, 11.1 Hz, 1 H, 5-CH₂), 3.44 (d, *J* = 4.5 Hz, 1 H, 3-H), 3.45 (dd, *J* = 2.9, 11.1 Hz, 1 H, 5-CH₂), 3.93 (d_{br}, *J* = 4.7 Hz, 2 H, 2-CH₂), 4.17 (td, *J* = 1.8, 4.7 Hz, 1 H, 2-H), 4.32 (s_{br}, 1 H, 4-H), 5.17 (d, *J* = 4.2 Hz, 1 H, 6-H), 7.26 (C part of AA 'BB'C system, *J*_{CB} = 7.3 Hz, 1 H, Ph), 7.35 (A part of AA 'BB'C system, *J*_{AB} = 7.3 Hz, 2 H, Ph), 7.43 (B part of AA 'BB'C system *J*_{BAC} = 7.3 Hz, 2 H, Ph) ppm; ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CD₃OD): δ 47.1 (d, C-5), 51.7 (d, C-3), 60.3 (t, 5-CH₂), 63.6 (t, 2-CH₂), 70.8 (d, C-4), 74.1 (d, C-2), 79.2 (d, C-6), 126.8, 128.1, 129.1, 141.0 (3 d, s, Ph) ppm; IR (ATR): \bar{v} 3435, 3245 (O-H, N-H), 3020 (=C-H), 2930-2830 (C-H) cm⁻¹; ESI-TOF (*m*/*z*): [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₁₃H₂₀NO₄, 254.1392; found, 254.1394; [M + Na]⁺ calcd for C₁₃H₁₉NO₄Na, 276.1212; found, 276.1206.

(1*R*,5*S*,6*R*,8*S*,9*R*)-2-Benzyl-6-(biphenyl-4-yl)-8-(hydroxymethyl)-3,7-dioxa-2-azabicyclo[3.3.1]nonan-9-ol (18)

Compound **15a** (290 mg, 0.690 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₄ (40 mg, 34.5 µmol) and phenylboronic acid (93 mg, 0.759 mmol) were filled in a sealed tube and flushed with argon. THF (3 mL) and 2 M Na₂CO₃ solution (0.69 mL) were added and the mixture was stirred for 48 h at 70 °C. The solution was cooled to rt, water (20 mL) added and the aqueous layer extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 80 mL). The combined organic layers were dried with Na₂SO₄, filtered and the solvents removed in vacuo. The crude product was purified by

column chromatography (silica gel, hexanes/EtOAc 1:1) to yield **18** (234 mg, 81%) as a colorless solid.



mp 173-175 °C; $[α]_D^{22}$ +91.9 (*c* 1.1, CH₃OH); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 2.12 (s, 1 H, 5-H), 2.28 (s_{br}, 1 H, OH), 3.11 (s, 1 H, 1-H), 3.71 (d, *J* = 10.0 Hz, 1 H, OH), 3.81 (dd, *J* = 1.7, 12.1 Hz, 1 H, 4-H), 3.86-3.89 (m, 2 H, 8-H, 8-CH₂), 4.08-4.11 (m, 1 H, 9-H), 4.12-4.13 (m, 1 H, 4-H), 4.14 (d, *J* = 14.1 Hz, 1 H, NCH₂), 4.17 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 12.4 Hz, 1 H, 8-CH₂), 4.33 (d, *J* = 14.1 Hz, 1 H, NCH₂), 4.85 (s, 1 H, 6-H), 7.28-7.31 (m, 1 H, Ph), 7.34-7.39 (m, 5 H, Ph, Ar), 7.43-7.48 (m, 4 H, Ph, Ar), 7.58-7.60 (m, 4 H, Ar) ppm; ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 40.9 (d, C-5), 61.4 (d, C-1), 61.5 (t, NCH₂), 64.0 (t, 8-CH₂), 64.3 (t, C-4), 70.4 (d, C-9), 79.6 (d, C-6), 79.8 (d, C-8), 126.4, 127.1, 127.2, 127.4, 127.6, 128.6, 128.7, 128.9 (8 d, Ar, Ph), 137.4, 138.9, 140.4, 140.8 (4 s, Ar, Ph) ppm; IR (ATR): \overline{v} 3610-3180 (O-H), 3090-3010 (=C-H), 2950-2850 (C-H), 1240 (C-O) cm⁻¹; ESI-TOF (*m*/*z*): [M + H] calcd for C₂₆H₂₈NO₄, 418.2013; found, 418.2015; [M + Na] calcd for C₂₆H₂₇NO₄Na, 440.1838; found, 440.1831; anal. calcd for C₂₆H₂₇NO₄ (417.5): C, 74.80; H, 6.52; N, 3.35; found: C, 74.80; H, 6.67; N, 3.73.

(2*S*,3*R*,4*R*,5*S*,6*R*)-3-Amino-6-(biphenyl-4-yl)-2,5-di(hydroxymethyl)tetrahydro-2*H*pyran-4-ol (19)

A suspension of Pd/C (10% Pd, 55 mg) and iPrOH (3 mL) was saturated with hydrogen for 15 min. The bicyclic compound **18** (55 mg, 0.132 mmol) was dissolved in THF

s21

(1 mL), and added to the suspension. The mixture was stirred for 24 h under hydrogen pressure (balloon). The mixture was then filtrated through a pad of Celite[®] and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude material was purified by column chromatography (silica gel, $CH_2Cl_2/MeOH$ 7:1) to yield **19** (26 mg, 60%) as a colourless solid.



Decomposition >230 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{22}$ +44.4 (*c* 1.00, CH₃OH/CHCl₃, 7:3); ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CD₃OD/CDCl₃, 2:1): δ 2.40 (dt, *J* = 3.0, 6.7 Hz, 1 H, 5-H), 3.40 (dd, *J* = 3.0, 11.1 Hz, 1 H, 5-CH₂), 3.73 (dd, *J* = 1.7, 4.5 Hz, 1 H, 3-H), 3.88-3.90 (m, 2 H, 2-H, 5-CH₂), 4.07 (m_c, 2 H, 2-CH₂), 4.64 (dd, *J* = 4.5, 6.7 Hz, 1 H, 4-H), 4.98 (d, *J* = 3.6 Hz, 1 H, 6-H), 7.43-7.45 (m, 1 H, Ph), 7.53-7.55 (m, 2 H, Ph), 7.63-7.64 (m, 2 H, Ar), 7.70-7.72 (m, 4 H, Ph, Ar) ppm; ¹³C NMR (175 MHz, CD₃OD/CDCl₃, 2:1): δ 45.5 (d, C-5), 51.6 (d, C-3), 55.0 (t, 5-CH₂), 63.1 (t, 2-CH₂), 69.0 (d, C-4), 76.8 (d, C-2), 81.7 (d, C-6), 127.0, 127.4, 127.6, 128.0, 129.5 (5 d, Ph), 139.0, 141.1, 141.6 (3 s, Ph, Ar) ppm; IR (ATR): \tilde{v} 3480-3240 (O-H, N-H), 3045-3030 (=C-H), 2950-2850 (C-H) cm⁻¹; ESI-TOF (*m*/*z*): [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₁₉H₂₄NO₄, 330.1705; found, 330.1713; [M + Na]⁺ calcd for C₁₉H₂₃NO₄Na, 352.1525; found, 352.1518.

p-Terphenyl derivative 21

Compound **12a** (400 mg, 0.748 mmol), $Pd(PPh_3)_4$ (86 mg, 74.8 µmol) and benzene-1,4diboronic acid (59 mg, 0.36 mmol) were filled in a sealed tube and flushed with argon.

s22

THF (2 mL), DMF (8 mL) and 2 M aq. Na₂CO₃ solution (1.5 mL) were added and the mixture was stirred for 48 h at 70 °C. The solution was cooled to rt, brine (20 mL) was added and the aqueous layer extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 80 mL). The combined organic layers were dried with Na₂SO₄, filtered and the solvents removed in vacuo. The crude product was purified by column chromatography (silica gel, hexanes/EtOAc 3:2) to yield **21** (296 mg, 84%) as a yellow solid.



mp 163-165 °C; [α]_D²² + 55.6 (*c* 1.10, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 0.12, 0.13 (2 s, 6 H each, SiMe), 0.94 (s, 18 H, Si*t*-Bu), 2.15 (s_{br}, 2 H, 5-H), 3.33 (s, 2 H, 1-H), 3.80 (d, *J* = 10.9 Hz, 2 H, OH), 3.84 (dd, *J* = 1.9, 12.0 Hz, 2 H, 4-H), 3.88 (ddd, *J* = 1.0, 5.8, 9.0 Hz, 2 H, 8-H), 4.01-4.12 (m, 8 H, 8-CH₂, 9-H, 4-H), 4.15, 4.39 (AB system, *J*_{AB} = 15.1 Hz, 4 H, NCH₂), 4.84 (s, 2 H, 6-H), 7.28-7.29 (m, 2 H, Ar), 7.33-7.38 (m, 8 H, Ph), 7.46 (AB part of AA'BB' system, *J*_{AB} = 8.3 Hz, 4 H, Ar), 7.61 (A'B' part of AA'BB' system *J*_{A'B'} = 8.3 Hz, 4 H, Ar), 7.65 (s, 4 H, Ar) ppm; ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ -5.2, -5.1 (2 q, SiMe), 18.3, 26.0 (s, q, Si*t*-Bu), 41.2 (d, C-5), 60.6 (d, C-1), 61.9 (t, NCH₂), 62.6 (t, 8-CH₂), 65.4 (t, C-4), 70.7 (d, C-9), 79.6 (d, C-6), 79.9 (d, C-8), 126.4, 127.0, 127.3, 127.5, 128.2, 128.5 (6 d, Ar, Ph), 138.6, 139.3, 139.8, 139.8 (4 s, Ar, Ph) ppm; IR (ATR): ⊽ 3615-3155 (O-H), 3085-3030 (=C-H), 2955-2855 (C-H), 1250 (C-O) cm⁻¹; ESI-TOF (*m*/*z*): [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₅₈H₇₇N₂O₈Si₂, 985.5219; found, 985.5216; [M + Na]⁺ calcd for C₅₈H₇₆N₂O₈Si₂Na, 1007.5038; found, 1007.5032; anal. calcd for C₅₈H₇₆N₂O₈Si₂ (985.4): C, 70.69; H, 7.77; N 2.84; found, C, 70.71; H, 7.49; N, 3.25.

p-Terphenyl derivative 22

Compound **21** (50 mg, 0.051 mmol) was dissolved in THF (1 mL), AcOH (1 mL) and H_2O (0.1 mL). Zinc (67 mg, 1.02 mmol) was added and the mixture was heated to 60 °C for 18 h. The salts were filtered off and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was purified by column chromatography [silica gel, CH₂Cl₂/MeOH (7 N NH₃) 10:1] to yield **22** (23 mg, 59%) as a colorless solid.



mp 135-137 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{22}$ +57.1 (*c* 1.05, CH₃OH/C₅H₅N, 9:1); ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CD₃OD/CDCl₃ 5:1): δ 2.27 (m_c, 2 H, 5-H), 3.16 (dd, *J* = 1.8, 3.9 Hz, 2 H, 3-H), 3.37 (dd, *J* = 4.7, 11.6 Hz, 2 H, 5-CH₂), 3.65 (td, *J* = 1.8, 5.2 Hz, 2 H, 2-H), 3.74 (dd, *J* = 2.8, 11.6 Hz, 2 H, 5-CH₂), 3.84 (dd, *J* = 4.8, 11.7 Hz, 2 H, 2-CH₂), 3.90 (dd, *J* = 5.2, 11.7 Hz, 2 H, 2-CH₂), 3.95 (d, *J* = 12.6 Hz, 2 H, NCH₂), 4.12 (d, *J* = 12.6 Hz, 2 H, NCH₂), 4.39 (dd, *J* = 3.9, 5.9 Hz, 2 H, 4-H), 4.78 (m_c, 2 H, 6-H), 7.25-7.27 (m, 2 H, Ar), 7.33-7.35 (m, 4 H, Ph), 7.39-7.40 (m, 4 H, Ph), 7.54 (A part of AA´BB´ system; *J* = 8.3 Hz, 4 H, Ar), 7.64 (B part of AA´BB´, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 4 H, Ar), 7.69 (s, 4 H, Ar) ppm; ¹³C NMR (175 MHz, CD₃OD/CDCl₃ 5:1): δ 45.2 (d, C-5), 53.7 (t, NCH₂), 55.3 (t, 5-CH₂), 57.1 (d, C-3), 62.3 (t, 2-CH₂), 73.2 (d, C-4), 78.9 (d, C-2), 80.3 (d, C-6), 125.6, 125.6, 126.4, 127.1, 127.7 (5 d, Ph, Ar), 138.6, 138.6, 139.0, 139.1 (4 s, Ar, Ph) ppm; IR (ATR): \tilde{v} 3560-3080 (O-H), 3060-3025 (=C-H), 2950-2800 (C-H), 1235 (C-O) cm⁻¹; ESI-TOF (*m*/z): [M + H]⁺ calcd for

 $C_{46}H_{53}N_2O_8$, 761.3796; found, 761.3796; $[M + 2H]^{2+}$ calcd for $C_{46}H_{54}N_2O_8$, 381.1934; found, 381.1945.

(1*S*,2*R*,4*S*,5*R*,8*S*)-6-Benzyl-2-(4-bromophenyl)-4-[(*tert*-butyldimethylsiloxy)methyl]-3-oxa-6-azabicyclo[3.2.1]octan-8-ol (24) and (2*S*,3*R*,4*R*,5*S*,6*R*)-3-(benzylamino)-6-(4-bromophenyl)-2-[(*tert*-butyldimethylsiloxy)methyl]-5-(hydroxymethyl)tetrahydro-2*H*-pyran-4-ol (25)

Under an argon atmosphere compound **12a** (150 mg, 0.281 mmol) was dissolved in degassed THF (2 mL), a samarium(II) iodide solution (8.12 mL, 0.1 M in THF, 0.812 mmol) was added dropwise and the solution stirred for 30 min at rt. After completion of the reaction (control by TLC), the mixture was stirred under air for 10 min, sat. aq. potassium sodium tartrate solution (20 mL) was added and the aqueous layer was extracted with ethyl acetate (5 x 80 mL). The combined organic layers were dried with Na₂SO₄, filtered and the solvents removed in vacuo. The crude product was purified by column chromatography (silica gel, hexanes/EtOAc 2:1 \rightarrow 1:1) to yield **24** (115 mg, 79%) and **25** (21 mg, 14%) as colorless solids.



mp 39-41 °C; $[α]_D^{22}$ +22.3 (*c* 1.01, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 0.06 (s, 6 H, SiMe₂), 0.09 (s, 9 H, Si*t*-Bu), 2.20 (s_{br}, 1 H, OH), 2.42 (A part of ABX system, *J*_{AB} = 5.6 Hz, 1 H, 7-H), 2.49 (B part of ABX system, *J*_{AB} = 5.6 Hz, *J*_{BX} = 10.0 Hz, 1 H, 1-H), 2.73 (X part of ABX system, *J*_{BX} = 10.0 Hz, 1 H, 7-H), 3.32 (s, 1 H, 5-H), 3.55 (X part of ABX system, *J*_{AX} = 5.3 Hz, *J*_{BX} = 7.7 Hz, 1 H, 4-H), 3.77 (A part of ABX system *J*_{AX} = 5.3

Hz, $J_{AB} = 9.6$ Hz, 1 H, 4-CH₂), 3.86 (B part of AB system, $J_{BX} = 7.7$ Hz, $J_{AB} = 9.6$ Hz, 1 H, 4-CH₂), 4.01 (AB system, $J_{AB} = 13.4$ Hz, 1 H, NCH₂), 4.09 (AB system, $J_{AB} = 13.4$ Hz, 1 H, NCH₂), 4.20 (s, 1 H, 8-H), 4.62 (s, 1 H, 2-H), 7.20 (A part of AA´BB´ system, J = 8.2Hz, 2 H, Ar), 7.23-7.24 (m, 1 H, Ph), 7.29-7.32 (m, 2 H, Ph), 7.37-7.38 (m, 2 H, Ph), 7.43 (B part of AA´BB´ system, J = 8.5 Hz, 2 H, Ar) ppm; ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): $\overline{0}$ -5.21, -5.18 (q, SiMe), 18.4, 26.1 (s, q, Si*t*-Bu), 50.0 (t, C-7), 50.2 (d, C-1), 62.0 (t, NCH₂), 63.0 (t, 4-CH₂), 65.3 (d, C-5), 78.4 (d, C-2), 78.7 (d, C-8), 80.1 (d, C-4), 121.0 (s, Ar), 126.9, 127.7, 128.4, 128.5, 131.3 (5 d, Ph, Ar), 139.9, 140.7 (2 s, Ph, Ar) ppm; IR (ATR): \overline{v} 3570-3150 (O-H), 3090-3030 (=C-H), 2950-2855 (C-H) cm⁻¹; ESI-TOF (m/z): [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₂₆H₃₇BrNO₃Si, 518.1726; found, 518.1738; anal. calcd for C₂₆H₃₆BrNO₃Si (518.6): C, 60.22; H, 7.00; N, 2.70; found: C, 60.42; H, 7.15; N, 2.75.



mp 46-48 °C; $[α]_D^{22}$ +56.1 (*c* 1.00, CH₃OH); ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CD₃OD): δ 0.07 (s, 6 H, SiMe₂), 0.88 (s, 9 H, Si*t*-Bu), 2.16 (ddd, *J* = 2.0, 3.6, 9.8 Hz, 1 H, 5-H), 3.14 (dd, *J* = 4.0, 11.5 Hz, 1 H, 5-CH₂), 3.23 (m_c, 1 H, 3-H), 3.61 (td, *J* = 1.8, 4.7 Hz, 1 H, 2-H), 3.79 (dd, *J* = 2.0, 11.5 Hz, 1 H, 5-CH₂), 3.93 (d, *J* = 12.7 Hz, 1 H, NCH₂), 3.97 (m_c, 2 H, 2-CH₂), 4.25 (d, *J* = 12.7 Hz, 1 H, NCH₂), 4.41 (dd, *J* = 3.6, 6.1 Hz, 1 H, 4-H), 4.75 (d, *J* = 3.6 Hz, 1 H, 6-H), 7.28-7.31 (m, 1 H, Ph), 7.34-7.36 (m, 2 H, Ph), 7.39-7.40 (m, 4 H, Ph, Ar), 7.48 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2 H, Ar) ppm; ¹³C NMR (175 MHz, CD₃OD): δ -5.34, -5.28 (q, SiMe), 19.2, 26.3 (s, q, Si*t*-Bu), 47.4 (d, C-5), 55.6 (t, NCH₂), 56.1 (t, 5-CH₂), 59.3 (d, C-3), 65.5 (t, 2-CH₂), 75.3 (d, C-4), 79.9 (d, C-2), 82.1 (d, C-6), 121.5 (s, Ar), 128.4, 129.3, 129.6, 129.7, 131.9 (5 d, Ph, Ar), 132.1, 140.9 (2 s, Ar, Ph) ppm; IR (ATR): \tilde{v} 3555-3080 (O-H,

N-H), 3060-3030 (=C-H), 2930-2855 (C-H) cm⁻¹; ESI-TOF (m/z): [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₂₆H₃₉BrNO₄Si, 536.1826; found, 536.1847.

p-Terphenyl derivative 26



Compound **21** (209 mg, 0.212 mmol) was dissolved in THF (3 mL) and stirred with TBAF (0.86 mL, 1 M in THF, 0.858 mmol) for 2 d at rt. The resulting brownish precipitate was filtered off and washed with dichloromethane (100 mL) and methanol (100 mL) until the solid was colorless. The product was dried in vacuo to yield **23** (48 mg, 30%) as a colorless solid.

mp 247-249 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{22}$ +150.3 (*c* 0.33, C₅H₅N); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, C₅D₅N): δ 2.25 (s, 2 H, 5-H), 3.60 (s, 2 H, 1-H), 3.71 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 2 H, 4-H), 4.32 (td, J = 1.0, 5.8 Hz, 2 H, 8-H), 4.53 (s_{br}, 2 H, 9-H), 4.54 (dd, J = 5.8, 10.9 Hz, 2 H, 8-CH₂), 4.63 (dd, J = 6.1, 10.9 Hz, 2 H, 8-CH₂), 4.67 (d, J = 14.6 Hz, 2 H, NCH₂), 4.80 (dd, J = 2.2, 11.6 Hz, 2 H, 4-H), 5.13 (d, J = 14.6 Hz, 2 H, NCH₂), 5.17 (s, 2 H, 6-H), 7.27 (C part of AA'BB'C system, J_{CB} = 7.4 Hz, 2 H, Ph), 7.36 (A part of AA^{\prime}BB^{\prime}C system, J_{AB} = 7.4 Hz, 4 H, Ph), 7.67 (B part of AA´´BB´´C system, J_{ABC} = 7.4 Hz, 4 H, Ph), 7.79 (s, 8 H, Ar), 7.81 (s, 4 H, Ar) ppm; ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, C_5D_5N): δ 42.8 (d, C-5), 59.5 (t, C-4), 60.4 (t, NCH₂), 61.2 (d, C-1), 64.4 (t, 8-CH₂), 70.1 (d, C-9), 80.8 (d, C-6), 81.7 (d, C-8), 127.4, 127.6, 128.0, 128.3, 129.0, 129.7 (6 d, Ar, Ph) 140.1, 140.5, 141.1, 141.6 (4 s, Ph, Ar) ppm; IR (ATR): 3500-3275 2920-2855 \tilde{v} (O-H), 3030 (=C-H), (C-H), 1255 (C-O) cm⁻¹; ESI-TOF (m/z): [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₄₆H₄₉N₂O₈, 757.3489; found, 757.3488; $[M + Na]^+$ calcd for $C_{46}H_{48}N_2O_8Na$, 779.3308; found, 779.3318; anal. calcd for $C_{46}H_{48}N_2O_8$ (756.9): C, 73.00; H, 6.39; N, 3.70; found: C, 69.73; H, 7.46; N, 3.41.

p-Terphenyl derivative 27



Compound **16** (300 mg, 0.453 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₂Cl₂ (32 mg, 45.3 µmol) and benzene-1,4-diboronic acid (37 mg, 0.222 mmol) were filled in a sealed tube and flushed with argon. DMF (4 mL) and 2 \leq Na₂CO₃ solution (0.9 mL) were added and the mixture was stirred for 3 d at 80 °C. The solution was cooled to rt, brine (20 mL) was added and the aqueous layer extracted with ethyl acetate (80 mL). The combined organic layers were dried with Na₂SO₄, filtered and the solvents removed in vacuo. The crude product was purified by column chromatography (silica gel, hexanes/EtOAc 2:1) to yield **27** (140 mg, 51%) as a yellow solid.

mp 144-146 °C; $[α]_D^{22}$ -18.5 (*c* 1.00, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 2.11 (s_{br}, 2 H, 5-H), 3.33 (s_{br}, 2 H, 1-H), 3.37 (dd, *J* = 7.8, 8.8 Hz, 2 H, 8-CH₂), 3.74 (d, *J* = 12.0 Hz, 2 H, 4-H), 3.81 (d, *J* = 10.5 Hz, 2 H, OH), 3.85-3.87 (m, 2 H, 8-CH₂), 3.86, 3.93 (AB system, *J*_{AB} = 14.9 Hz, 4 H, NCH₂), 4.00 (dd, *J* = 5.0, 12.0 Hz, 2 H, 4-H), 4.12-4.16 (m, 4 H, 9-H, 8-H), 4.90 (s, 2 H, 6-H), 7.07-7.08 (m, 4 H, Ph), 7.21-7.28 (m, 8 H, Ph), 7.31-7.33 (m, 10 H, Ph), 7.45 (A part of AA´BB´ system, *J*_{AB} = 8.3 Hz, 4 H, Ar), 7.50-7.51 (m, 10 H, Ph), 7.60 (B part of AA´BB´ system, *J*_{AB} = 8.3 Hz, 4 H, Ar), 7.64 (s, 4 H, Ar) ppm; ¹³C NMR (175 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 41.1 (d, C-5), 61.0 (d, C-1), 61.3 (t, NCH₂), 64.3 (t, 8-CH₂), 65.3 (t, C-4), 70.5 (d, C-8), 78.8 (d, C-9), 79.7 (d, C-6), 87.1 (s, *C*Ph₃), 126.5,

127.0, 127.2, 127.3, 127.5, 128.1, 128.2, 128.4, 128.8 (9 d, Ar, Ph), 138.1, 139.3, 139.8, 139.9, 143.9 (5 s, Ar, Ph) ppm; IR (ATR): \tilde{v} 3605-3140 (O-H), 3086-3030 (=C-H), 2955-2850 (C-H); ESI-TOF (*m*/*z*): [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₈₄H₇₇N₂O₈, 1241.5680; found, 1241.5668; [M + Na]⁺ calcd for C₈₄H₇₆N₂O₈Na, 1263.5533; found, 1263.5485; anal. calcd C₈₄H₇₆N₂O₈ (1241.5): C, 81.26; H, 6.17; N, 2.26; found: C, 81.17; H, 6.26; N, 2.28.

p-Terphenyl derivatives 30 and 31:

A suspension of Pd/C (10% Pd, 200 mg) and iPrOH (3 mL) was saturated with hydrogen for 15 min. Compound **27** (100 mg, 80.5 µmol) and TFA (23 mg, 0.02 mL, 0.201 mmol) were dissolved in hexafluoro-2-propanol (2 mL) and added to the suspension. The mixture was stirred for 8 h under hydrogen pressure (balloon), then filtered through Celite[®] and the solvents were removed in vacuo. Under an argon atmosphere the crude product was dissolved in degassed MeOH (1 mL) and a samarium(II) iodide solution (0.1 M in THF, 4.83 mL, 0.483 mmol) was added dropwise. The mixture was stirred for 30 min at rt and then for another 10 min in the presence of air. A size exclusion chromatography (SephadexTM LH-20, CH₃OH) of the mixture and subsequent purification by thin-layer chromatography (silica gel, CH₂Cl₂:MeOH, 7N NH₃) afforded **30** (25 mg, 54%) and **31** (20 mg, 37%) as a yellow solid.

p-Terphenyl derivatives 30



Decomposition >200 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{22}$ +13.5 (*c* 0.40, CH₃OH); ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CD₃OD): δ 2.33 (m_c, 2 H, 5-H), 3.28 (dd, *J* = 2.8, 11.0 Hz, 2 H, 5-CH₂), 3.66 (dd, *J* = 1.6, 4.6 Hz, 2 H, 3-H), 3.80 (dd, *J* = 1.5, 11.0 Hz, 2 H, 5-CH₂), 3.85 (X part of ABX system with additional *J* = 1.6 Hz, *J*_{AX} = *J*_{BX} = 4.7 Hz, 2 H, 2-H), 3.95 (A part of ABX system, *J*_{AX} = 4.7, *J*_{AB} = 12.0 Hz, 2 H, 2-CH₂), 3.98 (B part ABX system, *J*_{BX} = 4.7, *J*_{AB} = 12.0 Hz, 2 H, 2-CH₂), 4.46 (s_{br}, 2 H, NH), 4.59 (dd, *J* = 4.6, 6.6 Hz, 2 H, 4-H), 4.94 (d, *J* = 3.6 Hz, 2 H, 6-H), 7.58 (A part of AA´BB´ system, *J*_{AB} = 8.2 Hz, 4 H, Ar), 7.69 (B part of AA´BB´ system, *J*_{AB} = 8.2 Hz, 4 H, Ar), 7.73 (s, 4 H, Ar) ppm; ¹³C NMR (175 MHz, CD₃OD): δ 46.0 (d, C-5), 52.0 (d, C-3), 55.2 (t, 5-CH₂), 63.4 (t, 2-CH₂), 69.1 (d, C-4), 77.1 (d, C-2), 82.0 (d, C-6), 127.5, 127.6, 128.3 (3 d, Ar), 139.9, 140.7, 141.0 (3 s, Ar) ppm; IR (ATR): ∇ 3570-3475 (O-H, N-H), 3095-3020 (=C-H), 2960-2930 (C-H), 1240 (C-O) cm⁻¹; ESI-TOF (*m*/*z*): [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₃₂H₄₁N₂O₈, 581.2863; found, 581.2882; [M + 2H] calcd for C₃₂H₄₂N₂O₆, 291.1471; found 291.1475.

p-Terphenyl derivatives 31



mp 154-156 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{22}$ +100.9 (*c* 1.00, CH₃OH); ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CD₃OD): δ 2.32 (s_{br}, 1 H, 5-H), 2.37 (s_{br}, 1 H, 5'-H), 3.28-3.29 (m, 2 H, 5-CH₂, 5'-CH₂), 3.62 (s_{br}, 1 H, 3-H), 3.69-3.71 (m, 2 H, 2-H, 3'-H), 3.80 (d, *J* = 10.4 Hz, 1 H, 5-CH₂), 3.84 (m_c, 1 H, 2'-H), 3.88 (dd, *J* = 2.2, 10.8 Hz, 1 H, 5'-CH₂), 3.94 (dd, *J* = 4.8, 11.8 Hz, 1 H, 2'-CH₂), 3.97-4.00 (m, 2 H, 2-CH₂, 2'-CH₂), 4.07 (dd, *J* = 3.3, 12.2 Hz, 1 H, 2-CH₂), 4.33 (d, *J* = 12.7 Hz, 1 H, NCH₂), 4.57 (d, m_c, *J* = 12.7 Hz, 2 H, NCH₂, 4-H), 4.67 (dd, *J* = 4.1, 6.7 Hz, 1 H,

4'-H), 4.93 (d, J = 3.3 Hz, 1 H, 6-H), 4.96 (d, J = 3.9 Hz, 1 H, 6'-H), 7.41-7.46 (m, 3 H, Ph), 7.49-7.50 (m, 2 H, Ph), 7.56-7.59 (m, 4 H, Ar), 7.68-7.70 (m, 4 H, Ar), 7.74 (s, 4 H, Ar); ¹³C NMR (175 MHz, CD₃OD): δ 46.1 (d, C-5), 46.5 (d, C-5'), 51.9 (d, C-3), 53.9 (t, NCH₂), 55.3 (t, 5-CH₂), 55.9 (t, 5'-CH₂), 59.8 (d, C-3'), 63.4 (t, 2'-CH₂), 65.1 (t, 2-CH₂), 69.5 (d, C-4), 72.3 (d, C-4'), 77.3 (d, C-2), 77.4 (d, C-2'), 81.9 (d, C-6), 82.4 (d, C-6'), 127.5, 127.6, 127.7, 128.3, 130.0,130.2, 130.4 (7 d, Ar, Ph), 139.9, 140.0, 140.7, 141.0 (4 s, Ph, Ar); IR (ATR): \tilde{v} 3605-3430 (O-H), 3090-3030 (=C-H), 2950-2880 (C-H), 1255 (C-O) cm⁻¹; ESI-TOF (*m*/*z*): [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₃₉H₄₇N₂O₈, 671.3327; found, 671.3357; [M + 2H]²⁺ calcd for C₇₈H₉₃N₄O₁₆, 336.1706; found 336.1713.

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