Supporting Information

for

Visible light mediated intermolecular [3 + 2] annulation of cyclopropylanilines with alkynes

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Experimental procedures, compound characterization, and NMR spectra

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General considerations

All reactions were carried out under a nitrogen atmosphere. Nitromethane (CH₃NO₂), acetonitrile (CH₃CN), and dimethylformamide (DMF) were pre-dried over molecular sieves. Toluene was collected under argon from a solvent purification system. Column chromatography was performed using silica gel (230–400 mesh). All new compounds were characterized by 1 H NMR, 13 C NMR, IR spectroscopy, high-resolution mass spectroscopy (HRMS), and melting point. Nuclear magnetic resonance (NMR) spectra were obtained on a Bruker Avance DPX-300 and Bruker Avance DPX-400. Chemical shifts (δ) were reported in parts per million (ppm) relative to residual proton signals in CDCl₃ (7.26 ppm, 77.23 ppm) at room temperature. Relative configurations of new compounds were established by HMQC experiments. IR spectra were recorded (thin film on NaCl plates) on a PerkinElmer Spectrum 100 series instrument. High

resolution mass spectra were recorded on a Bruker Ultraflex II TOF/TOF mass spectrometer. Gas chromatography/mass spectroscopy (GC/MS) analyses were performed on an Agilent 6890N Network GC System/5973 inert Mass Selective Detector. Gas chromatography analyses were performed using a Shimadzu GC-2010 Plus instrument. Melting points (m.p.) were recorded using Stuart SMP10 Melting Point Apparatus and were uncorrected.

General procedure 1: Preparation of *N*-cyclopropylanilines

$$R^{1} \stackrel{\textstyle \bigvee}{ } X \\ + \stackrel{\textstyle \bigvee}{ } NH_{2} \stackrel{\textstyle Pd_{2}(dba)_{3}, \ (R)\text{-Tol-BINAP or BrettPhos}}{ NaOt\text{-Pent, toluene, } 80\ ^{\circ}\text{C, } 18\ h} \\ X= \text{Br or I} \\ (R)\text{-Tol-BINAP} = (R)\text{-(+)-2,2'-Bis(di-p-tolylphosphino)-1,1'-binaphthyl} \\ \text{BrettPhos} = 2\text{-(Dicyclohexylphosphino)} 3,6\text{-dimethoxy-2',4',6'-triisopropyl-1,1'-biphenyl}$$

To an oven-dried test tube equipped with a stir bar were added 0.01 mmol of Pd₂(dba)₃ and 0.03 mmol of ligand ((*R*)-Tol-BINAP or BrettPhos). Glove box was used to add 1.5 mmol of NaO*t*-Pent and the tube was sealed with a Teflon screw cap. 1 mmol of aromatic halide, 1.6 mmol of cyclopropylamine, and 2 mL of toluene were then added to the reaction mixture and heated at 80 °C for 18 h. After completion, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, diluted with diethyl ether, filtered over a short pad of silica gel, and concentrated in vacuum. Purification by flash chromatography on silica gel afforded *N*-cyclopropylaniline.

3,5-Dimethyl-*N***-cyclopropylaniline.** Following the above procedure with 5-bromo-*m*-xylene (680 μ L, 5 mmol, 1 equiv) and BrettPhos (80.5 mg, 0.15 mmol, 3 mol % equiv), product was isolated after flash chromatography on silica gel (1:20 EtOAc/hexane) as a pale-yellowish oil (774 mg, 96%); IR υ_{max} (cm⁻¹) 3387, 3087, 2961, 1604, 1477, 1364, 1336, 824; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 6.44 (dddd, J = 10.2, 2.9, 1.5, 0.7 Hz, 3H), 4.32 (s, 1H), 2.42 (tt, J = 6.4, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 2.30 – 2.20 (m, 6H), 0.76 – 0.63 (m, 2H), 0.52 (dddd, J = 4.9, 3.9, 3.3, 2.1 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 148.66, 138.68, 119.62, 110.95, 25.17, 21.43, 7.34. GC/MS m/z [M+H]⁺, calc'd for C₁₁H₁₅N 162; found 162.12.

N-Cyclopropyl-2-biphenylamine. Following the above procedure with 2-bromobiphenyl (860 μ L, 5 mmol, 1 equiv) and (*R*)-Tol-BINAP (102 mg, 0.15 mmol, 3 mol % equiv), product was isolated after flash chromatography on silica gel (1:20 EtOAc/hexane) as a colorless oil (889 mg, 85%).

4-Cyano-N-cyclopropylaniline. Following the above procedure with 4-bromobenzonitrile (1.82 g, 10 mmol, 1 equiv) and (*R*)-Tol-BINAP (204 mg, 0.3 mmol, 3 mol % equiv), product was isolated after flash chromatography on silica gel (1:3 EtOAc/hexane) as a pale-yellowish solid

¹ Maity,S.; Zhu, M.-Z.; Shinabery, R. S.; Zheng, N. Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. 2012, 51, 222–226.

(836 mg, 53%); IR υ_{max} (cm⁻¹) 3364, 2991, 2210, 1603, 1519, 1338, 1166, 825; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 7.52 – 7.39 (m, 2H), 6.79 – 6.70 (m, 2H), 4.61 (s, 1H), 2.47 (ttd, J = 6.6, 3.6, 0.6 Hz, 1H), 0.88 – 0.74 (m, 2H), 0.63 – 0.50 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl3) δ 151.96, 133.53, 120.53, 112.78, 99.20, 24.60, 7.63; GC/MS m/z [M+H]⁺, calc'd for $C_{10}H_{10}N_2$ 159; found 159.09.

4-Methoxy-*N***-cyclopropylaniline.** Following the above procedure with 4-bromoanisole (628 μL, 5 mmol, 1 equiv) and BrettPhos (80.5 mg, 0.15 mmol, 3 mol % equiv), product was isolated after flash chromatography on silica gel (1:5 EtOAc/hexane) as a pale-yellowish oil (602 mg, 74%); IR v_{max} (cm⁻¹) 3378, 3002, 2947, 2832, 1607, 1512, 1365, 1237, 1035, 821; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 6.87 – 6.70 (m, 4H), 3.95 (d, J = 14.8 Hz, 1H), 3.76 (s, 3H), 2.39 (tt, J = 6.5, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 0.75 – 0.65 (m, 2H), 0.55 – 0.46 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 152.34, 142.89, 114.80, 114.19, 55.85, 25.94, 7.30; GC/MS m/z [M+H]⁺, calc'd for C₁₀H₁₃NO 164; found 164.10.

2-Bromo-N-cyclopropylaniline. Following the above procedure with 1-bromo-2-iodobenzene (128 μ L, 1 mmol, 1 equiv) and (*R*)-Tol-BINAP (20.4 mg, 0.03 mmol, 3 mol % equiv), product was isolated after flash chromatography on silica gel (1:150 EtOAc/hexane) as a colorless oil (160 mg, 75%).²

4-tert-Butyldimethylsilyl ether-*N***-cyclopropylaniline.** Following the above procedure with (4-bromophenoxy)-*tert*-butyldimethylsilane (490 μL, 2 mmol, 1 equiv) and BrettPhos (32.2 mg, 0.06 mmol, 3 mol % equiv), product was isolated after flash chromatography on silica gel (1:5 EtOAc/hexane) as a colorless oil (486 mg, 92%); IR v_{max} (cm⁻¹) 3377, 2945, 2858, 1509, 1465, 1364, 1249, 916, 832; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 6.71 – 6.49 (m, 4H), 3.86 (s, 1H), 2.29 (tt, J = 6.6, 3.1 Hz, 1H), 0.94 – 0.83 (m, 9H), 0.63 – 0.52 (m, 2H), 0.44 – 0.33 (m, 2H), 0.11 – 0.02 (m, 6H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 147.67, 143.11, 120.53, 114.02, 25.90, 25.79, 18.20, 7.27, -4.45; GC/MS m/z [M+H]⁺, cale'd for C₁₅H₂₅NOSi 264; found 264.17.

2-Isopropyl-*N***-cyclopropylaniline.** Following the above procedure with 1-bromo-2-isopropylbenzene (150 μ L, 1 mmol, 1 equiv) and (*R*)-Tol-BINAP (20.4 mg, 0.03 mmol, 3 mol % equiv), product was isolated after flash chromatography on silica gel (100:1 EtOAc/hexane) as a colorless oil (106 mg, 60%); IR ν_{max} (cm⁻¹) 3420, 3007, 2961, 2870, 1603, 1503, 1451, 1365, 1302, 1039, 746; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.21 – 7.07 (m, 3H), 6.84 – 6.74 (m, 1H), 4.21 (s, 1H), 2.80 (p, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 2.45 (tt, *J* = 6.4, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 1.29 – 1.23 (m, 6H), 0.82 – 0.73 (m, 2H), 0.61 – 0.52 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 145.40, 131.90, 126.62, 124.76, 117.73, 111.80, 27.11, 25.51, 22.52, 22.36, 7.74; GC/MS *m/z* [M+H]⁺, calc'd for C₁₂H₁₇N 176; found 176.14.

4-Trifluoromethyl-*N***-cyclopropylaniline.** An oven-dried schlenk tube was charged with CuI (9.5 mg, 0.05 mmol), K_2CO_3 (276 mg, 2 mmol), proline (23 mg, 0.2 mmol), cyclopropylamine (140 μ L, 2 mmol), 4-iodobenzotrifluoride (150 μ L, 1 mmol), DMSO (2 mL) and a stir bar. After purging with argon for a few seconds, the tube was sealed with a Teflon screw cap. The mixture was heated at 70 °C for 12 h. The reaction mixture was then cooled to room temperature,

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² Rousseaux, S.; Liégault, B.; Fagnou, K. Chem Sci. 2012, 3, 244–248.

quenched with brine and diluted with diethyl ether. The organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with diethyl ether. The combined organic layers were dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. Purification of the residual mass by silica gel flash chromatography (5% EtOAc/hexane) afforded product (193 mg, 96%) as a yellowish oil. ¹

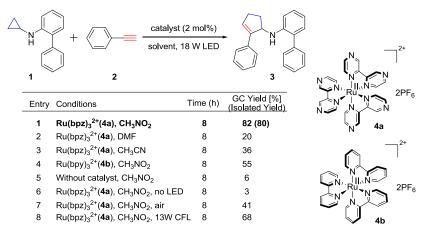
General procedure 2: [3 + 2] annulation



An oven-dried test tube equipped with a stir bar was charged with [Ru(bpz)₃](PF₆)₂·2H₂O³ (2 mol %), cyclopropylaniline derivative (0.2 mmol), alkyne derivative (1.0 mmol), and dry CH₃NO₂ (2 mL). The test tube was sealed with a Teflon screw cap and the reaction mixture was degassed by Freeze–Pump–Thaw cycles and irradiated at room temperature with one LED (18 watts) positioned 8 cm from the reaction vessel. After the reaction was complete, monitored by TLC, the mixture was diluted with diethyl ether and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. The solution was concentrated in vacuum and purified by silica gel flash chromatography to afford the desired cycloadducts.

Catalyst optimization

Following the above procedure, N-cyclopropyl-2-biphenylamine (1, 42 mg, 0.2 mmol), phenylacetylene (2, 116 μ L, 1.0 mmol), $[Ru(bpz)_3](PF_6)_2 \cdot 2H_2O^3$ (4a, 3.8 mg, 2 mol %), and solvent (2 mL) were mixed and irradiated with a LED light for 8 h. The reaction mixture was then diluted with Et_2O (2 mL) and n-dodecane (45 μ L) was added as the internal standard. An aliquot (0.5 mL) was filtered through a syringe filter, diluted to 1 mL, and analyzed by GC.



³ Rillema, D. P.; Allen, G.; Meyer, T. J.; Conrad, D. *Inorg. Chem.* **1983**, *22*, 1617–1622.

Procedure for intramolecular-Heck application

Reaction conditions: (a) cyclopropylamine, $Pd_2(dba)_3$, (R)-Tol-BINAP, NaOt-Pent, toluene, 80 °C, 24 h; (b) phenylacetylene, $Ru(bpz)_3^{2+}$, LED, degassed, CH_3NO_2 ; (c) $Pd_2(dba)_3$, $P(t-Bu)_3$, Cy_2NEt , dioxane, 110 °C; (d) H_2 , Pd/C, MeOH

General procedure 2 was performed to provide the [3 + 2] product **21**. To an oven-dried test tube equipped with a stir were added **21** (0.2 mmol) and Pd₂(dba)₃ (1.5 mol %). Inside the glovebox were then added Cy₂NMe (1.1 equiv), P(t-Bu)₃ (3.0 mol %), and dioxane. The reaction vessel was heated at 110 °C for 16.5 h. After completion, the reaction was quenched with diethyl ether and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. The solution was concentrated in vacuum and purified by silica gel flash chromatography (10:1 hexane/EtOAc) to afford desired product **22** (33 mg, 71% yield). *Note:* Cy_2NMe and dioxane were degassed by Freeze-Pump-Thaw cycles before taken into glovebox.

For the hydrogenation: To a clean dried 3-neck round bottom flask equipped with a stir bar was added **22** (0.1 mmol). After stirring in anhydrous MeOH (0.4 mL) for 5 min. Pd(C) (10 mol %) was added carefully under N₂ atmosphere. A balloon filled with H₂ was equipped to the flask and stirred for 22 h at room temperature. After completion, celite was added to the reaction and stirred for additional 5 min. prior to filtering through a pad of celite and washing with MeOH. The solution was concentrated in vacuum and purified by silica gel flash chromatography (10:1 hexane/EtOAc) to afford **23** (13.1 mg, 56%).

3: white yellowish solid, m.p. 113-115 °C, (48 mg, 77%). Silica gel column chromatography (15:1 hexane/EtOAc). IR υ_{max} (cm⁻¹) 3300, 2939, 1559, 11505, 1488, 1436, 1312, 1071, 755, 695; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.37 – 7.32 (m, 2H), 7.24 – 7.19 (m, 3H), 7.19 – 7.14 (m, 2H), 7.11 (q, J = 1.0 Hz, 4H), 7.00 (dt, J = 7.4, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 6.83 – 6.76 (m, 1H), 6.70 (tt, J = 7.4, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 6.18 (td, J = 2.5, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 4.83 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 4.00 (s, 1H), 2.54 – 2.38 (m, 2H), 2.36 – 2.25 (m, 1H), 1.90 (ddt, J = 12.8, 8.3, 3.0 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.50, 142.88, 139.28, 134.79, 130.51, 129.94, 129.16, 128.73, 128.72, 128.42, 127.73, 127.33, 126.95, 126.41, 116.70, 110.87, 59.55, 31.88, 31.08; HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+H]⁺, calc'd for C₂₃H₂₁N 312.1742; found 312.1708.

5: pale yellowish oil, (32.5 mg, 62%). Silica gel column chromatography (5:1 hexane/EtOAc). IR υ_{max} (cm⁻¹) 3401, 2918, 1599, 1496, 1337, 1183, 820, 757, 691; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.45 (ddd, J = 6.4, 3.8, 1.6 Hz, 2H), 7.30 – 7.21 (m, 2H), 7.21 – 7.14 (m, 1H), 6.43 – 6.30 (m, 2H), 6.27 – 6.21 (m, 2H), 4.88 – 4.77 (m, 1H), 3.68 (s, 1H), 2.60 (dddd, J = 15.3, 7.4, 6.0, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 2.45 (ddt, J = 17.6, 8.9, 3.1 Hz, 1H), 2.35 – 2.25 (m, 1H), 2.23 – 2.18 (m, 6H), 1.99 (ddt, J = 13.4, 8.3, 2.8 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 147.66, 142.82, 138.99, 134.64, 129.97, 128.53, 127.31, 126.20, 119.05, 110.91, 58.91, 31.74, 30.99, 21.58; HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+H]⁺, calc'd for C₁₉H₂₁N 264.1737; found 264.1708.

6: yellow/orange oil, (24.1 mg, 43%). Silica gel column chromatography (25:1 hexane/EtOAc). IR ν_{max} (cm⁻¹) 3440, 2960, 1602, 1503, 1448, 1304, 1038, 745, 692; ¹H NMR (400 MHz,

Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.51 – 7.42 (m, 2H), 7.29 – 7.20 (m, 2H), 7.20 – 7.07 (m, 3H), 6.83 – 6.66 (m, 2H), 6.38 (ddd, J = 3.2, 2.4, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 4.86 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 3.75 (s, 1H), 2.67 – 2.55 (m, 2H), 2.33 (ddt, J = 13.1, 8.9, 7.1 Hz, 1H), 1.99 (ddt, J = 13.4, 8.2, 2.8 Hz, 1H), 1.11 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 1.00 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.26, 142.94, 134.63, 132.23, 130.07, 128.52, 127.39, 126.76, 126.25, 125.06, 116.95, 110.81, 59.28, 31.82, 31.12, 27.08, 22.28, 22.19; HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+H]⁺, calc'd for C₂₀H₂₃N 278.1891; found 278.1864.

7: reddish-brown oil, (23.9 mg, 45%). Silica gel column chromatography (10:1 hexane/EtOAc). IR v_{max} (cm⁻¹) 3394, 2929, 1510, 1231, 1178, 1038, 818, 753, 693; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 7.48 – 7.39 (m, 2H), 7.29 – 7.19 (m, 2H), 7.19 – 7.11 (m, 1H), 6.78 – 6.69 (m, 2H), 6.60 – 6.49 (m, 2H), 6.30 (ddd, J = 3.3, 2.3, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 4.81 – 4.70 (m, 1H), 3.68 (d, J = 0.7 Hz, 3H), 3.50 (s, 1H), 2.63 – 2.51 (m, 1H), 2.42 (ddt, J = 17.5, 9.1, 3.0 Hz, 1H), 2.25 (ddt, J = 13.1, 9.0, 7.1 Hz, 1H), 2.02 – 1.88 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 151.89, 142.97, 142.00, 134.74, 129.87, 128.56, 127.33, 126.22, 115.02, 114.27, 59.94, 55.89, 31.60, 31.01; HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+H]⁺, calc'd for C₁₈H₁₉NO 266.1532; found 266.1500.

8: reddish-brown oil, (48.1 mg, 66%). Silica gel column chromatography (10:1 hexane/EtOAc). IR v_{max} (cm⁻¹) 3400, 2929, 2856, 1508, 1250, 922, 839, 779, 756, 693; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.50 – 7.40 (m, 2H), 7.29 – 7.19 (m, 2H), 7.20 – 7.11 (m, 1H), 6.68 – 6.60 (m, 2H), 6.51 – 6.41 (m, 2H), 6.30 (td, J = 2.7, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 4.72 (dt, J = 7.1, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 3.41 (s, 1H), 2.66 – 2.49 (m, 1H), 2.47 – 2.35 (m, 1H), 2.24 (ddt, J = 13.2, 9.0, 7.1 Hz, 1H), 2.00 – 1.89 (m, 1H), 0.91 (s, 9H), 0.10 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 147.82, 143.69, 142.89, 135.40, 130.46, 129.17, 127.93, 126.86, 121.28, 114.83, 60.60, 32.23, 31.61, 26.44, 18.84, -3.78; HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+H]⁺, calc'd for $C_{23}H_{31}$ NOSi 366.2247; found 366.2208.

9: yellow solid, m.p. 97-100 °C, (37.8 mg, 59%). Silica gel column chromatography (20:1 hexane/EtOAc). IR v_{max} (cm⁻¹) 3403, 3057, 2994, 2851, 1616, 1530, 1326, 1112, 1064, 824, 755; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.44 - 7.33 (m, 4H), 7.30 - 7.23 (m, 2H), 7.22 - 7.16 (m, 1H), 6.64 - 6.53 (m, 2H), 6.37 (t, J = 2.7 Hz, 1H), 4.85 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 4.03 (s, 1H), 2.69 - 2.53 (m, 1H), 2.47 (ddt, J = 17.6, 8.8, 3.1 Hz, 1H), 2.33 (ddt, J = 12.9, 8.8, 7.1 Hz, 1H), 1.93 (ddt, J = 13.7, 8.2, 2.9 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 150.26, 142.48, 134.57, 130.93, 128.98, 127.90, 127.0 (q, J = 3.7 Hz), 126.42, 125.16 (q, J = 270.7 Hz), 118.8 (q, J = 32.4 Hz), 112.41, 59.03, 31.74, 31.34; HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+H]⁺, calc'd for C₁₈H₁₆F₃N 304.1299; found 304.1268.

10: white-yellow solid, m.p. 108-109 °C, (25.5 mg, 49%). Silica gel column chromatography (5:1 hexane/ EtOAc). IR v_{max} (cm⁻¹) 3348, 2983, 2212, 1606, 1519, 1338, 1172, 824, 769; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 7.35 (dq, J = 8.2, 1.8, 1.1 Hz, 4H), 7.23 (tt, J = 6.7, 1.3 Hz, 2H), 7.21 – 7.14 (m, 1H), 6.50 (dd, J = 9.2, 2.2 Hz, 2H), 6.42 – 6.31 (m, 1H), 4.83 (dt, J = 7.3, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 4.20 (s, 1H), 2.67 – 2.52 (m, 1H), 2.46 (ddt, J = 17.7, 8.7, 3.1 Hz, 1H), 2.31 (ddt, J = 13.1, 8.7, 7.1 Hz, 1H), 1.89 (ddt, J = 13.7, 8.2, 3.0 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 150.54, 141.82, 134.02, 133.78, 130.93, 128.70, 127.70, 126.04, 120.49, 112.54, 98.61, 58.58, 31.37, 31.01; HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+H]⁺, calc'd for $C_{18}H_{16}N_2$ 261.1383; found 261.1347.

11: yellow oil, (42.1 mg, 68%). Silica gel column chromatography (10:1 hexane/EtOAc). IR v_{max} (cm⁻¹) 3418, 2949, 1718, 1507, 1456, 1289, 1097, 748, 703; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*)

 δ 7.39 – 7.30 (m, 4H), 7.24 (dddd, J = 10.0, 5.0, 2.4, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.21 – 7.14 (m, 1H), 7.08 – 6.98 (m, 1H), 6.87 (td, J = 2.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.77 – 6.66 (m, 2H), 4.61 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 4.09 (s, 1H), 3.69 – 3.57 (m, 3H), 2.58 – 2.42 (m, 1H), 2.42 – 2.21 (m, 2H), 1.89 (dddd, J = 13.3, 6.9, 3.0, 1.7 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 164.83, 148.12, 144.65, 139.56, 136.59, 130.38, 129.33, 128.81, 128.59, 128.17, 127.12, 117.15, 111.52, 58.77, 51.50, 32.07, 31.21; HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+H]⁺, calc'd for C₁₉H₁₉O₂ 294.1499; found 294.1449.

12: orange-brown oil, (33.6 mg, 65%). Silica gel column chromatography (10:1 hexane/EtOAc). IR v_{max} (cm⁻¹) 3142, 2961, 1717, 1602, 1504, 1448, 1361, 1291, 1100, 744; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 7.23 – 7.14 (m, 2H), 7.14 – 7.08 (m, 1H), 6.86 – 6.70 (m, 2H), 4.78 – 4.66 (m, 1H), 4.15 (s, 1H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 2.87 (hept, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 2.76 – 2.62 (m, 1H), 2.62 – 2.47 (m, 1H), 2.41 (dddd, J = 13.4, 9.1, 7.4, 6.5 Hz, 1H), 2.11 – 1.98 (m, 1H), 1.26 (t, J = 6.7 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 165.19, 148.32, 144.53, 136.61, 133.12, 126.57, 124.97, 117.66, 111.63, 58.76, 51.62, 32.04, 31.36, 27.12, 22.52, 22.16; HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+H]⁺, calc'd for $C_{16}H_{21}O_{2}$ 260.1643; found 260.1606.

13: white-yellow solid, m.p. 80-83 °C, (34.9 mg, 72%). Silica gel column chromatography (2:1 hexane/EtOAc). IR υ_{max} (cm⁻¹) 3356, 2949, 2211, 1714, 1606, 1523, 1296, 1173, 1098, 825; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 7.49 - 7.38 (m, 2H), 7.06 (td, J = 2.6, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 6.69 - 6.60 (m, 2H), 4.93 (s, 1H), 4.74 (dtd, J = 7.6, 2.6, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 3.73 (d, J = 0.7 Hz, 3H), 2.77 - 2.63 (m, 1H), 2.61 - 2.48 (m, 1H), 2.38 (dddd, J = 13.6, 9.1, 7.6, 6.5 Hz, 1H), 2.02 - 1.90 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 164.61, 150.60, 148.49, 135.86, 133.63, 120.44, 112.94, 98.97, 57.80, 51.76, 31.59, 31.23; HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+H]⁺, calc'd for C₁₄H₁₄ N₂O₂ 243.1117; found 243.1089.

14: pale-yellow solid, m.p. 103-105 °C, (41.8 mg, 70%). Silica gel column chromatography (10:1 hexane/EtOAc). IR υ_{max} (cm⁻¹) 3386, 2954, 1710, 1616, 1533, 1328, 1298, 1105, 1063, 826; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 7.45 - 7.36 (m, 2H), 7.05 (td, J = 2.4, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 6.69 - 6.60 (m, 2H), 4.77 - 4.70 (m, 1H), 4.26 (s, 1H), 3.74 (d, J = 0.8 Hz, 3H), 2.75 - 2.60 (m, 1H), 2.59 - 2.45 (m, 1H), 2.45 - 2.31 (m, 1H), 2.02 - 1.90 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 165.12, 150.33, 148.63, 136.51, 126.85 (q, J = 3.9 Hz), 125.31 (q, J = 269.4 Hz), 119.28 (q, J = 32.5 Hz), 112.96, 58.40, 52.04, 31.93, 31.57; HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+H]⁺, calc'd for C₁₄H₁₄F₃NO₂ 286.1044; found 286.1010.

15: yellow solid, m.p. 104-106 °C, (30 mg, 45%). Silica gel column chromatography (100:1 hexane/EtOAc). IR v_{max} (cm⁻¹) 3418, 3055, 2926, 1506, 1488, 1436, 1310, 771, 747, 703; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 7.36 – 7.27 (m, 6H), 7.19 (dd, J = 5.1, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (dt, J = 7.5, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.06 (dd, J = 3.8, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 6.97 (ddd, J = 5.1, 3.5, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 6.89 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.82 (tt, J = 7.4, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 6.15 (hept, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 4.94 – 4.82 (m, 1H), 4.16 (s, 1H), 2.66 – 2.32 (m, 3H), 2.04 – 1.88 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.66, 139.61, 139.14, 137.51, 130.85, 129.64, 129.56, 129.10, 129.00, 128.25, 127.55, 127.37, 124.64 (two carbons overlap, see HMQC), 117.21, 111.40, 61.22, 32.19, 31.27; HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+H]⁺, calc'd for C₂₁H₁₉NS 318.1313; found 318.1272.

16: white-yellow solid, m.p. 104-106 °C, (27.2 mg, 41%). Silica gel column chromatography (100:1 hexane/EtOAc). IR v_{max} (cm⁻¹) 3418, 3055, 2926, 1506, 1488, 1436, 1310, 771, 747, 703;

¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.32 – 7.08 (m, 9H), 7.03 (dq, J = 7.3, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 6.84 – 6.65 (m, 2H), 6.04 (tt, J = 2.5, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 4.80 – 4.73 (m, 1H), 3.99 (s, 1H), 2.53 – 2.19 (m, 3H), 1.93 – 1.76 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.52, 139.33, 138.37, 136.60, 130.54, 129.21, 129.14, 128.77, 128.72, 127.82, 127.02, 126.24, 125.48, 121.12, 116.76, 110.95, 60.49, 31.84, 30.84; HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+H]⁺, calc'd for C₂₁H₁₉NS 318.1305; found 318.1272.

17: yellow-brown solid, m.p. 113-117 °C, (41.7 mg, 64%). Silica gel column chromatography (25:1 hexane/EtOAc). IR v_{max} (cm⁻¹) 3416, 3030, 2928, 2848, 1580, 1507, 1436, 1309, 748, 704;
¹H NMR (300 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 8.74 (s, 1H), 8.50 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 7.71 (dt, J = 7.8, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.35 – 7.21 (m, 7H), 7.11 (dd, J = 7.4, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 6.95 – 6.76 (m, 2H), 6.39 (dt, J = 2.6, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 4.98 (d, J = 6.2 Hz, 1H), 3.94 (s, 1H), 2.72 – 2.38 (m, 3H), 2.10 – 1.91 (m, 1H);
¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 148.23, 147.83, 144.09, 140.05, 139.16, 133.39, 131.77, 130.54, 130.52, 129.14, 128.73, 127.99, 127.08, 123.21, 117.10, 111.03, 59.33, 31.61, 31.20, 31.13; HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+H]⁺, calc'd for $C_{22}H_{20}N_2$ 313.1705; found 313.1660.

18: yellow-brown solid, m.p. 115-118 °C, (25.9 mg, 42%). Silica gel column chromatography (5:1 hexane/EtOAc). IR v_{max} (cm⁻¹) 3279, 2934, 1614, 1534, 1326, 1112, 1063, 822, 775; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 8.47 (ddd, J = 4.8, 1.8, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 7.52 (td, J = 7.7, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.39 – 7.28 (m, 2H), 7.28 – 7.22 (m, 1H), 7.05 (ddd, J = 7.6, 4.8, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.84 – 6.74 (m, 1H), 6.65 – 6.53 (m, 2H), 4.88 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 4.38 (s, 1H), 2.72 – 2.55 (m, 1H), 2.55 – 2.44 (m, 1H), 2.35 (ddt, J = 13.2, 9.0, 7.1 Hz, 1H), 2.02 – 1.92 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 153.62, 150.51, 149.83, 142.96, 136.93, 136.07, 126.9 (q, J = 3.8 Hz), 125.3 (q, J = 270.5 Hz), 122.50, 121.27, 118.9 (q, J = 32.5 Hz), 112.77, 58.98, 31.90, 31.46; HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+H]⁺, calc'd for C₁₇H₁₅F₃N₂ 305.1253; found 305.1221.

21: white/pale yellow solid, m.p. 78-80 °C, (32.7 mg, 52%). Silica gel column chromatography (100:1 hexane/EtOAc). IR v_{max} (cm⁻¹) 3402, 3059, 2929, 2846, 1592, 1495, 1317, 1019, 741, 691; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 7.45 – 7.38 (m, 2H), 7.33 (dd, J = 7.9, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (tt, J = 6.8, 0.9 Hz, 2H), 7.19 – 7.11 (m, 2H), 6.73 (ddd, J = 8.1, 1.5, 0.6 Hz, 1H), 6.50 (ddd, J = 7.8, 7.3, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 6.36 (ddd, J = 3.2, 2.4, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 4.80 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 4.36 (s, 1H), 2.70 – 2.54 (m, 1H), 2.50 – 2.38 (m, 1H), 2.28 (ddt, J = 13.1, 8.9, 7.1 Hz, 1H), 1.92 (tdd, J = 10.7, 5.4, 2.8 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.48, 142.36, 134.48, 132.60, 130.57, 128.57, 128.49, 127.47, 126.13, 117.54, 111.88, 110.03, 59.45, 31.74, 31.02; HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+H]⁺, calc'd for $C_{17}H_{16}BrN$ 314.0539, 316.0520; found 314.0500, 316.0479.

23: red-brown solid, m.p. 61-64 °C, (13.1 mg, 56%). Silica gel column chromatography (10:1 hexane/EtOAc). IR v_{max} (cm⁻¹) 3392, 3050, 2949, 16030, 1483, 740, 699, 432; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 7.42 – 7.28 (m, 4H), 7.26 – 7.15 (m, 1H), 7.04 (td, J = 7.6, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 6.92 (ddd, J = 7.4, 1.3, 0.6 Hz, 1H), 6.77 – 6.60 (m, 2H), 4.38 – 4.28 (m, 1H), 2.49 – 2.30 (m, 2H), 2.03 (ddt, J = 13.0, 11.8, 6.4 Hz, 1H), 1.94 – 1.74 (m, 2H), 1.74 – 1.57 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 150.83, 148.36, 135.95, 128.32, 127.61, 126.31, 125.94, 124.60, 118.64, 108.79, 71.95, 62.49, 40.77, 38.09, 25.45; HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+H]⁺, calc'd for C₁₇H₁₇N 314.0539, 236.1426; found 236.1395.

