Supporting Information

for

Influence of bulky yet flexible N-heterocyclic carbene ligands in gold catalysis

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Experimental information and full characterisation of the complexes including a copy of the NMR spectra

Table of contents

-	General information	S2
-	Synthesis of the gold complexes	S2
_	Catalytic experiments	S5
-	Copy of NMR spectra for all compounds	S6
_	References	S10

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General information

- All the reactions were conducted under air and technical grade solvents were used.
- ITent·HCl salts were prepared following the reported procedure.¹ [Au(ITent)(OH)] complexes were prepared following the reported procedure.² [Au(IPr)(NTf₂)] was prepared following a literature procedure.³ HNTf₂ was obtained from Sigma Aldrich.
- Other reagents were obtained from commercial sources and used without further purification.
 - Deuterated CDCl₃ was purchased from Acros and dried over molecular sieves.
 - ¹H, ¹³C{¹H}, and ¹⁹F{¹H} Nuclear Magnetic Resonance (NMR) spectra were recorded on a Bruker-400 MHz or 300 MHz spectrometer at ambient temperature in CDCl₃. Chemical shifts (expressed in parts per million) are referenced to residual solvent peaks.
 - Elemental analyses were performed at London Metropolitan University 166 220 Holloway Road, London, N7 8DB.

Synthesis of the gold complexes

Preparation of [Au(IPent)(NTf₂)] (7): A vial was charged, under air, with [Au(IPent)(OH)] (50.0 mg, 0.070 mmol) and HNTf₂ (21.6 mg, 0.077 mmol). The resulting mixture was dissolved in toluene (1.0 mL) and stirred for 1 h at room temperature. After this time the mixture was filtered through Celite® and rinsed with toluene (3 × 0.5 mL). The solvent was concentrated and pentane (2.0 mL) was added, affording a white solid which was washed with further portions of pentane (3 × 1.0 mL) and dried under vacuum. Yield: 47.1 mg (68%).



¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.52 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H, CH_{Ar}), 7.23 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 4H, CH_{Ar}), 7.14 (s, 2H, CH^{4,5}), 2.13-2.04 (m, 4H, CH), 1.87-1.60 (m, 12H, CH₂), 1.56-1.43 (m, 4H, CH₂), 0.91 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 12H, CH₃), 0.78 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 12H, CH₃). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 167.8 (C_{carb}), 143.3 (C_{Ar}), 136.2 (C_{Ar}), 130.5 (CH_{Ar}), 124.9 (CH_{Ar}), 124.3 (CH^{4,5}), 119.1 (q, J_{C-F} = 323.5, CF₃), 43.0 (CH), 29.1, and 28.0 (CH₂), 12.6 and 12.5 (CH₃). ¹⁹F{¹H} NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃). δ -76.08 (s, CF₃). Anal. Calcd. for C₃₇H₅₂AuF₆N₃O₄S₂: C 45.44; H 5.36; N 4.30. Found: C 45.55; H 5.43; N 4.40.

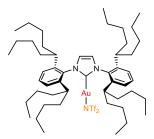
Preparation of [Au(IHept)(NTf₂)] (8): A vial was charged, under air, with [Au(IHept)(OH)] (50.0 mg, 0.060 mmol) and HNTf₂ (18.7 mg, 0.067 mmol). The resulting mixture was dissolved in toluene (1.0 mL) and stirred for 1 h at room temperature. After this time the mixture was filtered through Celite® and rinsed with toluene (3 × 0.5 mL). The solvent was concentrated and pentane (2.0 mL) was added, affording a white solid which was washed with further portions of pentane (3 × 1.0 mL) and dried under vacuum. Yield: 63.7 mg (97%).



¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.50 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H, CH_{Ar}), 7.23 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 4H, CH_{Ar}), 7.13 (s, 2H, CH^{4,5}), 2.19 (p, J = 7.8 Hz, 4H, CH), 1.76-1.66 (m, 4H, CH₂), 1.65-1.53 (m, 8H, CH₂), 1.49-1.35 (m, 8H, CH₂), 1.25-1.13 (m, 8H, CH₂), 1.12-1.02 (m, 4H, CH₂), 0.87 (t, J =

7.3 Hz, 12H, CH₃), 0.83 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 12H, CH₃). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 167.5 (C_{carb}), 144.1 (C_{Ar}), 135.5 (C_{Ar}), 130.5 (CH_{Ar}), 124.8 (CH_{Ar}), 124.4 (CH^{4,5}), 119.0 (q, $J_{C-F} = 323.4$, CF₃), 40.2 (CH), 39.9, 37.9, 21.9, and 21.3 (CH₂), 14.5 and 14.4 (CH₃). ¹⁹F{¹H} NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃). δ -76.04 (s, CF₃). Anal. Calcd. for C₄₅H₆₈AuF₆N₃O₄S₂: C 49.58; H 6.29; N 3.85. Found: C 49.72; H 6.39; N 3.91.

Preparation of [Au(INon)(NTf₂)] (9): A vial was charged, under air, with [Au(INon)(OH)] (50.0 mg, 0.042 mmol) and HNTf₂ (12.9 mg, 0.046 mmol). The resulting mixture was dissolved in toluene (1.0 mL) and stirred for 1 h at room temperature. After this time the mixture was filtered through Celite® and rinsed with toluene (3 × 0.5 mL). The solvent was concentrated and pentane (2.0 mL) was added, affording a white solid which was washed with further portions of pentane (3 × 1.0 mL) and dried under vacuum. Yield: 63.5 mg (99%).



¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.51 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H, CH_{Ar}), 7.24 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 4H, CH_{Ar}), 7.13 (s, 2H, CH^{4,5}), 2.20 (p, J = 7.0 Hz, 4H, CH), 1.78-1.55 (m, 12H, CH₂), 1.48-1.11 (m, 32H, CH₂), 1.09-1.00 (m, 4H, CH₂), 0.86 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 12H, CH₃), 0.85 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 12H, CH₃). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 167.7 (C_{carb}), 144.1 (C_{Ar}), 135.5 (C_{Ar}), 130.5 (CH_{Ar}), 124.8 (CH_{Ar}), 124.3 (CH^{4,5}), 119.0 (q, J_{C-F} = 323.3, CF₃), 40.2 (CH), 37.3, 35.0, 30.4, 30.2, 23.2 and 23.1 (CH₂), 14.2 and 13.9 (CH₃). ¹⁹F{¹H} NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃). δ -76.04 (s,

CF₃). Anal. Calcd. for $C_{53}H_{84}AuF_6N_3O_4S_2$: C 52.94; H 7.04; N 3.49. Found: C 53.02; H 7.17; N 3.58.

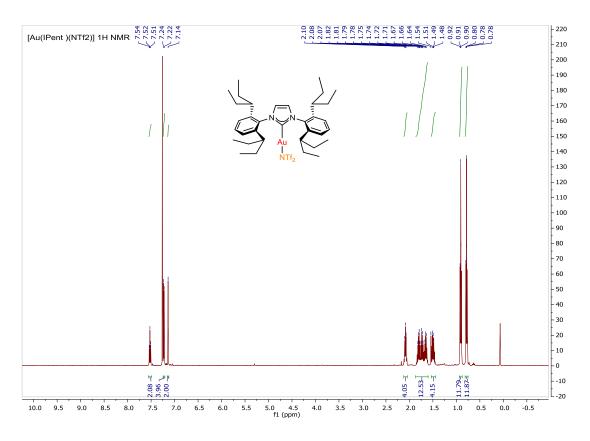
Catalytic experiments

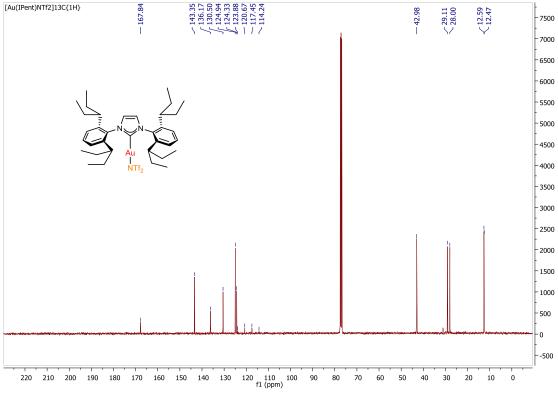
Hydration of phenylacetylene. Under air, a vial was charged with phenylacetylene (0.5–1.0 mmol) and 1–2 mL of a 2:1 of dioxane/water solution. The corresponding amount of gold complex was added and the mixture was stirred at 80 °C for 1–3 h. After this time, pentane was added to the mixture to extract the organic product and the organic phase was analysed by GC analysis.

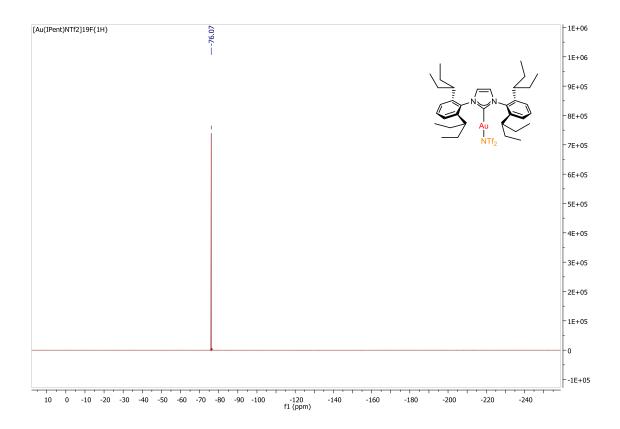
Hydration of 4-methoxybenzonitrile. Under air, a microwave vial was charged with 4-methoxybenzonitrile (66.6 mg, 0.50 mmol) and 1 mL of a 1:1 THF/water solution. The corresponding amount of gold complex was added and the mixture was stirred at 140 °C under microwave irradiation for 2 h. After this time, an aliquot of the mixture was analysed by ¹H NMR spectroscopy.

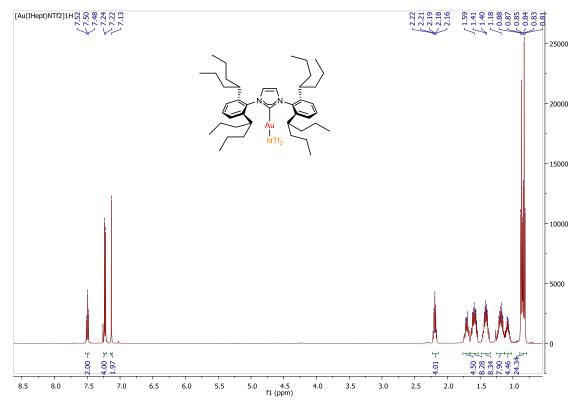
Hydroalkoxylation/Claisen rearrangement of alkynes. In a scintillation vial, diphenylacetylene (1 mmol), allylic alcohol (3 mmol) and [Au(NHC)(NTf₂)] (0.2 mol %), were stirred neat at 120 °C. After 20 min, the mixture was analysed by GC analysis.

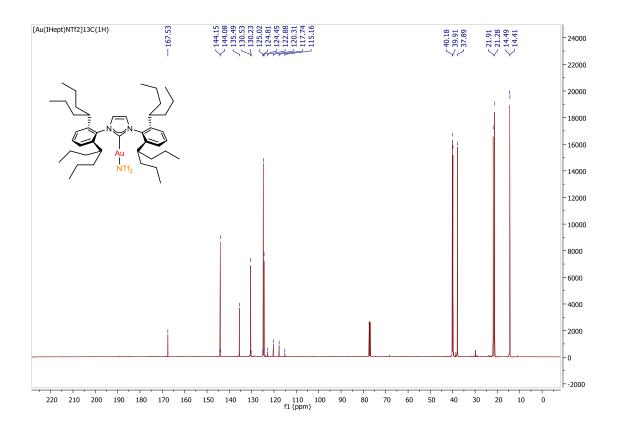
NMR spectra

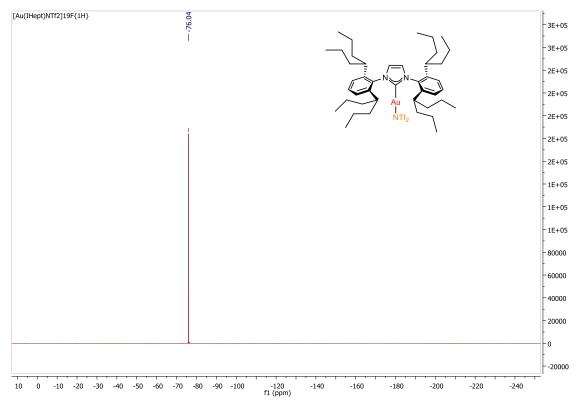


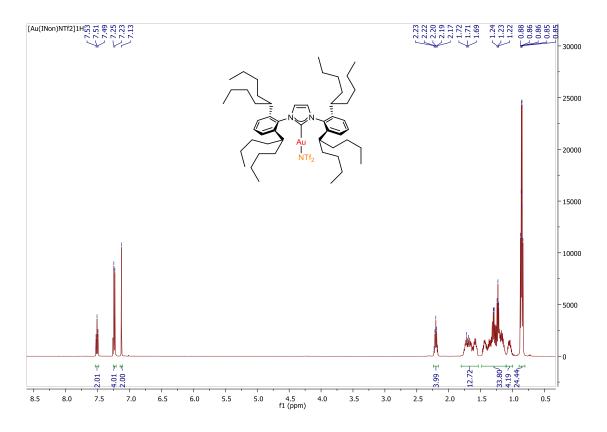


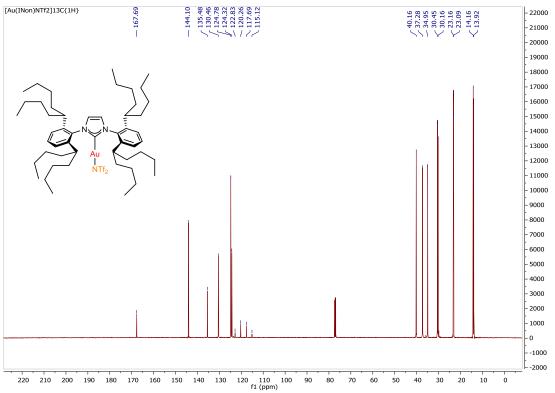


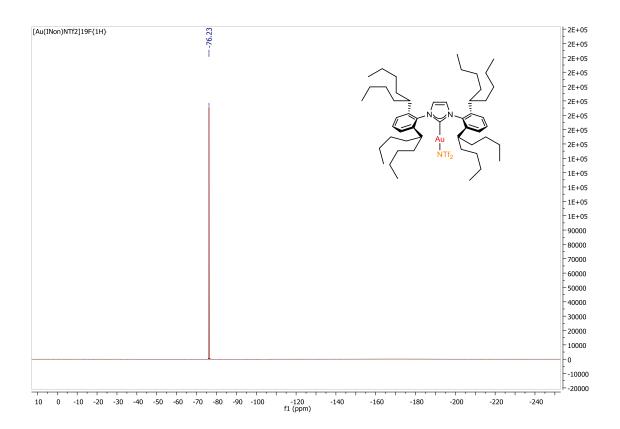












References

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- 2. Patrick, S. R.; Collado, A.; Meiries, S.; Slawin, A. M. Z.; Nolan, S. P., *J. Organomet. Chem.* **2015**, *775*, 152.
- 3. Gaillard, S.; Slawin, A. M. Z.; Nolan, S. P., Chem. Commun. 2010, 46, 2742.