

Supporting Information
for

**Accessing simply-substituted 4-hydroxytetrahydroisoquinolines via
Pomeranz–Fritsch–Bobbitt reaction with non-activated and moderately-
activated systems**

Marco Mottinelli^{1,†}, Mathew P. Leese¹ and Barry V. L. Potter^{*1,2}

Address: ¹Wolfson Laboratory of Medicinal Chemistry, Department of Pharmacy and Pharmacology, University of Bath, Claverton Down, BA2 7AY Bath, UK and ²Drug Discovery & Medicinal Chemistry, Department of Pharmacology, University of Oxford, Mansfield Road, Oxford, OX1 3QT, UK

[†]Present affiliation: Department of Medicinal Chemistry, School of Pharmacy, University of Florida, 1345 Center Drive, Gainesville, Florida, 32611, USA

Email: Barry V. L. Potter* - barry.potter@pharm.ox.ac.uk

*Corresponding author

Synthetic and purification methodologies and spectroscopic data

General method for the double reductive amination reaction: NaBH(OAc)₃ (3.3 g, 15 mmol) was added to a stirring solution of benzaldehyde (1.0 mL, 10 mmol) and aniline (1.1 mL, 12 mmol) in CHCl₃ (60 mL) and the mixture was stirred at rt for one hour. 2,2-Dimethoxyacetaldehyde (30 mmol) was then introduced into the reaction mixture followed by NaBH(OAc)₃ (3.3 g, 15.0 mmol) and the resultant mixture was stirred at rt for further 8 h. The mixture was then quenched with saturated aqueous solution of K₂CO₃ (60 mL) and the aqueous layer was extracted with CHCl₃ (2 × 30 mL). The combined organics were dried with MgSO₄, filtered and evaporated to give the crude compound **9a** as a pale yellow oil (3.87 g).

***N*-(2,2-Dimethoxyethyl)-*N*-(4-methoxybenzyl)aniline (**9b**)**

The crude compound was purified by column chromatography (from 0% to 10% EtOAc in pet. ether) to give the product as a yellowish oil (2.09 g, 69%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 3.41 (6H, s, CHOCH₃), 3.56 (2H, d, *J* = 5.0 Hz, NCH₂CH), 3.79 (3H, s, ArOCH₃), 4.60 - 4.65 (3H, m, CH(OCH₃)₂, ArCH₂), 6.61 - 6.73 (1H, m, ArH), 6.76 (2H, d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, ArH), 6.85 (2H, d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, ArH), 7.14 (2H, d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, ArH) and 7.20 (2H, t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, ArH) ppm. ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 53.7 (NCH₂CH), 54.3 (ArOCH₃), 54.6 (CH(OCH₃)₂), 55.4 (ArCH₂), 103.4 (CH(OR)₂), 112.4 (ArCH), 114.1 (ArCH), 116.6 (ArCH), 127.8 (ArCH), 129.3 (ArCH), 130.7 (ArCCH₂), 148.7 (ArCN) and 158.6 (ArCOCH₃) ppm. LC/MS (ES+) *t*_r = 2.46 min (70%), *m/z* 302.2 (M⁺+H); HRMS (ES+) calcd. for C₁₈H₂₄NO₃ (M⁺+H) 302.1751, found 302.1761.

***N*-(4-Chlorobenzyl)-*N*-(2,2-dimethoxyethyl)aniline (**9c**)**

The crude compound was purified by column chromatography (eluent: pet. ether) to give a colorless oil (2.73 g, 88%) which showed: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 3.40 (6H, s) (2 × OCH₃), 3.55 (2H, d, *J* = 5.1 Hz) (CHCH₂), 4.61 (1H, t, *J* = 5.0 Hz) (OCH), 4.62 (2H, s)

(ArCH₂N), 6.70 (2H, d, J = 8.9 Hz) (2 x ArCH, aniline), 6.71 (1H, t, J = 7.3 Hz) (ArCH, aniline), 7.14 (2H, d, J = 8.6 Hz) (2 x ArCH, benzyl), 7.19 (2H, dd, J = 7.3, 8.9 Hz) (2 x ArCH, aniline) and 7.26 (2H, d, J = 8.6 Hz) (2 x ArCH, benzyl) ppm. ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 53.9 (CH₂CH₂), 54.5 (ArCH₂), 54.7 (2 x OCH₃), 103.4 (OCH), 112.4 (2 x ArCH, aniline), 117.0 (ArCH, aniline), 128.0 (ArCH, benzyl), 128.8 (ArCH, benzyl), 129.5 (ArCH, aniline), 132.5 (ArCCl), 137.5 (ArCCH₂) and 148.4 (ArCN) ppm. LC/MS (ES⁺) t_r = 3.18 min (97 %), m/z 306.2 (M⁺); (RP, Isocratic, 90% MeOH). HRMS (ES⁺) calcd. for C₁₇H₂₀³⁵ClNO₂ (M⁺+H) 306.1255, found 306.1245; calcd. for C₁₇H₂₀³⁷ClNO₂ (M⁺+H) 308.1226, found 308.1245.

4-(((2,2-Dimethoxyethyl)(phenyl)amino)methyl)phenol (9d)

The crude compound was purified by column chromatography (eluent: from 0% to 30% of EtOAc in pet. ether) to give the product as a colorless oil (2.5 g, 90%) which showed: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 3.40 (6H, s, CH₃), 3.54 (2H, d, J = 5.1 Hz, CH₂CH), 4.58 (2H, s, ArCH₂), 4.61 (1H, t, J = 5.1 Hz, CH(OR)₂), 5.01 (1H, bs, OH), 6.70 (1H, t, J = 7.2 Hz, ArH), 6.74 (2H, d, J = 8.7 Hz, ArH) 6.74 (2H, d, J = 8.6 Hz, ArH), 7.06 (2H, d, J = 8.6 Hz, ArH) and 7.19 (2H, dd, J = 7.2, 8.7 Hz, ArH) ppm. ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 53.6 (CH₂CH), 54.3 (ArCH₂), 54.7 (CH₃), 103.5 (CH(OR)₂), 112.4 (ArCH), 115.5 (ArCH), 116.7 (ArCH), 128.0 (ArCH), 129.4 (ArCCH₂), 148.7 (ArCN) and 154.5 (ArCOH) ppm. LC/MS (ES⁺) t_r = 2.91 min (65 %), m/z 287.5 (M⁺); (RP, Isocratic, 80% MeOH). HRMS (ES⁺) calcd. for C₁₇H₂₂NO₃ (M⁺+H) 288.1600, found 288.1595; calcd. for C₁₇H₂₁NNaO₃ (M⁺+Na) 310.1419, found 310.1421.

N-(3-Bromobenzyl)-N-(2,2-dimethoxyethyl)aniline (9e)

The crude compound was purified by column chromatography (eluent: 0% to 10% EtOAc in pet. ether) to give the product as a colorless oil (1.9 g, 54%) which showed: ¹H NMR

(400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 3.48 (6H, s, CHOCH₃), 3.65 (2H, d, J = 5.1 Hz, NCH₂CH), 3.84 (3H, s, ArOCH₃), 4.66 - 4.75 (3H, m, ArCH₂, CH(OR)₂), 6.67 - 6.92 (6H, m, ArH) and 7.21 - 7.35 (3H, m, ArH) ppm. ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 53.9 (NCH₂CH), 54.6 (CH(OCH₃)₂), 54.9 (ArOCH₃), 55.3 (ArCH₂N), 103.4 (CH(OR)₂), 112.0 (ArCH), 112.3 (ArCH), 112.4 (ArCH), 116.7 (ArCH), 118.9 (ArCH), 129.3 (ArCH), 129.7 (ArCH), 140.8 (ArCCH₂), 148.6 (ArCN) and 160.0 (ArCOCH₃) ppm. LC/MS (ES⁺) t_r = 2.51 min (98 %), m/z 302.2 (M⁺+H); (RP, Isocratic, 90% MeOH). HRMS (ES⁺) calcd. for C₁₈H₂₄NO₃ (M⁺+H) 302.1751, found 302.1739.

***N*-(2,2-Dimethoxyethyl)-*N*-(3-methoxybenzyl)aniline (9f)**

The crude product was purified by column chromatography (from 0% to 10% EtOAc in pet. ether 40-60 °C) to give the product as a pale yellow oil (3.56 g, 79 %) which showed: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 3.48 (6H, s, CHOCH₃), 3.65 (2H, d, J = 5.1 Hz, NCH₂CH), 3.84 (3H, s, ArOCH₃), 4.66 - 4.75 (3H, m, ArCH₂, CH(OR)₂), 6.67 - 6.92 (6H, m, ArH) and 7.21 - 7.35 (3H, m, ArH) ppm. ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 53.86 (NCH₂CH), 54.60 (CH(OCH₃)₂), 54.93 (ArOCH₃), 55.27 (ArCH₂N), 103.38 (CH(OR)₂), 112.0 (ArCH), 112.3 (ArCH), 112.4 (ArCH), 116.7 (ArCH), 118.9 (ArCH), 129.3 (ArCH), 129.7 (ArCH), 140.8 (ArCCH₂), 148.6 (ArCN) and 160.0 (ArCOCH₃) ppm. LC/MS (ES⁺) t_r = 2.51 min (98 %), m/z 302.2 (M⁺+H); (RP, Isocratic, 90% MeOH). HRMS (ES⁺) calcd. for C₁₈H₂₄NO₃ (M⁺+H) 302.1751, found 302.1739.

4-Chloro-*N*-(2,2-dimethoxyethyl)-*N*-(3-methoxybenzyl)aniline (9g)

The crude compound was purified by column chromatography (eluent: from 0% to 20% EtOAc in pet. ether) to give the product as a pale yellow oil (9.08 g, 90%) which showed: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 3.40 (6H, s, CH(OCH₃)₂), 3.54 (2H, d, J = 5.1 Hz, CHCH₂), 3.76 (3H, s, ArOCH₃), 4.58 (1H, t, J = 5.1 Hz, CHCH₂), 4.60 (2H, s, ArCH₂N), 6.63 (2H, d,

$J = 9.2$ Hz, ArH, aniline), 6.71 – 6.74 (1H, m, ArH, benzyl), 6.74 – 6.80 (2H, m, ArH, benzyl), 7.10 (2H, d, $J = 9.2$ Hz, ArH, aniline) and 7.22 (1H, t, $J = 7.9$ Hz, ArH, benzyl) ppm. ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 54.2 (CHCH_2), 54.7 ($\text{CH}(\text{OCH}_3)_2$), 55.1 (ArCH_2N), 55.3 (ArOCH_3), 103.3 ($\text{CH}(\text{OCH}_3)_2$), 112.0 (ArCH, benzyl), 112.4 (ArCH, benzyl), 113.6 (ArCH, aniline), 118.8 (ArCH, benzyl), 121.6 (ArCCl), 129.1 (ArCH, aniline), 129.8 (ArCH, benzyl), 140.2 (ArCCH_2), 147.2 (ArCN) and 160.1 (ArCO) ppm. LC/MS (ES^+) $t_r = 2.91$ min (98 %), m/z 336.0 ($\text{M}^+ + \text{H}$); (RP, Isocratic, 90% MeOH). HRMS (ES^+) calcd. $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{23}^{35}\text{ClNO}_3$ ($\text{M}^+ + \text{H}$) 336.1361, found 336.1353; calcd. $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{23}^{37}\text{ClNO}_3$ ($\text{M}^+ + \text{H}$) 338.1331, found 338.1353

4-(((2,2-Dimethoxyethyl)(*p*-tolyl)amino)methyl)phenol (9i)

The crude compound was purified by column chromatography (eluent: from 0% to 30% EtOAc in pet. ether) to give the product as a colorless oil (2.83 g, 94%) which showed: ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 2.24 (3H, s, ArCH_3), 3.40 (6H, s, $\text{CH}(\text{OCH}_3)_2$), 3.51 (2H, d, $J = 5.1$ Hz, CH_2CH), 4.54 (2H, s, ArCH_2), 4.59 (1H, t, $J = 5.1$ Hz, $\text{CH}(\text{OR})_2$), 5.10 (1H, bs, OH), 6.66 (2H, d, $J = 8.6$ Hz, ArH), 6.74 (2H, d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, ArH), 7.00 (2H, d, $J = 8.6$ Hz, ArH) and 7.06 (2H, d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, ArH) ppm. ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 20.1 (ArCH_3), 53.7 (CH_2CH), 54.4 (ArCH_2), 54.5 ($\text{CH}(\text{OCH}_3)_2$), 103.4 ($\text{CH}(\text{OR})_2$), 112.5 (ArCH), 115.3 (ArCH), 125.7 (ArCCH_3), 127.9 (ArCH), 129.7 (ArCH), 130.8 (ArCCH_2), 146.5 (ArCN) and 154.4 (ArCOH) ppm. LC/MS (ES^+) $t_r = 1.92$ min (>99 %), m/z 301.5 (M^+); (RP, Isocratic, 90% MeOH). HRMS (ES^+) calcd. for $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{24}\text{NO}_3$ ($\text{M}^+ + \text{H}$) 302.1751, found 302.1757.

4-(((2,2-dimethoxyethyl)(4-methoxyphenyl)amino)methyl)phenol (9j)

The crude compound was purified by column chromatography (eluent 0% to 40% EtOAc in pet. ether) to give the product as a colorless oil (2.87 g, 90%) which showed: ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 3.38 (6H, s, $\text{CH}(\text{OCH}_3)_2$), 3.46 (2H, d, $J = 5.1$ Hz, CH_2CH), 3.74 (3H, s,

ArOCH₃), 4.48 (2H, s, ArCH₂), 4.55 (1H, t, $J = 5.1$ Hz, CH(OR)₂), 5.12 (1H, bs, OH), 6.71 (2H, d, $J = 9.1$ Hz, ArH), 6.74 (2H, d, $J = 8.6$ Hz, ArH), 6.79 (2H, d, $J = 9.1$ Hz, ArH) and 7.07 (2H, d, $J = 8.6$ Hz, ArH) ppm. ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 54.4 (CH₂CH), 54.5 (CH(OCH₃)₂), 55.3 (ArCH₂), 55.9 (ArOCH₃), 103.6 (CH(OR)₂), 114.6 (ArCH), 114.9 (ArCH), 115.4 (ArCH), 128.3 (ArCH), 131.0 (ArCH₂), 143.5 (ArCN), 151.7 (ArCOCH₃) and 154.6 (ArCOH) ppm. LC/MS (ES⁺) $t_r = 1.56$ min (97 %), m/z 317.5 (M⁺); (RP, Isocratic, 90% MeOH). HRMS (ES⁺) calcd. for C₁₈H₂₄NO₄ (M⁺+H) 318.1700, found 318.1698.

4-(((4-Chlorophenyl)(2,2-dimethoxyethyl)amino)methyl)phenol (9k)

The crude compound was purified by column chromatography (eluent: from 0% to 30% EtOAc in pet. ether) to give the product as a colorless oil (2.12 g, 66%) which showed: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 3.39 (6H, s, CH₃), 3.51 (2H, d, $J = 5.1$ Hz, CH₂CH), 4.54 (2H, s, ArCH₂), 4.56 (1H, t, $J = 5.1$ Hz, CH(OR)₂), 5.02 (1H, bs, OH), 6.64 (2H, d, $J = 9.2$ Hz, ArH), 6.76 (2H, d, $J = 8.6$ Hz, ArH), 7.03 (2H, d, $J = 8.6$ Hz, ArH) and 7.10 (2H, d, $J = 9.1$ Hz, ArH) ppm. ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 53.8 (CH₂CH), 54.4 (ArCH₂), 54.6 (CH₃), 103.2 (CH(OR)₂), 113.6 (ArCH), 115.4 (ArCH), 121.4 (ArCCl), 127.8 (ArCH), 128.9 (ArCH), 129.1 (ArCH₂), 147.2 (ArCN) and 154.5 (ArCOH) ppm. LC/MS (ES⁺) $t_r = 4.19$ min (74 %), m/z 321.6 (M⁺); (RP, Isocratic, 80% MeOH). HRMS (ES⁺) calcd. for C₁₇H₂₁ClNO₃ (M⁺+H) 322.1210, found 322.1201; calcd. for C₁₇H₂₀ClNaO₃ (M⁺+Na) 344.1029, found 344.1043.

N-(3,4-Dimethoxybenzyl)-N-(2,2-dimethoxyethyl)-4-methoxyaniline (9l)

The crude compound was purified by column chromatography (eluent: from 0% to 40% EtOAc in pet. ether) to give the product as an orange oil (6.58 g, 91%) which showed: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 3.37 (6H, s), 3.45 (2H, t, $J = 4.7$ Hz), 3.73 (3H, s), 3.81 (3H, s),

3.84 (3H, s), 4.48 (2H, s), 4.56 (1H, bs) and 6.69 – 6.82 (7H, m) ppm. HRMS (ES⁺) calcd. C₂₀H₂₈NO₅ (M⁺+H) 362.1962, found 362.1976.

***N*-(2,2-Dimethoxyethyl)-4-methoxy-*N*-(3,4,5-trimethoxybenzyl)aniline (9m)**

The crude compound was purified by column chromatography (eluent: from 0% to 50% EtOAc in pet. ether) to give the product as an orange oil (7.71 g, 98%) which showed: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 3.37 (6H, s), 3.47 (2H, d, *J* = 5.1 Hz), 3.74 (3H, s), 3.78 (6H, s), 3.81 (3H, s), 4.47 (2H, s), 4.56 (1H, t, *J* = 5.1 Hz), 6.46 (2H, s), 6.72 (2H, d, *J* = 9.2 Hz) and 6.79 (2H, d, *J* = 9.2 Hz) ppm. HRMS (ES⁺) calcd. C₂₁H₃₀NO₆ (M⁺+H) 392.2068, found 392.2081.

4-Chloro-*N*-(2,2-dimethoxyethyl)-*N*-(2-methoxybenzyl)aniline (9n)

The crude compound was purified by column chromatography (from 0% to 30% EtOAc in pet. ether) to give the product as a yellow oil (4.84 g, 96%) which showed: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 3.40 (6H, s, CH(OCH₃)₂), 3.54 (2H, d, *J* = 5.1 Hz, NCH₂CH), 3.86 (3H, s, ArOCH₃), 4.59 (2H, s, ArCH₂N), 4.62 (1H, t, *J* = 5.1 Hz, CH(OCH₃)₂), 6.66 (2H, d, *J* = 9.1 Hz, ArCH, aniline), 6.84 (1H, td, *J* = 1.3, 7.2 Hz, ArCH, benzyl), 6.88 (1H, d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, ArCH, benzyl), 6.98 (1H, d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, ArCH, benzyl), 7.10 (2H, d, *J* = 9.1 Hz, ArCH, aniline) and 7.22 (1H, td, *J* = 1.3, 8.2 Hz, ArCH, benzyl) ppm. ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 50.6 (ArCH₂), 54.2 (NCH₂CH), 54.7 (CH(OCH₃)₂), 55.1 (ArOCH₃), 103.1 (CH(OCH₃)₂), 110.0 (ArCH, benzyl), 113.7 (2 x ArCH, aniline), 120.3 (ArCH, benzyl), 121.8 (ArC(Cl)), 124.9 (ArCCH₂), 127.2 (ArCH, benzyl), 127.9 (ArCH, benzyl), 128.9 (2 x ArCH, aniline), 146.7 (ArCN) and 157.1 (ArCO) ppm. HRMS (ES⁺) calc. for C₁₈H₂₃³⁵ClNO₃ (M⁺+H) 336.1361, found 336.1355. Calc. for C₁₈H₂₃³⁷ClNO₃ (M⁺+H) 338.1331, found 338.1306.

***N*-Benzyl-*N*-(2,2-dimethoxyethyl)-3-methoxyaniline (9o)**

The crude compound was purified by column chromatography (eluent: from 0% to 10% EtOAc in pet. ether) to give a colorless oil (2.21 g, 73%) which showed: ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 3.40 (6H, s, $\text{CH}(\text{OCH}_3)_2$), 3.55 (2H, d, $J = 5.1$ Hz, CH_2CH), 3.74 (3H, s, ArOCH_3), 4.62 (1H, t, $J = 5.1$ Hz, $\text{CH}(\text{OR})_2$), 4.65 (2H, s, ArCH_2), 6.28 (1H, ddd, $J = 0.6, 2.5, 8.2$ Hz, ArH), 6.30 (1H, t, $J = 2.5$ Hz, ArH), 6.36 (1H, ddd, $J = 0.6, 2.5, 8.2$ Hz, ArH), 7.10 (1H, t, $J = 8.2$ Hz, ArH), 7.19 - 7.23 (3H, m, ArH) and 7.27 - 7.32 (2H, m, ArH) ppm. ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 53.9 (CH_2CH), 54.7 ($\text{CH}(\text{OCH}_3)_2$), 55.0 (ArCH_2), 55.2 (ArOCH_3), 99.0 (ArCH), 101.5 (ArCH), 103.5 ($\text{CH}(\text{OR})_2$), 105.5 (ArCH), 126.6 (ArCH), 126.8 (ArCH), 128.7 (ArCH), 130.1 (ArCH), 138.8 (ArCCH_2), 150.2 (ArCN) and 160.9 (ArCOCH_3) ppm. LC/MS (ES^+) $t_r = 2.48$ min (96 %), m/z 301.5 (M^+); (RP, Isocratic, 90% MeOH). HRMS (ES^+) calcd. for $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{24}\text{NO}_3$ ($\text{M}^+ + \text{H}$) 302.1751, found 302.1738.

***N*-Benzyl-*N*-(2,2-dimethoxyethyl)-3,4,5-trimethoxyaniline (9p)**

The crude compound was purified by column chromatography (eluent 0% to 30% EtOAc in pet. ether) to give the product as a colorless oil (3.08 g, 85%) which showed: ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 3.41 (6H, s, $\text{CH}(\text{OCH}_3)_2$), 3.54 (2H, d, $J = 5.0$ Hz, CH_2CH), 3.74 (6H, s, ArOCH_3), 3.76 (3H, s, ArOCH_3), 4.59 (1H, t, $J = 5.0$ Hz, $\text{CH}(\text{OR})_2$), 4.60 (2H, s, ArCH_2), 5.97 (2H, s, ArH), 7.21 - 7.24 (3H, m, ArH) and 7.28 - 7.33 (2H, m, ArH) ppm. ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 54.66 ($\text{CH}(\text{OCH}_3)_2$), 54.69 (CH_2CH), 55.73 (ArCH_2), 56.07 (ArOCH_3), 61.21 (ArOCH_3), 91.0 (ArCH), 103.8 ($\text{CH}(\text{OR})_2$), 126.8 (ArCH), 127.0 (ArCH), 128.7 (ArCH), 129.9 (ArCOCH_3), 139.1 (ArCCH_2), 145.8 (ArCN) and 153.8 (ArCOCH_3) ppm. LC/MS (ES^+) $t_r = 1.93$ min (89 %), m/z 361.3 (M^+); (RP, Isocratic, 90% MeOH). HRMS (ES^+) calcd. for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{28}\text{NO}_5$ ($\text{M}^+ + \text{H}$) 362.1962, found 362.1948.

General method for the PF cyclization with HClO₄ (method A): Compound **9a** (3.0 g, 11.1 mmol) was dissolved in 70% HClO₄ (33 mL) and stirred for 1 h at rt. The mixture was then diluted with water (30 mL) and basified by carefully pouring the mixture over Na₂CO₃. The aqueous layer was then extracted with EtOAc (3 × 30 mL) and the combined organics were dried with MgSO₄, filtered and evaporated to give a brown foam (2.97 g).

General method for the PF cyclization with HCl (method B): Compound **9f** (500 mg, 1.66 mmol) was dissolved in 6 M HCl (2 mL) and stirred at rt for 1 h during which time the mixture turned red. The reaction mixture was cooled to 0 °C and then quenched by the slow addition of aq 3 M NaOH (10 mL) (a white suspension with a yellow precipitate formed). The mixture was then extracted with EtOAc (3 × 20 mL). The organic layer was dried with MgSO₄, filtered and evaporated to give a yellow-brown oil (445 mg).

2-Phenyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolin-4-ol (10a)

The compound was synthesized according to method A. A sample of crude compound was purified by column chromatography (eluent: from 0% to 10% EtOAc in pet. ether) to give a yellow oil which showed: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.65 (1H, bs, OH), 3.39 (1H, dd, *J* = 2.6, 12.6 Hz, H₃-THIQ), 3.86 (1H, ddd, *J* = 1.1, 3.8, 12.6 Hz, H₃-THIQ), 4.20 (1H, d, *J* = 15.4 Hz, H₁-THIQ), 4.49 (1H, d, *J* = 15.4 Hz, H₁-THIQ), 4.79 (1H, bs, H₄-THIQ), 6.94 (1H, tt, *J* = 1.1, 7.4 Hz, ArH, phenyl), 7.09 (2H, dd, *J* = 1.0, 8.8 Hz, ArH, phenyl), 7.17 – 7.23 (1H, m), 7.29 – 7.32 (2H, m, H₆,H₇-THIQ), 7.34 (2H, dd, *J* = 7.3, 8.8 Hz, ArH, phenyl) and 7.47 – 7.51 (1H, m) ppm. ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 51.4 (C₁-THIQ), 55.6 (C₃-THIQ), 67.3 (C₄-THIQ), 116.6 (ArCH, phenyl), 120.2 (ArCH, phenyl), 126.5, 127.2, 128.2, 129.3, 129.4 (ArCH, phenyl), 136.7, 134.3 and 151.1 (ArCN) ppm. LC/MS (ES⁺) *t_r* = 1.75 min (66 %), *m/z* 226.0 (M⁺+H); (RP, Isocratic, 90% MeOH). HRMS (ES⁺) calcd. for C₁₅H₁₆NO (M⁺+H) 226.1226, found 226.1234.

6-Methoxy-2-phenyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolin-4-ol (10b)

The compound was synthesized according to method A. A sample of crude compound was purified by column chromatography (eluent: from 0% to 30% EtOAc in pet. ether) to give a yellow oil which showed: ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 2.54 (1H, bs, OH), 3.37 (1H, dd, J = 2.6, 12.6 Hz, H_3 -THIQ), 3.83 (3H, s, ArOCH_3), 3.84 (4H, ddd, J = 1.1, 3.8, 12.6 Hz, H_3 -THIQ), 4.14 (1H, d, J = 14.9 Hz, H_1 -THIQ), 4.43 (1H, d, J = 14.9 Hz, H_1 -THIQ), 4.74 (1H, bs, H_4 -THIQ), 6.88 (1H, dd, J = 2.7, 8.4 Hz, H_7 -THIQ), 6.91 (1H, tt, J = 0.8, 7.4 Hz, ArH, phenyl), 7.01 (1H, d, J = 2.7 Hz, H_5 -THIQ), 7.07 (2H, dd, J = 0.8, 8.7 Hz, ArH, phenyl), 7.10 (1H, d, J = 8.4 Hz, H_8 -THIQ) and 7.32 (2H, dd, J = 7.3, 8.7 Hz, ArH, phenyl) ppm. ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 50.9 (C_1 -THIQ), 55.5 (ArOCH_3), 55.5 (C_3 -THIQ), 67.6 (C_4 -THIQ), 113.1 (C_5 -THIQ), 115.3 (C_7 -THIQ), 116.6 (ArCH, phenyl), 120.2 (ArCH, phenyl), 126.4 ($\text{C}_1\text{--C}_8$ -THIQ), 127.6 (C_8 -THIQ), 129.4 (ArCH, phenyl), 137.8 ($\text{C}_4\text{--C}_5$ -THIQ), 151.2 (ArCN) and 158.7 (C_6 -THIQ) ppm. LC/MS (ES+) t_r = 1.77 min (56%), m/z 255.9 ($\text{M}^+\text{+H}$). HRMS (ES+) calcd. for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{18}\text{NO}_2$ ($\text{M}^+\text{+H}$) 256.1332, found 256.1326.

2-Phenyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-4,6-diol (10d)

The compound was synthesized according to method A. The crude compound was obtained as a brown-yellow solid (2.15 g) which showed: ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 3.42 (1H, ddd, J = 0.6, 2.9, 12.7 Hz), 3.85 (1H, ddd, J = 1.0, 4.0, 12.7 Hz), 4.17 (1H, d, J = 14.3 Hz), 4.46 (1H, d, J = 14.2 Hz), 4.76 (1H, s), 6.84 (1H, dd, J = 2.7, 8.4 Hz), 6.92 - 7.05 (2H, m), 7.08 - 7.13 (3H, m) and 7.31 - 7.39 (3H, m) ppm. LC/MS (ES+) t_r = 1.22 min (81 %), m/z 242.1 ($\text{M}^+\text{+H}$); (RP, Isocratic, 90% MeOH).

7-Bromo-2-phenyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolin-4-ol (10e)

The compound was synthesized according to method A. The crude compound was obtained as a pale yellow oil (250 mg, 48%) which showed: ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ

3.19 (1H, dd, $J = 2.1, 12.9$ Hz, CH_2CH), 4.07 (1H, ddd, $J = 1.6, 2.4, 12.9$ Hz, CH_2CH), 4.11 (1H, d, $J = 15.2$ Hz, ArCH_2), 4.54 (1H, d, $J = 15.5$ Hz, ArCH_2), 5.03 (1H, t, $J = 2.3$ Hz, CHOH), 6.95 (1H, tt, $J = 0.9, 7.4$ Hz, ArH), 7.10 (2H, dd, $J = 0.9, 8.7$ Hz, ArH), 7.16 (1H, d, $J = 2.0$ Hz, ArH), 7.17 (1H, d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, ArH), 7.34 (2H, dd, $J = 7.4, 8.7$ Hz, ArH) and 7.52 (1H, dd, $J = 2.0, 7.2$ Hz, ArH) ppm. ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 51.5 (ArCH_2), 55.7 (CH_2CH), 66.7 (CHOH), 116.8 (ArCH), 117.0 (ArCH), 120.8 (ArCH), 125.8 (ArCBr), 126.0 (ArCH), 129.4 (ArCH), 131.4 (ArCH), 135.6 (ArCCH), 137.1 (ArCCH_2) and 150.9 (ArCN) ppm. LC/MS (ES^+) $t_r = 1.97$ min (61 %), m/z 303.4 ($\text{M}^+ + \text{H}$) (^{79}Br), 305.4 ($\text{M}^+ + \text{H}$) (^{81}Br); (RP, Isocratic, 90% MeOH). HRMS (ES^+) calcd. for $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{15}\text{BrNO}$ ($\text{M}^+ + \text{H}$) (^{79}Br) 304.0332, found 304.0335; calcd. for $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{15}\text{BrNO}$ ($\text{M}^+ + \text{H}$) (^{81}Br) 306.0311, found 306.0323.

7-Methoxy-2-phenyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolin-4-ol (10f)

The compound was synthesized according to method A. The crude compound was purified with chromatography (eluent: from 0% to 25% EtOAc in pet. ether) to give the product as a yellow oil (302 mg, 71%) which showed: ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 2.54 (1H, bs), 3.33 (2H, dd, $J = 2.3, 12.6$ Hz), 3.81 (4H, s), 3.87 (2H, dd, $J = 3.0, 12.6$ Hz), 4.14 (2H, d, $J = 15.4$ Hz), 4.45 (2H, d, $J = 15.4$ Hz), 4.73 (1H, s), 6.69 (1H, d, $J = 2.3$ Hz), 6.84 (1H, dd, $J = 2.3, 8.4$ Hz), 6.92 (1H, t, $J = 7.3$ Hz), 7.07 (2H, d, $J = 8.1$ Hz), 7.32 (2H, t, $J = 7.8$ Hz) and 7.39 (2H, d, $J = 8.4$ Hz) ppm. LC/MS (ES^+) $t_r = 1.71$ min (75 %), m/z 255.9 ($\text{M}^+ + \text{H}$); (RP, Isocratic, 90% MeOH). HRMS (ES^+) calcd. $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{17}\text{NNaO}_2$ ($\text{M}^+ + \text{Na}$) 278.1151, found 278.1153.

2-(4-Clorophenyl)-7-methoxy-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolin-4-ol (10g)

The compound was synthesized according to method A. The crude compound was purified by column chromatography (eluent: from 0% to 40% EtOAc in pet. ether) to give a dark yellow wax (2.39 g, 31%) which showed: ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 2.36 (1H, d, J

= 8.6 Hz, OH), 3.32 (2H, dd, $J = 2.5, 12.6$ Hz, H₃-THIQ), 3.82 (3H, s, OCH₃), 3.82 (5H, ddd, $J = 1.3, 3.5, 12.8$ Hz, H₃-THIQ), 4.13 (2H, d, $J = 15.3$ Hz, H₁-THIQ), 4.42 (2H, d, $J = 15.3$ Hz, H₁-THIQ), 4.74 (1H, bs, H₄-THIQ), 6.69 (1H, d, $J = 2.6$ Hz, H₈-THIQ), 6.85 (1H, dd, $J = 2.6, 8.5$ Hz, H₆-THIQ), 6.98 (3H, d, $J = 9.0$ Hz, ArH, phenyl), 7.25 (4H, d, $J = 9.0$ Hz, ArH, phenyl) and 7.39 (1H, d, $J = 8.5$ Hz, H₅-THIQ) ppm. ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 51.3 (C₁-THIQ), 55.3 (OCH₃), 55.7 (C₃-THIQ), 66.7 (C₄-THIQ), 110.9 (C₈-THIQ), 113.4 (C₆-THIQ), 117.6 (ArCH, phenyl), 124.9 (ArCCI), 129.0 (C₅CC₆-THIQ), 129.1 (ArCH, phenyl), 130.5 (C₅-THIQ), 135.3 (C₁CC₈-THIQ), 149.6 (ArCN) and 159.4 (C₇-THIQ) ppm. LC/MS (ES⁺) $t_r = 1.95$ min (92 %), m/z 290.0 (M⁺+H); (RP, Isocratic, 90% MeOH). HRMS (ES⁺) calcd. for C₁₆H₁₇³⁵ClNO₂ (M⁺+H) 290.0942, found 290.0935; calcd. C₁₆H₁₇³⁷ClNO₂ (M⁺+H) 292.0913, found 292.0935.

2-*p*-Tolyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-4,6-diol (10i)

The compound was synthesized according to method A. The crude compound was obtained as a brown-yellow solid (2.05 g) which showed: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 3.31 (1H, dd, $J = 2.5, 12.2$ Hz), 3.76 (1H, dd, $J = 3.5, 12.2$ Hz), 4.07 (1H, d, $J = 14.9$ Hz), 4.36 (1H, d, $J = 14.9$ Hz), 4.69 (1H, s), 6.64 (1H, d, $J = 8.7$ Hz), 6.71 - 6.83 (2H, m) and 6.89 - 7.17 (4H, m) ppm. LC/MS (ES⁺) $t_r = 1.52$ min (70 %), m/z 256.1 (M⁺+H); (RP, Isocratic, 90% MeOH).

2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-4,6-diol (10j)

The compound was synthesized according to method A. The crude compound was obtained as a brown-yellow solid (2.17 g) which showed: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 3.26 (1H, dd, $J = 2.5, 12.4$ Hz), 3.62 (1H, ddd, $J = 1.1, 3.7, 12.2$ Hz), 3.78 (3H, s), 4.00 (1H, d, $J = 14.6$ Hz), 4.25 (1H, d, $J = 14.6$ Hz), 4.66 (1H, t, $J = 3.0$ Hz), 6.77 (1H, dd, $J = 2.7, 8.3$ Hz), 6.87 (2H, d, $J = 9.0$ Hz), 6.90 (1H, d, $J = 2.7$ Hz), 6.99 (1H, d, $J = 8.3$ Hz) and

7.02 (2H, d, $J = 9.0$ Hz) ppm. LC/MS (ES^+) $t_r = 1.35$ min (98 %), m/z 271.8 ($M^+ + H$); (RP, Isocratic, 90% MeOH).

2-(4-Chlorophenyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-4,6-diol (10k)

The compound was synthesized according to method A. The crude compound was purified by column chromatography (eluent: 10% MeOH in DCM) to give a yellow-brown solid (1.88g, 95%) which showed: 1H NMR (500 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 2.63 (1H, bs, C_4OH), 3.37 (1H, dd, $J = 2.2, 12.6$ Hz, H_3-THIQ), 3.76 (1H, dd, $J = 3.6, 12.6$ Hz, H_3-THIQ), 4.11 (1H, d, $J = 14.8$ Hz, H_1-THIQ), 4.38 (1H, d, $J = 14.8$ Hz, H_1-THIQ), 4.72 (1H, s, H_4-THIQ), 5.30 (1H, bs, C_6OH), 6.81 (1H, dd, $J = 2.3, 8.3$ Hz, H_7-THIQ), 6.96 (1H, d, $J = 2.2$ Hz, H_5-THIQ), 6.99 (2H, d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 2 x ArCH, phenyl), 7.05 (1H, d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, H_7-THIQ) and 7.27 (2H, d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 2 x ArCH, phenyl) ppm. ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 50.8 (C_1-THIQ), 55.3 (C_3-THIQ), 67.1 (C_4-THIQ), 115.1 (C_5-THIQ), 115.9 (C_7-THIQ), 117.6 (2 x ArCH, phenyl), 125.0 (ArCCl), 125.9 (C_1CC_8-THIQ), 127.7 (C_8-THIQ), 129.1 (2 x ArCH, phenyl), 137.6 (C_4CC_5-THIQ), 149.6 (ArCN) and 154.6 (C_6-THIQ) ppm. LC/MS (ES^+) $t_r = 1.65$ min (72 %), m/z 276.1 ($M^+ + H$); (RP, Isocratic, 90% MeOH). HRMS (ES^-) calcd. for $C_{15}H_{13}ClNO_2$ ($M^- - H$) 274.0640, found 274.0629. Mp 168-171 °C

6,7-Dimethoxy-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolin-4-ol (10l)

The compound was synthesized according to method A. The crude compound was purified by column chromatography (eluent: from 0% to 50% EtOAc in pet. ether) to give the product as a white solid (3.54 g, 62%) which showed: 1H NMR (500 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 2.67 (1H, bs, OH), 3.23 (1H, dd, $J = 2.3, 12.3$ Hz, H_3-THIQ), 3.71 (1H, dd, $J = 3.1, 12.3$ Hz, H_3-THIQ), 3.79 (3H, s, OCH_3 , phenyl), 3.88 (3H, s, C_6OCH_3-THIQ), 3.90 (3H, s, C_7OCH_3-THIQ), 4.01 (1H, d, $J = 14.8$ Hz, H_1-THIQ), 4.27 (1H, d, $J = 14.8$ Hz, H_1-THIQ), 4.67 (1H, bs, H_4-THIQ), 6.62 (1H, s, H_8-THIQ), 6.89 (2H, d, $J = 9.0$ Hz, 2 x ArCH, phenyl), 6.96 (1H,

s, H₅-THIQ) and 7.03 (2H, d, J = 8.9 Hz, 2 x ArCH, phenyl) ppm. ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 52.7 (C₁-THIQ), 55.6 (OCH₃, phenyl), 55.9 (2 x OCH₃, THIQ), 57.2 (C₃-THIQ), 67.2 (C₄-THIQ), 108.6 (C₈-THIQ), 111.6 (C₅-THIQ), 114.5 (2 x ArCH, phenyl), 118.9 (2 x ArCH, phenyl), 126.8 (C₁CC₈-THIQ), 128.6 (C₄CC₅-THIQ), 145.3 (ArCN), 148.1 (C₇-THIQ), 148.9 (C₆-THIQ) and 154.2 (ArCO, phenyl) ppm. HRMS (ES⁺) calcd. C₁₈H₂₂NO₄ (M⁺+H) 316.1543, found 316.1543. Mp 136-137 °C (DCM/Et₂O).

5,6,7-Trimethoxy-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolin-4-ol (10m)

The compound was synthesized according to method A. The crude compound was purified by column chromatography (eluent: from 0% to 100% EtOAc in pet. ether) to give the product as a dark brown solid (5.49 g, 82%) which showed: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.90 (1H, bs, OH), 3.18 (1H, dd, J = 2.7, 12.4 Hz, H₃-THIQ), 3.70 (1H, dd, J = 3.5, 12.6 Hz, H₃-THIQ), 3.79 (3H, s, OCH₃, phenyl), 3.86 (3H, s, C₆OCH₃-THIQ), 3.87 (3H, s, C₇OCH₃-THIQ), 3.98 (1H, d, J = 15.1 Hz, H₁-THIQ), 4.02 (3H, s, C₅OCH₃-THIQ), 4.29 (1H, d, J = 15.0 Hz, H₁-THIQ), 4.98 (1H, bs, H₄-THIQ), 6.45 (1H, s, H₈-THIQ), 6.88 (2H, d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2 x ArCH, phenyl) and 7.04 (2H, d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2 x ArCH, phenyl) ppm. ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 53.2 (C₁-THIQ), 55.6 (OCH₃, phenyl), 56.0 (C₆OCH₃-THIQ), 56.9 (C₃-THIQ), 60.9 (C₇OCH₃-THIQ), 61.5 (C₅OCH₃-THIQ), 62.7 (C₄-THIQ), 104.6 (C₈-THIQ), 114.5 (2 x ArCH, phenyl), 119.1 (2 x ArCH, phenyl), 123.0 (C₁CC₈-THIQ), 130.5 (C₄CC₅-THIQ), 140.6 (C₇-THIQ), 145.3 (ArCN), 152.2 (C₅-THIQ), 153.5 (C₆-THIQ) and 154.3 (ArCO, phenyl) ppm. HRMS (ES⁺) calcd. C₁₉H₂₄NO₅ (M⁺+H) 346.1649, found 346.1638.

2-(3-Methoxyphenyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolin-4-ol (10o)

The compound was synthesized according to method A. The crude compound was obtained as a yellow oil (1.73 g) which showed: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.46 (1H, bs), 3.40 (1H, dd, J = 2.7, 12.6 Hz), 3.83 (3H, s), 3.85 (1H, ddd, J = 0.7, 3.9, 12.6 Hz), 4.21

(1H, d, J = 15.5 Hz), 4.50 (1H, d, J = 15.5 Hz), 4.79 (1H, s), 6.47 (1H, dd, J = 2.3, 8.2 Hz), 6.61 (1H, t, J = 2.3 Hz), 6.69 (1H, dd, J = 2.3, 8.2 Hz), 7.17 - 7.20 (1H, m), 7.23 (1H, t, J = 8.2 Hz), 7.28 - 7.32 (2H, m) and 7.45 - 7.53 (1H, m) ppm. LC/MS (ES⁺) t_r = 1.78 min (87 %), m/z 256.1 (M⁺+H); (RP, Isocratic, 90% MeOH).

1-(2-(Benzylamino)-4,6-dimethoxyphenyl)-2,2-dimethoxyethan-1-ol (11)

The crude compound was purified by chromatography (eluent 0% to 40% EtOAc in pet. ether) to give the product as a pale yellow oil (1.94 g, 56%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 3.28 (3H, s, CHOCH₃), 3.47 (3H, s, CHOCH₃), 3.70 (3H, s, ArOCH₃), 3.78 (3H, s, ArOCH₃), 4.32 (2H, d, J = 2.8 Hz, ArCH₂), 4.75 (1H, d, J = 6.9 Hz, CH(OR)₂), 5.24 (1H, d, J = 6.9 Hz, ArCH), 5.88 (1H, d, J = 2.2 Hz, ArH), 5.94 (1H, d, J = 2.2 Hz, ArH), 7.23 - 7.26 (1H, m, ArH) and 7.31 - 7.37 (4H, m, ArH) ppm. ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 48.0 (ArCH₂), 54.9 (ArOCH₃), 55.0 (CHOCH₃), 55.7 (ArOCH₃), 55.9 (CHOCH₃), 68.2 (ArCHOH), 88.2 (ArCH), 91.3 (ArCH), 103.7 (ArCCH), 105.2 (CH(OR)₂), 127.0 (ArCH), 127.3 (ArCH), 128.6 (ArCH), 139.7 (ArCCH₂), 149.4 (ArCN), 159.3 (ArCOCH₃) and 161.1 (ArCOCH₃) ppm. LC/MS (ES⁺) t_r = 1.27 min (95%), m/z 348.0 (M⁺+H); HRMS (ES⁺) calcd. for C₁₉H₂₆NO₅ (M⁺+H) 348.1805, found 348.1793.

5-Bromo-2-phenyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolin-4-ol (14e)

The compound was synthesized according to method A. The crude compound was obtained as a pale yellow oil (50 mg, 10%) which showed: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 3.35 (1H, dd, J = 2.7, 12.7 Hz, CH₂CH), 3.77 (1H, ddd, J = 1.0, 3.9, 12.7 Hz, CH₂CH), 3.89 (1H, bs, OH), 4.13 (1H, d, J = 15.6 Hz, ArCH₂), 4.37 (1H, d, J = 15.6 Hz, ArCH₂), 4.72 (1H, t, J = 3.3 Hz, CHOH), 6.93 (1H, tt, J = 0.9, 7.2 Hz, ArH), 7.03 (2H, dd, J = 0.9, 8.7 Hz, ArH), 7.29 - 7.35 (4H, m, ArH) and 7.39 (1H, dd, J = 2.0, 8.2 Hz, ArH) ppm. ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 51.0 (ArCH₂), 55.5 (CH₂CH), 66.6 (CHOH), 116.7 (ArCH), 120.6 (ArCH),

121.9 (ArCBr), 129.3 (ArCH), 129.4 (ArCH), 130.3 (ArCH), 131.0 (ArCH), 135.7 (ArCCH), 136.5 (ArCCH₂) and 150.7 (ArCN) ppm. LC/MS (ES⁺) t_r = 2.20 min (86 %), m/z 303.4 (M⁺+H) (⁷⁹Br), 305.4 (M⁺+H) (⁸¹Br); (RP, Isocratic, 90% MeOH). HRMS (ES+) calcd. for C₁₅H₁₅⁷⁹BrNO (M⁺+H) 304.0332, found 304.0321; calcd. for C₁₅H₁₅⁸¹BrNO (M⁺+H) 306.0311, found 306.0320.

1-Benzyl-4,5,6-trimethoxy-1*H*-indole (16p)

The compound was synthesized according to method A. The crude compound was purified by chromatography (eluent from 0% to 30% EtOAc in pet. ether) to yield the product as a pale yellow oil (71 mg, 22%) which showed: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 3.82 (3H, s, CH₃), 3.87 (3H, s, CH₃), 4.13 (3H, s, CH₃), 5.23 (2H, s, ArCH₂), 6.47 (1H, s, ArH), 6.59 (1H, dd, *J* = 0.8, 3.2 Hz, ArH), 6.94 - 6.97 (1H, m, ArH), 7.11 - 7.15 (2H, m, ArH) and 7.25 - 7.34 (3H, m, ArH) ppm. ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 50.2 (ArCH₂), 56.3 (CH₃), 60.7 (CH₃), 61.4 (CH₃), 88.2 (ArCH), 99.2 (ArCH), 115.6 (ArCCH), 126.2 (ArCH), 126.8 (ArCH), 127.6 (ArCH), 128.7 (ArCH), 133.4 (ArCN), 135.5 (ArCOCH₃), 137.3 (ArCCH₂), 145.9 (ArCOCH₃) and 151.0 (ArCOCH₃) ppm. LC/MS (ES⁺) t_r = 1.02 min (76 %), m/z 298.1 (M⁺+H); (RP, Isocratic, 90% MeOH); HRMS (ES+) calcd. for C₁₈H₂₀NO₃ (M⁺+H) 298.1438, found 298.1448.

***N*-Benzyl-2,2-dimethoxy-*N*-phenethylethanamine (18)**

2-Phenylethylamine (1.3 mL, 10.0 mmol) and benzaldehyde (1.0 mL, 10.0 mmol) were dissolved in CHCl₃ (50 mL) and treated with NaBH(OAc)₃ (3.3 g, 15.0 mmol). After stirring for 2 h at rt, 2,2-dimethoxyacetaldehyde (1.5 mL, 10.0 mmol) was introduced followed by NaBH(OAc)₃ (3.30 g, 15.0 mmol). After stirring for 6 h, the mixture was quenched with a saturated aqueous solution of NaHCO₃ and the aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (2 × 50 mL). The combined organics were dried with MgSO₄, filtered and evaporated to

give a pale green oil (2.52 g) which showed: ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 2.74 (2H, d, $J = 5.2$ Hz, CHCH_2), 2.83 (4H, s, CH_2CH_2), 3.34 (6H, s, CH_3), 3.77 (2H, s, ArCH_2N), 4.43 (1H, t, $J = 5.2$ Hz, ArH), 7.15 - 7.23 (3H, m, ArH) and 7.24 - 7.37 (7H, m, ArH) ppm. ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 33.6 (ArCH_2CH_2), 53.9 (CH_3), 55.9 (CHCH_2N), 56.7 ($\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{N}$), 59.4 (ArCH_2N), 104.2 ($\text{CH}(\text{OR})_2$), 126.0 (ArCH), 127.0 (ArCH), 128.3 (ArCH), 128.4 (ArCH), 129.0 (ArCH), 129.0 (ArCH), 139.7 (ArCCH_2N) and 140.7 ($\text{ArCCH}_2\text{CH}_2$) ppm. LC/MS (ES^+) $t_r = 1.08$ min (98 %), m/z 300.2 ($\text{M}^+ + \text{H}$); (RP, Isocratic, 90% MeOH). HRMS (ES^+) calcd. for $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{26}\text{NO}_2$ ($\text{M}^+ + \text{H}$) 300.1958, found 300.1967.

5,7,8,13-Tetrahydro-6,13-methanodibenzo[*c,f*]azonine (21)

The compound was synthesized according to method A. The crude compound was obtained as a yellow oil (856 mg, 83%) which showed: ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 2.35 (1H, ddd, $J = 1.3, 4.4, 15.7$ Hz, $\text{ArCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{N}$), 3.10 (1H, ddd, $J = 2.2, 12.9, 15.7$ Hz, $\text{ArCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{N}$), 3.31 (1H, ddd, $J = 2.2, 12.9, 15.0$ Hz, $\text{ArCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{N}$), 3.46 (1H, ddd, $J = 1.3, 4.4, 15.0$ Hz, $\text{ArCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{N}$), 3.56 (1H, dd, $J = 0.8, 13.9$ Hz, NCH_2CH), 3.67 (1H, ddd, $J = 1.0, 5.2, 13.9$ Hz, NCH_2CH), 3.88 (1H, d, $J = 5.2$ Hz, CH_2CH), 4.09 (1H, dd, $J = 1.5, 17.1$ Hz, ArCH_2N), 4.61 (1H, d, $J = 17.3$ Hz, ArCH_2N), 6.96 (1H, d, $J = 7.4$ Hz, ArH), 7.03 (1H, d, $J = 8.6$ Hz, ArH), 7.06 - 7.13 (3H, m, ArH), 7.13 - 7.22 (2H, m, ArH) and 7.32 (1H, dd, $J = 1.2, 7.4$ Hz, ArH) ppm. ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 34.7 ($\text{ArCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{N}$), 44.5 (CH_2CH), 52.5 (NCH_2CH), 53.6 (ArCH_2N), 56.2 ($\text{ArCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{N}$), 125.1 (ArCH), 126.7 (ArCH), 126.8 (ArCH), 126.9 (ArCH), 126.9 (ArCH), 129.0 (ArCH), 130.4 (ArCH), 130.9 (ArCH), 134.6 (ArCCH_2N), 135.2 (ArCCH), 140.8 ($\text{ArCCH}_2\text{CH}_2$) and 145.0 (ArCCH) ppm. LC/MS (ES^+) $t_r = 0.95$ min (99 %), m/z 236.0 ($\text{M}^+ + \text{H}$); (RP, Isocratic, 90% MeOH). HRMS (ES^+) calcd. for $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{18}\text{N}$ ($\text{M}^+ + \text{H}$) 236.1434, found 236.1441.

2,2-Dimethoxy-*N*-(3-methoxybenzyl)-*N*-(4-methoxybenzyl)ethanamine (22)

m-Anisaldehyde (1.2 mL, 10.0 mmol) and 2,2-dimethoxyethylamine (1.1 mL, 10.0 mmol) were dissolved in CHCl₃ (50 mL) and treated with NaBH(OAc)₃ (3.3 g, 15.0 mmol). After stirring for 2 h at rt, *p*-anisaldehyde (1.2 mL, 10.0 mmol) was introduced followed by NaBH(OAc)₃ (3.30 g, 15.0 mmol). After stirring for 6h at rt, the mixture was quenched with a saturated aqueous solution of NaHCO₃ and the aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (2 × 50 mL). The combined organics were dried with MgSO₄, filtered and evaporated to give a pale green oil (3.49 g). The crude compound was purified by column chromatography to give the product as a colorless oil (2.78 g, 80%) which showed: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.63 (2H, d, *J* = 5.2 Hz, CH₂CH), 3.27 (6H, s, CH(OCH₃)), 3.56 - 3.66 (4H, m, ArCH₂), 3.80 (3H, s, ArOCH₃), 3.81 (3H, s, ArOCH₃), 4.46 (1H, t, *J* = 5.2 Hz, CH(OR)₂), 6.78 (1H, dd, *J* = 2.1, 7.8 Hz, ArH), 6.85 (2H, d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, ArH), 6.95 (2H, d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, ArH), 6.97 - 6.98 (1H, m, ArH), 7.22 (1H, t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, ArH) and 7.28 (2H, d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, ArH) ppm. ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 53.6 CH(OCH₃)₂, 55.0 (CH₂CH), 55.3 (ArOCH₃), 55.4 (ArOCH₃), 58.5 (ArCH₂), 58.9 (ArCH₂), 104.0 (ArCH), 112.4 (ArCH), 113.7 (ArCH), 114.5 (ArCH), 121.3 (ArCH), 129.2 (ArCH), 130.2 (ArCH), 131.6 (ArCCH₂), 141.6 (ArCCH₂), 158.8 (ArCOCH₃) and 159.7 (ArCOCH₃) ppm. LC/MS (ES⁺) *t*_r = 1.03 min (96 %), *m/z* 346.3 (M⁺+H); (RP, Isocratic, 90% MeOH). HRMS (ES⁺) calcd. for C₂₀H₂₈NO₄ (M⁺+H) 346.2013, found 346.2025.

7-Methoxy-2-(4-methoxybenzyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolin-4-ol (24)

The compound was synthesized according to method A. The crude compound was purified by column chromatography (eluent: from 0% to 100% EtOAc in pet. ether) to give the product as a yellow oil (223 mg, 34%) which showed: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.61 (1H, dd, *J* = 2.6, 11.6 Hz CHCH₂), 2.81 (1H, bs, OH), 3.05 (1H, ddd, *J* = 1.2, 3.1, 11.6 Hz, CHCH₂), 3.33 (1H, d, *J* = 15.1 Hz, ArCH₂ (THIQ)), 3.66 (2H, d, *J* = 5.1 Hz, ArCH₂

(benzylic)), 3.76 (3H, s, CH₃), 3.76 (1H, d, J = 15.1 Hz, ArCH₂ (THIQ)), 3.81 (3H, s, CH₃), 4.56 (1H, bs), 6.53 (1H, d, J = 2.5 Hz, ArH (THIQ)), 6.79 (1H, dd, J = 2.5, 8.4 Hz, ArH (THIQ)), 6.88 (3H, d, J = 8.7 Hz, ArH (benzyl)), 7.28 (2H, d, J = 8.7 Hz, ArH (benzyl)) and 7.32 (1H, d, J = 8.4 Hz, ArH (THIQ)) ppm. ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 55.4 (CH₃), 55.4 (CH₃), 56.0 (ArCH₂ (THIQ)), 58.5 (CHCH₂), 62.1 (ArCH₂ (benzyl)), 66.9 (CHCH₂), 110.8 (ArCH (THIQ)), 113.3 (ArCH (THIQ)), 113.9 (ArCH (benzyl)), 129.5 (CHCH₂), 129.9 (ArCH₂ (benzyl)), 130.3 (ArCH (benzyl)), 130.7 (ArCH (THIQ)), 136.5 (ArCH₂ (THIQ)), 159.0 (CH₃) and 159.1 (CH₃) ppm. LC/MS (ES⁺) t_r = 0.88 min (69 %), m/z 300.0 (M⁺+H); (RP, Isocratic, 90% MeOH). HRMS (ES⁺) calcd. for C₁₈H₂₂NO₃ (M⁺+H) 300.1594, found 300.1587.

2,9-Dimethoxy-7,12-dihydro-5H-6,12-methanodibenzo[c,f]azocine (25)

The compound was synthesized according to method A. The crude compound was purified by column chromatography (eluent: from 0% to 30% EtOAc in pet. ether) to give the product as a brown gum (181 mg, 15%) which showed: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 3.35 (1H, d, J = 7.0 Hz, CHCH₂), 3.62 (1H, s, ArCH), 3.72 (3H, s, CH₃), 3.77 (3H, s, CH₃), 3.87 (1H, d, J = 14.0 Hz, ArCH₂), 3.90 (1H, d, J = 7.0 Hz, CHCH₂), 3.90 (1H, d, J = 14.5 Hz, ArCH₂), 4.52 (1H, d, J = 14.5 Hz, ArCH₂), 4.55 (1H, d, J = 14.0 Hz, ArCH₂), 6.52 (1H, d, J = 2.6 Hz, ArH), 6.63 (1H, dd, J = 2.6, 8.4 Hz, ArH), 6.66 (1H, dd, J = 2.6, 8.4 Hz, ArH), 6.75 (1H, d, J = 2.6 Hz, ArH), 6.89 (1H, d, J = 8.4 Hz, ArH) and 7.15 (1H, d, J = 8.4 Hz, ArH) ppm. ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 35.9 (CHCH₂), 49.4 (CHCH₂), 55.2 (CH₃), 55.3 (CH₃), 56.9 (ArCH₂), 57.7 (ArCH₂), 110.8 (ArCH), 111.9 (ArCH), 112.4 (ArCH), 112.5 (ArCH), 126.0 (ArCH₂), 127.1 (ArCH), 128.4 (ArCH), 132.8 (ArCH), 135.5 (ArCH₂), 142.1 (ArCH), 157.8 (ArCOCH₃) and 157.9 (ArCOCH₃) ppm. LC/MS (ES⁺) t_r = 0.90 min (94 %), m/z 282.2 (M⁺+H); (RP, Isocratic, 90% MeOH). HRMS (ES⁺) calcd. for C₁₈H₂₀NO₂ (M⁺+H) 282.1489, found 282.1482.