

## Supporting Information

for

**Influence of particle size and fluorination ratio of  $CF_x$  precursor compounds on the electrochemical performance of C– $FeF_2$  nanocomposites for reversible lithium storage**

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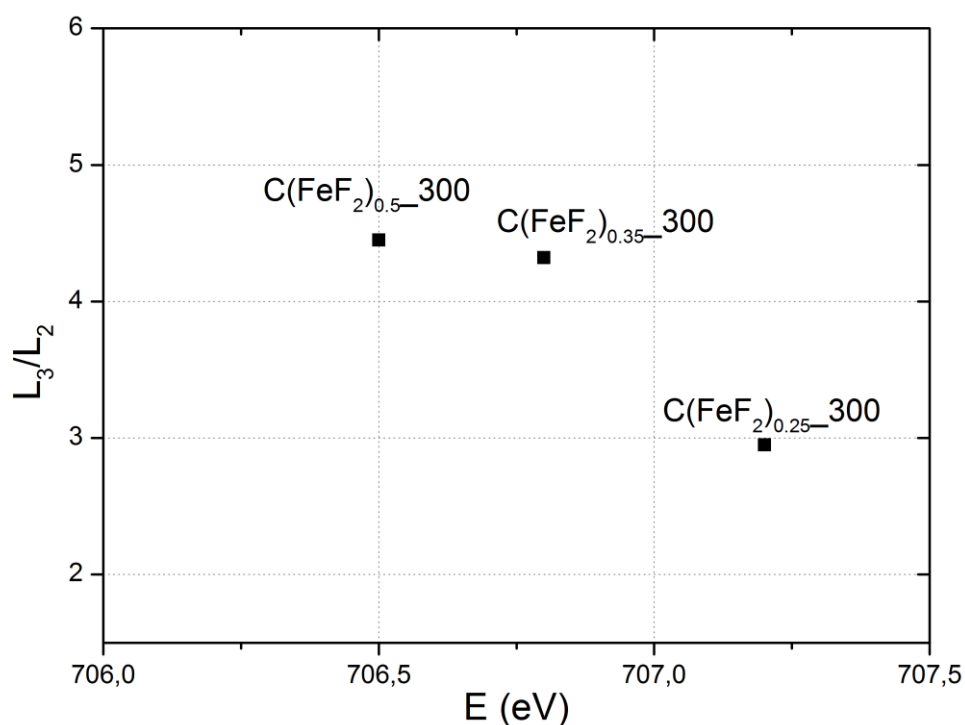
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**Detailed experimental data**

The L3/L2 intensity ratios of the different composites have been studied and showed decreasing ratios with increasing carbon content. These ratios lie in the range of the values of where  $\text{FeF}_2$ , as predicted in the work of Cosandey et al. [1]. Further, an increasing carbon content leads to an increasing amount of iron carbides with iron in low valence compounds, which leads to a lower L3/L2 ratio. The XRD data, which do not show any hints of the rhombohedral crystal structure of iron(III) fluoride, is in a good agreement with the TEM data that show the rutile structure of  $\text{FeF}_2$ .



**Figure S1:** L3 peak energy positions and L3/L2 intensity ratios of the different compounds.

**Table S1:** Experimental data displayed in Figure S1.

C(FeF <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>0.25</sub> _300					
	Area	FWHM	Height	Ratio	Peak Position
Fe(L3)	4.079	3.632	0.429	2.95	707.2
Fe(L2)	1.560	4.432	0.145		719.7

C(FeF <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>0.35</sub> _300					
	Area	FWHM	Height	Ratio	Peak Position
Fe(L3)	3.352	2.890	0.428	4.32	706.8
Fe(L2)	0.799	3.371	0.099		718.8

C(FeF <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>0.5</sub> _300					
	Area	FWHM	Height	Ratio	Peak Position
Fe(L3)	3.385	2.985	0.432	4.45	706.5
Fe(L2)	0.854	3.495	0.097		718.7

## References

1. Cosandey, F.; Al-Sharab, J. F.; Badway, F.; Amatucci, G. G.; Stadelmann, P. *Microscopy and Microanalysis*, **2007**, *13*, 87–95.