Supporting Information

for

Photocatalyzed synthesis of isochromanones and

isobenzofuranones under batch and flow conditions

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Experimental details and detailed spectroscopic data

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General experimental methods.

NMR spectra were recorded at 300 MHz (¹H) and 75 MHz (¹³C) and the chemical shifts (δ) are expressed in parts per million relative to tetramethylsylane (TMS) as internal standard (0.00 ppm). Coupling constants are reported in hertz. NMR acquisitions were performed at 295 K and CDCl₃ was used as solvent.

GC–MS analyses were carried out on a Hewlett Packard 5890 Series II, using a HP-1 column, coupled with a HP-5971A spectrometer (electron impact). Analysis conditions are as follows: flow (He) 0.9 mL/min; initial temperature 100 °C; initial time 2 min; gradient temperature 20 °C/min; final temperature 280 °C; final time 5 min.

HPLC–MS analyses were carried out on a Hewlett Packard 1100, using a Gemini C6-Phenyl (150x3mm) column, coupled with a Microsaic 4000 MiD Mass Spectrometer (electrospray). Analysis conditions are as follows: flow 0.34 mL/min; temperature 26 °C; solvent A: water + 0.1% formic acid; solvent B: acetonitrile + 0.1% formic acid; gradient: from 10% B to 100% B in 20 min; VWD 220 nm; MASS: FullScan 100-800 m/z ES⁺, Tic voltage 750 V.

Photoinduced reactions were performed with blue LEDs (LED stripe GBC SMD 3528 INDOOR BLU 12Vcc) or LASER (CNI diode laser MDL-442, 40 mW power driven by power supply unit model PSU-III-LED. The output of laser is coupled to an optical fiber).

Reactions were monitored by TLC. TLC analyses were carried out on silica gel plates (thickness = 0.25 mm), viewed at UV (λ = 254 nm) and developed with Hanessian stain (dipping into a solution of (NH₄)₄MoO₄·4H₂O (21 g) and Ce(SO₄)₂·4H₂O (1 g) in H₂SO₄ (31 mL) and H₂O (469 mL) and warming).

Column chromatography was performed with the "flash" methodology using 220–400 mesh silica. Solvents employed as eluents and for all other routinary operations, as well as anhydrous solvents and all reagents used were purchased from commercial suppliers and employed without any further purification.

Benzenediazonium salts were prepared from the corresponding anilines according to literature procedures (i.e., Schuster G. B. et al. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, **1995**, *117*, 5206-5211).

General procedures

Synthesis of isochromanones 4 under batch conditions

A solution of benzendiazonium tetrafluoroborate **2** (1 mmol, 1 equiv) and $Ru(bpy)_3Cl_2$ (0.005 equiv) in CH₃CN (4 mL, 0.25 M with respect to the diazonium salt) was added with alkene **3** (2 mmol, 2 equiv) in a glass vial (Ø= 1.2 cm). The vial was exposed to the light generated by 440 nm LED bulbs for 6–8 hours. The solution was transferred into a round-bottomed flask, evaporated, and the crude was subsequently purified by column chromatography (PE/EA mixtures) to afford the final products as white solids/foams.

Synthesis of isochromanones 4 under flow conditions

Reactions in flow conditions were performed by means of a handmade mesoflow reactor consisting of a FEP tubing (internal $\emptyset = 0.8$ mm) wrapped up a glass cylinder ($\emptyset = 2.5$ cm) for a length corresponding exactly of 1 mL. The tube was equipped at one end with a connection for a gastight syringe (10 mL), fitting in a syringe pump. The wrapped cylinder was fitted inside a plastic cylinder ($\emptyset = 4.5$ cm) covered inside with LED bulbs (440 nm, model of the stripe).

A solution of benzendiazonium tetrafluoroborate **2** (1 equiv) and Ru(bpy)₃Cl₂ (0.005 eq) in CH₃CN (0.13 M with respect to the diazonium salt) was added with alkene **3** (2 equiv). The resulting clear solution was collected inside a 10 mL gastight syringe and pumped inside the flow reactor by means of a syringe pump at 0.1 mL/h. A fixed volume of the reacted solution was collected in a shielded round-bottomed flask, evaporated, and purified by column chromatography (PE/EA mixtures) to afford the final products as white solids/foams.

Synthesis of isobenzofuranones 13 and benzoxazepinones 14 under batch conditions

A solution of benzendiazonium tetrafluoroborate **11** (1 mmol, 1 equiv) and $Ru(bpy)_3Cl_2$ (0.005 equiv) in CH₃CN (4 mL, 0.25 M with respect to the diazonium salt) was added with alkene **12** (1.2 mmol, 1.2 equiv) in a glass vial (\emptyset = 1.2 cm). The vial was exposed to the light generated by 440 nm LED bulbs for 6–8 hours. The solution was transferred into a round-bottomed flask, evaporated, and the crude was subsequently purified by column chromatography (PE/EA mixtures) to afford the final products as white solids/foams.

Synthesis of isobenzofuranones 13 and benzoxazepinones 14 under flow conditions

The same conditions applied for the synthesis of isochromanones **4** were applied.



Analytical data

Methyl 7-chloro-3-methyl-1-oxoisochroman-3-carboxylate (4a)

White solid, m.p.= 82.9-84.2°C

 $R_f = 0.22$ (PE:EtOAc=4:1)

¹H NMR: 8.01 (d, *J* = 2.2, 1H Ar), 7.46 (dd, *J* = 8.2, 2.2, 1H Ar), 7.16 (d, *J* = 8.2, 1H Ar), 3.60 (s, 3H), 3.35 (d, *J* = 16.5, 1H), 3.16 (d, *J* = 16.5, 1H), 1.73 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR: 171.94, 163.12, 134.59, 134.14, 134.09, 129.87, 129.10, 126.09, 82.12, 53.24, 36.53, 24.96.

HPLC-MS: 13.0 min, 257 (255) [M+H]⁺.

GC-MS: 7.2 min, 256 (2, M, ³⁷Cl), 254 (6, M, ³⁵Cl), 197 (30, ³⁷Cl), 195 (30, ³⁵Cl), 169 (12, ³⁷Cl), 167 (40, ³⁵Cl), 124 (11), 89 (25), 63 (13), 43 (73).

7-Chloro-3-phenylisochroman-1-one (4b)



White solid, m.p.= 139.2-141.5

 $R_f = 0.44$ (PE:EtOAc=4:1)

¹H NMR: 8.12 (d, *J* = 2.1, 1H), 7.53 (dd, *J* = 8.1, 2.1, 1H), 7.49 – 7.35 (m, 5H), 7.24 (d, *J* = 8.3, 1H), 5.53 (dd, X part of ABX system, *J* = 12.3, 3.1, 1H), 3.30 (dd, A part of ABX system, *J* = 16.5, 12.3, 1H), 3.13 (dd, B part of ABX system, *J* = 16.5, 3.1, 1H).

¹³C NMR: 164.23, 138.24, 137.28, 134.07, 134.02, 130.31, 128.99, 128.94, 128.88, 126.72, 126.21, 80,12, 35.09.

HPLC-MS: 13.5 min, 261 (259) [M+H]⁺.

GC-MS: 9.2 min, 260 (2, M, ³⁷Cl), 258 (5, M, ³⁵Cl), 154 (29, ³⁷Cl), 152 (100, ³⁵Cl), 126 (9, ³⁷Cl), 124 (29, ³⁵Cl), 89 (23).

Methyl 3-methyl-1-oxoisochroman-3-carboxylate (4c)



White solid, m.p.= 99.5-101.3

 $R_f = 0.29$ (PE:EtOAc=4:1)

¹H NMR: 8.04 (d, *J* = 7.6, 1H Ar), 7.50 (td, *J* = 7.6, 1.2, 1H Ar), 7.35 (t, *J* = 7.6, 1H Ar), 7.19 (d, *J* = 7.6, 1H Ar), 3.58 (s, 3H), 3.38 (d, *J* = 16.4, 1H), 3.20 (d, *J* = 16.4, 1H), 1.73 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR: 172.28, 164.31, 136.33, 134.13, 130.16, 128.20, 127.57, 124.57, 82.02, 53.12, 37.07, 25.09.

HPLC-MS: 11.7 min, 221 [M+H]⁺.

GC-MS: 6.5 min, 220 (2, M), 162 (11), 161 (100), 133 (64), 105 (14), 91 (11), 90 (24), 89 (22), 63 (11), 43 (45).

Analytical data are in accordance with those reported in the literature (ref. 5 of the manuscript)

3-Phenylisochroman-1-one (4d)



White solid, m.p.= 83.8-85-7

 $R_f = 0.55$ (PE:EtOAc=4:1)

¹H NMR: 8.16 (d, *J* = 7.8, 1H Ar), 7.57 (td, *J* = 7.5, 1.0, 1H Ar), 7.49-7.35 (m, 6 H Ar), 7.29 (d, *J* = 7.6, 1H Ar), 5.56 (dd, X part of ABX system, *J* = 11.9, 4.6, 1 H), 3.35 (dd, A part of ABX system, *J* = 15.8, 11.9, 1 H), 3.13 (dd, B part of ABX system, *J* = 15.8, 4.6, 1H).

¹³C NMR: 165.46, 139.05, 138.66, 134.05, 130.55, 128.81, 128.78, 128.01, 127.48, 126.24, 125.24, 80.09, 35.74.

HPLC-MS: 12.8 min, 225 [M+H]⁺.

GC-MS: 8.4 min, 224 (9, M), 178 (6), 119 (18), 118 (100), 90 (68), 89 (26), 77 (13), 63 (10), 51 (12).

Analytical data are in accordance with those reported in the literature (ref. 5 of the manuscript)

Methyl 3,5-dimethyl-1-oxoisochroman-3-carboxylate (4e)



White solid, m.p.= 69.8-72.4

 $R_f = 0.30$ (PE:EtOAc=4:1)

¹H NMR: 7.95 (d, *J* = 7.7, 1H Ar), 7.38 (d, *J* = 7.7, 1H Ar), 7.27 (t, *J* = 7.7, 1H Ar), 3.61 (s, 3H), 3.47 (d, *J* = 16.6, 1H), 2.99 (d, *J* = 16.6, 1H), 2.31 (s, 3H), 1.77 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR: 172.63, 164.75, 135.50, 135.49, 135.11, 128.08, 127.60, 124.62, 81.56, 53.20, 34.23, 25.37, 19.00.

HPLC-MS (ESI+): 13.6 min, 235 [M+H]⁺.

GC-MS: 6.8 min, 234 (4, M), 175 (100), 147 (39), 105 (10), 104 (11), 103 (12) 78 (11), 77 (13), 43 (28).

5-Methyl-3-phenylisochroman-1-one (4f)

White solid, m.p.= 137.1-139.4

 $R_f = 0.60$ (PE:EtOAc=4:1)

¹H NMR: 8.03 (dd, *J* = 7.7, 0.6, 1H Ar), 7.52-7.26 (m, 7H Ar), 5.52 (dd, *J* = 9.8, 5.6, 1H), 3.14 (m, 2H), 2.33 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR: 165.87, 138.95, 137.66, 135.42, 135.25, 128.83, 128.80, 128.41, 127.40, 126.31, 125.22, 79.53, 33.00, 19.04.

HPLC-MS: 14.4 min, 239 [M+H]⁺.

GC-MS: 9.0 min, 238 (2, M), 132 (100), 104 (33), 103 (13), 78 (15), 77 (16).

Analytical data are in accordance with those reported in the literature (ref. 5 of the manuscript)

Methyl 3,7-dimethyl-1-oxoisochroman-3-carboxylate (4g)

Foam

 $R_f = 0.19$ (PE:EtOAc=5:1)

¹H NMR: 7.86 (s, 1H Ar), 7.30 (dd, *J* = 7.7, 1.4, 1H Ar), 7.08 (d, *J* = 7.7, 1H Ar), 3.58 (s, 3H), 3.33 (d, *J* = 16.3, 1H), 3.15 (d, *J* = 16.3, 1H), 2.34 (s, 3H), 1.72 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR: 172.40, 164.58, 138.08, 134.96, 133.35, 130.39, 127.44, 124.33, 82.09, 53.08, 36.76, 25.07, 21.08.

HPLC-MS: 12.2 min, 235 [M+H]⁺.

GC-MS: 6.9 min, 234 (7, M), 175 (100), 147 (51), 104 (15), 103 (12), 78 (11), 77 (13) 43 (28).

7-Methyl-3-phenylisochroman-1-one (4h)



White solid, m.p.= 129.5-131.4°C

 $R_f = 0.35$ (PE:EtOAc=6:1)

¹H NMR: 7.97 (s, 1H Ar), 7.50-7.36 (m, 6H Ar), 7.18 (d, *J* = 7.7, 1H Ar), 5.53 (dd, X part of ABX system, *J* = 12.2, 2.8, 1H), 3.29 (dd, A part of ABX system, *J* = 18.0, 12.2, 1H), 3.10 (dd, B part of ABX system, *J* = 18.0, 2.8, 1H), 2.41 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR: 165.72, 138.81, 137.90, 136.12, 134.92, 130.78, 128.78, 128.72, 127.36, 126.25, 125.01, 80.20, 35.39, 21.18.

HPLC-MS: 13.4 min, 239 [M+H]⁺.

GC-MS: 8.9 min, 238 (28, m), 178 (19), 132 (100), 104 (100), 78 (23), 77 (34).

Methyl 7-bromo-3-methyl-1-oxoisochroman-3-carboxylate (4i)



White solid, m.p.= 87.0-88.9°C

 $R_f = 0.34$ (PE:EtOAc=4:1)

¹H NMR: 8.20 (d, *J* = 2.1, 1H Ar), 7.63 (dd, *J* = 8.1, 2.1, 1H Ar), 7.10 (d, *J* = 8.1, 1H Ar), 3.62 (s, 3H), 3.35 (d, *J* = 16.7, 1H), 3.15 (d, *J* = 16.7, 1H), 1.75 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR: 172.02, 163.05, 137.04, 135.08, 132.98, 129.31, 126.34, 121.95, 82.12, 53.35, 36.67, 25.08.

HPLC-MS: 15.3 min, 301 (299) [M+H]⁺.

GC-MS: 7.8 min, 300 (9, M, ⁸¹Br), 298 (9, M, ⁷⁹Br), 241 (88), 239 (90), 213 (31), 211 (33), 170 (11), 168 (11), 132 (24), 89 (43), 43 (100).

7-Bromo-3-phenylisochroman-1-one (4j)



White solid, m.p.= 141.5-143.3°C

 $R_f = 0.16$ (PE:EtOAc=10:1)

¹H NMR: 8.28 (d, *J* = 2.0, 1H Ar), 7.68 (dd, *J* = 8.2, 2.2, 1H Ar), 7.48-7.37 (m, 5H Ar), 7.18 (d, *J* = 8.2, 1H Ar), 5.55 (dd, X part of ABX system, *J* = 12.3, 2.7, 1H), 3.28 (dd, A part of ABX system, *J* = 16.5, 12.3, 1H), 3.12 (dd, B part of ABX system, *J* = 16.5, 2.7, 1H).

¹³C NMR: 164.11, 138.20, 137.76, 136.95, 133.28, 129.21, 128.95, 128.88, 126.94, 126.20, 121.67, 80.06, 35.16.

HPLC-MS: 16.2 min, 305 (303) [M+H]⁺.

GC-MS: 9.7 min, 304 (7, M, ⁸¹Br), 302 (7, M, ⁷⁹Br), 198 (94, ⁸¹Br), 196 (100, ⁷⁹Br), 170 (26, ⁸¹Br), 168 (27, ⁷⁹Br), 89 (41), 77 (14), 63 (18).

trans 3,4-Diphenylisochroman-1-one (4k)



White solid, m.p.= 135.1-137.2

 $R_f = 0.43$ (PE:EtOAc=6:1)

¹H NMR: 8.24 (dd, *J* = 7.4, 1.7, 1H Ar), 7.50 (td, *J* = 7.4, 1.7, 1H Ar), 7.47-7.41(m, 1H Ar), 7.27-7.14 (m, 8H Ar), 7.03-7.00 (m, 2H Ar), 6.92 (d, *J* = 7.4,1H Ar), 5.64 (d, *J* = 10.0, 1H), 4.51 (d, *J* = 10.0, 1H).

¹³C NMR: 165.06, 142.67, 137.93, 137.42, 134.20, 130.44, 129.71, 128.94, 128.58, 128.30, 128.15, 127.98, 127.80, 127.20, 125.17, 85.40, 51.11.

HPLC-MS: 18.1 min, 301 [M+H]⁺.

Decomposes during GC-MS analysis

N-(4-methoxybenzyl)acetamide (5)

O

R_f = 0.13 (PE:EtOAc=1:1)

¹H NMR: 7.21 (d, *J* = 8.7, 2H Ar), 6.87 (d, *J* = 8.7, 2H Ar), 5.67 (broad s, 1H NH), 4.36 (d, *J* = 5.6, 2H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 2.01 (s, 3H).

Analytical data are in accordance with those reported in the literature (i. e. *Chem. Commun.* **2012**, *48*, 11626-11628)

3-Phenylisochroman-1-imine (9)



The crude mixture was concentrated under vacuum, no work-up was performed at this stage. A quick column cromatography was performed using EA/PE 1:4 with 5% Et₃N, affording the target compound as an oil.

Rf = 0.30 (PE:EtOAc=1:1)

¹H NMR: 8.23 (d, *J* = 7.5, 1H Ar), 7.55-7.33 (m, 8H, Ar + NH), 7.23 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H Ar), 5.28 (dd, X part of ABX system *J* = 11.6, 2.9, 1H), 3.27 (dd, A part of ABX system *J* = 16.1, 11.6, 1H), 3.06 (dd, B part of ABX system *J* = 16.2, 2.9 Hz, 1H).

The compound degraded during ¹³C NMR analysis

GC-MS: 8.1 min, 223 (7, M), 178 (7), 146 (13), 118 (17), 117 (80), 107 (100), 90 (19), 89 (18), 79 (15), 77 (18), 51(11).

3-(4-Methoxybenzyl)isobenzofuran-1(3H)-one)(13a)



Foam

 $R_f = 0.40$ (PE:EtOAc=4:1)

¹H NMR: 7.84 (d, *J* = 7.5, 1H Ar), 7.60 (td, *J* = 7.5, 1.1, 1H Ar), 7.48 (t, *J* = 7.5, 1H Ar), 7.17 (dd, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 0.8, 1H Ar), 7.13-7.09 (m, 2H Ar), 6.84-6.79 (m, 2H Ar), 5.65 (t, X part of ABX system, *J* = 6.3, 1H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 3.23 (dd, A part of ABX system, *J* = 14.1, 6.3, 1H), 3.10 (dd, B part of ABX system, *J* = 14.1, 6.3, 1H)

¹³C NMR: 170.41, 158.81, 149.28, 133.78, 130.87, 129.24, 126.97, 126.42, 125.78, 122.4, 114.03, 81.50, 55.34, 40.03.

HPLC-MS: 13.0 min, 239 [M+H]⁺.

GC-MS: 9.1 min, 254 (22, M), 133 (19), 121 (100), 78 (12) 77 (25).

Analytical data are in accordance with the literature (J. Chem. Soc., Perkin Trans. 1 1982, 2819-2826)

3-(4-Methylbenzyl)isobenzofuran-1(3H)-one (13b)



White solid, m.p.= 87.7-89.4 (lit. 83-84)

 $R_f = 0.47$ (PE:EtOAc=4:1)

¹H NMR: 7.85 (d, *J* = 7.6, 1H Ar), 7.60 (td, *J* = 7.6, 1.2, 1H Ar), 7.49 (t, 7.6, 1H Ar), 7.16 (dd, *J* = 7.6, 0.8, 1H Ar), 7.10 (s, 4H Ar), 5.67 (t, X part of ABX system, *J* = 6.4, 1H), 3.26 (dd, A part of ABX system, *J* = 14.1, 6.5, 1H), 3.10 (dd, B part of ABX system, *J* = 14.1, 6.5, 1H), 2.32 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR: 170.47, 149.35, 136.91, 133.80, 131.97, 129.72, 129.38, 129.28, 126.42, 125.82, 122.48, 81.51, 40.58, 21.23.

HPLC-MS: 14.5 min, 239 [M+H]⁺.

GC-MS: 8.4 min, 238 (5, M), 133 (34), 106 (12), 105 (100), 77 (15).

Analytical data are in accordance with the literature (Org. Lett. 2009, 11, 4712-4715)





White solid, m.p.= 107.8-109.5 (*lit.* 111-112)

 $R_f = 0.36$ (PE:EtOAc=4:1)

¹H NMR: 8.03 (dd, *J* = 8.1, 1.4, 1H Ar), 7.96-7.84 (m, 1H Ar), 7.66 (td, *J* = 7.5, 1.1, 1H Ar), 7.59-7.44 (m, 3H Ar), 7.40-7.34 (m, 2H Ar), 5.77 (dd, X part of ABX system, *J* = 9.0, 3.5, 1H), 3.95 (dd A part of ABX system, *J* = 13.7, 3.5, 1H), 3.94 (s, 3H), 3.12 (dd B part of ABX system, *J* = 13.7, 9.0, 1H).

¹³C NMR: 170.62, 167.86, 149.99, 138.77, 134.03, 133.06, 132.64, 131.30, 129.31, 129.16, 127.52, 126.23, 125.73, 122.67, 82.12, 52.28, 40.65.

HPLC-MS: 13.4 min, 283 [M+H]⁺.

GC-MS: 9.5 min, 282 (1, M), 250 (6), 149 (11), 133 (100), 105 (13), 77 (21), 51 (11).

Analytical data are in accordance with the literature (Chem. Heterocycl. Compd. 2012, 47, 1212-1224)

3-Methyl-5-(4-methoxybenzyl)benzo[e][1,3]oxazepin-1(5H)-one (14a)



Foam

R_f = 0.45 (PE:EtOAc=4:1)

¹H NMR: 7.77 (d, *J* = 7.6, 1H Ar), 7.59 (td, *J* = 7.6, 1.1, 1H Ar), 7.45 (t, *J* = 7.6, 1H Ar), 7.19 (dd, *J* = 7.6, 0.6, 1H Ar), 6.75-6.72 (m, 2H Ar), 6.69-6.66 (m, 2H Ar), 5.42 (dd, X part of ABX system, *J* = 7.4, 3.1, 1H), 3.74 (s, 3H), 3.47 (dd, A part of ABX system, *J* = 12.8, 7.4, 1H), 3.19 (dd, B part of ABX system, J = 12.8, 3.1, 1H), 2.66 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR: 171.47, 167.94, 158.64, 145.55, 133.83, 130.81, 130.76, 128.82, 127.17, 125.16, 123.53, 113.73, 60.13, 55.27, 37.65, 25.73.

HPLC-MS: 10.3 min, 296 [M+H]⁺.

GC-MS: 9.6 min, 295 (3, M), 132 (17), 121 (100), 77 (13), 43 (13).

3-Methyl-5-(4-methylbenzyl)benzo[e][1,3]oxazepin-1(5H)-one (14b)



White solid, m.p.= 109.1-110.7°C

 $R_f = 0.52$ (PE:EtOAc=4:1)

¹H NMR: 7.77 (d, *J* = 7.6, 1H Ar), 7.59 (td, *J* = 7.6, 1.1 Hz, 1H Ar), 7.45 (t, *J* = 7.6, 1H Ar), 7.18 (d, *J* = 7.6, 1H Ar), 6.95 (d, *J* = 8.0, 2H Ar), 6.72 (d, *J* = 8.0, 2H Ar), 5.44 (d, X part of ABX system, *J* = 7.6, 2.9, 1H), 3.50 (dd, A part of ABX system, *J* = 12.8, 7.6, 1H), 3.18 (dd, B part of ABX system, *J* = 12.8, 2.9, 1H), 2.66 (s, 3H), 2.26 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR: 171.46, 167.95, 145.57, 136.62, 133.80, 132.09, 130.79, 129.65, 129.03, 128.80, 125.12, 123.56, 60.06, 38.11, 25.74, 21.19.

HPLC-MS: 11.8 min, 280 [M+H]⁺.

GC-MS: 8.9 min, 279 (9, M), 132 (100), 105 (48), 77 (13), 43 (14).



Compound 4b



Compound 4c



Compound 4d



Compound 4e



Compound 4f



Compound 4g



Compound 4h



Compound 4i



Compound 4j





Compound 4k

Compound 5



Compound 9



Compound 13a



Compound 13b



Compound 13c



Compound 14a



Compound 14b

