Supporting Information

for

Addition of lithiated enol ethers to nitrones and subsequent Lewis acid induced cyclizations to enantiopure 3,6-dihydro-2H-pyrans – An approach to carbohydrate mimetics

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Experimental procedures, characterization data, $^1$H NMR and $^{13}$C NMR spectra of synthesized compounds
**General methods:**

Reactions were, in general, performed under argon in flame-dried flasks, and the components were added by syringe. Methanol was purchased in p. a. quality and stored under argon over molecular sieves (4 Å). Tetrahydrofuran and dichloromethane were obtained from the solvent purification system MB-SPS-800 (M. Braun). Products were purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (230–400 mesh, Merck). Unless otherwise stated, yields refer to analytically pure samples. $^1$H NMR [CHCl$_3$ ($\delta = 7.26$ ppm), TMS ($\delta = 0.00$ ppm), CD$_3$OD ($\delta = 3.31$ ppm), DMF-$d_7$ ($\delta = 8.02$ ppm) or D$_2$O ($\delta = 4.79$ ppm) as internal standards] and $^{13}$C NMR spectra [CDCl$_3$ ($\delta = 77.0$ ppm), DMF-$d_7$ ($\delta = 162.6$ ppm) or CD$_3$OD ($\delta = 49.0$ ppm) as internal standards] were recorded on Bruker AC 250, ECP 400, AC 500, AVIII 700, or Joel Eclipse 500 instruments in CDCl$_3$, CD$_3$OD, DMF-$d_7$ or D$_2$O solution. Integrals are in accord with assignments; coupling constants are given in Hz. IR spectra were measured with an FT-IR spectrometer Nicolet 5 SXC or with a Nexus FT-IR equipped with a Nicolet Smart DuraSampIR ATR. MS and HRMS analyses were performed on Finnigan Varian Ionspec QFT-7 (ESI-FT-ICR) and Agilent ESI-TOF 6210 (4 µL/min, 1 bar, 4000 V) instruments. Elemental analyses were obtained with “Elemental-Analyzers“ (Perkin–Elmer or Carlo Erba). Melting points were measured with a Reichert apparatus (Thermovar) and are uncorrected. Optical rotations ([α]$_D$) were determined with Perkin–Elmer 241 polarimeter at the temperatures given. Commercially available chemicals were used without further purification unless otherwise stated.

**Experimental procedures and characterization data:**

Due to hindered rotation of the bulky -N(OTBS)Bn moiety some signals in the $^1$H NMR or $^{13}$C NMR spectra of the compounds containing this group are broadened or could not be detected.
Ethylvinylether (445 µL, 4.62 mmol) was dissolved in THF (8 mL) and cooled to −78 °C. tBuLi (1.6 M in pentane, 2.89 mL, 4.62 mmol) was added and the reaction mixture stirred for 1 h during which time it was allowed to warm to 0 °C. After further stirring for 1 h at this temperature, it was cooled once more to −78 °C. A solution of nitrone 2a (725 mg, 3.08 mmol) in THF (2 mL) was added dropwise over a period of 15 min. The mixture was stirred at this temperature for 1 h and the reaction quenched by the addition of H₂O. After the mixture reached room temperature, it was extracted three times with Et₂O. The combined organic phases were dried (Na₂SO₄) and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product (844 mg) was dissolved in CH₂Cl₂ (7 mL), and 2,6-lutidine (641 µL, 5.50 mmol) and TBSOTf (946 µL, 4.13 mmol) were added slowly at 0 °C. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 30 min and then the reaction was quenched by the addition of a sat. NH₄Cl solution. The layers were separated and the aqueous phase was extracted three times with CH₂Cl₂. The combined organic phases were dried (Na₂SO₄) and the solvent was removed in vacuo. Purification by column chromatography (silica gel, hexane/EtOAc = 20:1) yielded syn-4a (800 mg, 61%) and anti-4a (115 mg, 9%) as colorless oils. syn-4a: [α]_D^{22} = −27.2 (c = 0.20, CHCl₃). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 0.10 (s, 6 H, SiMe₂), 0.88 (s, 9 H, tBu), 1.28 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 3 H, Et), 1.33, 1.36 (2 s, 3 H each, Me), 3.29 (sbr, 1 H, 3-H), 3.57 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 1 H, 5-H), 3.66, 3.72 (2 td, J = 7.0, 9.4 Hz, 1 H each, Et), 3.85 (sbr, 1 H, NCH₂), 3.99 (dd, J = 6.8, 7.9 Hz, 1 H, 5-H), 4.03 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1 H, 1-H), 4.12 (d, J = 13.2 Hz, 1 H, NCH₂), 4.16 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1 H, 1-H), 4.40 (td, J = 6.8, 7.9 Hz, 1 H, 4-H), 7.20-7.42 (m, 5 H, Ph) ppm. ¹³C NMR (176 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = −5.2, −4.8 (2 q, SiMe₂), 14.6 (q, Et), 17.9, 26.2 (s, q, tBu), 25.6, 26.7 (2 q, Me), 60.5 (t, NCH₂), 62.2 (t, Et), 67.6 (t, C-5), 71.5 (d, C-3), 74.1 (d, C-4), 87.4 (t, C-1), 109.2 (s, C-2′), 126.9, 127.9, 129.8, 138.0 (3 d, s, Ph), 157.3 (s, C-2) ppm. IR (film): 3100–2850 cm⁻¹ (=C-H, C-H). ESI-TOF: m/z calc. for [M + Na]⁺ 444.2541, found 444.2546. Anal. calc. for C_{23}H_{39}NO₄Si (421.7): C 65.52, H 9.32, N 3.32, found: C 65.39, H 9.37, N 3.36.
Ethylvinylether (409 µL, 4.25 mmol) was dissolved in THF (8 mL) and cooled to −78 °C. tBuLi (1.6 M in pentane, 2.66 mL, 4.25 mmol) was added and the reaction mixture stirred for 1 h during which time it was allowed to warm to 0 °C. After further stirring for 3 h at this temperature, it was once more cooled to −78 °C. A solution of nitrone 2a (200 mg, 0.850 mmol) in THF (2 mL) was treated with Et₂AlCl (1 M in hexane, 850 µL, 0.850 mmol) for 5 min. The prepared solution was added dropwise over a period of 15 min. The mixture was then stirred at this temperature for a further 15 min and the reaction quenched by the addition of 2 M NaOH solution. After the mixture reached room temperature it was extracted three times with Et₂O. The combined organic phases were dried (Na₂SO₄) and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product (250 mg) was dissolved in CH₂Cl₂ (3 mL), and 2,6-lutidine (180 µL, 1.22 mmol) and TBSOTf (268 µL, 1.63 mmol) were added slowly at 0 °C. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 30 min and then the reaction was quenched by the addition of sat. NH₄Cl solution. The phases were separated and the aqueous phase was extracted three times with CH₂Cl₂. The combined organic phases were dried (Na₂SO₄) and the solvent was removed in vacuo. Purification by column chromatography (silica gel, hexane/EtOAc = 20:1) yielded syn-4a (14 mg, 4%) and anti-4a (171 mg, 48%) as colorless oils. 

\[ \text{anti-4a: } [\alpha]_D^{22} = +26.7 \ (c = 0.22, \text{CHCl}_3) \]

\[ ^1H \text{NMR (500 MHz, CDCl}_3): \delta = -0.40 (s, 9 H, SiMe}_2), -0.01 (s, 3 H, SiMe}_2), 0.85 (s, 9 H, tBu), 1.34 (m, 3 H, Et), 1.35 (s, 6 H, Me), 3.31 (s, 1 H, 3-H), 3.80–3.90 (m, 4 H, NCH}_2, OCH}_2, 3-H), 4.01 (m, 1 H, 5-H), 4.11 (dd, J = 5.8, 8.4 Hz, 1 H, 5-H), 4.16 (d, J = 1.9 Hz, 1 H, 1-H), 4.31 (d, J = 1.9 Hz, 1 H, 1-H), 4.42 (td, J = 5.8, 9.9 Hz, 1 H, 4-H), 7.20–7.34 (m, 5 H, Ph) ppm. \]

\[ ^13C \text{NMR (126 MHz, CDCl}_3): \delta = -4.8, -4.6 \ (2 \ q, \text{SiMe}_2), 14.6 \ (q, \text{Et}), 17.8, 26.1 (s, q, tBu), 25.7, 26.9 (2 \ q, \text{Me}), 60.8 \ (t, \text{NCH}_2), 62.4 \ (t, \text{Et}), 67.9 \ (t, \text{C-5}), 74.0 \ (d, \text{C-4}), 88.1 \ (t, \text{C-1}), 108.2 \ (s, \text{C-2’}), 127.2, 128.0, 130.2, 138.1 \ (3 \ d, \text{Ph}), 157.3 \ (s, \text{C-2}) \ ppm. \]

IR (film): 3120–2840 cm⁻¹ (=C-H, C-H). ESI-TOF: m/z calc. for [M + Na]⁺ 444.2541, found 444.2523. Anal. calc. for C_{23}H_{39}NO_{4}Si (421.7): C 65.52, H 9.32, N 3.32, found: C 64.93, H 8.60, N 3.52.
3,4-Dihydropyran (444 μL, 5.37 mmol) was dissolved in THF (5 mL) and cooled to -78 °C. tBuLi (1.6 M in pentane, 3.04 mL, 4.86 mmol) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 1 h during which time it was allowed to warm to 0 °C. After further stirring for 1 h at this temperature the mixture was once more cooled to -78 °C. A solution of nitrone 2a (840 mg, 3.58 mmol) in THF (2 mL) was added dropwise over a period of 15 min. The mixture was then stirred at this temperature for 1 h and the reaction quenched by the addition of H₂O. After the mixture reached rt it was extracted 3 times with Et₂O. The combined organic phases were dried (Na₂SO₄) and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product (980 mg) was dissolved in CH₂Cl₂ (8 mL), and 2,6-lutidine (1.07 mL, 9.18 mmol) and TBSOTf (1.40 mL, 6.11 mmol) were added slowly at 0 °C. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 30 min and then the reaction was quenched by the addition of sat. NH₄Cl solution. The phases were separated and the aqueous phase was extracted three times with CH₂Cl₂. The combined organic phases were dried (Na₂SO₄) and the solvent was removed in vacuo. Purification by column chromatography (silica gel, hexane/EtOAc = 20:1) yielded syn-4b (682 mg, 44%) and anti-4b (276 mg, 18%) as colorless oils. syn-4b: [α]_D^{22} = -39.5 (c = 2.3, CHCl₃). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = -0.08 (s, 3 H, SiMe₂), 0.09 (s, 3 H, SiMe₂), 0.87 (s, 9 H, tBu), 1.32, 1.35 (2 s, 3 H each, Me), 1.72–1.82 (m, 2 H, DHP), 2.02–2.10 (m, 2 H, DHP), 3.17 (s, 1 H, 3-H), 3.62 (dd, J = 6.9, 7.9 Hz, 1 H, 5-H), 4.00 (d, J = 13.1 Hz, 1 H, NCH₂), 4.09 (d, J = 13.1 Hz, 1 H, NCH₂), 4.36 (td, J = 6.9, 8.9 Hz, 1 H, 4-H), 4.69 (m, 1 H, 1-H), 7.16–7.41 (m, 5 H, Ph) ppm. ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = -5.2, -4.8 (2 q, SiMe₂), 17.8, 26.1 (s, q, tBu), 20.2, 22.3 (2 t, DHP), 25.6, 26.7 (2 q, Me), 60.6 (t, NCH₂), 65.3 (t, DHP), 67.6 (t, C-5), 74.2 (d, C-4), 102.8 (d, C-1), 109.1 (s, C-2'), 126.8, 127.9, 129.8 (3 d, Ph), 149.4 (s, C-2) ppm. IR (film): 3090–2820 cm⁻¹ (=C-H, C-H). ESI-TOF: m/z calc. for [M + Na]+ 456.2541, found 456.2538. Anal. calc. for C₂₄H₃₉NO₄Si (433.7): C 66.47, H 9.06, N 3.23; found: C 66.51, H 9.06, N 3.31.
N-Benzyl-O-(tert-butyldimethylsilyl)-N-[(R)-(3,4-dihydro-2H-pyran-6-yl)(S)-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-yl)methyl]hydroxyl-amine (anti-4b)

2,3-Dihydropyran (2.91 mL, 31.8 mmol) was dissolved in THF (30 mL) and cooled to −78 °C. tBuLi (1.6 M in pentane, 19.9 mL, 31.8 mmol) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 1 h during which time it was allowed to warm to 0 °C. After further stirring for 3 h at this temperature, it was once more cooled to −78 °C. A solution of nitrone 2a (1.50 g, 6.36 mmol) in THF (10 mL) was treated with Et₂AlCl (1 M in hexane, 6.36 μL, 6.36 mmol) for 5 min. The prepared solution was added dropwise over a period of 15 min. The mixture was then stirred at this temperature for a further 15 min and the reaction was quenched by addition of 2M NaOH solution. After the mixture reached room temperature it was extracted 3 times with Et₂O. The combined organic phases were dried (MgSO₄) and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product (2.15 g) was dissolved in CH₂Cl₂ (30 mL), and 2,6-lutidine (1.57 mL, 13.5 mmol) and TBSOTf (2.33 mL, 10.1 mmol) were added slowly at 0 °C. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 30 min and the reaction was quenched by the addition of a sat. NH₄Cl solution. The phases were separated and the aqueous phase was extracted three times with CH₂Cl₂. The combined organic phases were dried (MgSO₄) and the solvent was removed in vacuo. Purification by column chromatography (silica gel, hexane/EtOAc = 20:1) yielded syn-4b (215 mg, 8%) and anti-4b (1.54 g, 56%) as colorless oils. anti-4b: [α]D²²= +39.1 (c = 0.80, CHCl₃).

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = −0.37 (sbr, 3 H, SiMe₂), −0.03 (s, 3 H, SiMe₂), 0.84 (s, 9 H, tBu), 1.33, 1.35 (2 s, 3 H each, Me), 1.81–1.94 (m, 2 H, DHP), 2.06–2.21 (m, 2 H, DHP), 3.18 (sbr, 1 H, 3-H), 3.81 (sbr, 1 H, NCH₂), 3.85 (d, J = 11.5 Hz, 1 H, NCH₂), 3.95–4.11 (m, 4 H, DHP, 5-H), 4.36 (dt, J = 5.7, 9.4 Hz, 1 H, 4-H), 4.77 (t, J = 3.6 Hz, 1 H, 1-H), 7.20–7.32 (m, 5 H, Ph) ppm. ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = −4.8, −4.5 (2 q, SiMe₂), 17.8, 26.1 (s, q, tBu), 20.4, 22.5 (2 t, DHP), 25.9, 27.0 (2 q, Me), 61.0 (t, NCH₂), 65.4 (t, DHP), 67.9 (t, C-5), 73.6 (d, C-4), 103.2 (d, C-1), 108.8 (s, C-2'), 127.2, 128.0, 130.2, 138.1 (3 d, s, Ph), 148.5 (s, C-2) ppm. IR (film): 3090–2800 cm⁻¹ (=C-H, C-H). ESI-TOF: m/z calc. for [M + Na]⁺ 456.2541, found 456.2523. Anal. calc. for C₂₄H₃₉NO₄Si (433.7): C 66.47, H 9.06, N 3.23; found: C 66.12, H 8.90, N 3.32.
**N-Benzyl-O-(tert-butyldimethylsilyl)-N-[(S)-(4,5-dihydrofuran-2-yl)((S)-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-yl)methyl]hydroxylamine (syn-4c)**

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\begin{align*}
\text{Bn} & \text{N} \text{OTBS} \\
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2,3-Dihydrofuran (726 µL, 9.60 mmol) was dissolved in THF (10 mL) and cooled to −78 °C. tBuLi (1.6 M in pentane, 6.00 mL, 9.60 mmol) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 1 h during which time it was allowed to warm to 0 °C. After further stirring for 1 h at this temperature, it was once more cooled to −78 °C. A solution of nitrone 2a (1.50 g, 6.40 mmol) in THF (4 mL) was added dropwise over a period of 15 min. The mixture then was stirred at this temperature for 1 h and the reaction quenched by the addition of H2O. After the mixture reached room temperature it was extracted three times with Et2O. The combined organic phases were dried (MgSO4) and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product (1.91 g) was dissolved in CH2Cl2 (15 mL), and 2,6-lutidine (1.46 mL, 12.5 mmol) and TBSOTf (2.15 mL, 9.39 mmol) were added slowly at 0 °C. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 30 min and the reaction was then quenched by the addition of sat. NH4Cl solution. The phases were separated and the aqueous phase was extracted three times with CH2Cl2. The combined organic phases were dried (MgSO4) and the solvent was removed in vacuo. Purification by column chromatography (silica gel, hexane/EtOAc = 20:1) yielded **syn-4c** (1.57 g, 58%) and **anti-4c** (260 mg, 10%) as colorless oils. **syn-4c**: [α]D\textsubscript{22} = -63.7 (c = 0.19, CHCl3). \textsuperscript{1}H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl\textsubscript{3}): δ = −0.30 (s\textsubscript{br}, 3 H, SiMe\textsubscript{2}), 0.10 (s, 3 H, SiMe\textsubscript{2}), 0.88 (s, 9 H, tBu), 1.28, 1.33 (2 s, 3 H each, Me), 2.65 (m\textsubscript{c}, 2 H, DHF), 3.36 (s\textsubscript{br}, 1 H, 3-H), 3.61 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1 H, 5-H), 3.86, 4.06 (2 m\textsubscript{c}, 1 H each, NCH\textsubscript{2}), 3.98 (m\textsubscript{c}, 1 H, 5-H), 4.22–4.36 (m, 3 H, DHF, 4-H), 4.89 (t, J = 2.1 Hz, 1 H, 1-H), 7.15–7.48 (m, 5 H, Ph) ppm. \textsuperscript{13}C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl\textsubscript{3}): δ = −4.8 (q, SiMe\textsubscript{2}), 17.8, 26.1 (s, q, tBu), 25.5, 26.7 (2 q, Me), 30.0 (t, DHF), 61.1 (t, NCH\textsubscript{2}), 67.5 (t, C-5), 69.0 (t, DHF), 74.2 (d, C-4), 99.9 (d, C-1), 109.2 (s, C-2’), 127.0, 128.0, 129.7 (3 d, Ph) ppm. IR (film): 3100–2820 cm\textsuperscript{-1} (=C-H, C-H). ESI-TOF: m/z calc. for C\textsubscript{23}H\textsubscript{37}NO\textsubscript{4}Si [M + Na]\textsuperscript{+} 442.2379, found 442.2380.
\textit{N-Benzyl-\textit{O-}-(tert-butyldimethylsilyl)-\textit{N-}[(R)-(4,5-dihydrofuran-2-yl)((S)-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-yl)methyl]hydroxylamine (anti-4c)}

2,3-Dihydrofuran (802 \(\mu\)L, 10.6 mmol) was dissolved in THF (10 mL) and cooled to \(-78{^\circ}\text{C}\). \(\text{tBuLi}\) (1.6 M in pentane, 6.63 mL, 10.6 mmol) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 1 h during which time it was allowed to warm to 0 \(^\circ\text{C}\). After further stirring for 3 h at this temperature, it was once more cooled to \(-78{^\circ}\text{C}\). A solution of nitrone 2a (500 mg, 2.12 mmol) in THF (4 mL) was treated with \(\text{Et}_2\text{AlCl}\) (1M in hexane, 2.12 \(\mu\)L, 2.12 mmol) for 5 min. The prepared solution was added dropwise over a period of 15 min. The mixture was then stirred at this temperature for another 15 min and the reaction was quenched by the addition of 2M NaOH solution. After the mixture reached room temperature it was extracted 3 times with \(\text{Et}_2\text{O}\). The combined organic phases were dried (\(\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4\)) and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product (680 mg) was dissolved in \(\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2\) (10 mL), and 2,6-lutidine (519 \(\mu\)L, 4.45 mmol) and TBSOTf (268 \(\mu\)L, 3.35 mmol) were added slowly at 0 \(^\circ\text{C}\). The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 30 min and the reaction was then quenched by the addition of a sat. \(\text{NH}_4\text{Cl}\) solution. The phases were separated and the aqueous phase was extracted three times with \(\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2\). The combined organic phases were dried (\(\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4\)) and the solvent was removed in vacuo. Purification by column chromatography (silica gel, hexane/EtOAc = 20:1) yielded syn-4c (77 mg, 9\%) and anti-4c (478 mg, 54\%) as colorless oils. \textit{anti-4c}: \([\alpha]_D^{22} = +46.8\) (c = 0.41, \(\text{CHCl}_3\)). \(^1\text{H NMR}\) (500 MHz, \(\text{CDCl}_3\)): \(\delta = -0.24\) (s\(_{br}\), 3 H, SiMe\(_2\)), -0.19 (s, 3 H, SiMe\(_2\)), 0.85 (s, 9 H, \(\text{tBu}\)), 1.31, 1.33 (2 s, 3 H each, Me), 2.73 (m\(_c\), 2 H, DHF), 3.39 (s\(_{br}\), 1 H, 3-H), 3.83 (m\(_c\), 1 H, 5-H), 3.83, 3.94 (2 m\(_c\), 1 H each, NCH\(_2\)), 4.06 (dd, \(J = 5.9, 8.5 \text{ Hz}\), 1 H, 5-H), 4.32–4.39 (m, 2 H, DHF, 4-H) 4.42 (q, \(J = 8.9 \text{ Hz}\), 1 H, DHF), 4.97 (t, \(J = 2.4 \text{ Hz}\), 1 H, 1-H), 7.19–7.37 (m, 5 H, Ph) ppm. \(^{13}\text{C NMR}\) (126 MHz, \(\text{CDCl}_3\)): \(\delta = -4.6\) (q, SiMe\(_2\)), 17.8, 26.0 (s, q, \(\text{tBu}\)), 25.7, 26.9 (2 q, Me), 30.2 (t, DHF), 67.9 (t, C-5), 69.3 (t, DHF), 74.3 (d, C-4), 109.1 (s, C-2’), 127.3, 128.1, 130.2, 137.8 (3 d, s, Ph) ppm. IR (film): 3100–2820 cm\(^{-1}\) (=C-H, C-H). ESI-TOF: \(m/z\) calc. for \(\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{37}\text{NO}_4\text{Si}[\text{M + Na}]^+\) 442.2379, found 442.2377.
Ethylvinylether (289 µL, 3.00 mmol) was dissolved in THF (6 mL) and cooled to −78 °C. tBuLi (1.6 M in pentane, 1.88 mL, 3.00 mmol) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 1 h during which time it was allowed to warm to 0 °C. After further stirring for 1 h at this temperature, it was once more cooled to −78 °C. A solution of nitrone 2b (550 mg, 2.00 mmol) in THF (2 mL) was added dropwise over a period of 15 min. The mixture was then stirred at this temperature for 1 h and the reaction quenched by the addition of H₂O. After the mixture reached room temperature it was extracted three times with Et₂O. The combined organic phases were dried (Na₂SO₄) and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product (600 mg) was dissolved in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL), and 2,6-lutidine (303 µL, 2.60 mmol) and TBSOTf (499 µL, 2.17 mmol) were added slowly at 0 °C. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 30 min and was the reaction quenched by the addition of a sat. NH₄Cl solution. The phases were separated and the aqueous phase was extracted three times with CH₂Cl₂. The combined organic phases were dried (Na₂SO₄) and the solvent was removed in vacuo. Purification by column chromatography (silica gel, hexane/EtOAc = 20:1) yielded syn-4d (648 mg, 70%, dr > 95:5) as a colorless oil. [α]₂₃² = −12.1 (c = 0.10, CHCl₃). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 0.01 (s, 6 H, SiMe₂), 0.87 (s, 9 H, tBu), 1.27 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 3 H, Et), 1.30–1.37 (m, 2 H, Cy), 1.45–1.70 (m, 8 H, Cy), 3.25 (sbr, 1 H, NCH₂), 3.55 (m, 1 H, 5-H), 3.64–3.73 (m, 2 H, Et), 3.98 (m, 1 H, 5-H), 4.01 (m, 1 H, 1-H), 4.10–4.18 (m, 2 H, 1-H, NCH₂), 4.38 (td, J = 6.7, 9.1 Hz, 1 H, 4-H), 7.15–7.41 (m, 5 H, Ph) ppm. ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = −5.1, −4.8 (2 q, SiMe₂), 14.5 (t, Et), 17.9, 26.2 (s, q, tBu), 24.0, 25.7, 35.2, 36.5 (4 t, Cy), 60.4 (t, NCH₂), 62.2 (t, Et), 67.3 (t, C-5), 73.8 (d, C-4), 87.3 (t, C-1), 109.8 (s, C-2’), 126.9, 127.9, 129.6, 138.4 (3 d, s, Ph), 157.3 (s, C-2) ppm. IR (film): 3100–2820 cm⁻¹ (=C-H, C-H). ESI-TOF: m/z calc. for C₃₆H₄₂NO₄Si [M + Na]⁺ 484.2854, found 484.2854.
Ethyl vinyl ether (717 µL, 7.45 mmol) was dissolved in THF (12 mL) and cooled to −78 °C. tBuLi (1.6 M in pentane, 4.66 mL, 7.45 mmol) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 1 h during which time it was allowed to warm to 0 °C. After further stirring for 3 h at this temperature, it was once more cooled to −78 °C. A solution of nitrone 2c (500 mg, 1.49 mmol) in THF (3 mL) was treated with Et₂AlCl (1 M in hexane, 1.49 mL, 1.49 mmol) for 5 min. The prepared solution was added dropwise over a period of 15 min. Then, the mixture was stirred at this temperature for another 15 min and the reaction quenched by the addition of 2 M NaOH solution. After the mixture reached room temperature it was extracted 3 times with Et₂O. The combined organic phases were dried (Na₂SO₄) and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product (570 mg) was dissolved in CH₂Cl₂ (6 mL), and 2,6-lutidine (310 µL, 2.10 mmol) and TBSOTf (462 µL, 2.81 mmol) were added slowly at 0 °C. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 30 min and the reaction quenched by the addition of sat. NH₄Cl solution. The phases were separated and the aqueous phase was extracted three times with CH₂Cl₂. The combined organic phases were dried (Na₂SO₄) and the solvent was removed in vacuo. Purification by column chromatography (silica gel, hexane/EtOAc = 20:1) yielded anti-4e (205 mg, 26%, d.r. > 95:5) as a colorless oil. [α]D²² = −12.3 (c = 0.20, CHCl₃). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = −0.18 (s, 6 H, SiMe₂), 0.81 (s, 9 H, tBu), 1.32 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 3 H, Et), 1.35, 1.38, 1.39, 1.41 (4 s, 3 H each, Me), 3.73 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 1 H, 3-H), 3.76–3.82 (m, 2 H, Et), 3.90–4.02, 4.10–4.20, 4.25–4.30, 4.48–4.53 (4 m, 9 H, 1-H, 4-H, 5-H, 6-H, 7-H, NCH₂), 7.19–7.38 (m, 5 H, Ph) ppm. Characteristic signals in ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = −6.2, −4.8 (2 q, SiMe₂), 14.6 (q, Et), 17.8, 26.2 (s, q, tBu), 25.5, 26.15, 26.16, 26.5 (4 q, Me), 60.4 (t, NCH₂), 62.4 (t, Et), 77.8 (t, C-7), 87.4 (t, C-1), 109.7, 109.8 (2 s, CMe₂), 126.9, 127.7, 130.8, 139.0 (3 d, s, Ph), 157.0 (s, C-2) ppm. IR (ATR): 3100–2830 cm⁻¹ (=C-H, C-H). ESI-TOF: m/z calc. for C₂₈H₄₈NO₆Si [M + Na]⁺ 544.3065, found 544.3074.
To a solution of \textit{syn-4a} (135 mg, 0.321 mmol) in CH$_2$Cl$_2$ (2 mL) at $-30^\circ$C, was added TMSOTf (119 $\mu$L, 0.643 mmol), and the resulting solution stirred until it slowly reached room temperature (6 h). The reaction was then quenched by the addition of water. After separation of the layers, the aqueous phase was extracted three times with CH$_2$Cl$_2$. The combined organic phases were dried (Na$_2$SO$_4$) and the solvent was removed in vacuo. Purification by column chromatography (silica gel, hexane/EtOAc = 6:1) yielded \textit{cis-5a} (106 mg, 79\%) as a colorless oil. \([\alpha]_{D}^{22} = -118.6\) (c = 0.25, CHCl$_3$). \(^1\)H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl$_3$): $\delta$ = 0.05, 0.03 (2 s, 3 H each, SiMe$_2$), 0.79 (s, 9 H, tBu), 1.24, 1.31 (2 s, 3 H each, Me), 1.37 (t, $J$ = 7.0 Hz, 3 H, Et), 3.55 (dd, $J$ = 2.1, 7.1 Hz, 1 H, 3-H), 3.75 (q, $J$ = 7.0 Hz, 2 H, Et), 3.89–3.98 (m, 3 H, 2-H, OH), 4.11 (m, 2 H, 1-H), 4.73 (s, 1 H, 5-H), 7.21–7.26 (m, 5 H, Ph) ppm. \(^{13}\)C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl$_3$): $\delta$ = -5.0 (q, SiMe$_3$), 14.9 (q, Et), 17.8, 26.1 (s, q, tBu), 25.9, 30.3 (2 q, Me), 62.0 (t, C-1), 62.3 (t, Et), 64.2 (d, C-3), 73.0 (s, C-6), 73.4 (d, C-2), 106.7 (d, C-5), 127.2, 128.0, 130.6, 139.0 (3 d, s, Ph), 149.8 (s, C-4) ppm. IR (film): 3450 cm$^{-1}$ (OH), 3090-2840 (=C-H, C-H), 1660 (C=C). ESI-TOF: m/z calc. for [M + H]$^+$ 422.2727, found 422.2753. Anal. calc. for C$_{23}$H$_{39}$NO$_4$Si (421.7): C 65.52, H 9.32, N 3.32, found: C 65.12, H 9.54, N 3.37.

To a solution of \textit{anti-4a} (1.83 g, 4.34 mmol) in CH$_2$Cl$_2$ (25 mL) at $-30^\circ$C was added TMSOTf (1.60 $\mu$L, 8.27 mmol), and the resulting solution was stirred until it slowly reached room temperature (6 h). The reaction was then quenched by the addition of water. After separation of the layers, the aqueous phase was extracted three times with CH$_2$Cl$_2$. The combined organic phases were dried (MgSO$_4$) and the solvent was removed in vacuo. Purification by column...
chromatography (silica gel, hexane/EtOAc = 6:1) yielded trans-5a (1.53 g, 84%) as a colorless oil. \([\alpha]_D^{22} = +69.7 (c = 0.66, \text{CHCl}_3).\) \(^1\)H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl\(_3\)): \(\delta = -0.16, 0.01 (2 \text{ s, } 3 \text{ H each, SiMe}_2), 0.82 (s, 9 \text{ H, tBu}), 1.23, 1.29 (2 \text{ s, } 3 \text{ H each, Me}), 1.41 (t, \(J = 7.0 \text{ Hz, } 3 \text{ H, Et}), 2.81 (s_{br}, 1 \text{ H, OH}), 3.36 (m_{c}, 1 \text{ H, 3-H}), 3.53 (m_{c}, 1 \text{ H, 1-H}), 3.65–3.78 (m, 2 \text{ H, Et}), 3.82 (td, \(J = 5.5, 10.6 \text{ Hz, } 1 \text{ H, 1-H}), 3.95 (d, \(J = 12.5 \text{ Hz, } 1 \text{ H, NCH}_2), 4.00 (s_{br}, 1 \text{ H, 2-H}), 4.34 (m_{c}, 1 \text{ H, NCH}_2), 4.69 (d, \(J = 1.1 \text{ Hz, } 1 \text{ H, 5-H}), 7.18–7.35 (m, 5 \text{ H, Ph}) \text{ ppm.}\) \(^{13}\)C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl\(_3\)): \(\delta = -4.9, -4.7 (2 \text{ q, SiMe}_2), 14.9 (q, \text{Et}), 17.8, 26.0 (s, q, tBu), 26.7, 31.2 (2 \text{ q, Me}), 61.0 (d, C-3), 62.2 (t, \text{Et}), 64.9 (t, C-1), 70.2 (d, C-2), 72.5 (s, C-6), 105.7 (d, C-5), 127.3, 128.1, 130.3, 137.9 (3 \text{ d, s, Ph}), 151.5 (s, C-4) \text{ ppm. IR (film): 3400 cm}^{-1} (\text{OH}), 3090–2840 (=\text{C-H, C-H}), 1660 (\text{C=C}).\) ESI-TOF: \(m/z\) calc. for \([\text{M + H}]^+\) 422.2727, found 422.2744.

**((7S,8S)-8-[Benzyl(\text{t-\text{butyldimethylsiloxy)amino]-5,5-dimethyl-2,3,4,5,7,8-hexahydropyran[4,3-b]pyran-7-yl)methanol (cis-5b)**

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\begin{align*}
\text{cis-5b}
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To a solution of syn-4b (590 mg, 1.36 mmol) in CH\(_2\)Cl\(_2\) (6 mL) at \(-30 ^\circ\text{C}\) was added TMSOTf (501 \(\mu\text{L}, 2.72 \text{ mmol}), and the resulting solution was stirred until it slowly reached room temperature (6 h). The reaction was then quenched by the addition of water. The resulting mixture was extracted three times with CH\(_2\)Cl\(_2\). The combined organic phases were dried (Na\(_2\text{SO}_4\)) and the solvent was removed in vacuo. Purification by column chromatography (silica gel, hexane/EtOAc = 6:1) yielded cis-5b (434 mg, 74%) as a colorless oil. \([\alpha]_D^{22} = -130.2 (c = 0.58, \text{CHCl}_3).\) \(^1\)H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl\(_3\)): \(\delta = -0.37 (s_{br}, 6 \text{ H, SiMe}_2), 0.79 (s, 9 \text{ H, tBu}), 1.26, 1.30 (2 \text{ s, } 3 \text{ H each, Me}), 1.81-1.92 (m, 3 \text{ H, DHP}), 2.06 (m_{c}, 1 \text{ H, DHP}), 3.49 (s_{br}, 1 \text{ H, 8-H}), 3.64 (s_{br}, 1 \text{ H, 7-CH}_2), 3.87–3.97 (m, 3 \text{ H, 7-H, 7-CH}_2, \text{NCH}_2), 4.01–4.18 (m, 3 \text{ H, DHP, NCH}_2), 7.16–7.32 (m, 5 \text{ H, Ph}) \text{ ppm.}\) \(^{13}\)C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl\(_3\)): \(\delta = -5.3 (q, \text{SiMe}_2), 17.7, 26.0 (s, q, tBu), 20.6, 22.6 (2 t, DHP), 23.5, 27.7 (2 q, Me), 64.0 (t, 7-CH\(_2\)), 65.2 (t, DHP), 72.6 (d, C-7), 75.2 (s, C-5), 115.4 (s, C-4a), 127.0, 127.9, 130.6, 139.2 (3 \text{ d, s, Ph}), 143.2 (s, C-8a) \text{ ppm. IR (film): 3450 cm}^{-1} (\text{OH}), 3100–2850 (=\text{C-H, C-H}), 1660 (\text{C=C}).\) ESI-TOF: \(m/z\) calc. for C\(_{24}\)H\(_{39}\)NO\(_4\)Si [M + H]\(^+\) 434.2721, found 434.2724.
((7S,8R)-8-(Benzyl(tert-butyldimethylsiloxyl)amino)-5,5-dimethyl-2,3,4,5,6,7,8-hexahydro[4,3-b]pyran-7-yl)methanol (trans-5b)

To a solution of anti-4b (270 mg, 0.622 mmol) in CH$_2$Cl$_2$ (3 mL) at $-30 \, ^\circ\text{C}$ was added TMSOTf (228 µL, 1.25 mmol), and the resulting solution was stirred until it slowly reached room temperature (6 h). The reaction was then quenched by the addition of water. The resulting mixture was extracted three times with CH$_2$Cl$_2$. The combined organic phases were dried (Na$_2$SO$_4$) and the solvent was removed in vacuo. Purification by column chromatography (silica gel, hexane/EtOAc = 6:1) yielded trans-5b (221 mg, 82%) as a colorless oil. $\left[\alpha\right]_{D}^{22} = +39.8$ (c = 0.49, CHCl$_3$).

$^1$H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl$_3$): $\delta = -0.24, 0.05$ (2 s, 3 H each, SiMe$_2$), 0.85 (s, 9 H, tBu), 1.23, 1.29 (2 s, 3 H each, Me), 1.79–1.93 (m, 3 H, DHP), 2.02–2.10 (m, 1 H, DHP), 2.84 (s, 1 H, OH), 3.36 (d, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 1 H, 8-H), 3.51 (td, $J = 5.2, 10.6$ Hz, 1 H, 7-CH$_2$), 3.81 (m, 1 H, 7-CH$_2$), 3.86 (m, 1 H, OCH$_2$), 3.92 (d, $J = 12.6$ Hz, 1 H, NCH$_2$), 4.01 (m, 1 H, 7-H), 4.14 (m, 1 H, OCH$_2$), 4.33 (d, $J = 12.6$ Hz, 1 H, NCH$_2$), 7.16–7.34 (m, 5 H, Ph) ppm.

$^{13}$C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl$_3$): $\delta = -5.0, -4.6$ (2 q, SiMe$_2$), 17.8, 26.1 (s, q, tBu), 20.9, 22.8 (2 t, DHP), 24.4, 28.7 (2 q, Me), 60.6 (t, NCH$_2$), 65.0 (t, OCH$_2$), 65.1 (t, 7-CH$_2$), 69.4 (d, C-7), 74.5 (s, C-5), 114.3 (s, C-4a), 127.2, 128.1, 130.3, 138.2 (3 d, s, Ph), 144.3 (s, C-8a) ppm. IR (film): 3450 cm$^{-1}$ (OH), 3100-2850 (=C-H, C-H), 1670 (C=C). ESI-TOF: $m/z$ calc. for [M + H]$^+$ 434.2721, found 434.2719.

((6S,7S)-7-[Benzyl(tert-butyldimethylsiloxyl)amino]-4,4-dimethyl-3,4,6,7-tetrahydro-2H-furo[3,2-c]pyran-6-yl)methanol (cis-5c)

To a solution of syn-4c (1.52 g, 3.62 mmol) in CH$_2$Cl$_2$ (15 mL) at $-30 \, ^\circ\text{C}$ was added TMSOTf (1.32 mL, 7.24 mmol), and the resulting solution was stirred until it slowly reached room temperature (6 h). The reaction was then quenched by the addition of water. The resulting
mixture was extracted three times with CH$_2$Cl$_2$. The combined organic phases were dried (MgSO$_4$) and the solvent was removed in vacuo. Purification by column chromatography (silica gel, hexane/EtOAc = 6:1) yielded cis-5c (1.29 g, 85%) as a colorless oil. $[\alpha]_D^{22} = -130.0$ (c = 0.61, CHCl$_3$). $^1$H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl$_3$): $\delta$ = −0.51, −0.25 (2 s$_{br}$, 3 H each, SiMe$_2$), 0.80 (s, 9 H, tBu), 1.26, 1.32 (2 s, 3 H each, Me), 2.53–2.66 (m, 2 H, DHF), 3.28 (s$_{br}$, 1 H, OH), 3.64 (s$_{br}$, 1 H, 6-H), 3.84 (s$_{br}$, 1 H, NCH$_2$), 3.91 (s$_{br}$, 1 H, 6-CH$_2$), 3.96 (m, 1 H, 4-H), 4.10 (d, $J$ = 13.4 Hz, 1 H, NCH$_2$), 4.13 (m, 1 H, 6-CH$_2$), 4.37–4.45 (m, 2 H, DHF), 7.17–7.32 (m, 5 H, Ph) ppm. $^{13}$C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl$_3$): $\delta$ = −5.3, −5.1 (2 q, SiMe$_2$), 17.7, 26.0 (s, q, tBu), 23.1, 27.8 (2 q, Me), 29.6 (t, DHF), 60.8 (t, NCH$_2$), 62.6 (d, C-7), 63.8 (t, 6-CH$_2$), 69.1 (t, DHF), 73.1 (d, C-6), 74.1 (s, C-4), 117.4 (s, C-3a), 127.1, 127.9, 130.6, 138.6 (3 d, s, Ph), 146.8 (s, C-7a) ppm. IR (film): 3460 cm$^{-1}$ (OH), 3100–2800 (=C–H, C–H), 1690 (C=C). ESI-TOF: $m/z$ calc. for C$_{23}$H$_{37}$NO$_4$Si [M + Na$^+$] 442.2379, found 442.2377.

To a solution of anti-4c (209 mg, 0.498 mmol) in CH$_2$Cl$_2$ (2 mL) at −30 °C was added TMSOTf (182 $\mu$L, 0.996 mmol), and the resulting solution was stirred until it slowly reached room temperature (6 h). The reaction was then quenched by the addition of water. After separation of the phases the aqueous phase was extracted three times with CH$_2$Cl$_2$. The combined organic phases were dried (Na$_2$SO$_4$) and the solvent was removed in vacuo. Purification by column chromatography (silica gel, hexane/EtOAc = 6:1) yielded trans-5c (115 mg, 55%) as a colorless oil. $[\alpha]_D^{22} = +56.5$ (c = 0.93, CHCl$_3$). $^1$H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl$_3$): $\delta$ = −0.13, 0.03 (2 s$_{br}$, 3 H each, SiMe$_2$), 0.86 (s, 9 H, tBu), 1.24, 1.31 (2 s, 3 H each, Me), 2.43–2.51 (m, 1 H, DHF), 2.57–2.67 (m, 1 H, DHF), 2.67 (s$_{br}$, 1 H, OH), 3.41 (s$_{br}$, 1 H, 7-H), 3.54 (s$_{br}$, 1 H, 6-CH$_2$), 3.84 (m, 1 H, 6-CH$_2$), 3.90–3.99 (m, 2 H, 6-H, NCH$_2$), 4.22–4.29 (m, 1 H, NCH$_2$), 4.34 (q, $J$ = 9.0 Hz, 1 H, DHF), 4.44 (ddd, $J$ = 6.3, 9.0, 10.5 Hz, 1 H, DHF), 7.18–7.39 (m, 5 H, Ph) ppm. $^{13}$C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl$_3$): $\delta$ = −4.9, −4.6 (2 q, SiMe$_2$), 17.7, 26.0 (s, q, tBu), 24.5, 28.1 (2 q, Me), 29.7 (t, DHF), 60.9 (t, NCH$_2$), 64.4 (t, 6-CH$_2$), 69.4 (t, DHF), 70.3 (d, C-6), 73.4 (s, C-4), 116.1 (s, C-3a), 146.8 (s, C-7) ppm. IR (film): 3460 cm$^{-1}$ (OH), 3100–2800 (=C–H, C–H), 1690 (C=C). ESI-TOF: $m/z$ calc. for C$_{23}$H$_{37}$NO$_4$Si [M + Na$^+$] 442.2379, found 442.2377.

$((6S,7R)-7$-(Benzyl(tert-butyldimethylsiloxy)amino)-4,4-dimethyl-3,4,6,7-tetrahydro-2H-furo[3,2-c]pyran-6-yl)methanol (trans-5c)
127.4, 128.0, 130.0, 137.7 (3 d, s, Ph), 148.2 (s, C-7a) ppm. IR (film): 3460 cm$^{-1}$ (OH), 3100–2800 (=C–H, C–H), 1700 (C=C). ESI-TOF: $m/z$ calc. for C$_{23}$H$_{37}$NO$_4$Si [M + Na]$^+$ 442.2379, found 442.2357.

((2S,3S)-3-(Benzyl(tert-butyldimethylsiloxy)amino)-4-ethoxy-1-oxaspiro[5.5]undec-4-en-2-yl)methanol (cis-5d)

To a solution of syn-4d (420 mg, 0.910 mmol) in CH$_2$Cl$_2$ (6 mL) at $-30 \degree C$ was added TMSOTf (331 µL, 1.82 mmol), and the resulting solution was stirred until it slowly reached room temperature (6 h). The reaction was then quenched by the addition of water. After separation of the phases the aqueous phase was extracted three times with CH$_2$Cl$_2$. The combined organic phases were dried (Na$_2$SO$_4$) and the solvent was removed in vacuo. Purification by column chromatography (silica gel, hexane/EtOAc = 10:1) yielded cis-5d (380 mg, 90%) as colorless crystals. [$\alpha$]$_D^{22}$ = $-108.0$ (c = 0.14, CHCl$_3$). $^1$H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl$_3$): $\delta$ = $-0.51$, $-0.27$ (2 s$_{br}$, 3 H each, SiMe$_2$), 0.80 (s, 9 H, tBu), 1.21–1.81 (m, 10 H, Cy), 1.37 (t, $J$ = 7.0 Hz, 3 H, Et), 3.45 (s$_{br}$, 1 H, OH), 3.55 (s$_{br}$, 1 H, 3-H), 3.75 (q, $J$ = 7.0 Hz, 2 H, Et), 3.82–3.96 (m, 3 H, 2-H, 1-H, NCH$_2$), 4.09–4.21 (m, 2 H, 1-H, NCH$_2$), 4.77 (s, 1 H, 5-H), 7.19–7.34 (m, 5 H, Ph) ppm. $^{13}$C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl$_3$): $\delta$ = $-5.4$, $-5.2$ (2 q, SiMe$_2$), 14.7 (q, Et), 17.6, 25.9 (s, q, tBu), 21.7, 22.1, 25.4, 33.3, 38.7 (5 t, Cy), 60.6 (t, NCH$_2$), 62.0 (t, Et), 64.0 (t, C-1), 65.3 (d, C-3), 72.3 (s, C-6), 73.5 (d, C-2), 106.0 (d, C-5), 126.9, 127.7, 130.6, 139.0 (3 d, s, Ph), 150.1 (s, C-4) ppm. IR (film): 3450 cm$^{-1}$ (OH), 3090–2840 (=C-H, C-H), 1660 (C=C). ESI-TOF: $m/z$ calc. for [M + Na]$^+$ 484.2848, found 484.2868. Anal. calc. for C$_{26}$H$_{43}$NO$_4$Si (461.7): C 67.64, H 9.39, N 3.03, found: C 67.29, H 9.66, N 2.90.
N-Benzyl-O-( tert-butyldimethylsilyl)-N-((S)-(S)-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-yl)(furan-2-yI)methyl)hydroxylamine (syn-4f)

Furan (279 µL, 3.84 mmol) was dissolved in THF (4 mL) and cooled to −78 °C. nBuLi (2.5 M in hexanes, 1.54 mL, 3.84 mmol) was added and the reaction mixture stirred for 1 h during which time it was allowed to warm to 0 °C. After further stirring for 1 h at this temperature, it was once more cooled to −78 °C. A solution of nitrone 2a (300 mg, 1.28 mmol) in THF (1 mL) was added dropwise over a period of 15 min. Then, the mixture was stirred at this temperature for 2 h and the reaction quenched by the addition of a sat. NH₄Cl solution. After the mixture reached room temperature it was extracted three times with Et₂O. The combined organic phases were dried (MgSO₄) and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product (340 mg) was dissolved in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL), and 2,6-lutidine (190 µL, 1.63 mmol) and TBSOTf (281 µL, 1.22 mmol) were added slowly at 0 °C. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 30 min and then the reaction was quenched by the addition of sat. NH₄Cl solution. The phases were separated and the aqueous phase was extracted three times with CH₂Cl₂. The combined organic phases were dried (MgSO₄) and the solvent was removed in vacuo. Purification by column chromatography (silica gel, hexane/EtOAc = 20:1) yielded syn-4f (294 mg, 55%) as a colorless oil. [α]D²² = −71.8 (c = 0.60, CHCl₃). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 0.15, 0.26 (2 sbr, 3 H each, SiMe₂), 0.93 (s, 9 H, tBu), 1.26, 1.36 (2 s, 3 H each, Me), 3.43 (m, 1 H, 3-H), 3.59 (m, 1 H, 5-H), 3.75–3.90 (m, 2 H, NCH₂), 4.04 (m, 1 H, 5-H), 4.55 (m, 1 H, 4-H), 6.32 (d, J = 3.1 Hz, 1 H, 3’-H), 6.38 (dd, J = 1.8, 3.1 Hz, 1 H, 4’-H), 7.19–7.41 (m, 6 H, Ph, 5’-H) ppm. ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = −4.8 (q, SiMe₂), 17.8, 26.1 (s, q, tBu), 25.6, 26.6 (2 q, Me), 61.2 (t, NCH₂), 67.3 (t, C-5), 74.7 (d, C-4), 109.4 (s, CMe₂), 128.2 (d, C-4’), 129.4 (d, C-3’), 127.2, 128.2, 129.4 (3 d, Ph), 141.8 (d, C-5’) ppm. IR (film): 3100–2830 cm⁻¹ (=C-H, C-H). ESI-TOF: m/z calc. for C₂₃H₃₅NO₄Si [M + Na]⁺ 440.2228, found 440.2223.
(5S,6S)-5-[Benzyl(hydroxy)amino]-6-(hydroxymethyl)-2,2-dimethylidihydro-2H-pyrano-4(3H)one (8)

To compound cis-5a (350 mg, 0.830 mmol), was added satd. methanolic HCl (20 mL) and the resulting mixture stirred for 12 h at room temperature. Then the solvent was removed in vacuo and satd. NaHCO₃ solution and CH₂Cl₂ added to the residue. The layers were separated and the aqueous phase was extracted twice with CH₂Cl₂. The combined organic layers were dried (Na₂SO₄) and the solvent was removed in vacuo to yield 8 (180 mg, 78%) as a brownish oil. The product was used in the next step (preparation of 23) without further purification.

(3S,5S,6S)-5-[Benzyl(tert-butyldimethylsilyl)amino]-3-hydroxy-6-(hydroxymethyl)-2,2-dimethylidihydro-2H-pyrano-4(3H)one (9)

To a solution of cis-5a (260 mg, 0.616 mmol) in acetone (3 mL), were added H₂O (300 µL), K₂OsO₄·2H₂O (16 mg, 0.043 mmol) and N-methylmorpholine-N-oxide (50 wt % in H₂O, 170 µL, 0.840 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred for 3 d at room temperature. Solid Na₂SO₃ (106 mg, 0.840 mmol) was then added and the mixture was stirred for 1 h. The mixture was filtered through a pad of celite, dried (Na₂SO₄) and the solvent removed in vacuo. Purification by column chromatography (silica gel, hexane/EtOAc = 3:1) yielded 9 (193 mg, 76%) as a colorless oil. [α]D²² = −6.0 (c = 0.52, CHCl₃). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 0.30 (sbr, 6 H, SiMe₂), 0.90 (s, 9 H, tBu), 1.06, 1.42 (2 s, 3 H each, Me), 1.94 (sbr, 1 H, OH), 3.36 (sbr, 1 H), 3.63 (sbr, 2 H), 3.79 (d, J = 12.1 Hz, 1 H), 3.85–4.01 (m, 2 H), 4.12 (sbr, 1 H), 4.40 (d, J = 3.3 Hz, 1 H), 7.24–7.41 (m, 5 H, Ph) ppm. ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = −4.7 (q, SiMe₂), 18.0, 28.2 (2 q, Me), 18.6, 25.9 (s, q, tBu), 62.3, 63.6, 73.0, 83.6, 128.2, 128.8, 130.0 ppm. IR (film): 3480 cm⁻¹ (OH), 3090–2820 (=C-H, C-H). ESI-TOF: m/z calc. for C₂₁H₃₅NO₅Si [M + Na]⁺ 432.2177, found 432.2184.
(3S,5S,6S)-5-[Benzyl(tert-butyldimethylsilox)amino]-3-bromo-6-(hydroxymethyl)-2,2-dimethylidihydro-2H-pyran-4(3H)one (10) and (3S,5S,6S)-5-[Benzyl(hydroxy)amino]-3-bromo-6-(hydroxymethyl)-3,3-dimethylidihydro-2H-pyran-4(3H)one (11)

To a solution of cis-5a (100 mg, 0.237 mmol) in MeCN (2 mL), were added H₂O (200 μL) and N-bromosuccinimide (42 mg, 0.237 mmol). After stirring the reaction mixture for 15 min, a further quantity of H₂O was added and the mixture extracted three times with CH₂Cl₂. The combined organic phases were dried (Na₂SO₄) and the solvent was removed in vacuo. Purification by column chromatography (silica gel, hexane/EtOAc = 10:1 to 2:1) yielded 10 (28 mg, 25%) and 11 (44 mg, 52%) as colorless oils. 10: [α]D²² = −3.0 (c = 1.91, CHCl₃). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 0.29, 0.36 (2 s br, 3 H each, SiMe₂), 0.92 (s, 9 H, tBu), 1.27, 1.52 (2 s, 3 H each, Me), 3.33 (s br, 1 H, 3-H), 3.59 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 1 H, NCH₂), 3.84 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1 H, 2-CH₂), 3.88–3.98 (m, 2 H, 2-H, NCH₂), 4.03 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1 H, 2-CH₂), 5.03 (s, 1 H, 5-H), 7.22–7.40 (m, 5 H, Ph) ppm. ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CHCl₃): δ = −4.7, −3.6 (2 q, SiMe₂), 17.9, 25.9 (s, q, tBu), 20.7, 29.6 (2 q, Me), 62.1 (t, NCH₂), 63.2 (t, 2-CH₂), 66.5 (d, C-3), 66.6 (d, C-5), 72.6 (d, C-2), 79.6 (s, C-6), 128.3, 128.9, 130.0, 135.5 (3 d, s, Ph), 197.0 (s, C-4) ppm. IR (film): 3420 cm⁻¹ (OH), 3090–2820 (=C-H, C-H), 1720 (C=O). ESI-TOF: m/z calc. for C₂₄H₃₈BrNO₄Si [M + Na]+ 534.1640, found 534.1655. 11: [α]D²² = +64.4 (c = 0.73, CHCl₃). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CHCl₃): δ = 1.30, 1.54 (2 s, 3 H each, Me), 3.44 (d, J = 4.4 Hz, 1 H, 5-H), 3.79 (d, J = 13.2 Hz, 1 H, NCH₂), 3.79 (dd, J = 4.4, 12.1 Hz, 1 H, 6-CH₂), 3.85 (d, J = 13.2 Hz, 1 H, NCH₂), 3.93 (dd, J = 4.4, 12.1 Hz, 1 H, 6-CH₂), 4.01 (q, J = 4.4 Hz, 1 H, 6-H), 5.06 (s, 1 H, 3-H), 6.15 (s br, 1 H, OH), 7.22–7.38 (m, 5 H, Ph) ppm. ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CHCl₃): δ = 20.5, 29.6 (2 q, Me), 61.7 (t, NCH₂), 62.6 (t, 6-CH₂), 65.3 (d, C-3), 71.8 (d, C-5), 72.1 (d, C-6), 80.0 (s, C-2), 127.8, 128.5, 129.4, 136.2 (3 d, s, Ph), 196.9 (s, C-4) ppm. IR (film): 3410 cm⁻¹ (OH), 3090–2820 (=C-H, C-H), 1710 (C=O). ESI-TOF: m/z calc. for C₁₅H₂₇BrNO₄ [M + Na]+ 380.0462, found 380.0478.
To a solution of trans-5a (165 mg, 0.391 mmol) in acetone (2 mL), were added H₂O (200 µL), K₂OsO₄·2H₂O (24 mg, 0.065 mmol) and N-methylmorpholine-N-oxide (50 wt % in H₂O, 167 µL, 0.825 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred for 3 d at room temperature. Solid Na₂SO₃ (50 mg, 0.391 mmol) was then added and the mixture was stirred for 1 h. The mixture was filtered through a pad of celite, dried (Na₂SO₄) and the solvent removed in vacuo. Purification by column chromatography (silica gel, hexane/EtOAc = 3:1) gave starting material (50 mg) and a mixture of the desired α-hydroxyketone 13 and the hydroxylated hemiacetal 14 (108 mg, 1:1 ratio, 64%) as a colorless oil. The components of the mixture could not be separated and was directly used in the next step (preparation of 29).

(3R,5R,6S)-5-[Benzyl(tert-butyl(dimethyl)siloxy)amino]3-hydroxy-6-(hydroxymethyl)-2,2-dimethylidihydro-2H-pyran-4(3H)one (13) and (3R,4R,5R,6S)-5-[Benzyl(tert-butyl(dimethyl)siloxy)amino]4-ethoxy-6-(hydroxymethyl)-2,2-dimethyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-3,4-diol (14)

To a solution of trans-5a (500 mg, 1.19 mmol) in MeCN (8 mL), were added H₂O (800 µL) and N-bromosuccinimide (211 mg, 1.19 mmol). After stirring the reaction mixture for 15 min, a further quantity of H₂O was added and the mixture extracted three times with CH₂Cl₂. The combined organic phases were dried (Na₂SO₄) and the solvent was removed in vacuo. Purification by column chromatography (silica gel, hexane/EtOAc = 2:1) yielded 15 (298 mg, 70%) as colorless crystals. M.p. 109–111 °C. [α]D⁰²² = −144.5 (c = 0.38, CHCl₃). ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 1.40, 1.42 (2 s, 3 H each, Me), 3.77 (dd, J = 3.6, 11.6 Hz, 1 H, 6-CH₂), 3.80 (dd, J = 3.5, 11.6 Hz, 1 H, 6-CH₂), 4.04 (s, 1 H, 3-H), 4.17 (m, 1 H, 6-H), 4.20 (d, J = 12.8 Hz, 1 H, NCH₂), 4.25 (d, J = 9.6 Hz, 1 H, 5-H), 4.55 (d, J = 12.8 Hz, 1 H, NCH₂), 5.63 (sbr, 1 H, OH), 7.26–7.37 (m, 5 H, Ph) ppm. ¹³C NMR (176 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 22.7, 28.0 (2 q, Me), 59.2 (d, C-
To a solution of trans-5b (1.15 g, 2.66 mmol) in MeCN (15 mL), were added H₂O (1.5 mL) and N-bromosuccinimide (472 mg, 2.66 mmol). After stirring the reaction mixture for 30 min, a further quantity of H₂O was added and the mixture extracted three times with CH₂Cl₂. The combined organic phases were dried (Na₂SO₄) and the solvent was removed in vacuo. Purification by column chromatography (silica gel, CH₂Cl₂/EtOAc = 1:1) yielded 16 (845 mg, 76%, d.r. > 92:8) as a colorless oil. [α]D²² = −59.8 (c = 0.99, CHCl₃). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CHCl₃): δ = 1.31, 1.46 (2 s, 3 H each, Me), 1.66–1.73 (m, 1 H, 1'-H), 1.73–1.81 (m, 1 H, 2'-H), 1.91–1.99 (m, 1 H, 2'-H), 2.05 (m, 1 H, 1'-H), 3.62–3.71 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 3.77–3.84 (m, 2 H, 6-CH₂), 4.13–4.20 (m, 2 H, NCH₂, 6-H), 4.52–4.58 (m, 2 H, NCH₂, 5-H), 5.90 (sbr, 1 H, OH), 7.18–7.39 (m, 5 H, Ph) ppm. ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CHCl₃): δ = 21.5, 25.7 (2 q, Me), 29.9 (t, C-1’), 30.8 (t, C-2’), 62.4 (t, NCH₂), 62.5 (t, OCH₂), 63.8 (t, 6-CH₂), 64.5 (d, C-5), 73.6 (d, C-6), 79.1, 79.3 (2 s, C-2, C-3), 127.6, 128.4, 129.1, 137.0 (3 d, s, Ph), 203.7 (s, C-4) ppm. Characteristic signals of minor diastereomer: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CHCl₃): 1.41, 1.63 (2 s, 3 H each, Me) ppm. IR (film): 3360 cm⁻¹ (OH), 3090–2780 (=C-H, C-H), 1700 (C=O). ESI-TOF: m/z calc. for C₁₈H₂₆BrNO₅ [M + Na]⁺ 438.0887, found 438.0883.
To a solution of cis-5d (330 mg, 0.715 mmol) in MeCN (6 mL) were added H₂O (600 µL) and N-bromosuccinimide (127 mg, 0.715 mmol). After stirring the reaction mixture for 10 min, a further quantity of H₂O was added and the mixture extracted three times with CH₂Cl₂. The combined organic phases were dried (Na₂SO₄) and the solvent was removed in vacuo. Purification by column chromatography (silica gel, hexane/EtOAc = 8:1) yielded 17 (230 mg, 63%) as a colorless oil. [α]D²² = −10.4 (c = 1.30, CHCl₃). 

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CHCl₃): δ = 0.28, 0.34 (2 s br, 3 H each, SiMe₂), 0.90 (s, 9 H, tBu), 1.12–1.31 (m, 2 H, Cy), 1.41–1.59 (m, 3 H, Cy), 1.59–1.78 (m, 4 H, Cy), 1.85 (sbr, 1 H, OH), 1.91–2.00 (m, 1 H, Cy), 3.34 (sbr, 1 H, 3-H), 3.61 (sbr, 1 H, NCH₂), 3.79 (sbr, 1 H, 2-H), 3.83 (d, J = 11.9 Hz, 1 H, 2-CH₂), 3.98–4.01 (m, 2 H, 2-CH₂, NCH₂), 4.96 (s, 1 H, 5-H), 7.22–7.39 (m, 5 H, Ph) ppm. 

¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CHCl₃): δ = −4.8, −3.6 (2 q, SiMe₂), 17.9, 25.9 (s, q, tBu), 20.3, 21.4, 24.7, 25.6, 36.8 (5 t, Cy), 62.2 (t, NCH₂), 63.0 (t, 2-CH₂), 66.6 (d, C-3), 67.5 (d, C-5), 71.2 (d, C-2), 80.1 (s, C-6), 128.1, 128.8, 128.9, 135.5 (3 d, s, Ph), 196.9 (s, C-4) ppm. IR (film): 3700–3400 cm⁻¹ (OH), 3090-2830 (=C-H, C-H), 1720 (C=O). ESI-TOF: m/z calc. for C₂₄H₃₈BrNO₄Si [M + Na]⁺ 534.1651, found 534.1655.

((1S,4S,5S,6S)-5-(Benzyl(tert-butyldimethylsiloxy)amino)-3,7-dioxaspiro[bicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-2,1′-cyclohexane]-4-yl)methanol (18)

To a solution of 17 (195 mg, 0.380 mmol) in EtOH (3 mL), was added NaBH₄ (70 mg, 0.252 mmol) at 0 °C. The mixture was then stirred for 1 h at room temperature, the solvent removed in vacuo and CH₂Cl₂ and H₂O added to the residue. The layers were separated and the aqueous phase was extracted two times with CH₂Cl₂. The combined organic layers were dried (Na₂SO₄) and the solvent was removed in vacuo. Purification by recrystallization (hexane/Et₂O) yielded 18 (163 mg, 99%) as colorless crystals. M.p. 134–136 °C. [α]D²² = +2.1 (c = 3.9, CHCl₃).
$^1$H NMR (500 MHz, CHCl$_3$): $\delta = -0.80, 0.00$ (2 $s_{br}$, 3 H each, SiMe$_2$), 0.79 (s, 9 H, tBu), 1.16–1.34 (m, 2 H, Cy), 1.44 (d, $J = 13.3$ Hz, 1 H, Cy), 1.49–1.56 (m, 2 H, Cy), 1.61–1.70 (m, 2 H, Cy), 1.86–2.06 (m, 3 H, Cy), 2.29 ($s_{br}$, 1 H, OH), 3.62–3.93 (m, 3 H), 4.07 ($s_{br}$, 1 H), 4.27–4.38 (m, 3 H), 4.45 ($s_{br}$, 1 H), 7.22–7.34 (m, 5 H, Ph) ppm. $^{13}$C NMR (126 MHz, CHCl$_3$): $\delta = -4.8, -4.6$ (2 q, SiMe$_2$), 17.6, 25.9 (s, q, tBu), 20.5, 21.3, 24.8, 25.4, 36.5 (5 t, Cy), 63.3, 63.6, 70.2, 77.3, 99.9 (s, C-6), 127.9, 128.3, 130.5, 137.3 (3 d, s, Ph) ppm. IR (KBr): 3460 cm$^{-1}$ (OH), 3100–2820 (=C-H, C-H). ESI-TOF: $m/z$ calc. for C$_{24}$H$_{39}$NO$_4$Si [M + Na]$^+$ 456.2541, found 456.2532.

$\text{N-Benzyl-N-((7S,8S)-7-(benzyloxymethyl)-5,5-dimethyl-2,3,4,5,7,8-hexahydropyran}[4,3-b]\text{pyran-8-yl})-O-(\text{tert-butylidimethylsilyl})\text{hydroxylamine (19)}$

\[
\text{N-Benzyln(7S,8S)-7-(benzyloxymethyl)-5,5-dimethyl-2,3,4,5,7,8-hexahydropyran[4,3-b]pyran-8-yl)-O-(tert-butylidimethylsilyl)hydroxylamine (19)}
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To a solution of cis-5b (600 mg, 1.38 mmol) in THF (13 mL), was added NaH (60% in paraffin oil, 84 mg, 2.16 mmol) at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred for 1 h at room temperature, then cooled to 0 °C and BnBr (247 µL, 1.98 mmol) added. The mixture was stirred for 12 h at room temperature. Sat. NH$_4$Cl solution was added and the mixture extracted three times with CH$_2$Cl$_2$. The combined organic phases were dried (MgSO$_4$) and concentrated. Purification by column chromatography (silica gel, hexane/EtOAc = 15:1) yielded 19 (560 mg, 78%) as a colorless oil. $[\alpha]^{22}_D = -103.9$ (c = 0.44, CHCl$_3$). $^1$H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl$_3$): $\delta = 0.07, 0.08$ (2 s, 3 H each, SiMe$_2$), 0.91 (s, 9 H, tBu), 1.25, 1.26 (2 s, 3 H each, Me), 1.86–1.97 (m, 3 H, DHP), 2.04–2.13 (m, 1 H, DHP), 3.44 ($s_{br}$, 1 H, 8-H), 3.69 (dd, $J = 3.8, 10.5$ Hz, 1 H, 7-CH$_2$), 3.78–3.89 (m, 3 H, 7-H, 7-CH$_2$, NCH$_2$), 3.97 (m, 1 H, DHP), 4.11–4.17 (m, 2 H, DHP, NCH$_2$), 4.24 (d, $J = 11.1$ Hz, 1 H, OCH$_2$Ph), 4.40 (d, $J = 11.1$ Hz, 1 H, OCH$_2$Ph), 7.04–7.10 (m, 2 H, Ph), 7.15–7.42 (m, 8 H, Ph) ppm. $^{13}$C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl$_3$): $\delta = -5.1, -4.9$ (2 q, SiMe$_2$), 18.3, 26.0 (s, q, tBu), 20.5, 22.7 (2 t, DHP), 23.4, 28.0 (2 q, Me), 61.1 (t, NCH$_2$), 61.6 (d, C-8), 64.1 (t, 7-CH$_2$), 65.1 (t, DHP), 73.4 (d, C-7), 74.8 (t, OCH$_2$Ph), 75.6 (s, C-5), 115.3 (s, C-4a), 126.8, 127.3, 127.9, 128.0, 128.8, 129.9, 137.9, 139.4 (6 d, 2 s, Ph), 143.4 (s, C-8a) ppm. IR (film): 3100–2850 cm$^{-1}$ (=C-H, C-H), 1670 (C=C). ESI-TOF: $m/z$ calc. for [M + H]$^+$ 546.3005, found 546.2981. Anal. calc. for C$_{31}$H$_{45}$NO$_4$Si (523.8): C 71.09, H 8.66, N 2.67, found: C 71.21, H 8.65, N 2.82.

S22
(3S,4S)-3-[BenzyI(tert-butylidimethylsilox)amino]-4-(benzyloxymethyl)-6,6-dimethyl-1,5-dioxecane-2,7-dione (20)

To a solution of compound 19 (100 mg, 0.191 mmol) in H$_2$O:CCl$_4$:MeCN (1.5:1:1, 1.4 mL), was added RuCl$_3$ (0.1 M in H$_2$O, 57 μL, 5.73 μmol) and NaIO$_4$ (168 mg, 0.783 mmol). The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2 h and the reaction then quenched by the addition of satd. Na$_2$S$_2$O$_3$ solution. The resulting mixture was extracted three times with CH$_2$Cl$_2$. The combined organic phases were dried (Na$_2$SO$_4$) and concentrated to afford 94 mg of 20 (94 mg, 88%) as an analytically pure yellow oil. $[\alpha]_{D}^{22} = -43.8$ (c = 0.96, CHCl$_3$).

$^1$H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl$_3$): $\delta$ = 0.10, 0.11 (2 s, 3 H each, SiMe$_2$), 0.92 (s, 9 H, tBu), 1.31, 1.35 (2 s, 3 H each, Me), 1.82 (m, 1 H, 9-H), 2.01 (ddd, $J = 1.3, 11.6, 16.7$ Hz, 1 H, 8-H), 2.58 (m, 1 H, 9-H), 2.94 (ddd, $J = 1.5, 11.6, 16.7$ Hz, 1 H, 8-H), 3.72 (dd, $J = 5.0, 9.4$ Hz, 1 H, 4-CH$_2$), 3.81 (ddd, $J = 2.0, 7.3, 10.9$ Hz, 1 H, 10-H), 3.96 (m, 1 H, 4-H), 4.11 (t, $J = 9.4$ Hz, 1 H, 4-CH$_2$), 4.22 (d, $J = 3.3$ Hz, 1 H, 3-H), 4.29–4.40 (m, 3 H, OCH$_2$Ph, NCH$_2$), 4.69 (d, $J = 13.8$ Hz, 1 H, NCH$_2$), 4.91 (dt, $J = 6.0, 10.9$ Hz, 1 H, 10-H), 6.98–7.49 (m, 10 H, Ph) ppm.

$^{13}$C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl$_3$): $\delta$ = −5.1 (q, SiMe$_2$), 18.4, 26.1 (s, q, tBu), 21.7 (t, C-9), 21.8, 26.0 (2 q, Me), 31.4 (t, C-8), 60.0 (t, NCH$_2$), 61.0 (t, C-10), 62.7 (t, 4-CH$_2$), 66.7 (d, C-3), 75.7 (t, OCH$_2$Ph), 75.8 (d, C-4), 80.9 (s, C-6), 127.2, 127.6, 128.1, 128.2, 128.7, 129.8, 137.2, 139.3 (6 d, 2 s, Ph), 169.9 (s, C-2), 209.3 (s, C-7) ppm. IR (film): 3100–2830 cm$^{-1}$ (=C-H, C-H), 1750, 1710 (C=O). ESI-TOF: m/z calc. for C$_{31}$H$_{45}$NO$_6$Si [M + Na]$^+$ 578.2903, found 578.2911.

(2S,3R,Z)-N-Benzylidene-2-(hydroxymethyl)-6,6-dimethyl-4-oxotetrahydropyran-3-amine oxide (21)

To a solution of 15 (110 mg, 0.307 mmol) in DMF (3 mL), was added NaN$_3$ (99 mg, 1.52 mmol) and the reaction mixture was stirred for 12 h at room temperature. H$_2$O was added and the resulting mixture extracted three times with ethyl acetate. The combined organic phases were
dried (Na₂SO₄) and the solvent was removed in vacuo. Purification by column chromatography (silica gel, CH₂Cl₂/EtOAc = 1:1) yielded 21 (74 mg, 87%) as colorless crystals. M.p. 156 °C. [α]D²² = +73.8 (c = 0.13, CHCl₃). ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 1.39, 1.41 (2 s, 3 H each, Me), 2.50, 2.57 (AB system, J_AB = 14.5 Hz, 1 H each, 3-H), 2.57 (s, 1 H, OH), 3.70 (dd, J = 2.2, 12.3 Hz, 1 H, 6-CH₂), 3.94 (dd, J = 2.2, 12.3 Hz, 1 H, 6-CH₂), 4.79 (dt, J = 2.2, 9.7 Hz, 1 H, 6-H), 4.83 (d, J = 9.7 Hz, 1 H, 5-H), 7.39 (s, 1 H, N=C_HPh), 7.40–7.45 (m, 3 H, Ph), 8.23–8.26 (m, 2 H, Ph) ppm. ¹³C NMR (176 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 24.3, 30.3 (2 q, Me), 51.8 (t, C-3), 62.1 (t, 6-CH₂), 72.4 (d, C-6), 75.4 (s, C-2), 77.8 (d, C-5), 128.4, 128.9, 129.7, 131.0 (3 d, s, Ph), 138.2 (d, N=C_HPh), 199.5 (s, C-4) ppm. IR (KBr): 3280 cm⁻¹ (OH), 3090–2860 (=C-H, C-H), 1720 (C=O).

ESI-TOF: m/z calc. for C₁₅H₁₉NO₄ [M + Na]+ 300.1212, found 300.1256.

(4R,5R,6S)-5-[Benzyl(hydroxy)amino]-6-(hydroxymethyl)-2,2-dimethyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-ol (23)

Crude ketone 8 (180 mg, 0.645 mmol) was dissolved in ethanol (1 mL) and cooled to 0 °C. NaBH₄ (36 mg, 0.966 mmol) was added and the mixture stirred for 1 h at 0 °C. The solvent was then removed in vacuo and CH₂Cl₂ and H₂O added to the residue. The layers were separated and the aqueous phase was extracted twice with CH₂Cl₂. The combined organic layers were dried (Na₂SO₄) and the solvent was removed in vacuo. Purification by recrystallization (hexane/EtOAc) yielded the product 23 (160 mg, 88%) as colorless crystals. M.p. 86–88 °C. [α]D²² = +26.7 (c = 0.61, CHCl₃). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 1.20, 1.25 (2 s, 3 H each, Me), 1.76 (dd, J = 5.6, 12.8 Hz, 1 H, 3-H), 1.96 (t, J = 12.8 Hz, 1 H, 3-H), 3.16 (dd, J = 2.9, 5.6 Hz, 1 H, 5-H), 3.70 (dt, J = 2.9, 5.1 Hz, 1 H, 6-H), 3.79 (dd, J = 5.1, 11.6 Hz, 1 H, 6-CH₂), 3.89 (dd, J = 5.1, 11.6 Hz, 1 H, 6-CH₂), 4.04 (dt, J = 5.6, 11.8 Hz, 1 H, 4-H), 4.24 (s, 2 H, NCH₂), 6.42 (s, 1 H, OH), 7.24–7.36 (m, 5 H, Ph) ppm. ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 23.1, 31.4 (2 q, Me), 42.3 (t, C-3), 63.2 (d, C-5), 63.7 (t, 6-CH₂), 64.0 (t, NCH₂), 67.9 (d, C-4), 71.9 (d, C-6), 73.4 (s, C-2), 127.5, 128.4, 129.3, 138.0 (3 d, s, Ph) ppm. IR (KBr): 3390–3200 cm⁻¹ (OH), 3090–2840 (=C-H, C-H). ESI-TOF: m/z calc. for C₁₅H₂₃NO₄ [M + H]+ 282.1700, found 282.1713. Anal. calc. for C₁₅H₂₃NO₄ (281.3): C 64.03, H 8.24, N 4.98, found: C 63.77, H 7.86, N 4.98.
(4R,5R,6S)-5-Amino-6-(hydroxymethyl)-2,2-dimethyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-ol (24)

A suspension of palladium on charcoal (10% Pd, 50 mg) in MeOH (4 mL) was saturated with hydrogen for 1 h. After the addition of compound 23 (50 mg, 0.178 mmol) in MeOH (2 mL), hydrogen was bubbled through the mixture for a further 30 min. The reaction mixture was then stirred under an atmosphere of hydrogen for 24 h. Filtration through a short pad of celite and concentration of the solution yielded 24 (28 mg, 90%) as a colorless oil. [α]D²² = +70.9 (c = 0.47, MeOH).

1H NMR (500 MHz, CD₃OD): δ = 1.20, 1.25 (2 s, Me), 1.49 (t, J = 13.1 Hz, 1 H, 3-H), 1.70 (dd, J = 5.1, 13.1 Hz, 1 H, 3-H), 3.23 (d, J = 5.1 Hz, 1 H, 5-H), 3.62 (dd, J = 5.3 Hz, 11.5, 1 H, 6-CH₂), 3.89 (dd, J = 5.3, 11.5 Hz, 1 H, 6-CH₂), 3.76 (t, J = 5.3 Hz, 1 H, 6-H), 4.07 (td, 5.1, 13.1 Hz, 1 H, 4-H) ppm.

13C NMR (126 MHz, CD₃OD): δ = 23.1, 31.3 (2 q, Me), 39.6 (t, C-3), 53.2 (d, C-5), 63.5 (t, 6-CH₂), 65.9 (d, C-4), 71.5 (d, C-6), 74.5 (s, C-2) ppm. IR (film): 3400–3100 cm⁻¹ (OH), 2950-2840 (C-H).

ESI-TOF: m/z calc. for C₈H₁₇NO₃ [M + H]⁺ 176.1281, found 176.1277.

(4S,5S,6S)-5-[Benzyl(hydroxy)amino]-6-(hydroxymethyl)-2,2-dimethyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-ol (25)

To a solution of 21 (70 mg, 0.252 mmol) in EtOH (2 mL), was added NaBH₄ (24 mg, 0.631 mmol) at 0 °C and the mixture stirred for 1 h at room temperature. The solvent was then removed in vacuo and CH₂Cl₂ and H₂O added to the residue. The layers were separated and the aqueous phase was extracted two times with CH₂Cl₂. The combined organic layers were dried (Na₂SO₄) and the solvent was removed in vacuo. Purification by column chromatography (silica gel, hexane/EtOAc = 1:1) yielded the product 25 (63 mg, 89%) as colorless crystals. M.p. 128–129 °C. [α]D²² = +40.0 (c = 0.08, CHCl₃).

1H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 1.18, 1.51 (2 s, 3 H each, Me), 1.51 (dd, J = 3.1, 14.3 Hz, 1 H, 3-H), 1.88 (dd, J = 3.1, 14.3 Hz, 1 H, 3-H), 2.61 (dd, J = 3.1, 14.3 Hz, 1 H, 3-H).
= 3.1, 10.3 Hz, 1 H, 5-H), 3.69 (dd, J = 5.3, 11.2 Hz, 1 H, 6-CH₂), 3.83 (dd, J = 5.3, 11.2 Hz, 1 H, 6-CH₂), 4.00, 4.27 (2 d, J = 13.1 Hz, 1 H each, NCH₂), 4.34 (td, J = 5.3, 10.3 Hz, 1 H, 6-H), 4.79 (q, J = 3.1 Hz, 1 H, 4-H), 7.72–7.43 (m, 5 H, Ph) ppm. \(^{13}\)C NMR (176 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 25.3, 32.1 (2 q, Me), 42.5 (t, C-3), 61.2 (t, NCH₂), 65.0 (d, C-5), 65.8 (t, 6-CH₂), 65.8 (d, C-6), 65.8 (d, C-4), 71.8 (s, C-2), 127.7, 128.5, 129.0, 136.9 (3 d, s, Ph) ppm. IR (KBr): 3440 cm⁻¹ (OH), 3130–2850 (≡C-H, C-H). ESI-TOF: m/z calc. for C₁₅H₂₃NO₄ [M + Na]⁺ 304.1519, found 304.1523.

(4S,5S,6S)-5-Amino-6-(hydroxymethyl)-2,2-dimethyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-ol (26)

A suspension of palladium on charcoal (10% Pd, 60 mg) in MeOH (4 mL) was saturated with hydrogen for 1 h. After addition of compound 25 (60 mg, 0.214 mmol) in MeOH (2 mL), hydrogen was bubbled through the mixture for a further 30 min. The reaction mixture was then stirred under an atmosphere of hydrogen for 24 h. Filtration through a short pad of celite and concentration of the solution yielded 26 (35 mg, 94%) as a colorless oil. [α]D\(^{22}\) = +173.8 (c = 1.8, MeOH). \(^1\)H NMR (700 MHz, CD₃OD): δ = 1.19, 1.44 (2 s, 3 H each, Me), 1.66 (dd, J = 3.3, 14.4 Hz, 1 H, 3-H), 1.87 (dd, J = 3.3, 14.4 Hz, 1 H, 3-H), 2.84 (dd, J = 3.3, 10.0 Hz, 1 H, 5-H), 3.70–3.72 (m, 2 H, 6-CH₂), 3.80 (td, J = 4.5, 10.0 Hz, 1 H, 6-H), 4.06 (q, J = 3.3 Hz, 1 H, 4-H) ppm. \(^{13}\)C NMR (176 MHz, CD₃OD): δ = 25.4, 32.3 (2 q, Me), 43.3 (t, C-3), 52.8 (d, C-5), 64.5 (t, 6-CH₂), 67.5 (d, C-4), 70.2 (d, C-6), 72.7 (s, C-2) ppm. IR (film): 3350 cm⁻¹ (OH), 2990–2850 (C-H). ESI-TOF: m/z calc. for C₈H₁₇NO₃ [M + H]⁺ 176.1281, found 176.1278.
(3R,4S,5R,6S)-5-[Benzy(tert-butyldimethylsiloxy)amino]-6-(hydroxymethyl)-2,2-dimethyltetrahydro-2H-pyrano-3,4-diol (27)

Compound 9 (90 mg, 0.220 mmol) was dissolved in ethanol (1.5 mL) and cooled to −40 °C. CeCl₃ (164 mg, 0.440 mmol) followed by NaBH₄ (17 mg, 0.440 mmol) were added and the mixture was stirred until it slowly reached room temperature (5 h). CH₂Cl₂ and H₂O were then added. The layers were separated and the aqueous phase was extracted two times with CH₂Cl₂. The combined organic layers were dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered and concentrated. Purification by column chromatography (silica gel, hexane/EtOAc = 2:1) yielded the product 27 (81 mg, 86%) as colorless crystals. M.p. 94–96 °C. [α]D²² = +85.7 (c = 1.1, CHCl₃). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = −0.78, −0.03 (2 s br, 3 H each, SiMe₂), 0.80 (s, 9 H, tBu), 1.20, 1.34 (2 s, 3 H each, Me), 2.56 (s br, 1 H), 3.11 (s br, 1 H), 3.67–4.09 (m, 6 H), 4.25 (m c, 1 H), 4.43 (s br, 1 H) 7.21–7.34 (m, 5 H, Ph) ppm. ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = −4.6 (q, SiMe₂), 17.3, 28.6 (2 q, Me), 17.6, 26.0 (s q, tBu), 63.4, 63.7, 64.9, 71.4, 127.8, 128.3, 130.5, 137.5 (3 d, s, Ph) ppm. IR (KBr): 3080 cm⁻¹ (OH), 3070–2830 (=C-H, C-H). ESI-TOF: m/z calc. for C₂₁H₃₇NO₅Si [M + (2H) – (TBS)]⁺ 298.1649, found 298.1414.

(3R,4S,5R,6S)-5-Amino-6-(hydroxymethyl)-2,2-dimethyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-3,4-diol (28)

A suspension of palladium on charcoal (10% Pd, 50 mg) in MeOH (3 mL) was saturated with hydrogen for 1 h. After addition of compound 27 (50 mg, 0.121 mmol) in MeOH (2 mL), hydrogen was bubbled through the mixture for another 30 min. The reaction mixture was then stirred under an atmosphere of hydrogen for 24 h. Filtration through a short pad of celite and concentration of the solution yielded 28 (21 mg, 91%) as a colorless oil. [α]D²² = +85.6 (c = 0.36, MeOH). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, D₂O): δ = 1.23, 1.31 (2 s, 3 H each, Me), 3.41 (d, J = 10.3 Hz, 1 H, 3-H), 3.69 (dd, J = 1.4, 4.6 Hz, 1 H, 5-H), 3.72 (m c, 2 H, 6-CH₂), 4.02 (m c, 1 H, 6-H), 4.04 (dd, J = 4.6, 10.3 Hz, 1 H, 4-H) ppm. ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, D₂O): δ = 16.9, 26.9 (2 q, Me), 53.8 (d, C-
5), 61.3 (t, C-4), 68.3 (d, C-6), 73.2 (d, C-3), 77.5 (s, C-2) ppm. IR (film): 3400–3100 cm\(^{-1}\) (OH, NH), 2950–2800 (C-H). ESI-TOF: \(m/z\) calc. for C\(_8\)H\(_{17}\)NO\(_4\) [M + H\(^+\)] 192.1230, found 192.1233.

\((3S,4R,5S,6S)-5\text{-}[\text{Benzyl(tert-butyldimethylsiloxy)amino}]\text{-}6\text{-}(hydroxymethyl)\text{-}2,2\text{-dimethyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-3,4-diol (29)}\)

A suspension of palladium on charcoal (10% Pd, 60 mg) in MeOH (3 mL) was saturated with hydrogen for 1 h. After addition of compound 29 (60 mg, 0.146 mmol) in MeOH (2 mL),
hydrogen was bubbled through the mixture for another 30 min. The reaction mixture was then stirred under an atmosphere of hydrogen for 24 h. Filtration through a short pad of celite and concentration of the solution yielded 30 (29 mg, quant.) as colorless crystals. M.p. 148–149 °C. \([\alpha]_D^{22} = +64.4 \ (c = 0.23, \text{MeOH})\). \(^1\)H NMR (400 MHz, D\(_2\)O): \(\delta = 1.09, 1.30 \ (2 \ s, 3 \ H \ \text{each, Me}), 3.01 \ (dd, J = 3.7, 9.9 \ Hz, 1 \ H, 5-H), 3.47 \ (d, J = 3.7 \ Hz, 1 \ H, 3-H), 3.58 \ (dd, J = 5.3, 11.9 \ Hz, 1 \ H, 6-CH\(_2\)), 3.65–3.75 \ (m, 2 \ H, 6-H, 6-CH\(_2\)), 3.90 \ (t, J = 3.7 \ Hz, 1 \ H, 4-H) \ ppm. \(^{13}\)C NMR (101 MHz, D\(_2\)O): \(\delta = 22.0, 25.8 \ (2 \ q, \text{Me}), 46.6 \ (d, C-5), 61.3 \ (t, 6-CH\(_2\)), 67.2 \ (d, C-4), 68.3 \ (d, C-6), 73.2 \ (d, C-3), 75.4 \ (s, C-2) \ ppm. IR (film): 3460–3240 cm\(^{-1}\) (OH, NH). ESI-TOF: \(m/z\) calc. for C\(_8\)H\(_{17}\)NO\(_4\) [M + H\(^+\)] 192.1230, found 192.1225.

\(N1,N3,N5\)-tris((2S,3R,4R)-4-hydroxy-2-hydroxymethyl-6,6-dimethyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-3-yl)benzene-1,3,5-tricarboxamide (31)

Compound 24 (120 mg, 0.685 mmol) was dissolved in pyridine (3 mL). After addition of HMDS (460 \(\mu\)L, 3.43 mmol) and TMSCl (414 \(\mu\)L, 3.43 mmol), the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature until TLC analysis indicated complete consumption of 24 (ca. 5 h). The solvent was removed in vacuo and the product twice co-evaporated with toluene. The crude product (220 mg) was directly used in the next step. The obtained compound (220 mg) was dissolved in CH\(_2\)Cl\(_2\) (4 mL) and the solution cooled to 0 °C. After the addition of NEt\(_3\) (137 \(\mu\)L, 0.988 mmol) and 1,3,5-benzenetricarboxylic acid chloride (61 mg, 0.229 mmol), the reaction mixture was stirred for 3 h at room temperature. The solvent was removed in vacuo and the resulting crude product (296 mg) used in the next step without purification. To the obtained compound (296 mg), was added a mixture of methanol and TFA (5 mL, 9:1) and the reaction stirred for 3 h at room temperature. After removal of the solvent in vacuo, crystallization from methanol yielded 31 (120 mg, 77%
overall yield) as colorless crystals. M.p. 210 °C. [α]_D^{22} = +66.7 (c = 0.40, DMF). $^1$H NMR (700 MHz, DMF-d$_7$): δ = 1.35, 1.63 (2 s, 9 H each, Me), 1.88 (dd, $J = 3.0, 14.1$ Hz, 3 H, 3-H), 2.06 (dd, $J = 3.0$ Hz, 14.1 Hz, 3 H, 3-H), 3.77–3.84 (m, 6 H, 6-CH$_2$), 4.13 (m, 3 H, 6-H), 4.22 (m, 3 H, 5-H), 4.36 (m, 3 H, 4-H), 8.31 (s, 3 H, NH), 8.84 (s, 3 H, Ar) ppm. $^{13}$C NMR (127 MHz, DMF-d$_7$): δ = 24.9, 32.1 (2 q, Me), 42.7 (t, C-3), 50.8 (d, C-5), 63.3 (t, 6-CH$_2$), 66.3 (d, C-4), 69.7 (d, C-6), 71.3 (s, C-2), 129.3, 135.4 (d, s, Ar), 166.1 (s, NCOR) ppm. IR (ATR): 3370 cm$^{-1}$ (OH), 3000–2840 (C-H). ESI-TOF: $m/z$ calc. for C$_{33}$H$_{51}$N$_3$O$_{12}$ [M + Na]$^+$ 704.3365, found 704.3345.

$N_1,N_3,N_5$-tris((2S,3R,4S,5R)-4,5-dihydroxy-2-hydroxymethyl-6,6-dimethyltetrahydro-$2H$-pyran-3-yl)benzene-1,3,5-tricarboxamide (32)

![Chemical structure](image)

Compound 28 (112 mg, 0.586 mmol) was dissolved in pyridine (2.5 mL). After addition of HMDS (944 mg, 5.86 mmol) and TMSCl (749 µL, 5.86 mmol), the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature until TLC analysis indicated complete consumption of 28 (ca. 5 h). The solvent was removed in vacuo and the product twice co-evaporated with toluene. The crude product (201 mg) was directly used in the next step. The obtained compound (201 mg) was dissolved in CH$_2$Cl$_2$ (3 mL) and the solution cooled to 0 °C. After the addition of NEt$_3$ (137 µL, 0.988 mmol) and 1,3,5-benzenetricarboxylic acid chloride (43 mg, 0.165 mmol), the reaction mixture was stirred for 3 h at room temperature. The solvent was removed in vacuo and the resulting crude product (162 mg) used in the next step without purification. To 122 mg of the obtained compound, was added a mixture of methanol and TFA (1.5 mL, 9:1) and the reaction stirred for 3 h at room temperature. Crystallization from methanol yielded 32 (16 mg, 16%
overall yield) as colorless crystals. M.p. 262 °C. $[\alpha]_D^{22} = +150.8$ (c = 0.7, H$_2$O). $^1$H NMR (700 MHz, D$_2$O): $\delta = 1.35, 1.42$ (2 s, 9 H each, Me), 3.63 (d, $J = 10.4$ Hz, 3 H, 3-H), 3.67–3.74 (m, 6 H, 6-CH$_2$), 4.10–4.17 (m, 6 H, 6-H, 4-H), 4.75 (dd, $J = 3.2$ Hz, 3 H, 5-H), 8.35 (s, 3 H, Ar) ppm. $^{13}$C NMR (127 MHz, D$_2$O): $\delta = 17.0, 27.3$ (2 q, Me), 52.4 (d, C-5), 61.5 (t, 6-CH$_2$), 69.7, 71.3 (2 d, C-6, C-4), 74.3 (d, C-3), 77.4 (s, C-2), 129.7, 134.8 (d, s, Ar) ppm. IR (film): 3350 cm$^{-1}$ (OH, NH), 3000–2840 (C-H). ESI-TOF: $m/z$ calc. for C$_{33}$H$_{51}$N$_3$O$_{15}$ [M + Na]$^+$ 752.3212, found 752.3196.
\(^1\text{H}\) and \(^{13}\text{C}\) NMR spectra:

\(^{13}\text{C}\) NMR spectra recorded at 101 MHz show signals at 27.5, 103.5 and 179.1 ppm, which are caused by external electromagnetic interference.

500 MHz, CDCl\(_3\):

![NMR spectrum 500 MHz, CDCl\(_3\)](image)

176 MHz, CDCl\(_3\):

![NMR spectrum 176 MHz, CDCl\(_3\)](image)
500 MHz, CDCl₃:

126 MHz, CDCl₃:
500 MHz, CDCl₃:

126 MHz, CDCl₃:
500 MHz, CDCl₃:

126 MHz, CDCl₃:
500 MHz, CDCl$_3$:

126 MHz, CDCl$_3$:
500 MHz, CDCl₃:

126 MHz, CDCl₃:
500 MHz, CDCl₃:

126 MHz, CDCl₃:
500 MHz, CDCl₃:

126 MHz, CDCl₃:
500 MHz, CDCl₃:

\[ \text{cis-5b} \]

101 MHz, CDCl₃:
500 MHz, CDCl₃:

101 MHz, CDCl₃:
500 MHz, CDCl$_3$: 

![500 MHz NMR spectrum]

101 MHz, CDCl$_3$: 

![101 MHz NMR spectrum]
500 MHz, CDCl₃:

126 MHz, CDCl₃:
500 MHz, CDCl₃:

126 MHz, CDCl₃:
500 MHz, CDCl₃:

126 MHz, CDCl₃:
500 MHz, CDCl₃:

101 MHz, CDCl₃:
500 MHz, CDCl₃:

101 MHz, CDCl₃:
700 MHz, CDCl₃:

176 MHz, CDCl₃:
500 MHz, CDCl₃:

126 MHz, CDCl₃:
500 MHz, CDCl₃:

126 MHz, CDCl₃:
500 MHz, CDCl₃:

126 MHz, CDCl₃:
500 MHz, CDCl₃:

101 MHz, CDCl₃:
700 MHz, CDCl₃:

176 MHz, CDCl₃:
500 MHz, CDCl₃:

101 MHz, CDCl₃:
500 MHz, CD$_3$OD:

126 MHz, CD$_3$OD:
700 MHz, CDCl₃:

176 MHz, CDCl₃:
700 MHz, CD$_3$OD:

176 MHz, CD$_3$OD:
500 MHz, CDCl₃:

![500 MHz, CDCl₃ spectrum](image)

126 MHz, CDCl₃:

![126 MHz, CDCl₃ spectrum](image)
500 MHz, D$_2$O:

126 MHz, D$_2$O:
500 MHz, CDCl₃:

126 MHz, CDCl₃:
400 MHz, D₂O:

101 MHz, D₂O:
700 MHz, DMF-d$_7$:

176 MHz, DMF-d$_7$:
700 MHz, D$_2$O:

176 MHz, D$_2$O: