

Supporting Information
for
Hypervalent iodine compounds for anti-Markovnikov-
type iodo-oxyimination of vinylarenes

Igor B. Krylov^{1,2}, Stanislav A. Paveliev¹, Mikhail A. Syroeshkin¹, Alexander A. Korlyukov^{3,4}, Pavel V. Dorovatskii⁵, Yan V. Zubavichus⁵, Gennady I. Nikishin¹ and Alexander O. Terent'ev^{1,2*}

Address: ¹N. D. Zelinsky Institute of Organic Chemistry of the Russian Academy of Sciences, 47 Leninsky prosp., 119991 Moscow, Russian Federation, ²All-Russian Research Institute for Phytopathology, 143050 B. Vyazyomy, Moscow Region, Russian Federation, ³Nesmeyanov Institute of Organoelement Compounds, Russian Academy of Sciences, Vavilov str., 28, 119991 Moscow, Russian Federation, ⁴Pirogov Russian National Research Medical University, Ostrovitianov str., 1, 117997 Moscow, Russian Federation and ⁵ National Research Center "Kurchatov Institute", Akademika Kurchatova pl., 1, 123182 Moscow, Russian Federation

Email: Alexander Olegovich Terent'ev* - terentev@ioc.ac.ru

*Corresponding author

**Experimental procedures, characterization data, copies of spectra and
the ORTEP diagram and X-ray data for compound 3ca**

Table of contents

Experimental details	.....	S3
NMR spectra of compounds		
3aa-ka, 3ab-db, 3fb, 3hb, 3kb, 4a-c	.....	S13
HRMS spectra of compounds		
3ga, 3ia, 3cb, 4a-c	.....	S65
FT-IR spectra for compound		
3aa-ka, 3ab-db, 3fb, 3hb, 3kb, 4a-c	.....	S71
Structure Determination by X-ray crystallography	.....	S92

General methods

^1H , ^{13}C and ^{19}F NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker AVANCE II 300 spectrometer (300.13 MHz, 75.47 MHz and 282.40 MHz, respectively) in CDCl_3 and $\text{DMSO}-d_6$. ^1H - ^{15}N HMBC NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker AVANCE III 400 spectrometer (400.13 MHz and 40.56 Hz, respectively). Chemical shifts were reported in parts per million (ppm), and the residual solvent peak was used as an internal reference: ^1H (CDCl_3 δ = 7.26 ppm, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$ δ = 2.50 ppm), ^{13}C (CDCl_3 δ = 77.16 ppm, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$ δ = 39.52 ppm). Multiplicity was indicated as follows: s (singlet), d (doublet), t (triplet), q (quartet), dd (doublet of doublets), dt (doublet of triplets), td (triplet of doublets), m (multiplet).

High resolution mass spectra (HR-MS) were measured on a Bruker maXis instrument using electrospray ionization (ESI). The measurements were performed in the positive ion mode (interface capillary voltage – 4500 V) at a mass range from m/z 50 to m/z 3000 Da and external calibration with Electrospray Calibrant Solution (Fluka). A syringe injection was used for all acetonitrile solutions (flow rate 3 $\mu\text{L}/\text{min}$). Nitrogen was applied as a drying gas and the interface temperature was set at 180 $^\circ\text{C}$. FT-IR spectra were recorded on a Bruker ALPHA FT-IR spectrometer.

Materials

Column chromatography was performed using silica gel (0.060–0.200 mm, 60 \AA , Acros). Dichloromethane (DCM) and hexane were distilled over K_2CO_3 . Acetonitrile (MeCN) and ethyl acetate (EtOAc) were distilled over P_2O_5 . Toluene (PhMe) was distilled over sodium metal. Methanol (MeOH) was distilled over magnesium turnings. Glacial acetic acid (AcOH) and *N,N*-dimethylformamide (DMF) were used as received from commercial sources.

Vinylarenes **1a–k**, *N*-hydroxyphthalimide (**2a**, NHPI), *N*-hydroxysuccinimide (**2b**, NHSI), (diacetoxyiodo)benzene ($\text{PhI}(\text{OAc})_2$), 2-iodobenzoic acid, Oxone, *tert*-butylhydroperoxide (70% aqueous solution) (TBHP), sodium iodide dihydrate ($\text{NaI}\cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$), tetrabutylammonium iodide (TBAI), ammonium peroxydisulfate ($(\text{NH}_4)_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_8$), 2,3-dichloro-5,6-dicyano-1,4-benzoquinone (DDQ), *m*-chloroperoxybenzoic acid (70–75%, balance 3-chlorobenzoic acid and water) (*m*-CPBA), sodium benzenesulfinate (PhSO_2Na) and sodium azide (NaN_3) were commercial reagents (Acros, Sigma, Alfa Aesar). [Bis(trifluoroacetoxy)iodo]benzene ($\text{PhI}(\text{OCOCF}_3)_2$), 2-iodoxybenzoic acid (IBX) and Dess–Martin periodinane (DMP) were synthesized according to the literature [1-3].

Experimental for Table 1

Iodine (127 mg, 0.5 mmol) was added to a stirred mixture of styrene **1a** (104 mg, 1 mmol) and *N*-hydroxyphthalimide **2a** (163 mg, 1 mmol) in solvent (6 mL) at 20–25 °C. Then, oxidant (PhI(OAc)₂, PhI(OCOCF₃)₂, IBX, DMP, Oxone, TBHP, (NH₄)₂S₂O₈ or DDQ, 84-948 mg, 0.6-3 mmol) was added. At entry 8, NaI·2H₂O (186 mg, 1 mmol) was employed instead of I₂. In entry 9, TBAI (369 mg, 1 mmol) was employed instead of I₂. In entry 16 in addition to Oxone 2-iodobenzoic acid (12 mg, 0.05 mmol) was added. In entry 20 in addition to TBHP TBAI (16 mg, 0.05 mmol) was added. After stirring the reaction mixture under air atmosphere at 20–25 °C for 5 min – 24 h, DCM (30 mL) was added. The mixture was washed with aqueous solution of Na₂S₂O₃·5H₂O (200 mg in 20 mL of water), saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ solution (20 mL), then with water (20 mL), dried over anhydrous MgSO₄ and filtered. DCM was rotary evaporated at 20–25 °C under water-jet vacuum (20–30 mmHg). Product **3aa** was isolated by column chromatography on silica gel using EtOAc – DCM eluent (2.5% volume part of EtOAc).

2-(2-Iodo-2-phenylethoxy)isoindoline-1,3-dione (3aa). White solid: 90% yield (176 mg); mp = 135-136 °C. ¹H NMR (300.13 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.85-7.68 (m, 4H), 7.54 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.36-7.17 (m, 3H), 5.53 (dd, *J*₁ = 9.8 Hz, *J*₂ = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 5.00-4.88 (m, 1H), 4.71 (dd, *J*₁ = 10.7 Hz, *J*₂ = 5.7 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (75.47 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 163.3, 139.8, 134.7, 128.9, 128.7, 128.6, 127.9, 123.7, 81.4, 25.2. ¹⁵N NMR (40.56 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = -163.0. IR (KBr) ν(cm⁻¹): = 1731, 1720, 1465, 1192, 1138, 1127, 1114, 1081, 1020, 988, 875, 716, 696, 519. Anal. Calcd for C₁₆H₁₂INO₃: C, 48.88; H, 3.08; N, 3.56. Found: C, 48.73; H, 2.95; N, 3.56.

General procedure for synthesis of compounds **3aa–ka**, **3ab–db**, **3fb**, **3hb** and **3kb** (experimental for Figure 1)

Iodine (64 mg, 0.25 mmol) was added to a stirred mixture of vinylarene **1a–k** (52-97 mg, 0.50 mmol) and *N*-hydroxyimide **2a,b** (58-82 mg, 0.50 mmol) in DCM (3 mL) at 20–25 °C. Then, PhI(OAc)₂ (97 mg, 0.30 mmol) was added. In the additional experiments compounds **3ca** and **3ga** were prepared using IBX (140 mg, 0.50 mmol) or DMP (64 mg, 0.15 mmol) instead of PhI(OAc)₂. After stirring for 10 min under air atmosphere at 20-25 °C DCM (30 mL) was added and the mixture was washed with aqueous solution of Na₂S₂O₃·5H₂O (200 mg in 20 mL of water), saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ solution (20 mL), then with water (20 mL), dried over anhydrous MgSO₄ and filtered. DCM was rotary evaporated at 20–25 °C under water-jet vacuum (20–30 mmHg). Products **3aa–ka**,

3ab–db, 3fb, 3hb and **3kb** were isolated by column chromatography on silica gel using with EtOAc – DCM eluent (with the volume part of EtOAc gradually increased from 0% to 2.5%).

Iodo-oxyimides **3aa–ka, 3ab–db, 3fb, 3hb** and **3kb** were stored in the freezer and handled with minimal heat due to their potential instability at elevated temperature, which was indicated by the darkening both pure powders and solutions when standing at room temperature for even a few hours.

2-(2-Iodo-2-(p-tolyl)ethoxy)isoindoline-1,3-dione (mixture of regioisomers 4:1) (3ba).

White solid: 81% yield (176 mg); mp = 135-136 °C. ¹H NMR (300.13 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.84-7.66 (m, 4H), 7.47-7.35 (m, 2H), 7.17 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 0.4H), 7.09 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1.6H), 5.56-5.45 (m, 1H), 4.97-4.87 (m, 0.8H), 4.67 (dd, *J*₁ = 10.7 Hz, *J*₂ = 5.6 Hz, 0.8H), 3.73 (dd, *J*₁ = 10.4 Hz, *J*₂ = 6.2 Hz, 0.2H), 3.57 (dd, *J*₁ = 10.4 Hz, *J*₂ = 8.0 Hz, 0.2H), 2.33 (s, 0.6H), 2.25 (s, 2.4H). ¹³C NMR (75.47 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 163.3, 138.7, 136.8, 134.7, 129.7, 128.7, 127.6, 123.7, 81.3, 25.6, 21.3. ¹⁵N NMR (40.56 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = -163.1. IR (KBr) ν(cm⁻¹): 1786, 1726, 1375, 1359, 1187, 1129, 1113, 1081, 978, 877, 699. Anal. Calcd for C₁₇H₁₄INO₃: C, 50.14; H, 3.47; N, 3.44. Found: C, 50.15; H, 3.48; N, 3.43.

2-(2-(4-Chlorophenyl)-2-iodoethoxy)isoindoline-1,3-dione (3ca).

White solid: 91% yield (194 mg); mp = 137-138 °C. ¹H NMR (300.13 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.87-7.70 (m, 4H), 7.50 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.30 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 5.50 (dd, *J*₁ = 10.2 Hz, *J*₂ = 5.3 Hz, 1H), 4.97-4.86 (m, 1H), 4.67 (dd, *J*₁ = 10.7 Hz, *J*₂ = 5.3 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (75.47 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 163.3, 138.5, 134.8, 134.4, 129.3, 129.2, 128.8, 123.7, 81.2, 23.7. ¹⁵N NMR (40.56 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = -163.7. IR (KBr) ν(cm⁻¹): 1787, 1727, 1492, 1469, 1392, 1374, 1360, 1188, 1133, 1081, 1014, 977, 933, 877, 836, 787, 726, 698. Anal. Calcd for C₁₆H₁₁ClINO₃: C, 44.94; H, 2.59; N, 3.28. Found: C, 44.91; H, 2.55; N, 3.22.

2-(2-(4-Fluorophenyl)-2-iodoethoxy)isoindoline-1,3-dione (3da).

White solid: 77% yield (158 mg); mp = 153-154 °C. ¹H NMR (300.13 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.87-7.68 (m, 4H), 7.53 (dd, *J*₁ = 8.6 Hz, *J*₂ = 5.3 Hz, 2H), 7.00 (t, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 5.50 (dd, *J*₁ = 10.1 Hz, *J*₂ = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 4.88 (m, 1H), 4.66 (dd, *J*₁ = 10.7 Hz, *J*₂ = 5.4 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (75.47 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 163.3, 162.5 (d, *J* = 248.6 Hz), 135.8 (d, *J* = 3.4 Hz), 134.8, 129.8 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz), 128.8, 123.7, 115.9 (d, *J* = 21.8 Hz), 81.5, 24.1. ¹⁹F NMR (282.40 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = -112.5 (1F). IR (KBr) ν(cm⁻¹): 1732, 1720, 1509, 1464, 1236, 1138,

1125, 986, 875, 837, 696. Anal. Calcd for C₁₆H₁₁FINO₃: C, 46.74; H, 2.70; N, 3.41. Found: C, 46.51; H, 2.71; N, 3.29.

2-(2-Iodo-2-(*m*-tolyl)ethoxy)isoindoline-1,3-dione (3ea). White solid: 85% yield (173 mg); mp = 123-124 °C. ¹H NMR (300.13 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.82-7.67 (m, 4H), 7.34-7.27 (m, 2H), 7.20-7.13 (m, 1H), 6.98 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 5.48 (dd, *J*₁ = 9.7 Hz, *J*₂ = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 4.97-4.88 (m, 1H), 4.67 (dd, *J*₁ = 10.7 Hz, *J*₂ = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 2.30 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (75.47 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 163.2, 139.7, 138.6, 134.7, 129.5, 128.9, 128.8, 128.4, 125.0, 123.6, 81.3, 25.5, 21.45. IR (KBr) ν(cm⁻¹): 1722, 1467, 1361, 1188, 1124, 983, 874, 789, 719, 699, 518. Anal. Calcd for C₁₇H₁₄INO₃: C, 50.14; H, 3.47; N, 3.44. Found: C, 50.21; H, 3.31; N 3.31.

2-(2-(3-Bromophenyl)-2-iodoethoxy)isoindoline-1,3-dione (3fa). White solid: 79% yield (186 mg); mp = 134-135 °C. ¹H NMR (300.13 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.84-7.70 (m, 4H), 7.69-7.64 (m, 1H), 7.50-7.44 (m, 1H), 7.36-7.29 (m, 1H), 7.22-7.14 (m, 1H), 5.42 (dd, *J*₁ = 5.4 Hz, *J*₂ = 10.1 Hz, 1H), 4.93-4.84 (m, 1H), 4.65 (dd, *J*₁ = 10.8 Hz, *J*₂ = 5.4 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (75.47 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 163.2, 142.1, 134.8, 131.7, 131.0, 130.5, 128.7, 126.7, 123.8, 122.7, 81.2, 23.2. IR (KBr) ν(cm⁻¹): 1720, 1464, 1369, 1189, 1134, 1123, 1080, 1069, 873, 787, 697, 519. Anal. Calcd for C₁₆H₁₁BrINO₃: C, 40.71; H, 2.35; N, 2.97. Found: C, 40.92; H, 2.32; N 2.95.

2-(2-Iodo-2-(*o*-tolyl)ethoxy)isoindoline-1,3-dione (3ga). White solid: 87% yield (177 mg); mp = 112-113 °C. ¹H NMR (300.13 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.82-7.69 (m, 4H), 7.59 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.21-7.09 (m, 3H), 5.69 (dd, *J*₁ = 9.7 Hz, *J*₂ = 5.9 Hz, 1H), 5.11-5.02 (m, 1H), 4.75 (dd, *J*₁ = 10.6 Hz, *J*₂ = 5.9 Hz, 1H), 2.40 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (75.47 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 163.2, 137.5, 136.3, 134.7, 131.3, 128.8, 128.6, 126.8, 126.1, 123.7, 80.4, 22.4, 19.3. IR (KBr) ν(cm⁻¹): 1791, 1720, 1542, 1465, 1190, 1128, 1019, 984, 875, 722, 697, 518. HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₁₇H₁₄INO₃ [M + NH₄]⁺ = 425.0357, Found 425.0352.

2-(2-Iodo-2-(perfluorophenyl)ethoxy)isoindoline-1,3-dione (3ha). White solid: 63% yield (152 mg); mp = 140-141 °C. ¹H NMR (300.13 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.89-7.71 (m, 4H), 5.65 (dd, *J*₁ = 11.0 Hz, *J*₂ = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 5.02-4.90 (t, *J* = 11.0 Hz, 1H), 4.70 (dd, *J*₁ = 11.0 Hz, *J*₂ = 5.8 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (75.47 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 163.3, 135.0, 128.8, 123.9, 114.1 (td, *J*₁ = 14.8 Hz, *J*₂ = 4.6 Hz), 79.8 (t, *J* = 3.9 Hz), 6.4. ¹⁹F NMR (282.40 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = -140.1 (bs, 2F), -153.1 (t, *J* = 20.9 Hz, 1F) -161.2 (td, *J*₁ = 21.4 Hz, *J*₂

= 6.9 Hz, 2F). IR (KBr) $\nu(\text{cm}^{-1})$: 1735, 1723, 1525, 1505, 1468, 1192, 1145, 1126, 1040, 1019, 994, 970, 909, 877, 697. Anal. Calcd for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_7\text{F}_5\text{INO}_3$: C, 39.78; H, 1.46; N, 2.90. Found: C, 39.64; H, 1.32; N, 2.83.

2-((1-Iodo-1-phenylpropan-2-yl)oxy)isoindoline-1,3-dione (mixture of diastereomers 1:1) (3ia). White solid: 51% yield (103 mg); mp = 118-119 °C. ^1H NMR (300.13 MHz, CDCl_3): δ = 7.92-7.66 (m, 4H), 7.60-7.48 (m, 2H), 7.37-7.11 (m, 3H), 5.42 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 0.5H), 5.32 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 0.5H), 4.84-4.68 (m, 1H), 1.69 (d, J = 6.1 Hz, 1.5H), 1.32 (d, J = 6.3 Hz, 1.5H). ^{13}C NMR (75.47 MHz, CDCl_3): δ = 164.1, 163.8, 140.3, 139.9, 134.8, 134.6, 129.13, 129.07, 128.9, 128.74, 128.67, 128.6, 128.50, 128.3, 123.8, 123.6, 87.4, 85.5, 34.3, 32.2, 19.4, 16.8. IR (KBr) $\nu(\text{cm}^{-1})$: 1721, 1376, 1189, 1125, 974, 875, 698. HRMS (ESI) Calcd for $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{14}\text{INO}_3$ $[\text{M} + \text{NH}_4]^+$ = 425.0357, Found 425.0348.

2-(2-Iodo-1,2-diphenylethoxy)isoindoline-1,3-dione (mixture of diastereomers 1.8:1) (3ja). White solid: 83% yield (195 mg); mp = 164-165 °C. ^1H NMR (300.13 MHz, CDCl_3): δ = 7.75-7.53 (m, 6H), 7.41-7.22 (m, 6H), 7.20-7.07 (m, 2H), 6.23 (d, J = 10.2 Hz, 0.65H), 5.89 (d, J = 9.5 Hz, 0.35 H), 5.64 (d, J = 10.2 Hz, 0.65H), 5.49 (d, J = 9.5 Hz, 0.35H). ^{13}C NMR (75.47 MHz, CDCl_3): δ = 163.4, 163.1, 140.2, 139.9, 136.05, 134.5, 134.35, 134.0, 130.0, 129.4, 129.1, 128.8, 128.71, 128.66, 128.60, 128.55, 128.5, 128.33, 128.29, 128.2, 128.18, 123.5, 123.3, 91.1, 89.8, 31.8, 30.75. IR (KBr) $\nu(\text{cm}^{-1})$: 2361, 2343, 1731, 1372, 1188, 1132, 973, 875, 696. Anal. Calcd for $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{16}\text{INO}_3$: C, 56.31; H, 3.44; N, 2.98. Found: C, 55.97; H, 3.40; N, 2.95.

2-((1-Iodo-2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)oxy)isoindoline-1,3-dione (3ka). White solid: 79% yield (160 mg); mp = 119-120 °C (dec). ^1H NMR (300.13 MHz, CDCl_3): δ = 7.91-7.76 (m, 4H), 7.52-7.45 (m, 1H), 7.31-7.25 (m, 3H), 5.95 (m, 1H), 5.36 (dt, J_1 = 5.6 Hz, J_2 = 1.4 Hz, 1H), 3.55 (dd, J_1 = 17.6 Hz, J_2 = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 3.33 (d, J = 17.6 Hz, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (75.47 MHz, CDCl_3): δ = 164.1, 143.0, 139.6, 134.9, 129.2, 128.9, 128.1, 125.9, 125.2, 123.9, 96.2, 36.0, 29.5. ^{15}N NMR (40.56 MHz, CDCl_3): δ = -163.9. IR (KBr) $\nu(\text{cm}^{-1})$: 1791, 1736, 1463, 1369, 1357, 1186, 1122, 1003, 979, 878, 705. Anal. Calcd for $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{12}\text{INO}_3$: C, 50.39; H, 2.99; N, 3.46. Found: C, 50.40; H, 2.97; N, 3.43.

1-(2-Iodo-2-phenylethoxy)pyrrolidine-2,5-dione (3ab). White solid: 67% yield (116 mg); mp = 118-119 °C. ^1H NMR (300.13 MHz, CDCl_3): δ = 7.50-7.44 (m, 2H), 7.36-7.22 (m, 3H), 5.43 (dd, J_1 = 10.3 Hz, J_2 = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 4.91 (dd, J_1 = 10.6 Hz, J_2 = 10.3 Hz, 1H),

4.56 (dd, $J_1 = 10.6$ Hz, $J_2 = 5.2$ Hz, 1H), 2.53-2.34 (m, 4H). ^{13}C NMR (75.47 MHz, CDCl_3): $\delta = 170.8, 140.0, 129.0, 128.7, 127.7, 79.5, 25.4, 25.0$. IR (KBr) $\nu(\text{cm}^{-1})$: 1722, 1707, 1212, 1077, 943, 811, 698, 651. Anal. Calcd for $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{12}\text{INO}_3$: C, 41.76; H, 3.50; N, 4.06. Found: C, 41.73; H, 3.48; N, 4.06.

1-(2-Iodo-2-(p-tolyl)ethoxy)pyrrolidine-2,5-dione (3bb). White solid: 39% yield (70 mg); mp = 126-127 °C (dec). ^1H NMR (300.13 MHz, CDCl_3): $\delta = 7.37$ (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 7.13 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 5.43 (dd, $J_1 = 10.3$ Hz, $J_2 = 5.3$ Hz, 1H), 4.89 (dd, $J_1 = 10.6$ Hz, $J_2 = 10.3$ Hz, 1H), 4.54 (dd, $J_1 = 10.6$ Hz, $J_2 = 5.3$ Hz, 1H), 2.53-2.41 (m, 4H), 2.31 (s, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (75.47 MHz, CDCl_3): $\delta = 170.8, 138.8, 137.0, 129.7, 127.6, 79.5, 25.4, 21.4$. IR (KBr) $\nu(\text{cm}^{-1})$: 1724, 1707, 1214, 1085, 997, 811, 657, 562. Anal. Calcd for $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{14}\text{INO}_3$: C, 43.47; H, 3.93; N, 3.90. Found: C, 43.55; H, 3.95; N, 3.88.

1-(2-(4-Chlorophenyl)-2-iodoethoxy)pyrrolidine-2,5-dione (3cb). White solid: 61% yield (116 mg); mp = 117-118 °C. ^1H NMR (300.13 MHz, CDCl_3): $\delta = 7.46$ (d, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 2H), 7.32 (d, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 2H), 5.42 (dd, $J_1 = 10.3$ Hz, $J_2 = 5.3$ Hz, 1H), 4.84 (dd, $J_1 = 10.6$ Hz, $J_2 = 10.3$ Hz, 1H), 4.54 (dd, $J_1 = 10.6$ Hz, $J_2 = 5.3$ Hz, 1H), 2.61-2.54 (m, 4H). ^{13}C NMR (75.47 MHz, CDCl_3): $\delta = 170.7, 138.5, 134.4, 129.2, 129.16, 79.7, 25.5, 23.4$. IR (KBr) $\nu(\text{cm}^{-1})$: 1709, 1492, 1194, 1092, 1080, 996, 835, 649. HRMS (ESI) Calcd for $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{11}\text{ClINO}_3$ $[\text{M} + \text{Na}]^+ = 401.9364$, Found 401.9364.

1-(2-(4-Fluorophenyl)-2-iodoethoxy)pyrrolidine-2,5-dione (3db). White solid: 63% yield (114 mg); mp = 105-106 °C. ^1H NMR (300.13 MHz, CDCl_3): $\delta = 7.52$ -7.45 (m, 2H), 7.07-6.97 (m, 2H), 5.43 (dd, $J_1 = 10.2$ Hz, $J_2 = 5.3$ Hz, 1H), 4.82 (dd, $J_1 = 10.6$ Hz, $J_2 = 10.2$ Hz, 1H), 4.53 (dd, $J_1 = 10.6$ Hz, $J_2 = 5.3$ Hz, 1H), 2.61-2.52 (m, 4H). ^{13}C NMR (75.47 MHz, CDCl_3): $\delta = 170.7, 162.5$ (d, $J = 249.0$ Hz), 135.8 (d, $J = 3.4$ Hz), 129.7 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz), 116.0 (d, $J = 21.9$ Hz), 79.9, 25.45, 23.8. ^{19}F NMR (282.40 MHz, CDCl_3): $\delta = -112.2$ (1F). IR (KBr) $\nu(\text{cm}^{-1})$: 1726, 1707, 1601, 1509, 1208, 1082, 840, 812, 652. Anal. Calcd for $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{11}\text{FINO}_3$: C, 39.69; H, 3.05; N, 3.86. Found: C, 39.70; H, 3.03; N, 3.86.

1-(2-(3-Bromophenyl)-2-iodoethoxy)pyrrolidine-2,5-dione (3fb). White solid: 34% yield (72 mg); mp = 184-185 °C. ^1H NMR (300.13 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$): $\delta = 7.76$ (t, $J = 1.7$ Hz, 1H), 7.57-7.51 (m, 1H), 7.49-7.44 (m, 1H), 7.30 (t, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H), 5.54 (dd, $J_1 = 9.8$ Hz, $J_2 = 5.7$ Hz, 1H), 4.72 (dd, $J_1 = 11.0$ Hz, $J_2 = 9.8$ Hz, 1H), 4.48 (dd, $J_1 = 11.0$ Hz, $J_2 = 5.7$

Hz, 1H), 2.59-2.53 (m, 4H). ^{13}C NMR (75.47 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 171.7, 143.2, 130.9, 130.7, 130.4, 127.1, 121.4, 78.6, 25.4, 24.5. IR (KBr) $\nu(\text{cm}^{-1})$: 1725, 1707, 1211, 1202, 1083, 809, 789, 693, 670, 660. Anal. Calcd for $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{11}\text{BrINO}_3$: C, 33.99; H, 2.61; N, 3.30. Found: C, 34.02; H, 2.69; N, 3.26.

1-(2-Iodo-2-(perfluorophenyl)ethoxy)pyrrolidine-2,5-dione (3hb). White solid: 60% yield (130 mg); mp = 110-111 °C. ^1H NMR (300.13 MHz, CDCl_3): δ = 5.56 (dd, J_1 = 10.7 Hz, J_2 = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 4.81 (t, J = 10.7 Hz, 1H), 4.59 (dd, J_1 = 10.7 Hz, J_2 = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 2.76-2.64 (m, 4H). ^{13}C NMR (75.47 MHz, CDCl_3): δ = 170.6, 146.5-146.2 (m), 144.5-144.2 (m), 142.7-142.4 (m), 140.7-140.4 (m), 139.2-138.8 (m), 137.1-136.8 (m), 113.9 (td, J_1 = 14.4 Hz, J_2 = 4.2 Hz), 78.8 (t, J = 3.8 Hz), 25.4, 5.9. ^{19}F NMR (282.40 MHz, CDCl_3): δ = -140.2 (bs, 2F), -152.9 (t, J = 21.0 Hz, 1F) -161.2 (td, J_1 = 21.0 Hz, J_2 = 6.4 Hz, 2F). IR (KBr) $\nu(\text{cm}^{-1})$: 1783, 1727, 1526, 1503, 1365, 1195, 1138, 1123, 1073, 1062, 1040, 1000, 969, 930, 902, 815, 750, 704, 687, 665. Anal. Calcd for $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_7\text{F}_5\text{INO}_3$: C, 33.13; H, 1.62; N, 3.22. Found: C, 33.24; H, 1.61; N, 3.32.

1-((1-Iodo-2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)oxy)pyrrolidine-2,5-dione (3kb). White solid: 60% yield (107 mg); mp = 147-148 °C (dec). ^1H NMR (300.13 MHz, CDCl_3): δ = 7.46-7.41 (m, 1H), 7.32-7.22 (m, 3H), 5.87 (m, 1H), 5.29 (dt, J_1 = 5.8 Hz, J_2 = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 3.50 (dd, J_1 = 17.5 Hz, J_2 = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 3.34-3.20 (m, 1H), 2.74-2.65 (m, 4H). ^{13}C NMR (75.47 MHz, CDCl_3): δ = 171.5, 142.7, 139.3, 129.2, 128.1, 125.9, 125.1, 95.4, 36.0, 29.7, 25.5. IR (KBr) $\nu(\text{cm}^{-1})$: 1730, 1194, 1066, 996, 719, 648. Anal. Calcd for $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{12}\text{INO}_3$: C, 43.72; H, 3.39; N, 3.92. Found: C, 43.71; H, 3.21; N, 3.93.

Gram-scale synthesis of compound 3aa (experimental for Scheme 4)

Iodine (1.27 g, 5 mmol) was added to a stirred mixture of styrene **1a** (1.04 g, 10 mmol) and *N*-hydroxyphthalimide (**2a**, 1.63 g, 10 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (50 mL) at 20–25 °C. Then, $\text{PhI}(\text{OAc})_2$ (1.94 g, 6 mmol) was added. After stirring the reaction mixture under air atmosphere at 20–25 °C for 10 minutes the mixture was washed with aqueous solution of $\text{Na}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_3 \cdot 5\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (300 mg in 50 mL of water), saturated aqueous NaHCO_3 solution (50 mL), then with water (50 mL), dried over anhydrous MgSO_4 and filtered. DCM was rotary evaporated at 20–25 °C under water-jet vacuum (20–30 mmHg). Crude solid product was washed with 2 \times 25 mL ice-cold hexane and then recrystallized from DCM – hexane mixture (50 mL, 1:1 v/v) at 30–35 °C. Yield of **3aa** – 3.1 g (79%), mp = 136–137

°C. Anal. Calcd for C₁₆H₁₂INO₃: C, 48.88; H, 3.08; N, 3.56. Found: C, 48.88; H, 3.05; N, 3.56.

Synthesis of compound 4a

To a stirred solution of **3aa** (197 mg, 0.5 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂/MeOH (1/1 v/v, 5.0 mL) *m*CPBA (148 mg, 0.6 mmol) was added, and the reaction mixture was vigorously stirred at 20–25 °C for 24 h. Then CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL) was added and the reaction mixture was washed with aqueous solution of Na₂S₂O₃·5H₂O (200 mg in 20 mL of water), water (20 mL), dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, the solvent was rotary evaporated at 45–50 °C under water-jet vacuum (20–30 mmHg). Compound **4a** was analytically pure and no further purification was performed.

2-(2-Methoxy-2-phenylethoxy)isoindoline-1,3-dione (4a). White solid: 87% yield (129 mg); mp = 127–128 °C. ¹H NMR (300.13 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.90–7.69 (m, 4H), 7.46–7.29 (m, 5H), 4.71 (dd, *J*₁ = 2.6 Hz, *J*₂ = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.42 (dd, *J*₁ = 8.8 Hz, *J*₂ = 11.5 Hz, 1H), 4.12 (dd, *J*₁ = 2.6 Hz, *J*₂ = 11.5 Hz, 1H), 3.25 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (75.47 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 163.5, 137.5, 134.5, 129.2, 128.8, 128.6, 127.1, 123.6, 82.3, 81.2, 57.1. IR (KBr) ν(cm⁻¹): 1785, 1731, 1464, 1451, 1376, 1186, 1138, 1083, 991, 764, 701. HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₁₇H₁₅NO₄ [M + NH₄]⁺ = 315.1339, Found 315.1352.

Synthesis of compound 4b

To a stirred solution of **3aa** (197 mg, 0.50 mmol) in DMF (3.0 mL) sodium benzenesulfonate (820 mg, 5.0 mmol) was added, and the reaction mixture was vigorously stirred at 60 °C for 6 h. Upon completion of the reaction water (20 mL) was added and reaction mixture was extracted with an EtOAc/hexane mixture (1:1 v/v) (2 × 10 mL), the combined extracts were washed with water (3 × 20 mL), dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, the solvent was rotary evaporated at 45–50 °C under water-jet vacuum (20–30 mmHg). Compound **4b** was isolated by column chromatography on silica gel using EtOAc – DCM eluent (5% volume part of EtOAc).

(1-Phenylethane-1,2-diyldisulfonyl)dibenzene (4b). White solid: 69% yield (134 mg); mp = 179–180 °C (lit. 179 °C) [4]. ¹H NMR (300.13 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.61–7.24 (m, 10H), 7.18 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 6.91 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 4.62 (dd, *J*₁ = 11.8 Hz, *J*₂ = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 4.18 (dd, *J*₁ = 14.4 Hz, *J*₂ = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 3.99 (dd, *J*₁ = 14.4 Hz, *J*₂ = 11.8 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (75.47 MHz, CDCl₃): 139.2, 136.0, 134.3, 133.8,

130.0, 129.4, 129.3, 129.25, 129.2, 128.05, 128.6, 128.0, 66.5, 53.9. IR (KBr) $\nu(\text{cm}^{-1})$: 1308, 1146, 1080, 750, 727, 696, 685, 538, 528. Anal. Calcd for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{18}\text{S}_2\text{O}_4$: C, 62.16; H, 4.69. Found: C, 62.17; H, 4.75. HRMS (ESI) Calcd for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{18}\text{S}_2\text{O}_4$ $[\text{M} + \text{Na}]^+ = 409.0539$, Found 409.0544.

Synthesis of compound 4c

To a stirred solution of **3ab** (173 mg, 0.50 mmol) in DMF (3.0 mL) NaN_3 (325 mg, 5.0 mmol) was added, and the reaction mixture was vigorously stirred at 20–25 °C for 12 h. Then water (20 mL) was added and reaction mixture was extracted with of EtOAc/hexane mixture (1:1 v/v) (2×10 mL), combined extracts were washed with water (3×20 mL), dried over anhydrous MgSO_4 , solvent was rotary evaporated at 45–50 °C under water-jet vacuum (20–30 mmHg). Compound **4c** was analytically pure and no further purification was performed.

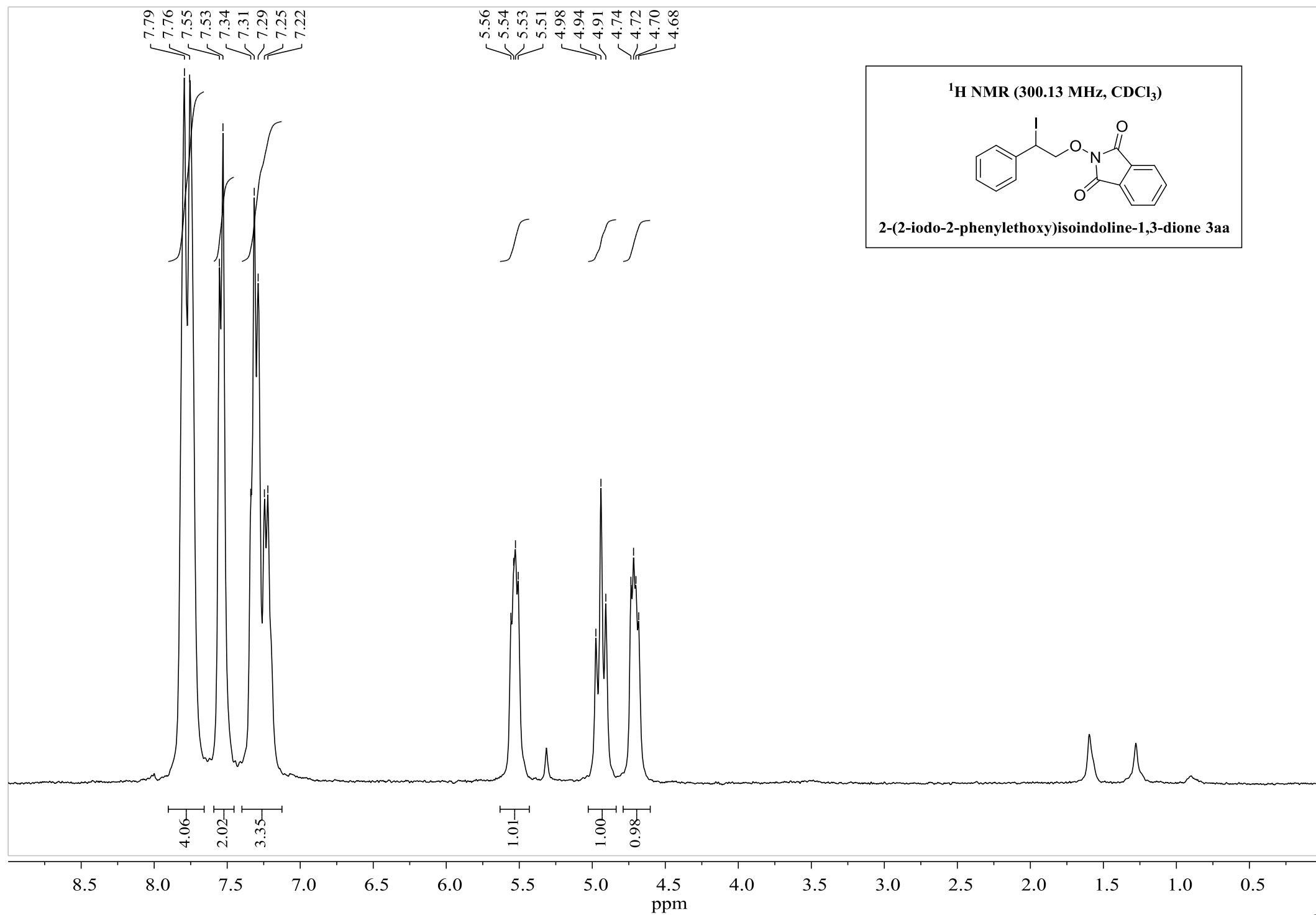
1-(2-azido-2-phenylethoxy)pyrrolidine-2,5-dione (4c). White solid: 86% yield (142 mg); mp = 106–107 °C. ^1H NMR (300.13 MHz, CDCl_3): δ = 7.42–7.29 (m, 5H), 4.95 (dd, $J_1 = 8.2$ Hz, $J_2 = 4.5$ Hz, 1H), 4.30–4.19 (m, 2H), 2.68 (s, 4H). ^{13}C NMR (75.47 MHz, CDCl_3): δ = 170.9, 135.2, 129.2, 127.3, 79.3, 64.2, 25.5. IR (KBr) $\nu(\text{cm}^{-1})$: 2118, 2092, 2077, 1722, 1709, 1320, 1253, 1234, 1214, 1085, 767, 709, 649. HRMS (ESI) Calcd for $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{12}\text{N}_4\text{O}_3$ $[\text{M} + \text{Na}]^+ = 283.0802$, Found 283.0792.

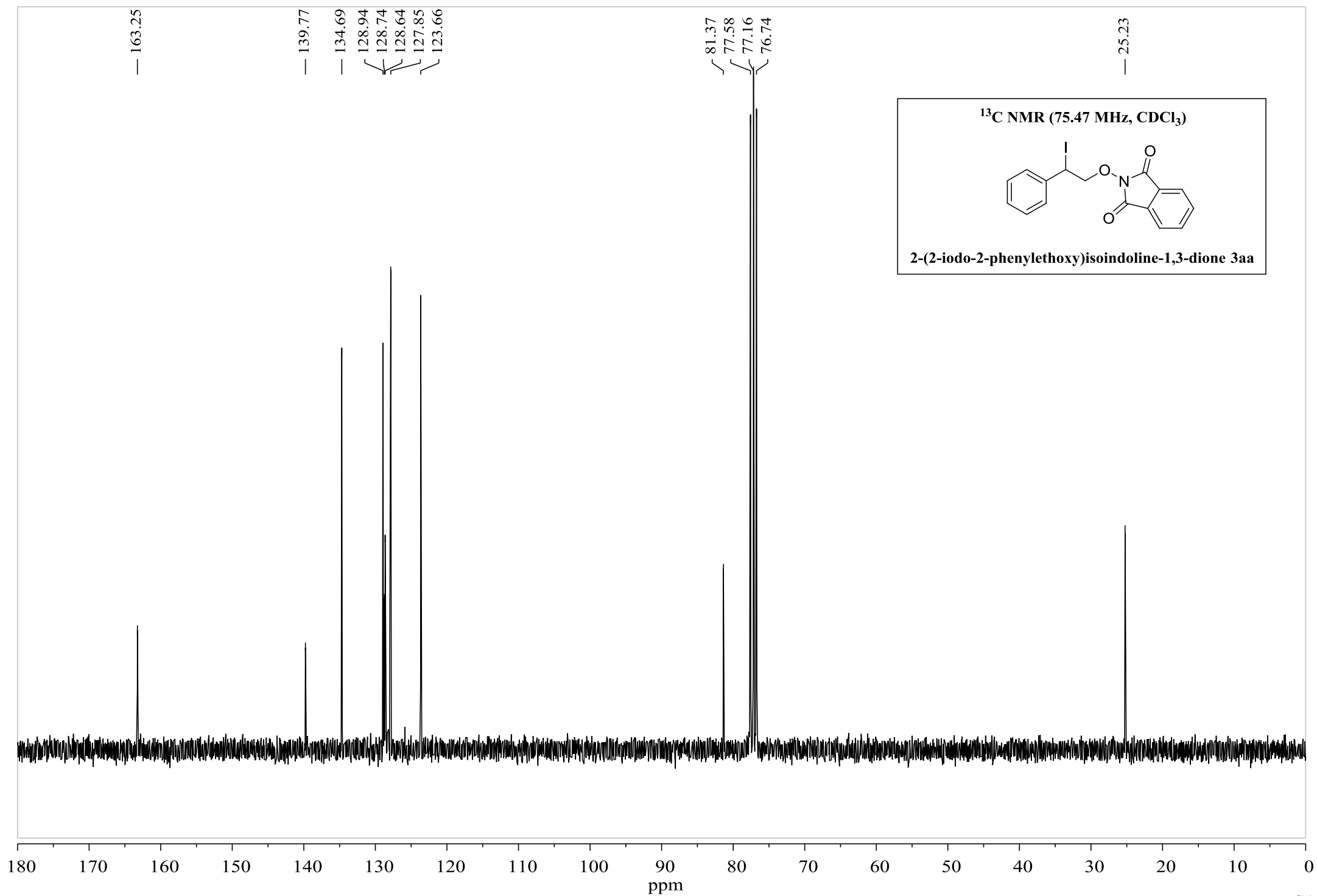
Procedure for the electrochemical studies

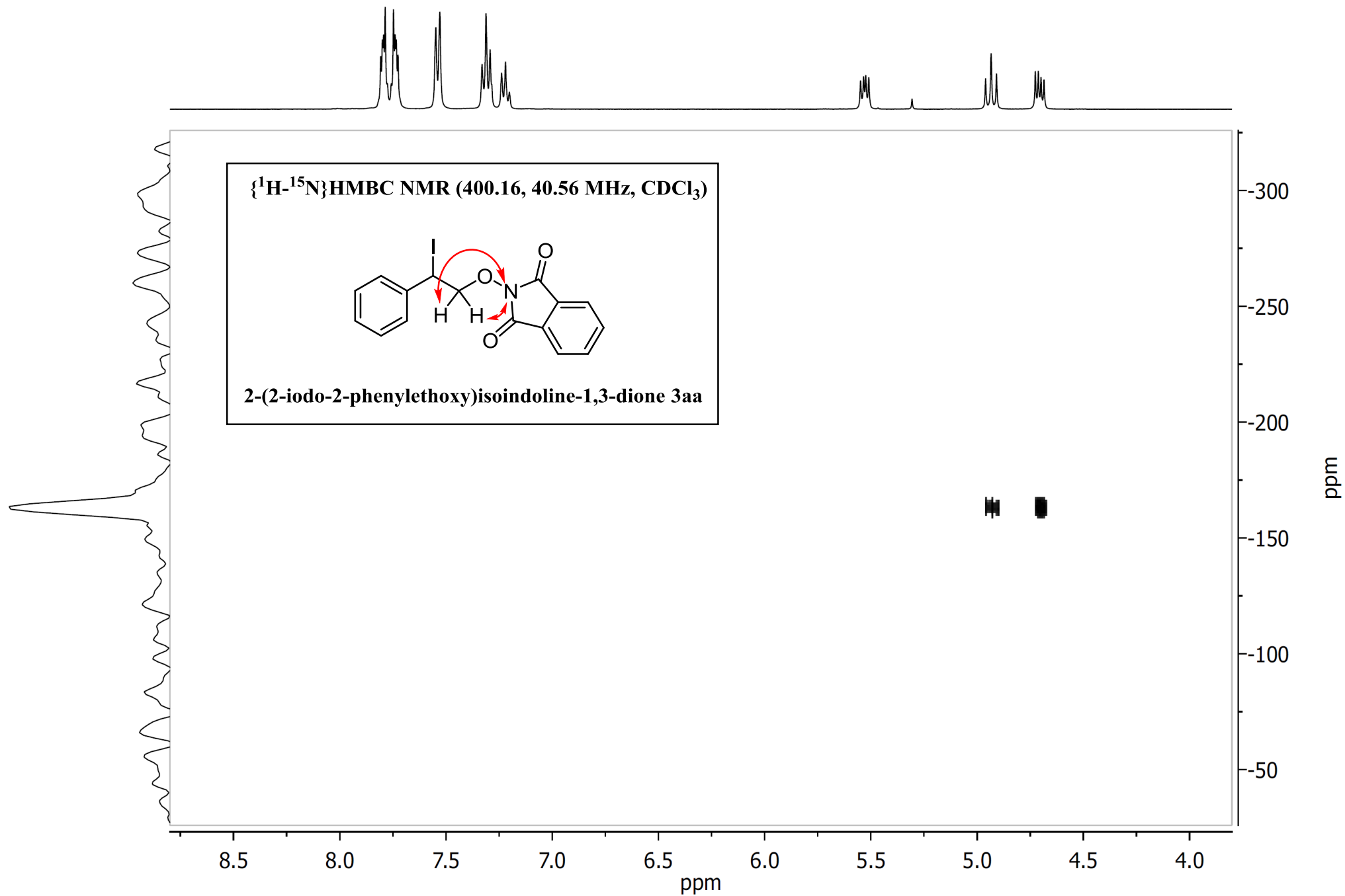
Cyclic voltammetry (CV) was implemented on an IPC-Pro computer-assisted potentiostat manufactured by Econix (scan rate error 1.0%; potential setting 0.25 mV). The experiments were performed in a 10 mL five-neck glass conic electrochemical cell with a water jacket for thermostating. CV curves were recorded using a three-electrode scheme. The working electrode was a disc glassy-carbon electrode ($d = 1.7$ mm). A platinum wire served as an auxiliary electrode. A Ag^+/AgCl electrode was used as the reference electrode and was linked to the solution by a bridge with a porous ceramic diaphragm filled with background electrolyte. The tested solutions were thermostatted at 25 \pm 0.5 °C. In a typical case, 5 mL of solution was utilized. The compound concentration was 2 $\text{mmol}\cdot\text{L}^{-1}$ (I_2 and $\text{PhI}(\text{OAc})_2$) or 4 $\text{mmol}\cdot\text{L}^{-1}$ (NHPI and styrene). The working electrode was polished before recording each CV curve.

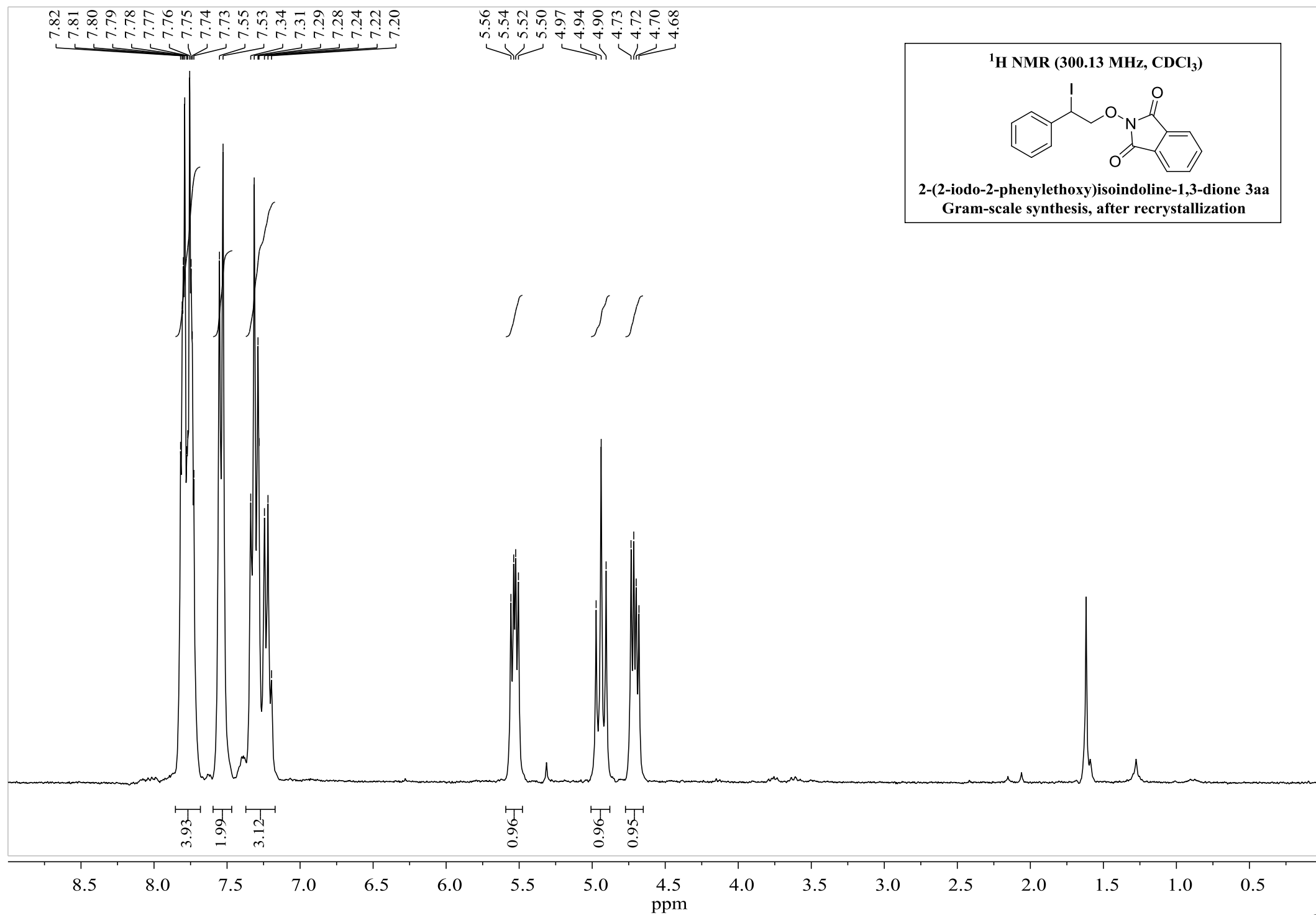
References

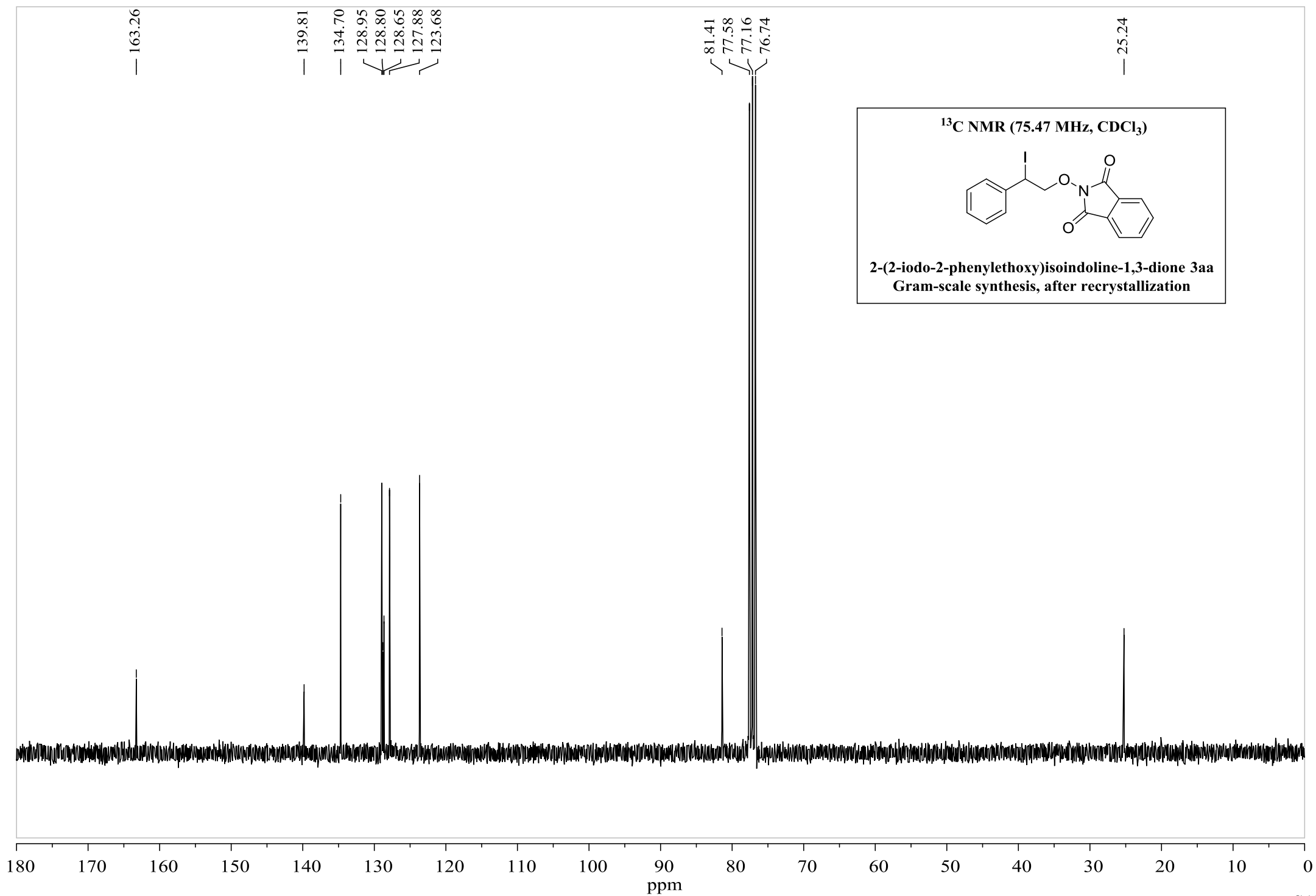
1. *Org. Synth.* **1988**, 66. doi: 10.15227/orgsyn.066.0132
2. Frigerio, M.; Santagostino, M.; Sputore, S. *J. Org. Chem.* **1999**, 64, 4537. doi: 10.1021/jo9824596
3. *Org. Synth.* **2000**, 77. doi: 10.15227/orgsyn.077.0141
4. Redman, R. P.; Thomas, P. J.; Stirling, C. J. M. *J. Chem. Soc., Perkin Trans. 2* **1978**, 11, 1135. doi: 10.1039/P29780001135

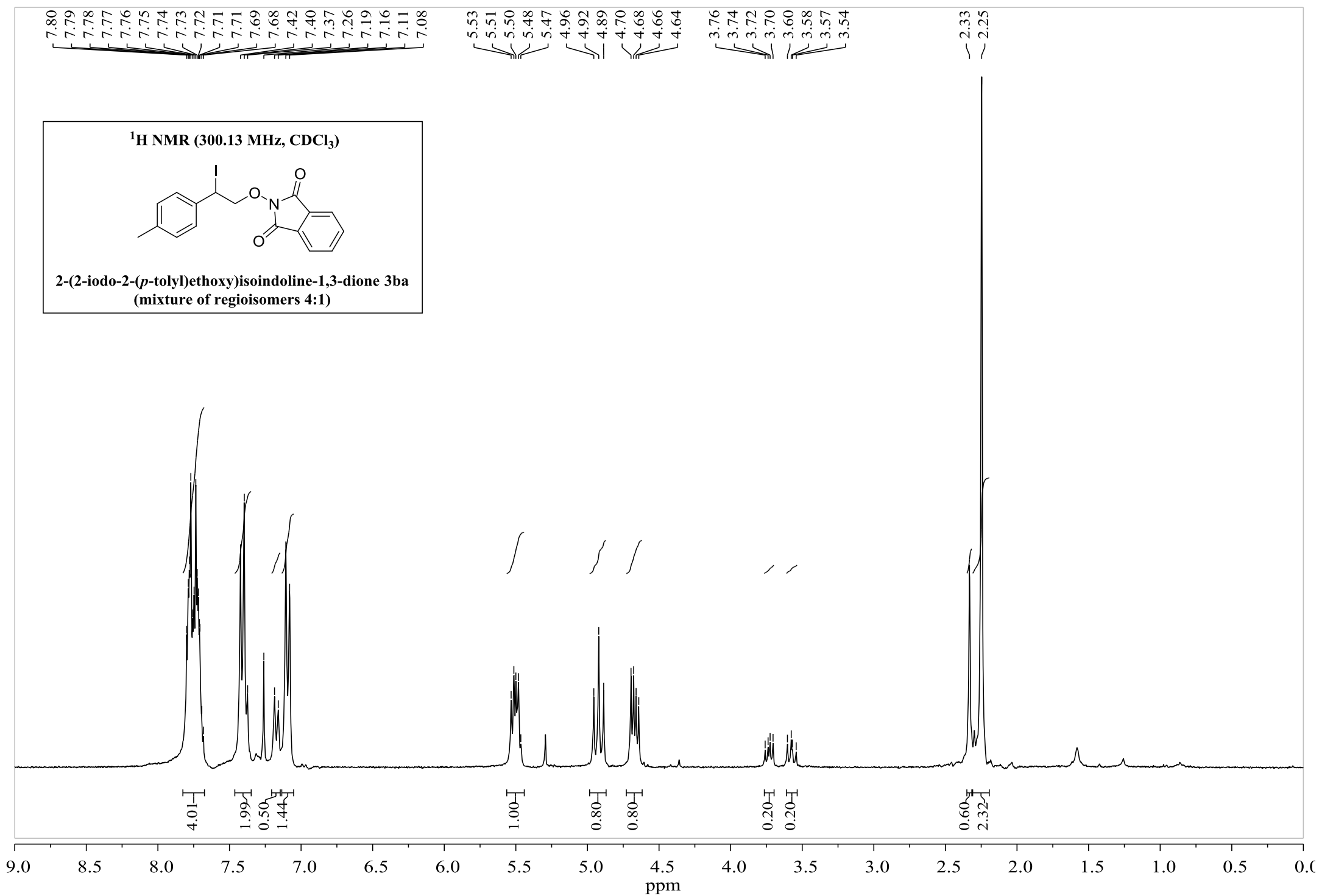




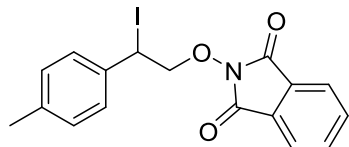








^{13}C NMR (75.47 MHz, CDCl_3)



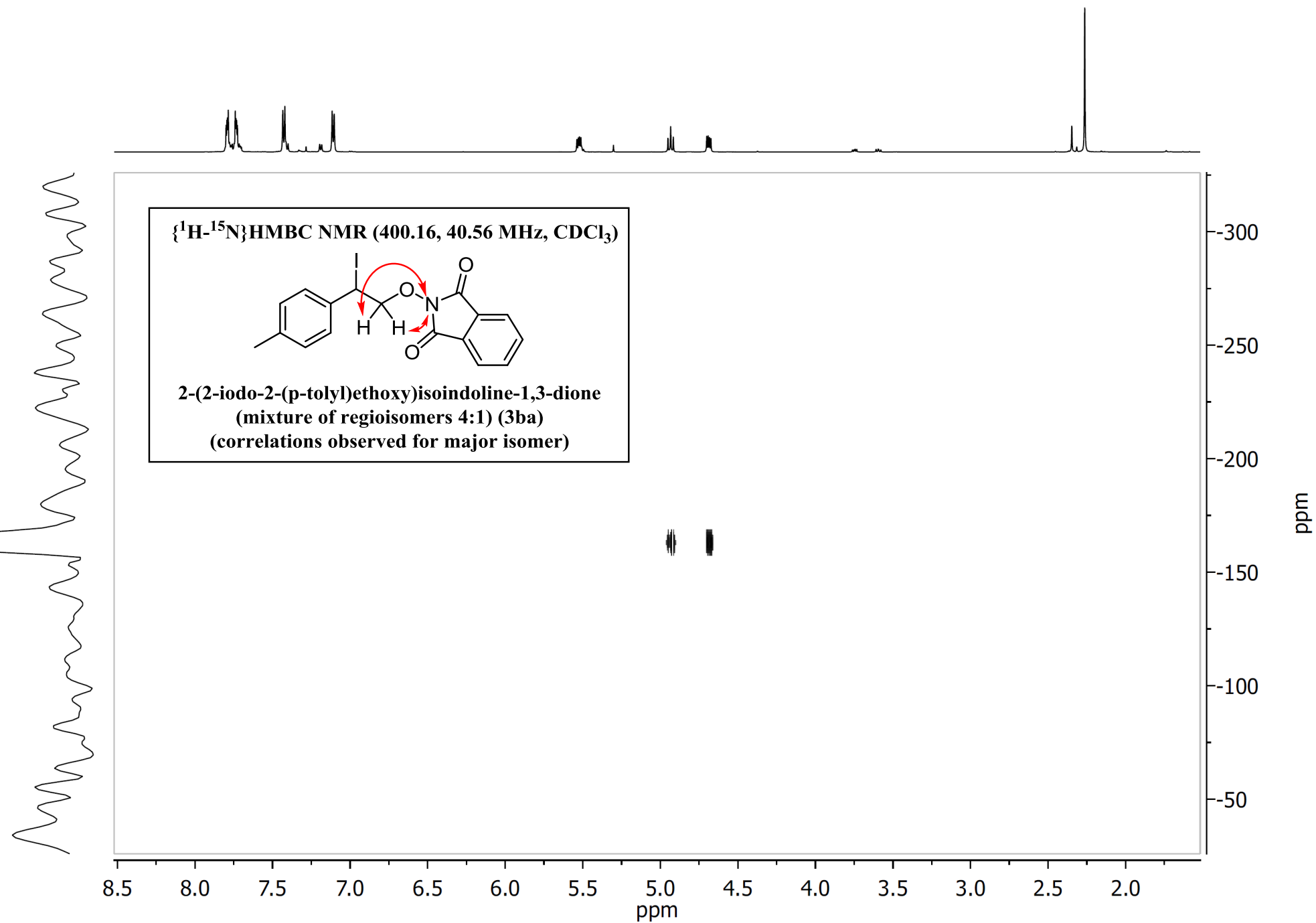
**2-(2-iodo-2-(*p*-tolyl)ethoxy)isoindoline-1,3-dione 3ba
(major regioisomer)**

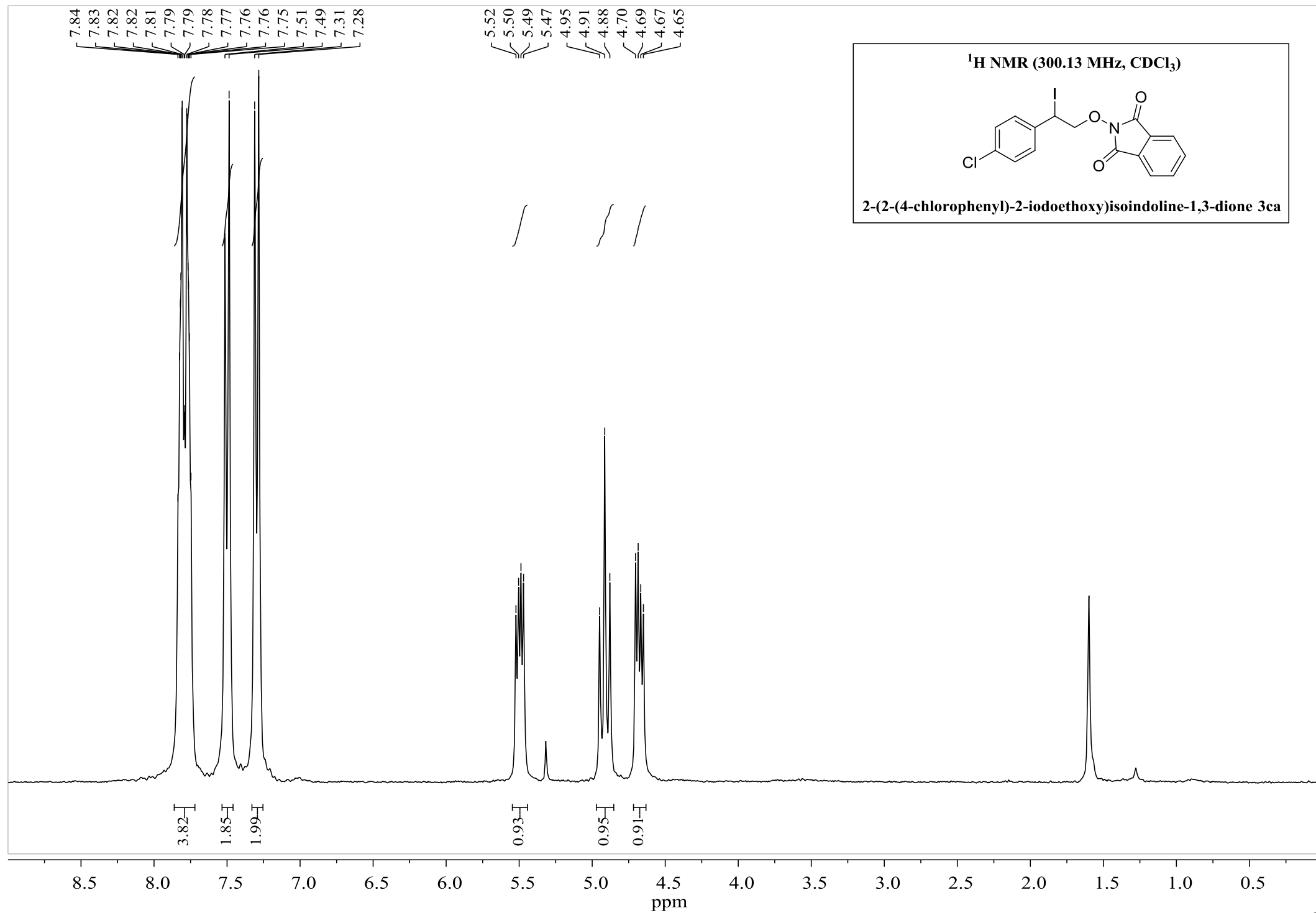
— 163.27
— 138.70
— 136.84
— 134.66
— 129.68
— 128.81
— 127.72
— 123.66

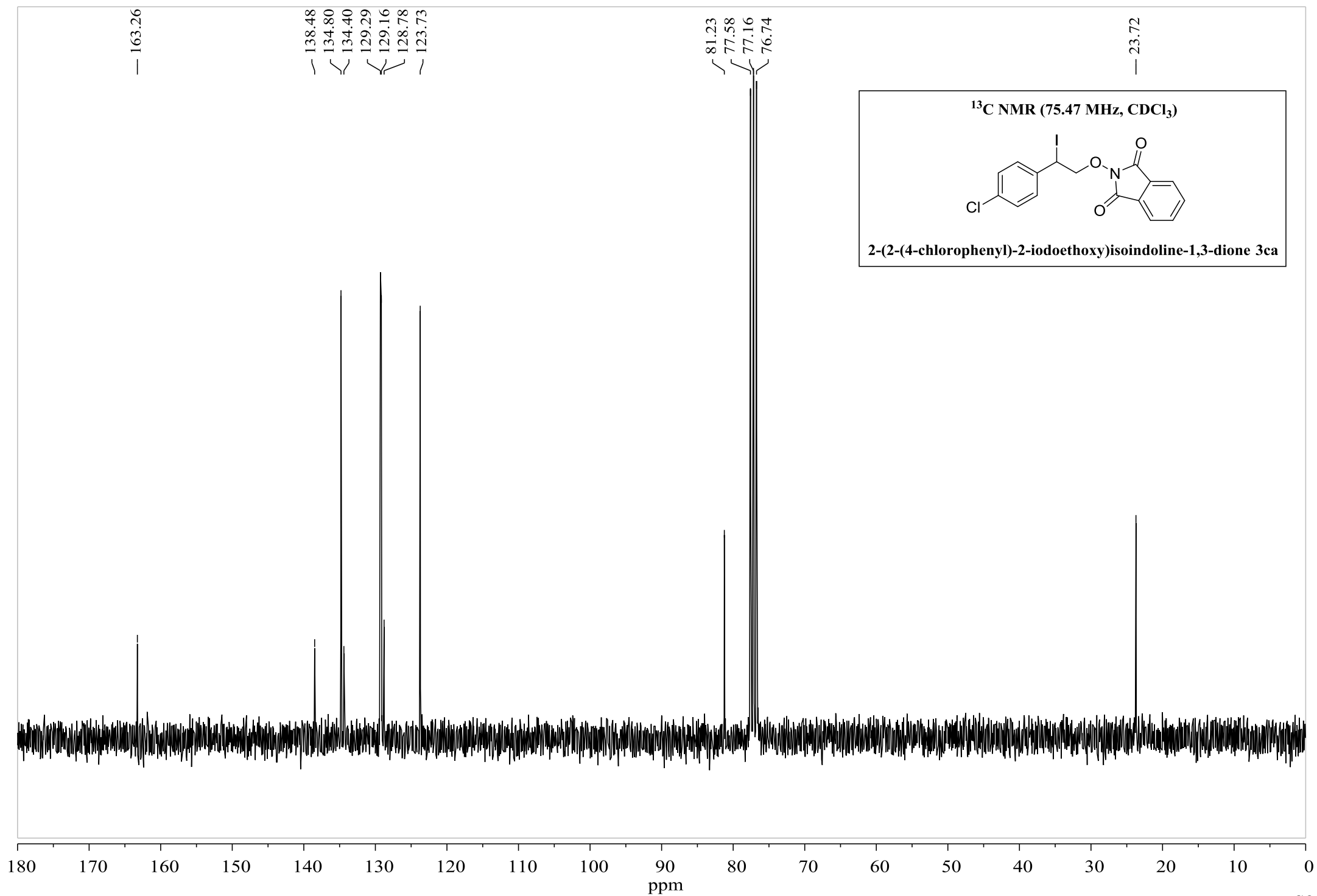
81.28
77.58
77.16
76.74

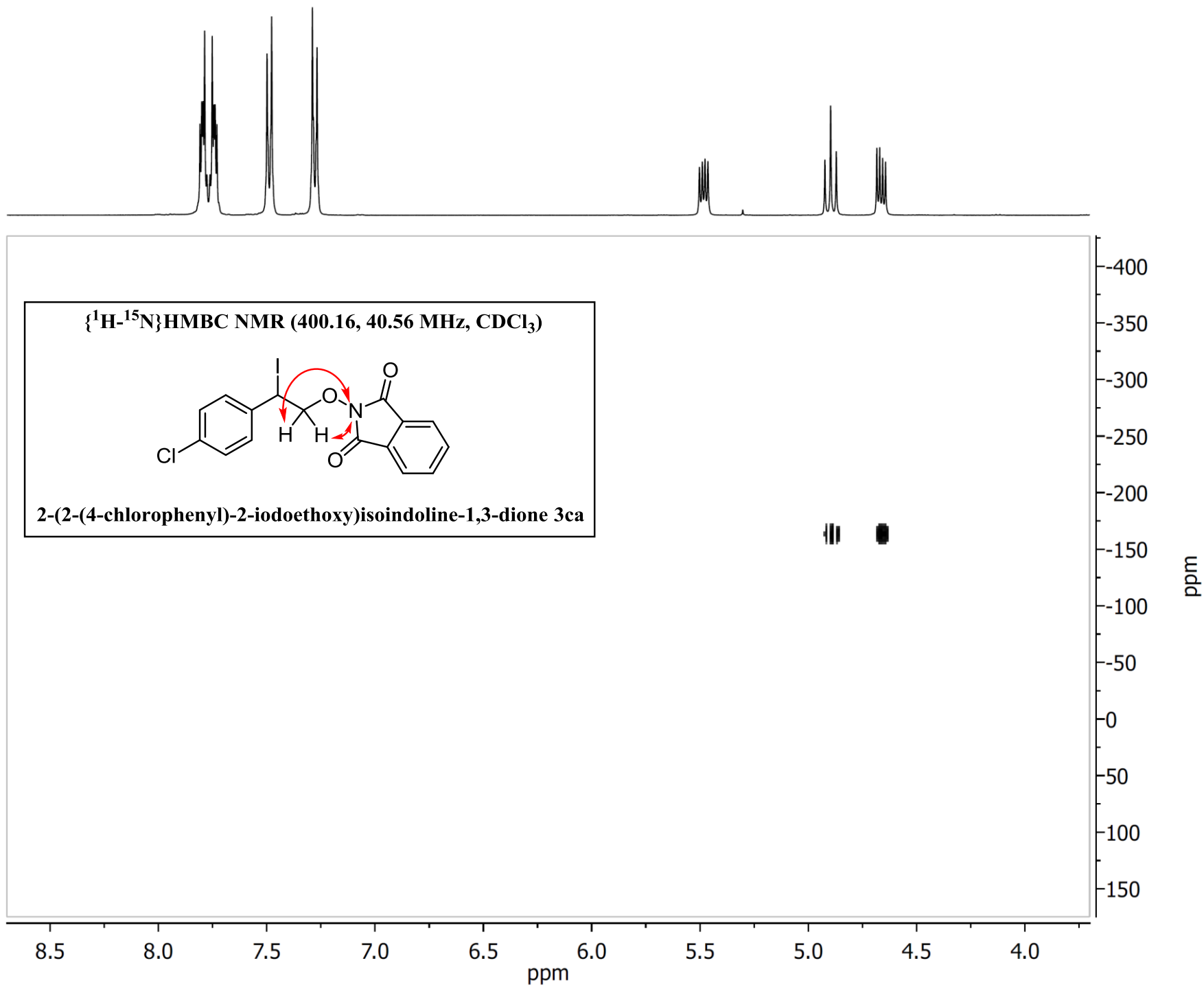
— 25.62
— 21.33

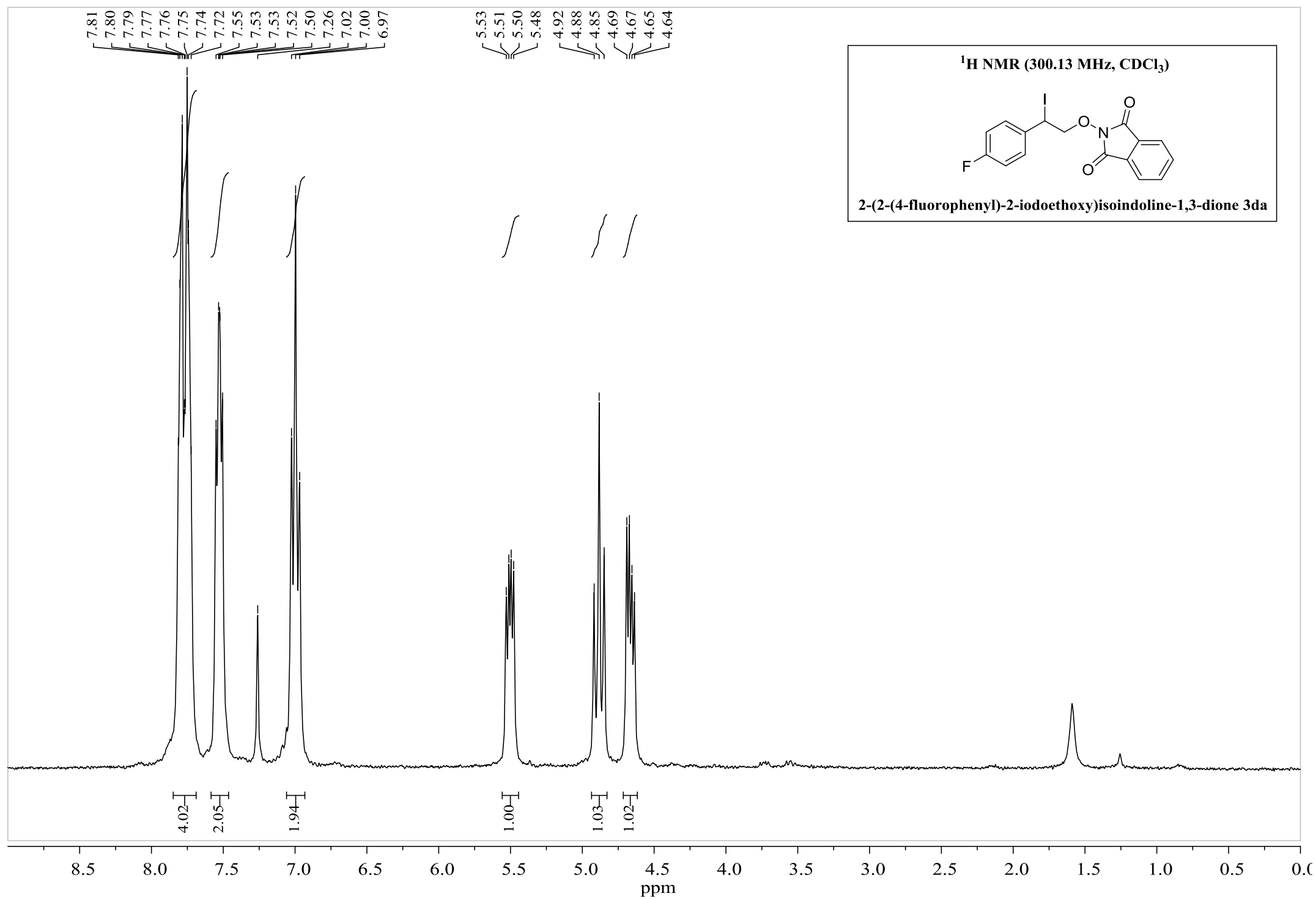
180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0
ppm

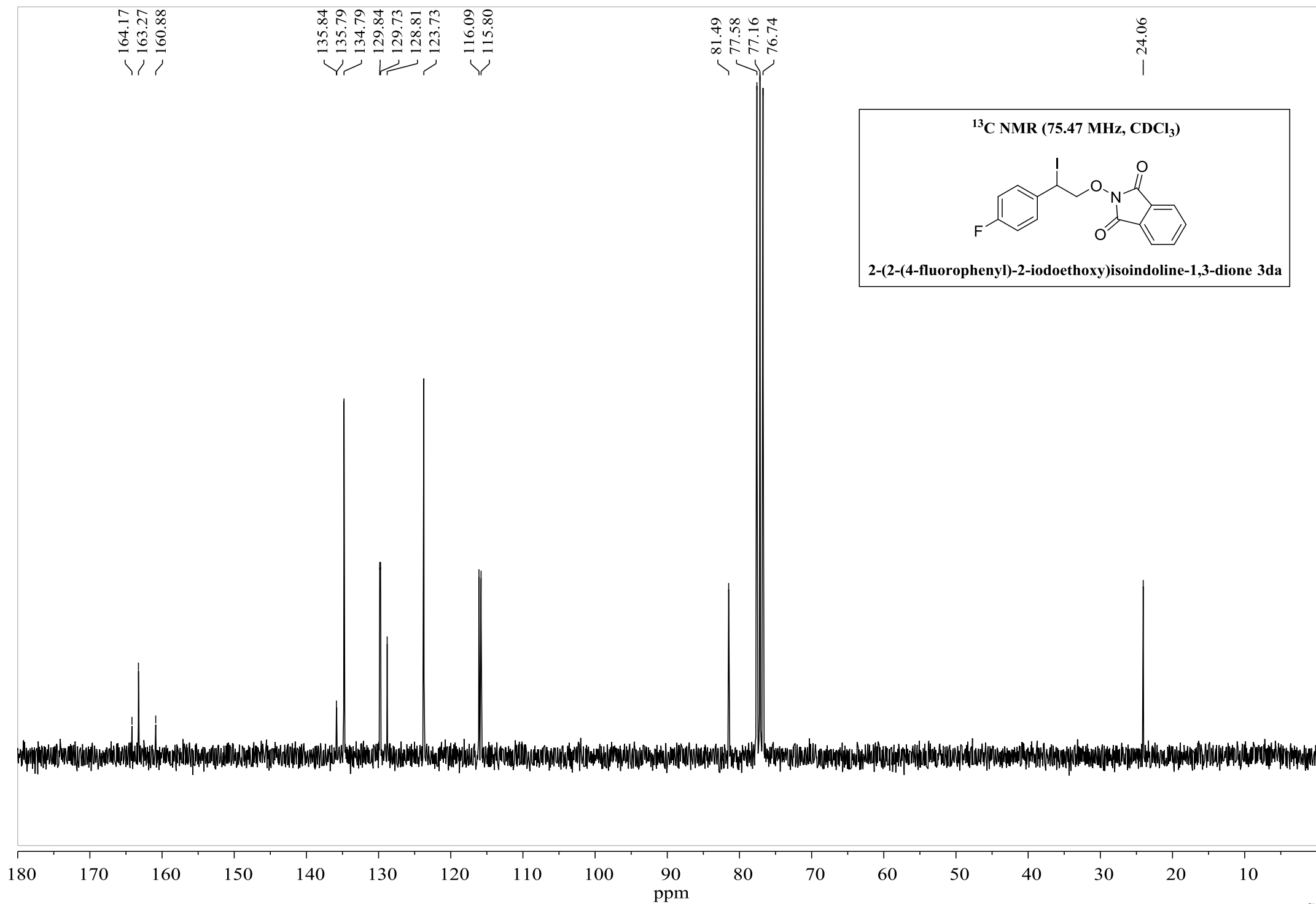




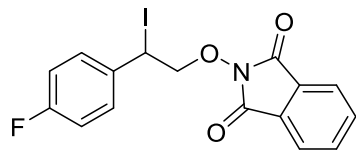




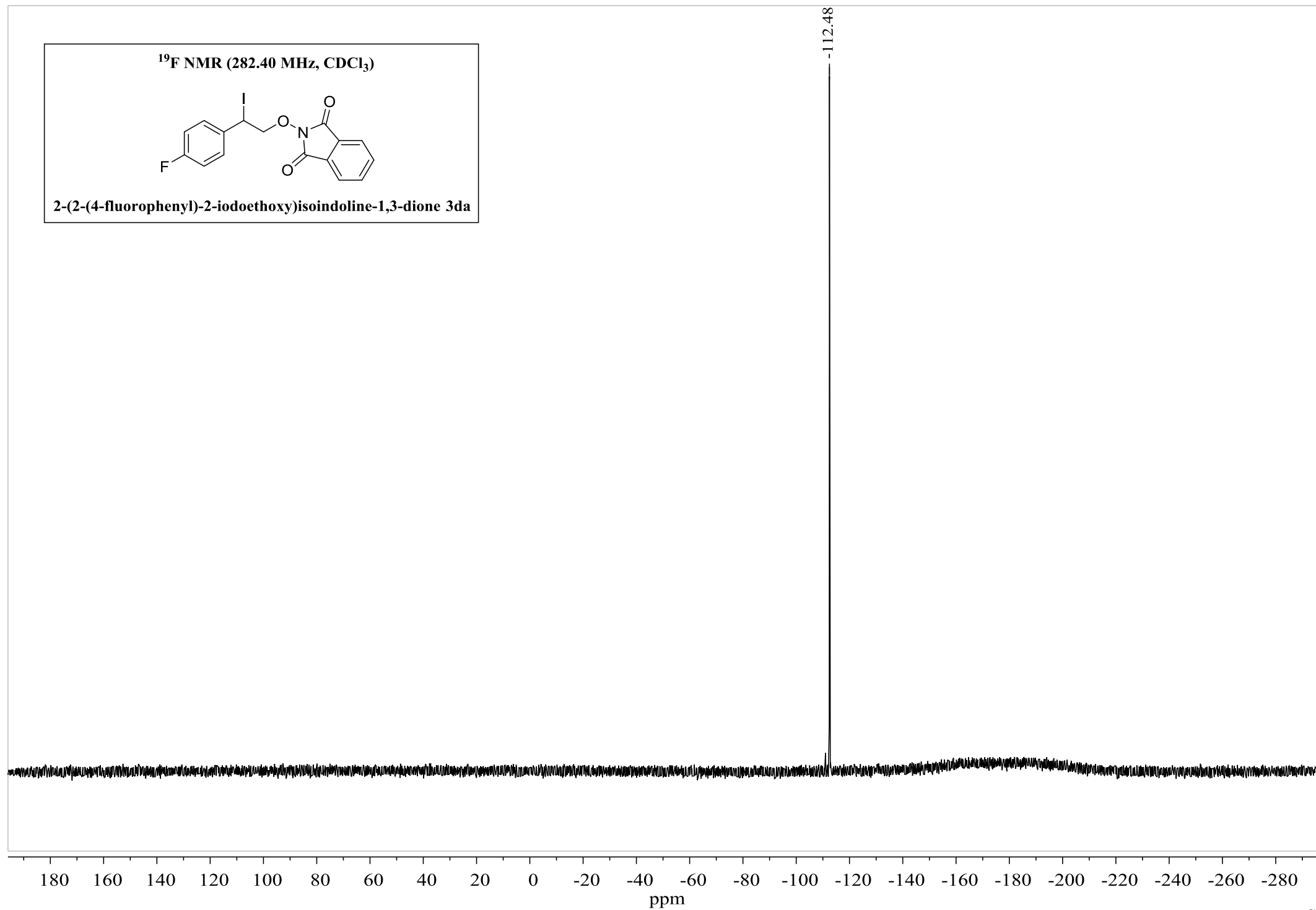


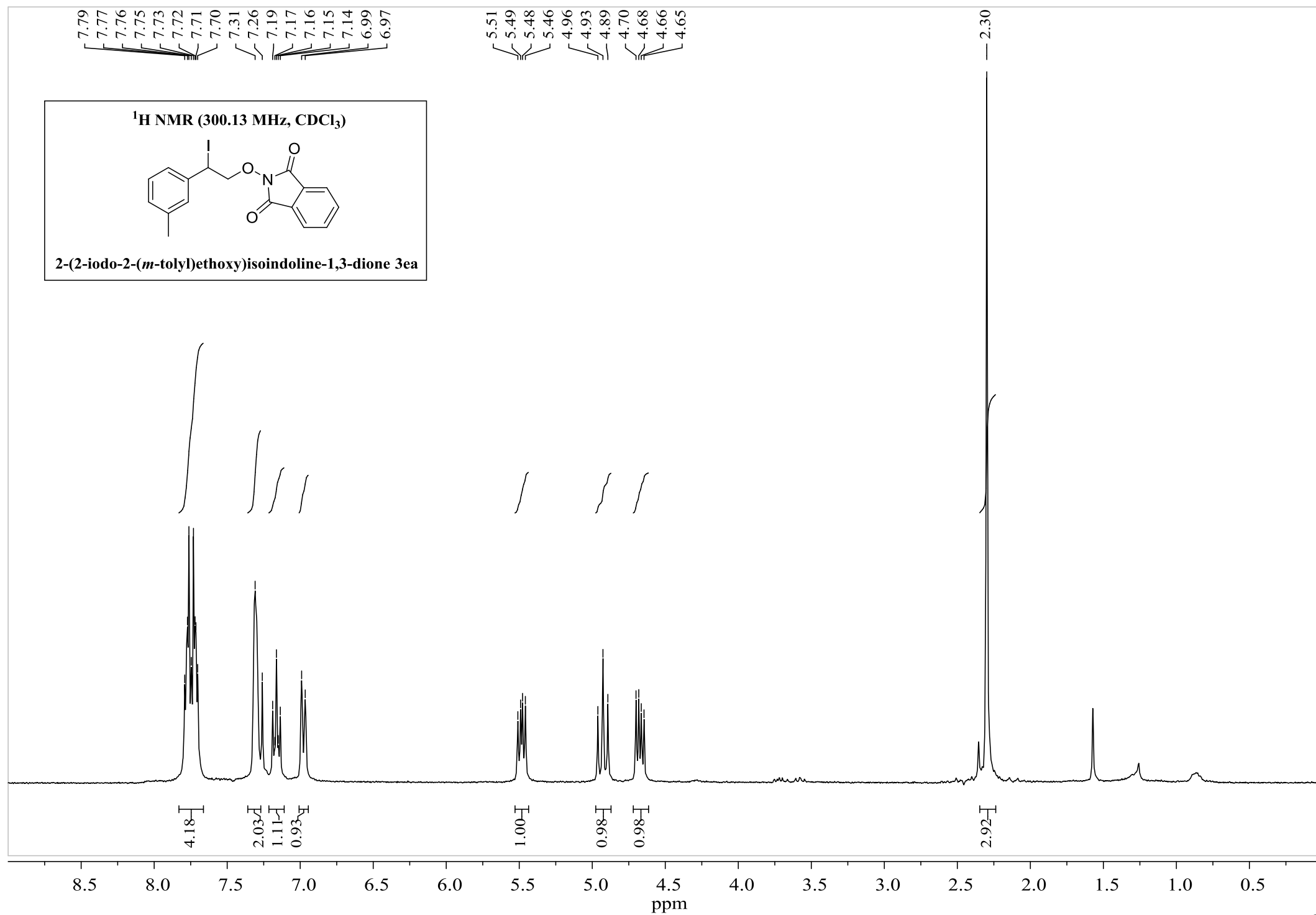


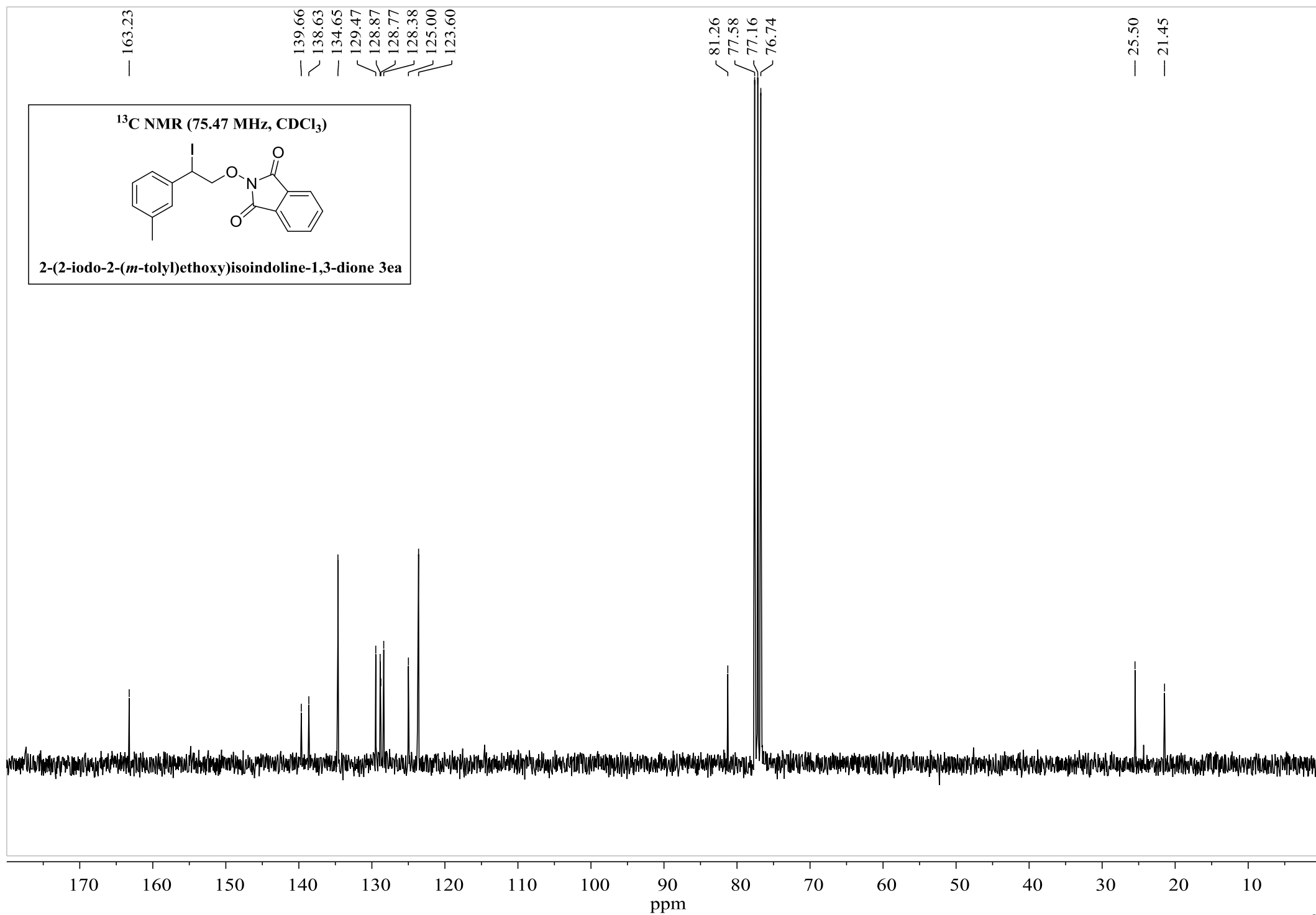
^{19}F NMR (282.40 MHz, CDCl_3)

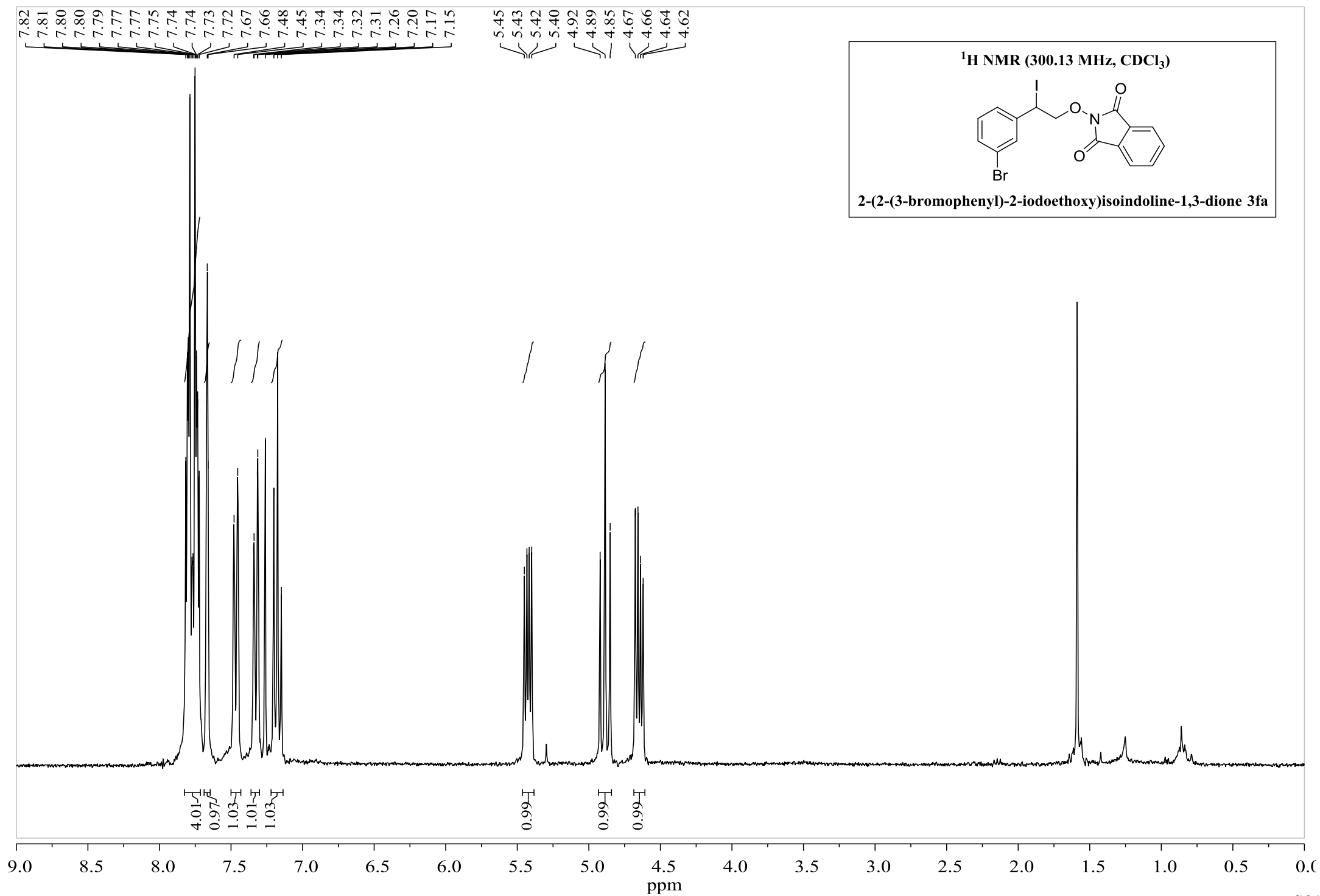


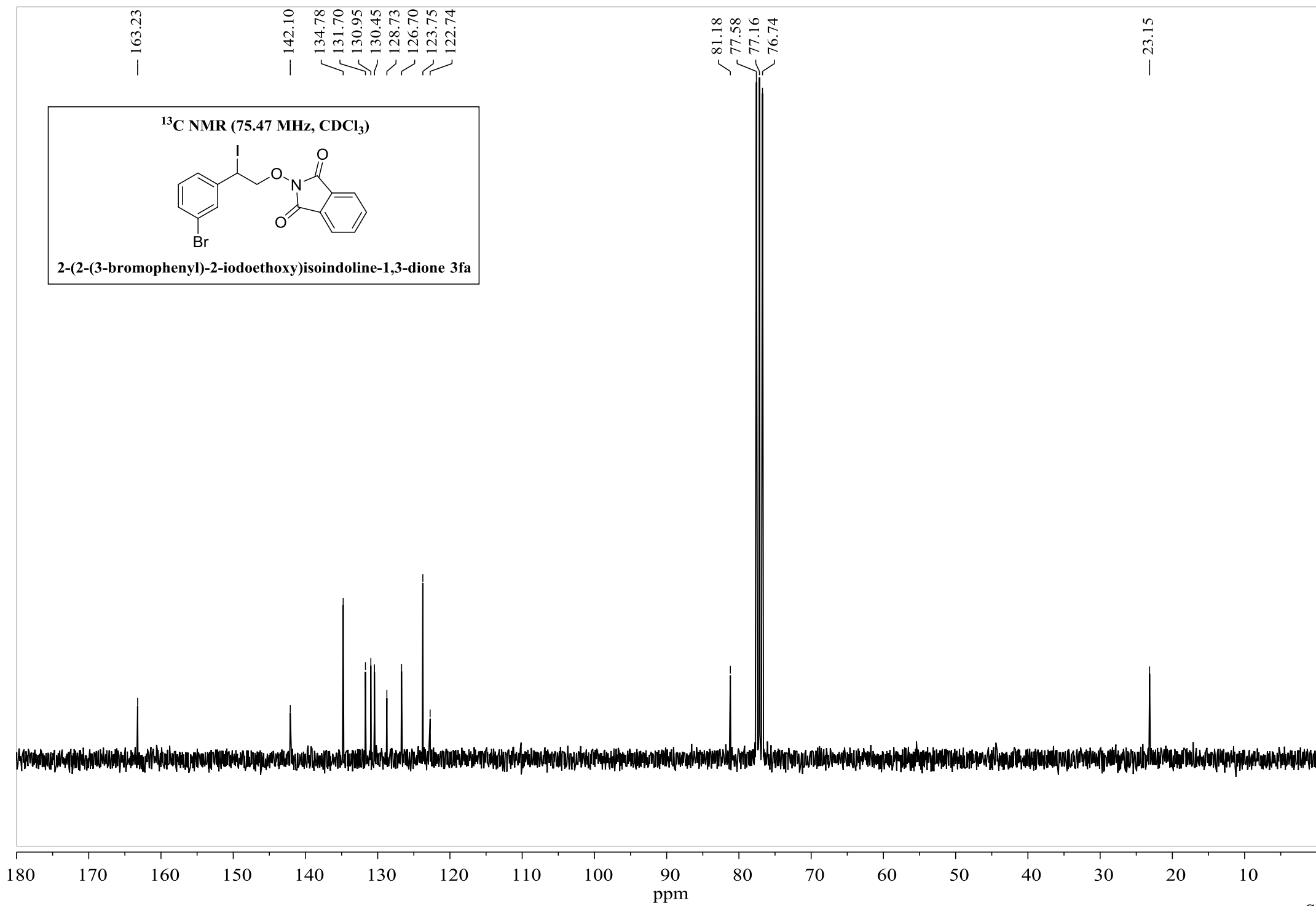
2-(2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-iodoethoxy)isoindoline-1,3-dione 3da

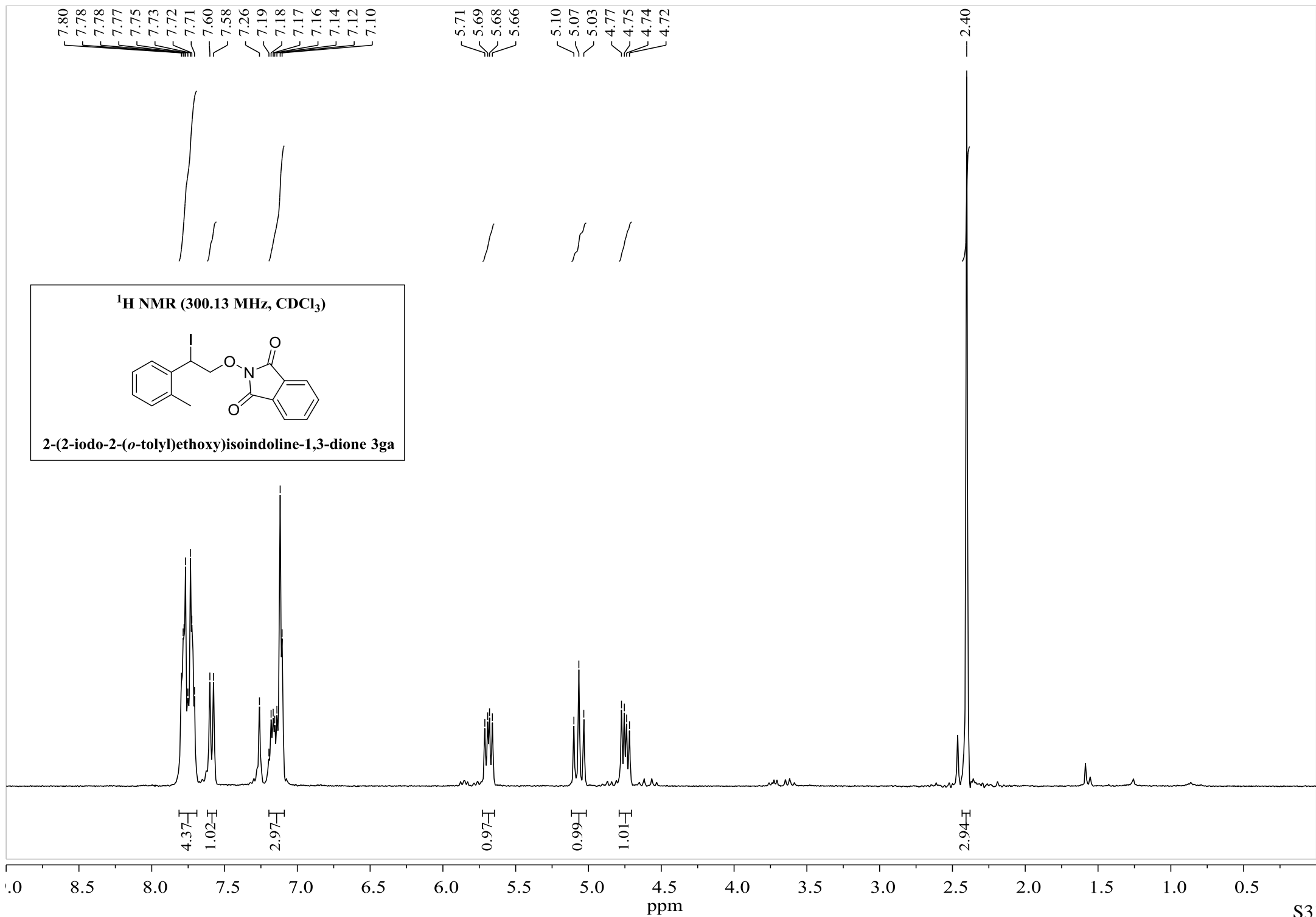


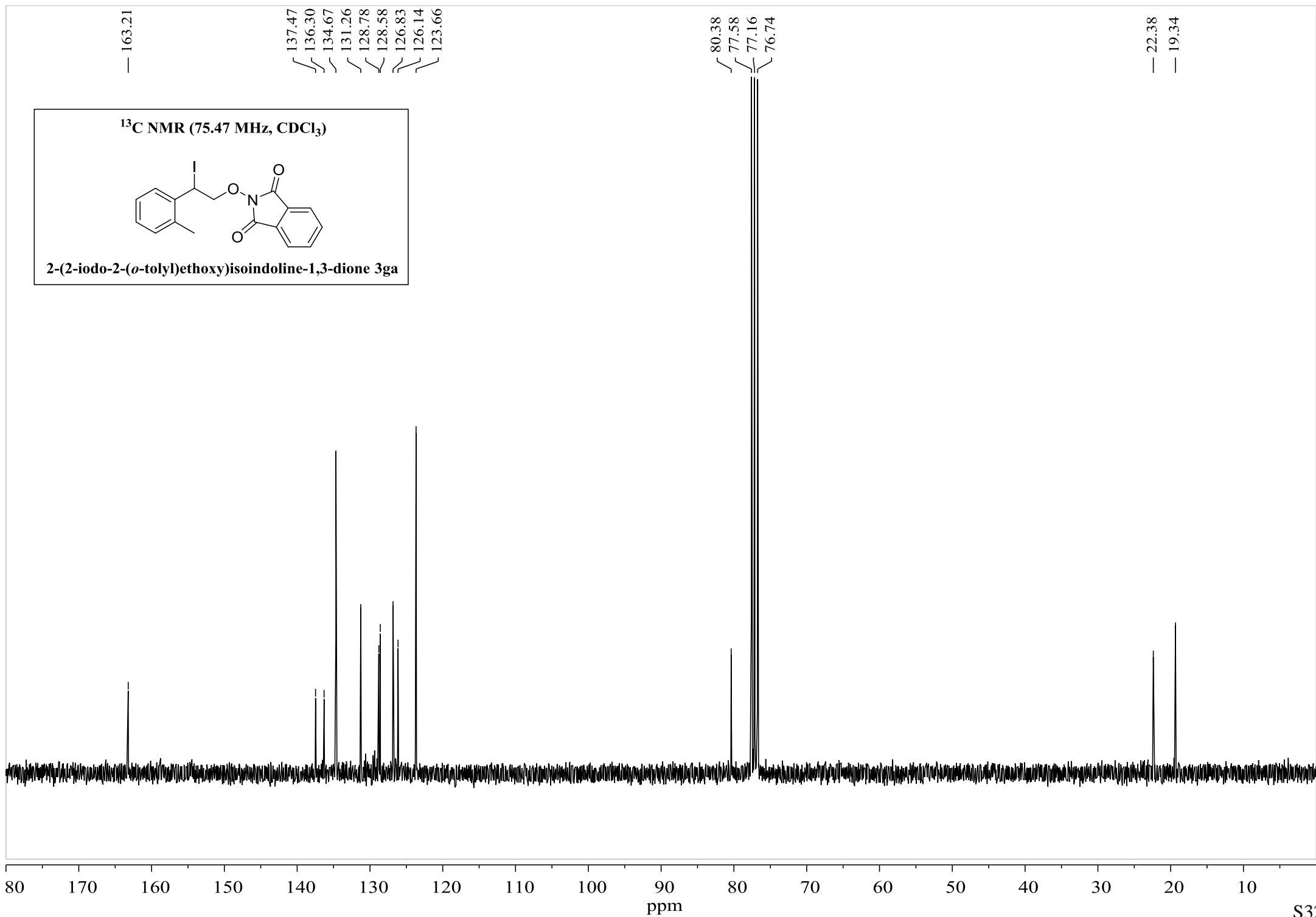


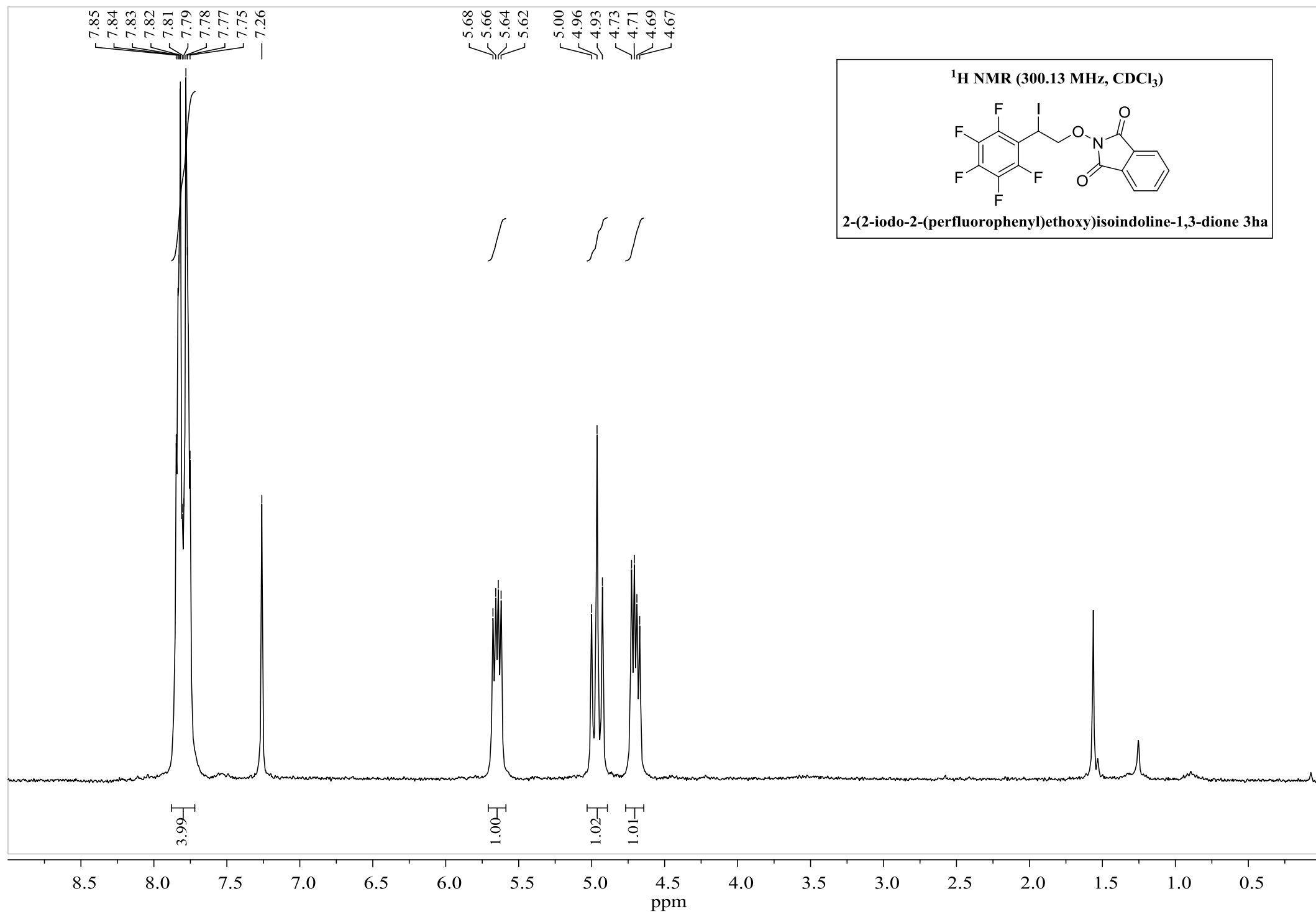


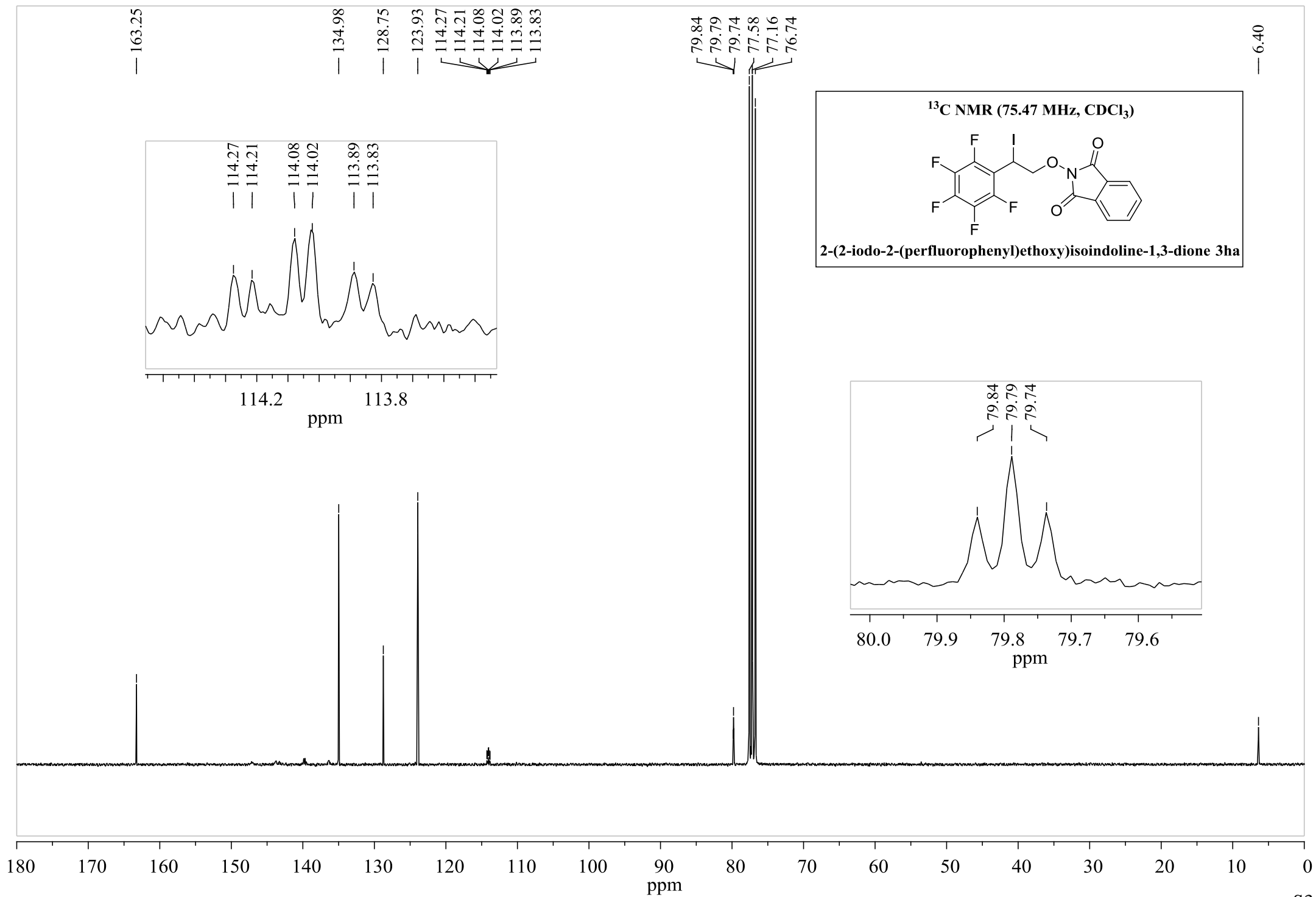


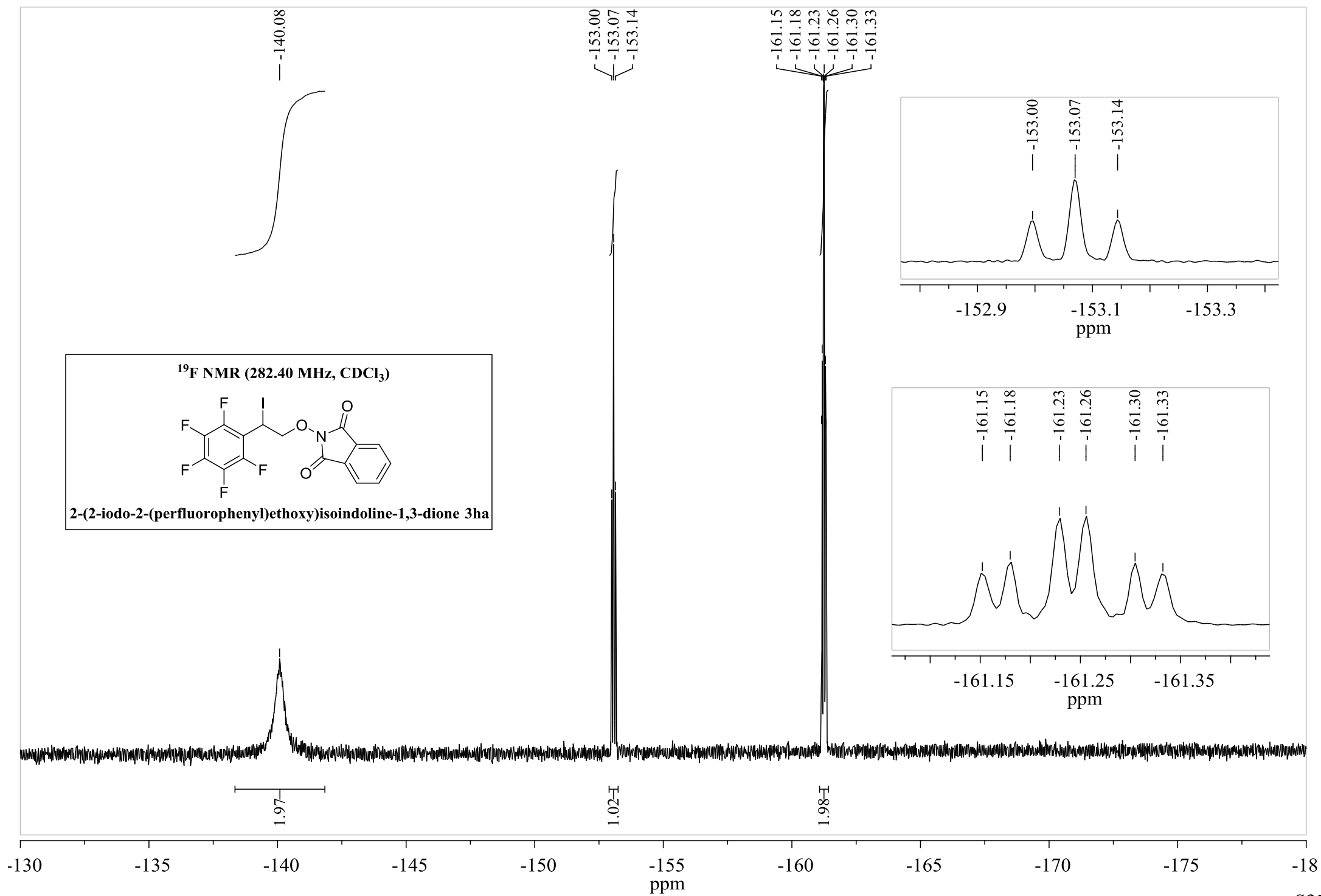


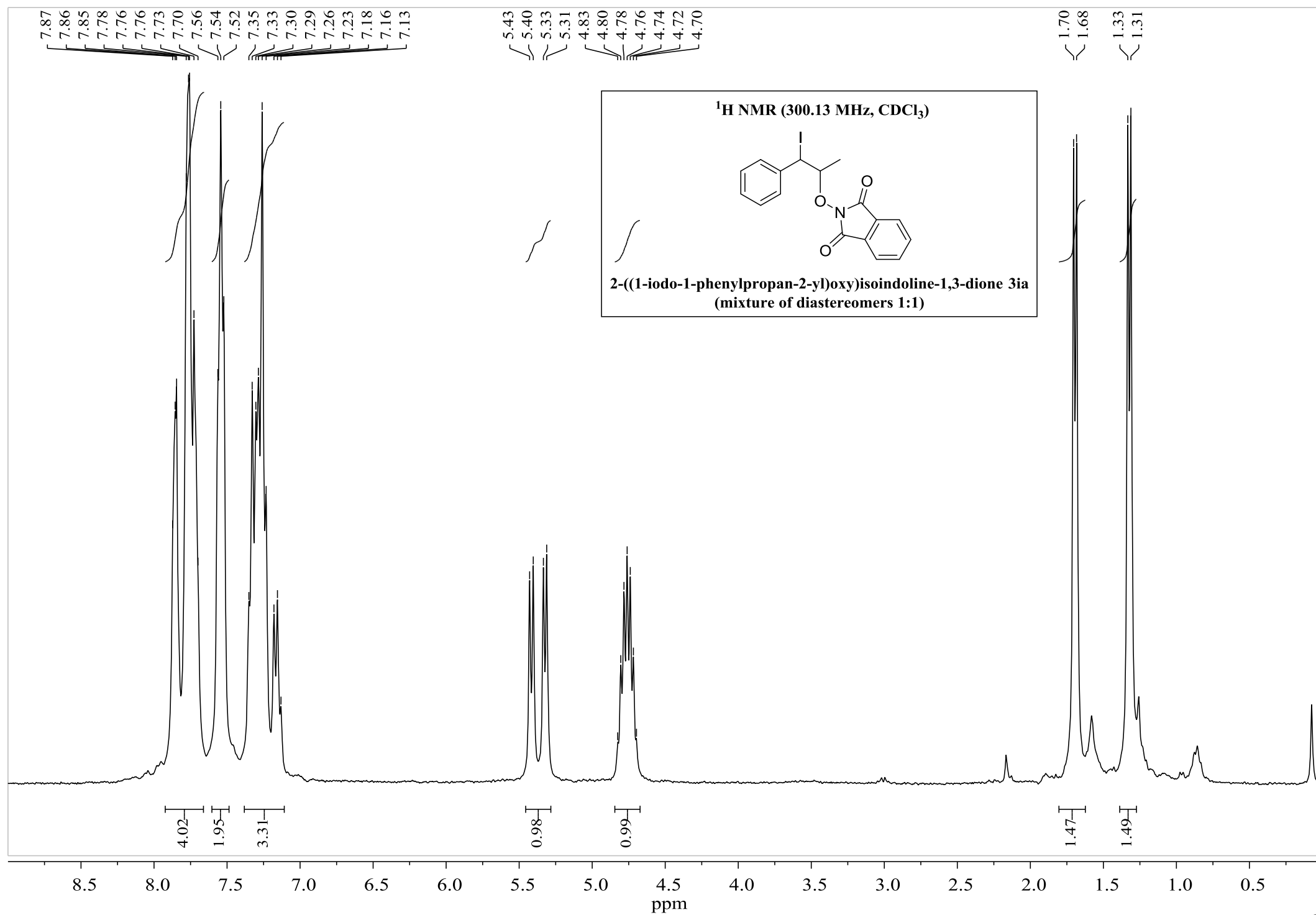


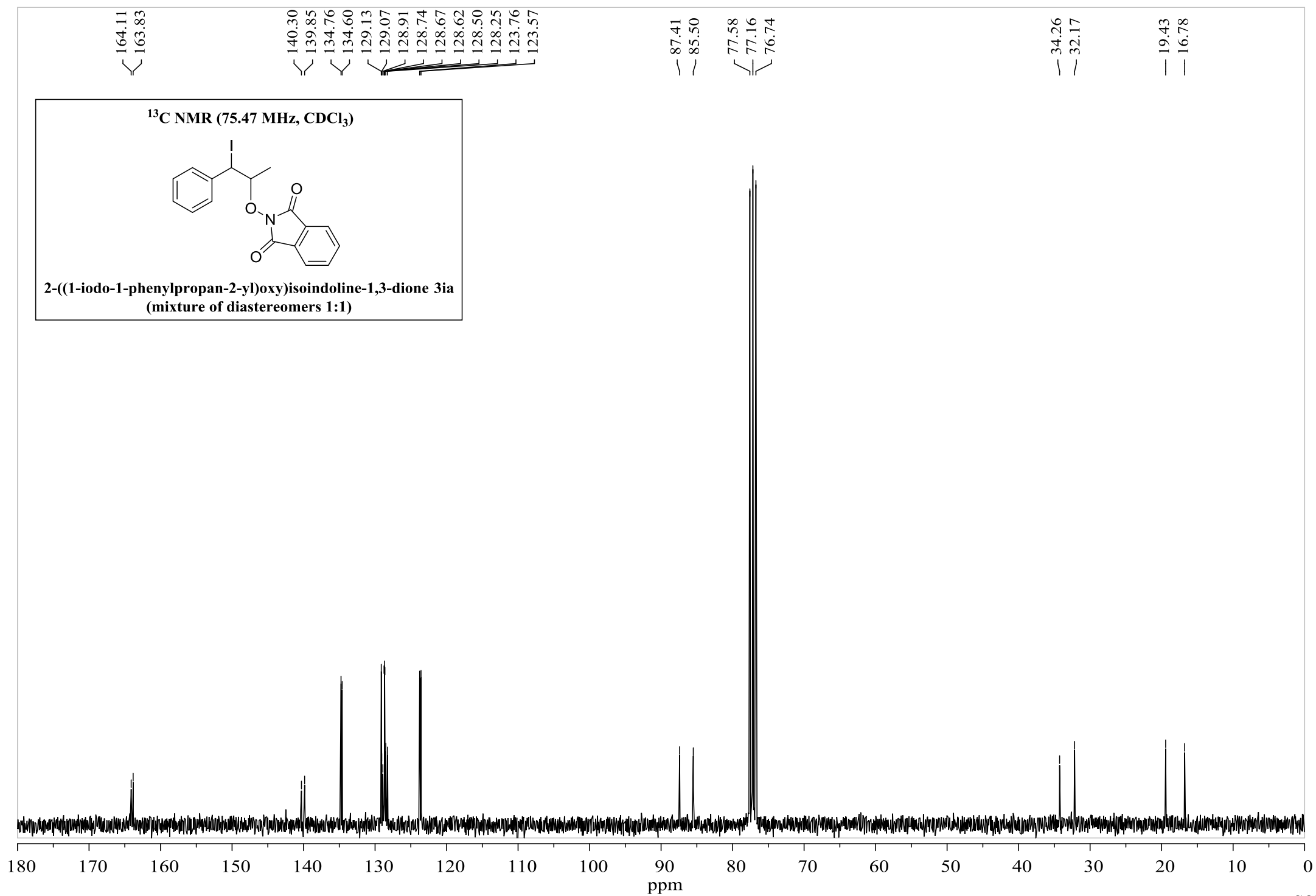


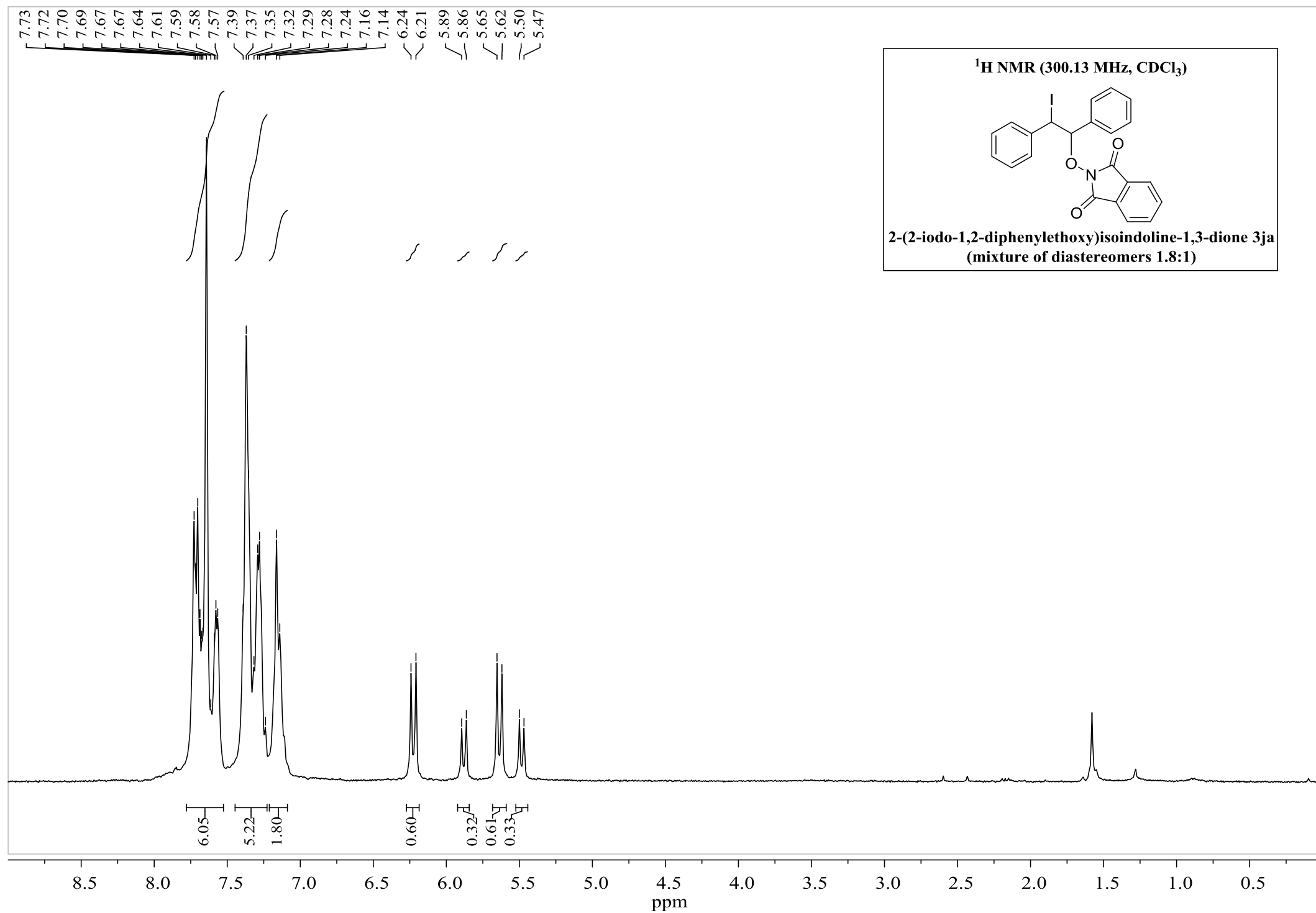


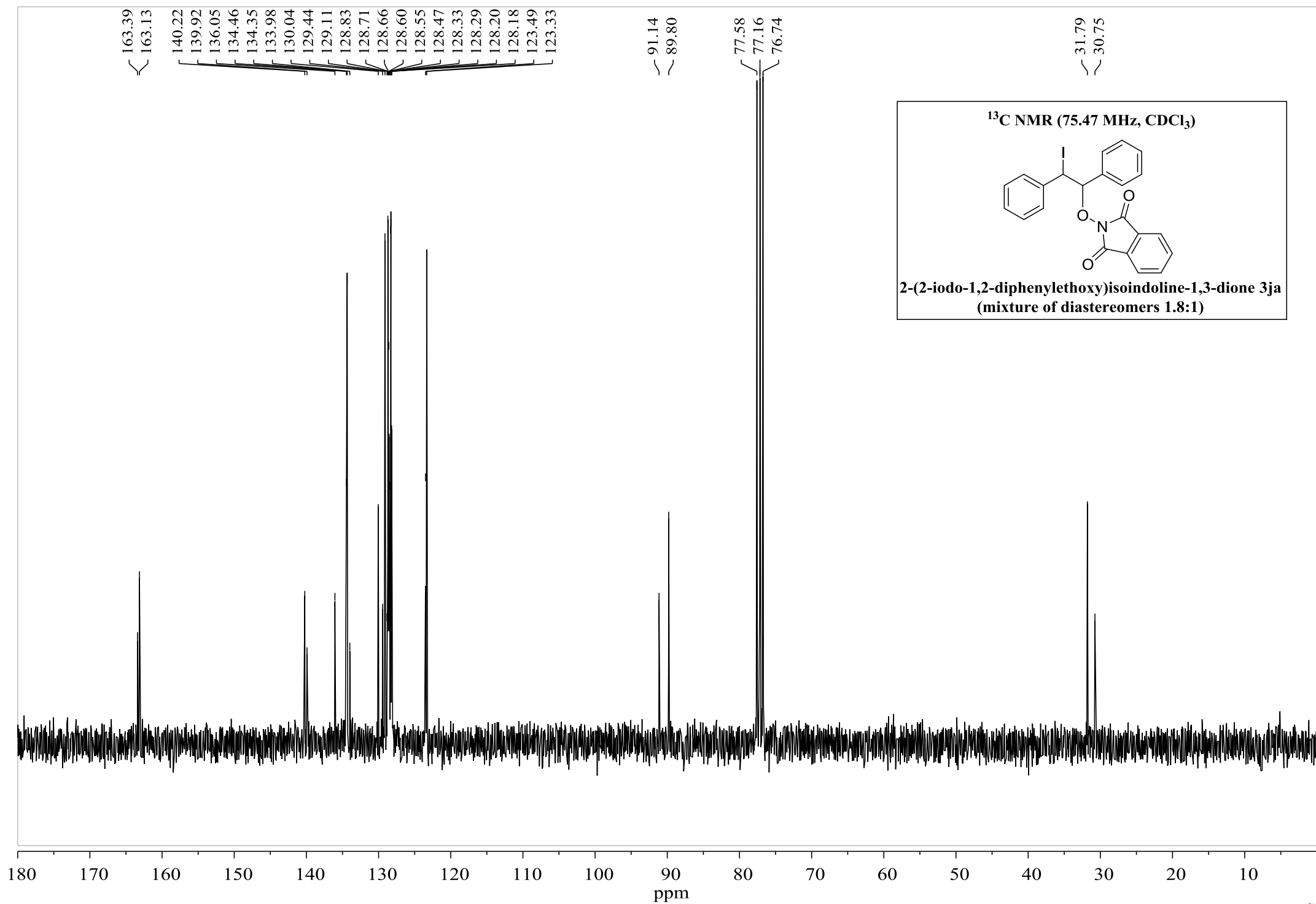


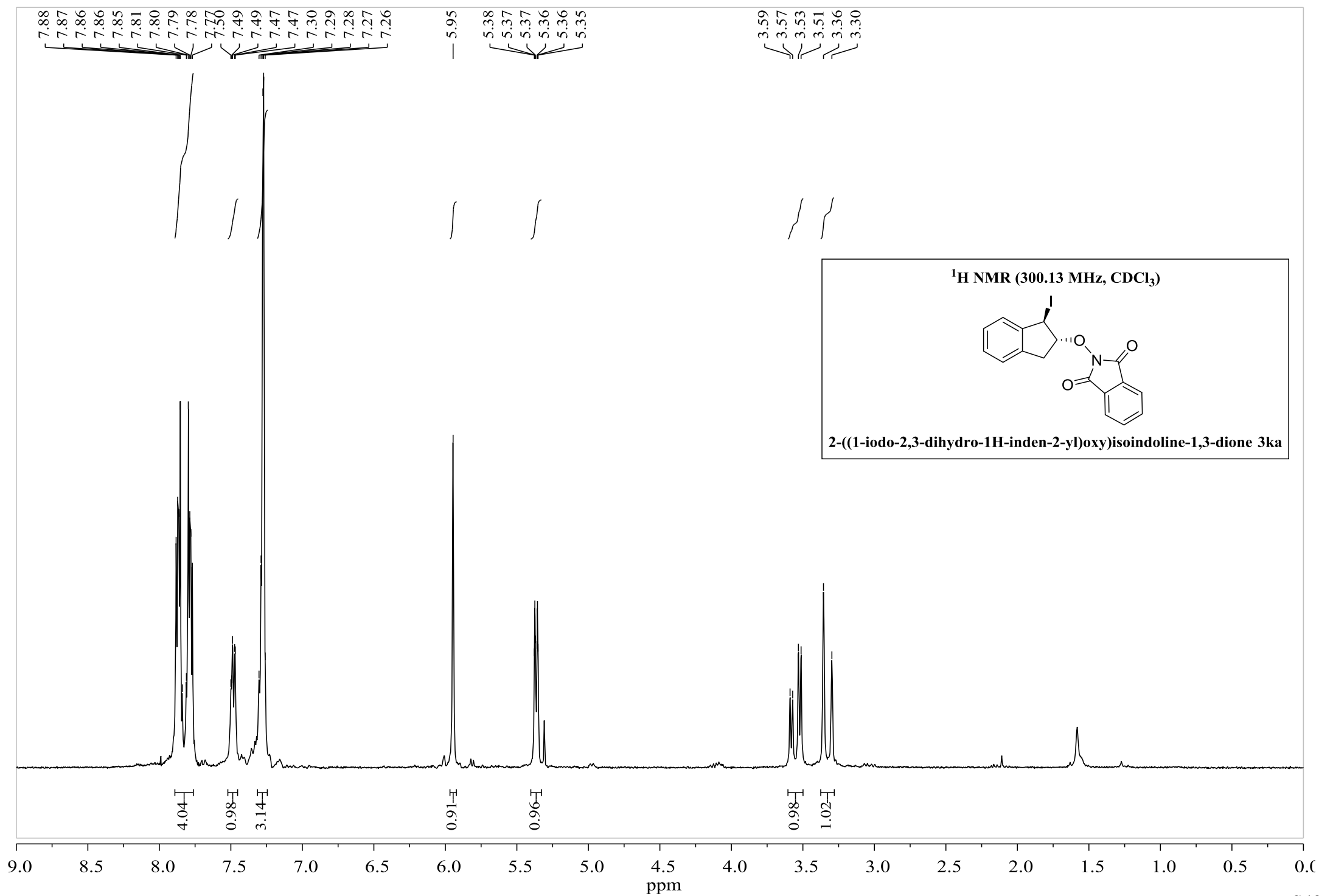


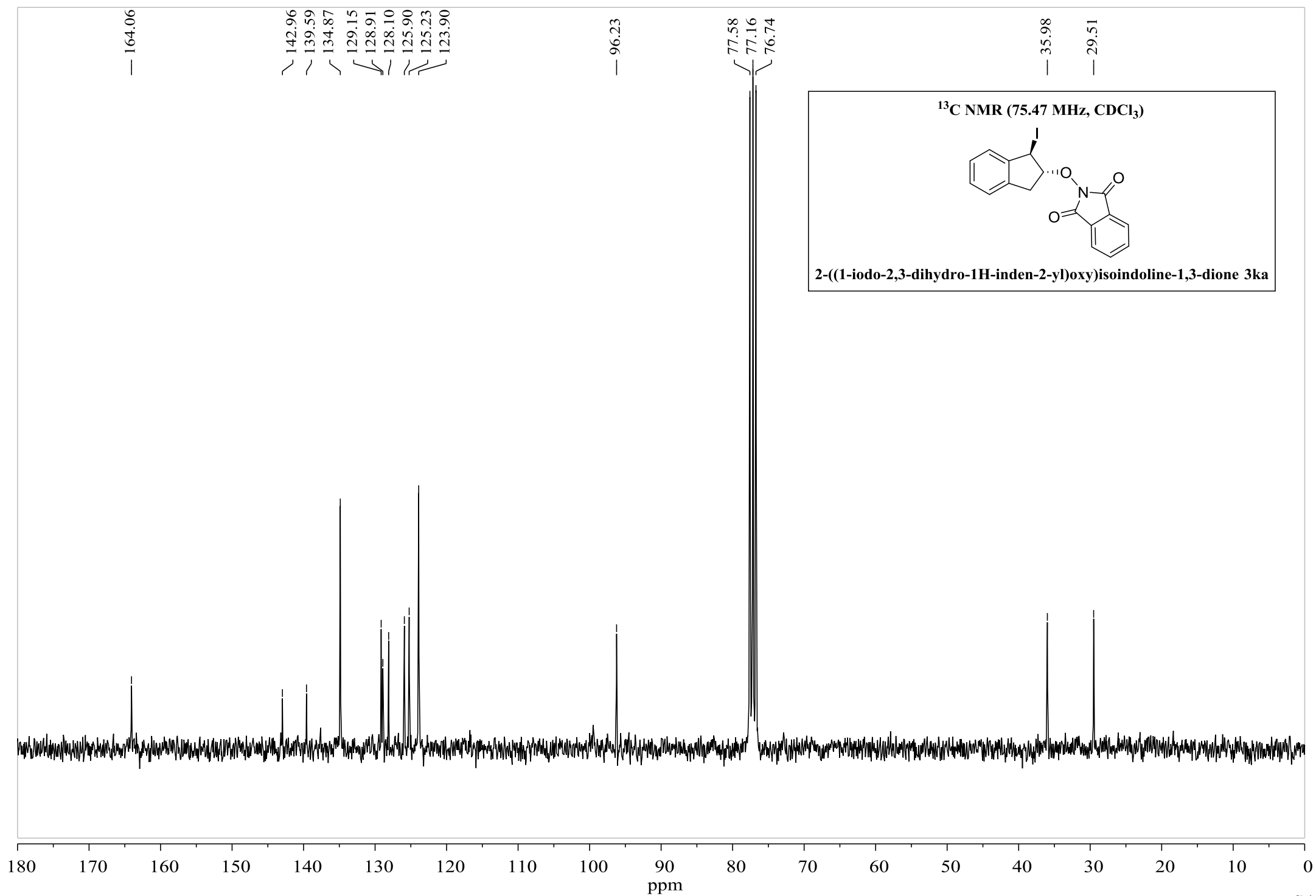








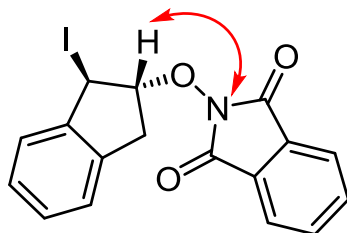




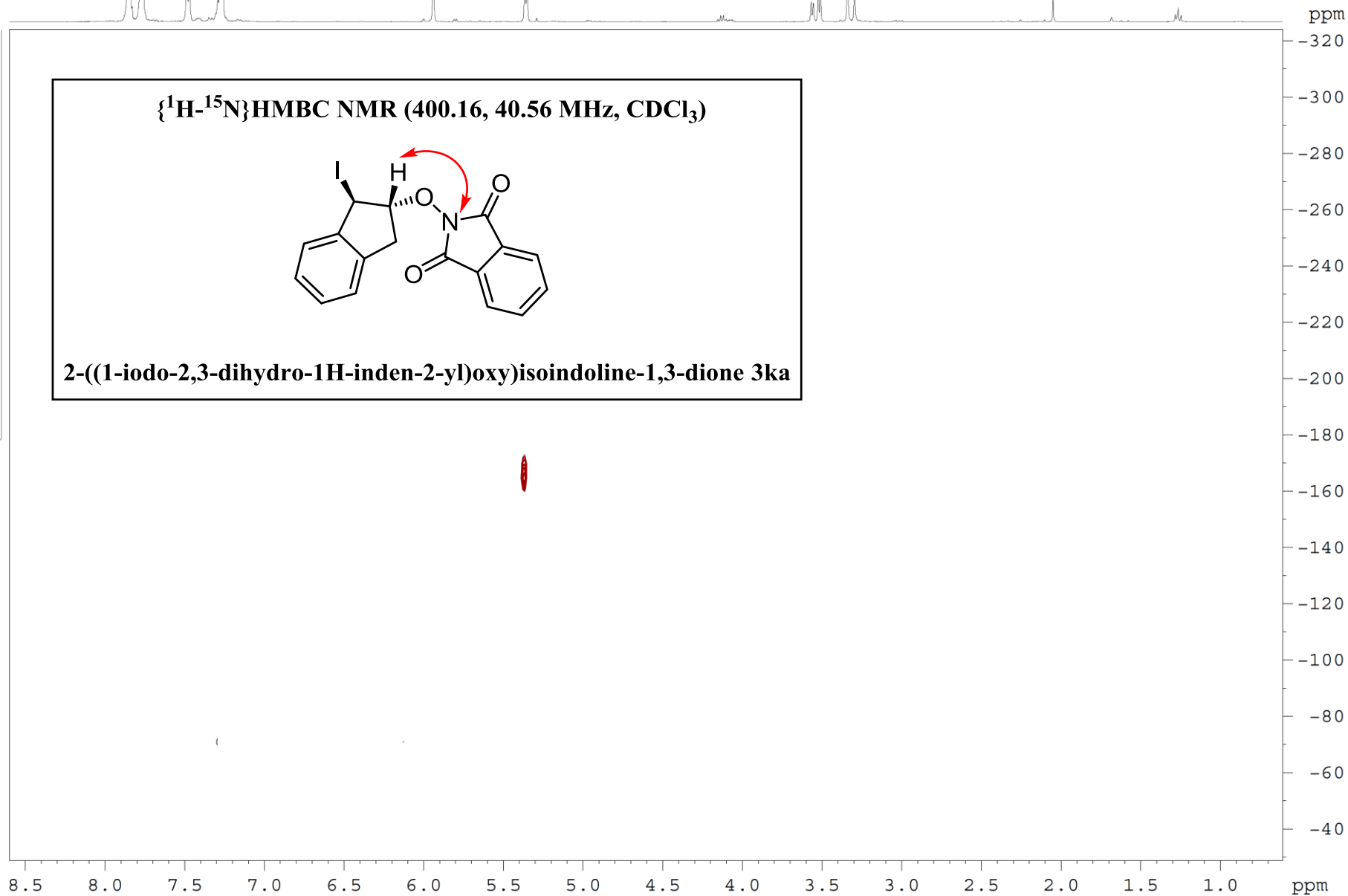
/TERN i3447

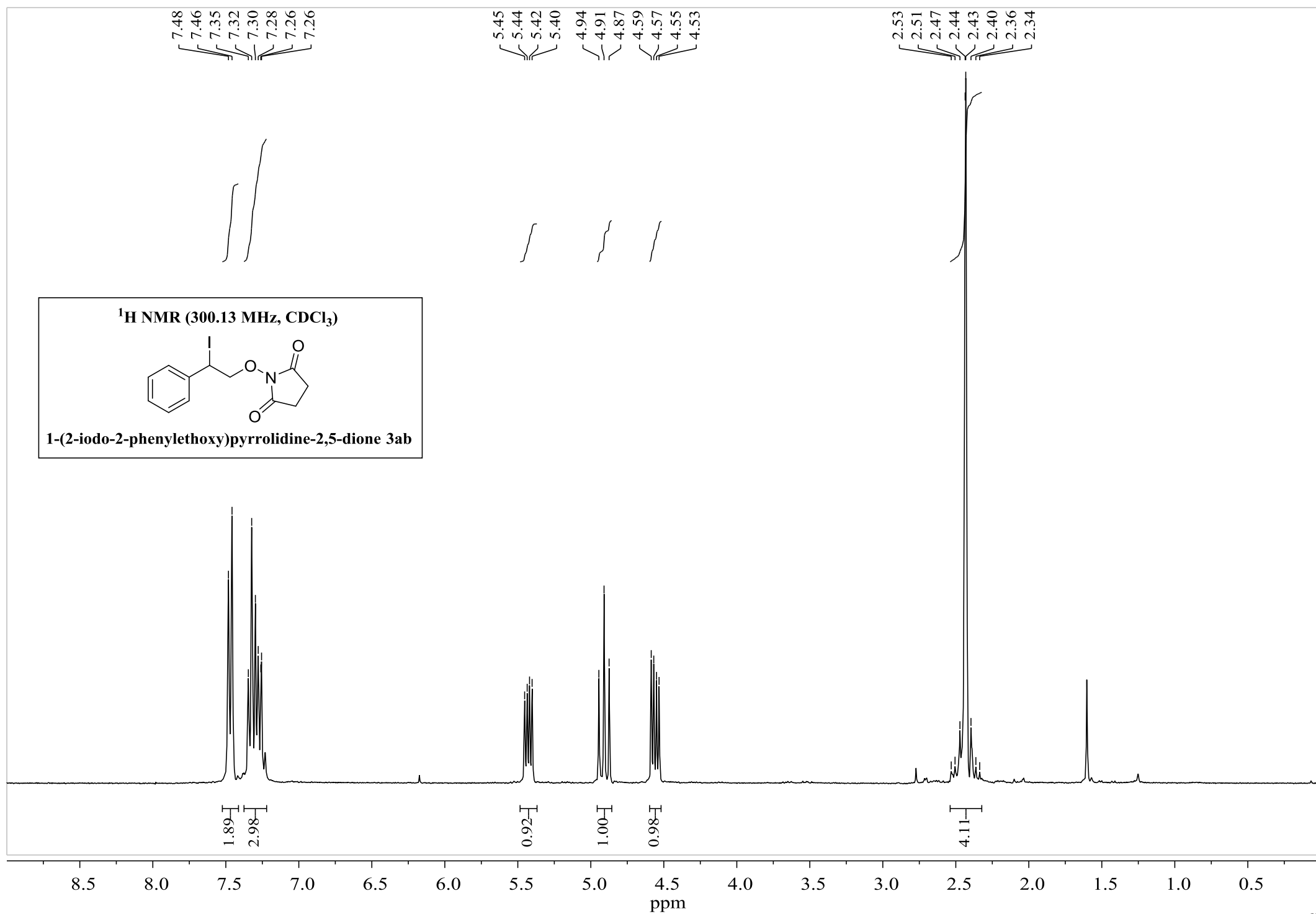
i3447 CDCl3 nmr 1H-15N HMBC Te298K

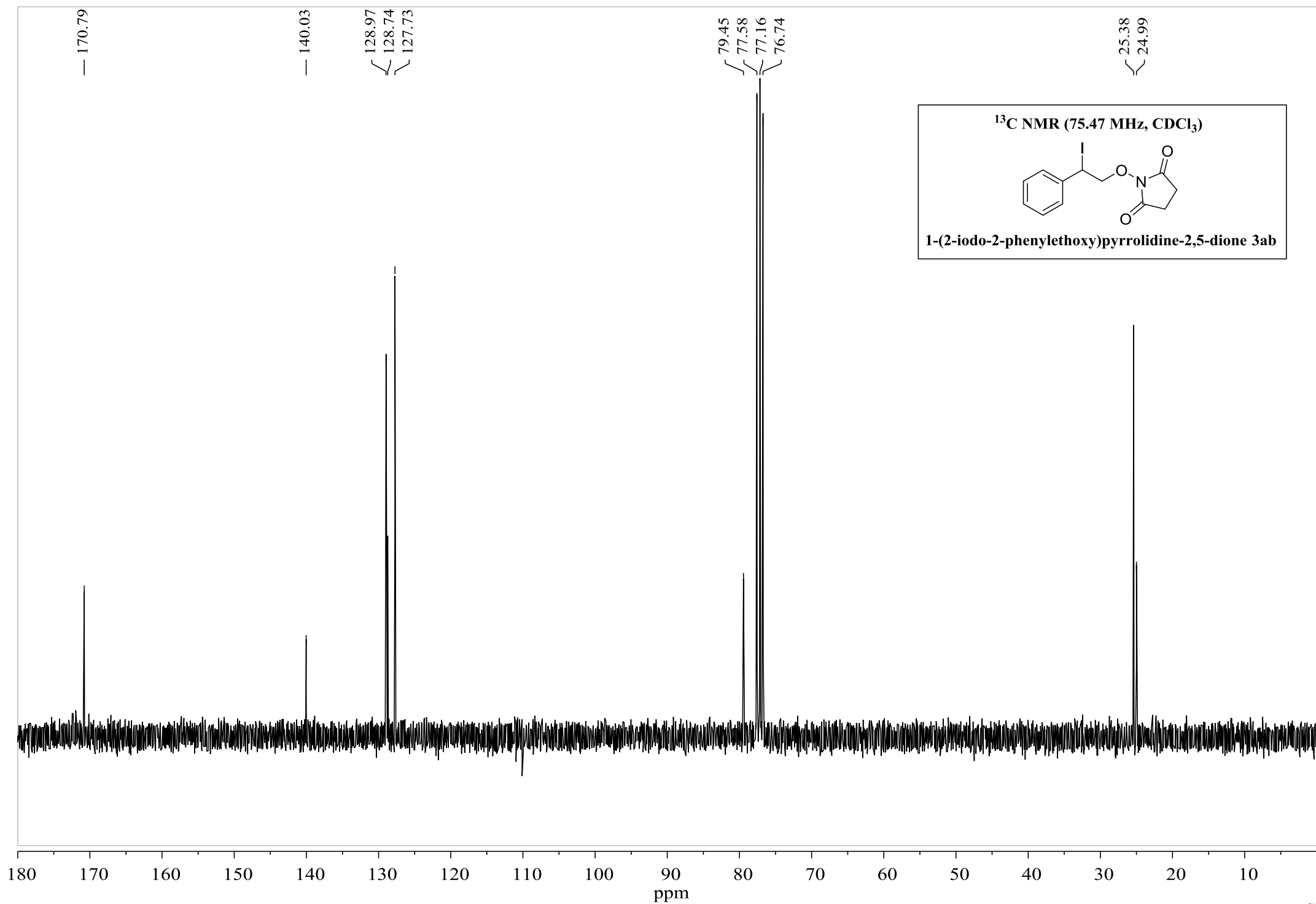
{¹H-¹⁵N}HMBC NMR (400.16, 40.56 MHz, CDCl₃)

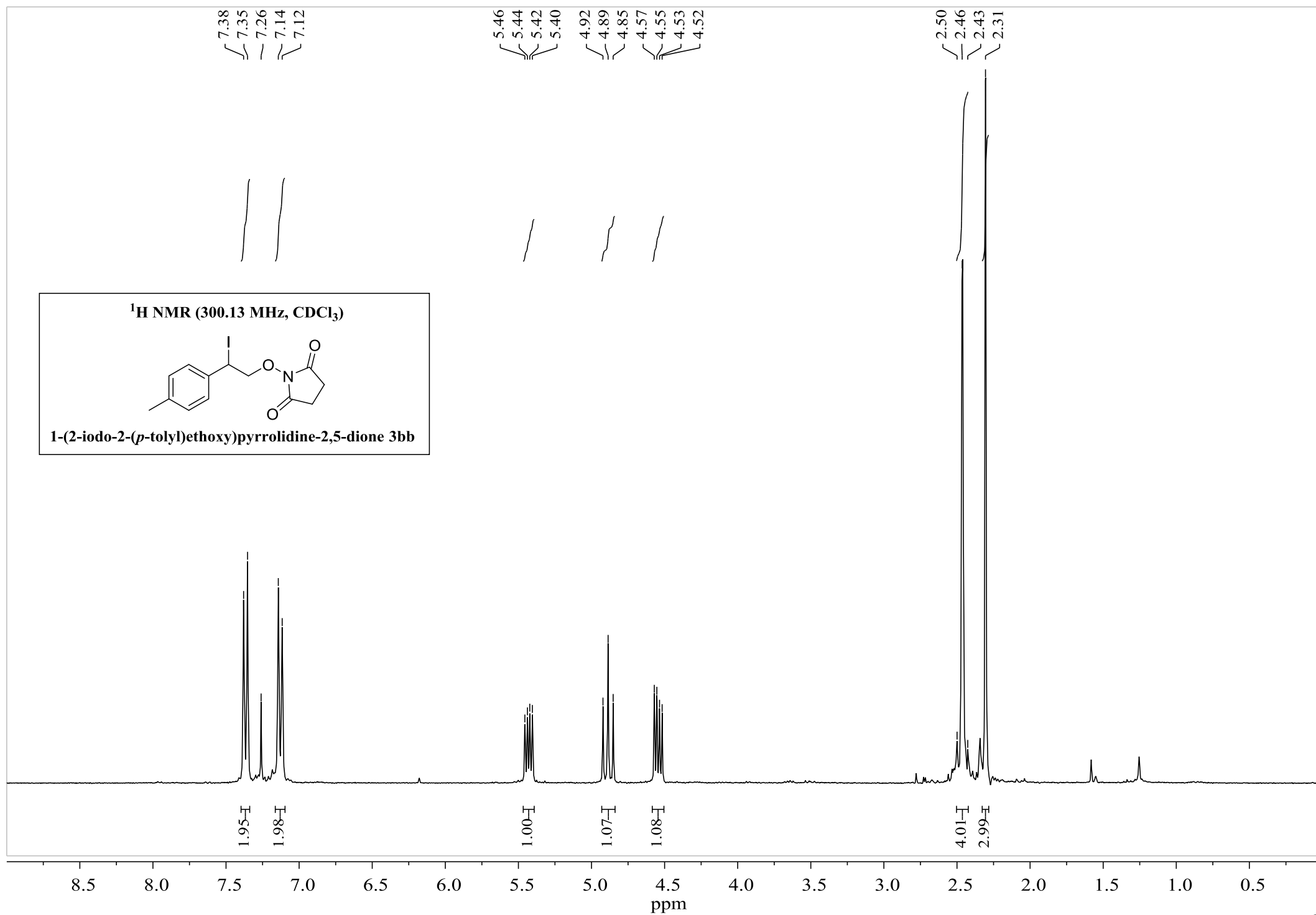


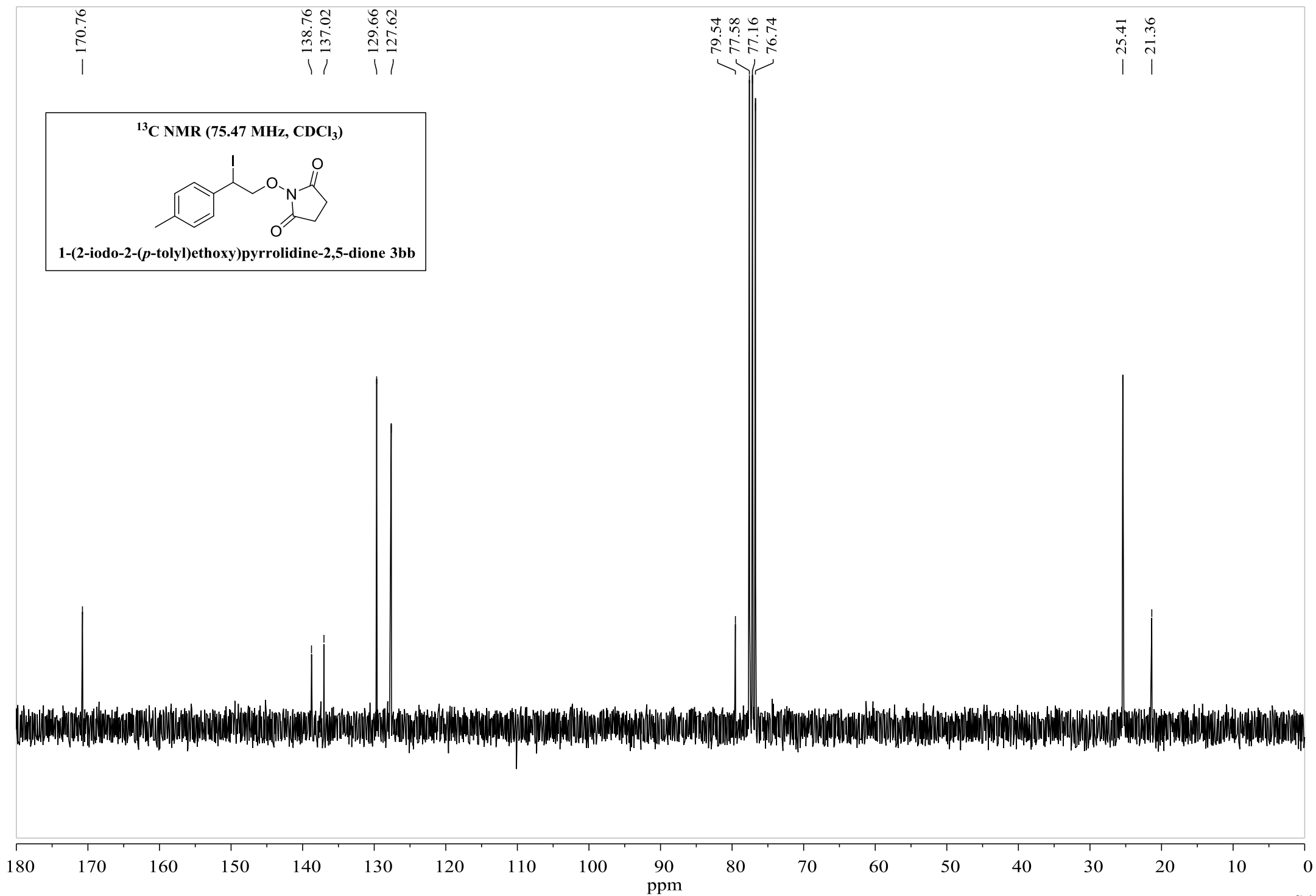
2-((1-iodo-2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)oxy)isoindoline-1,3-dione 3ka

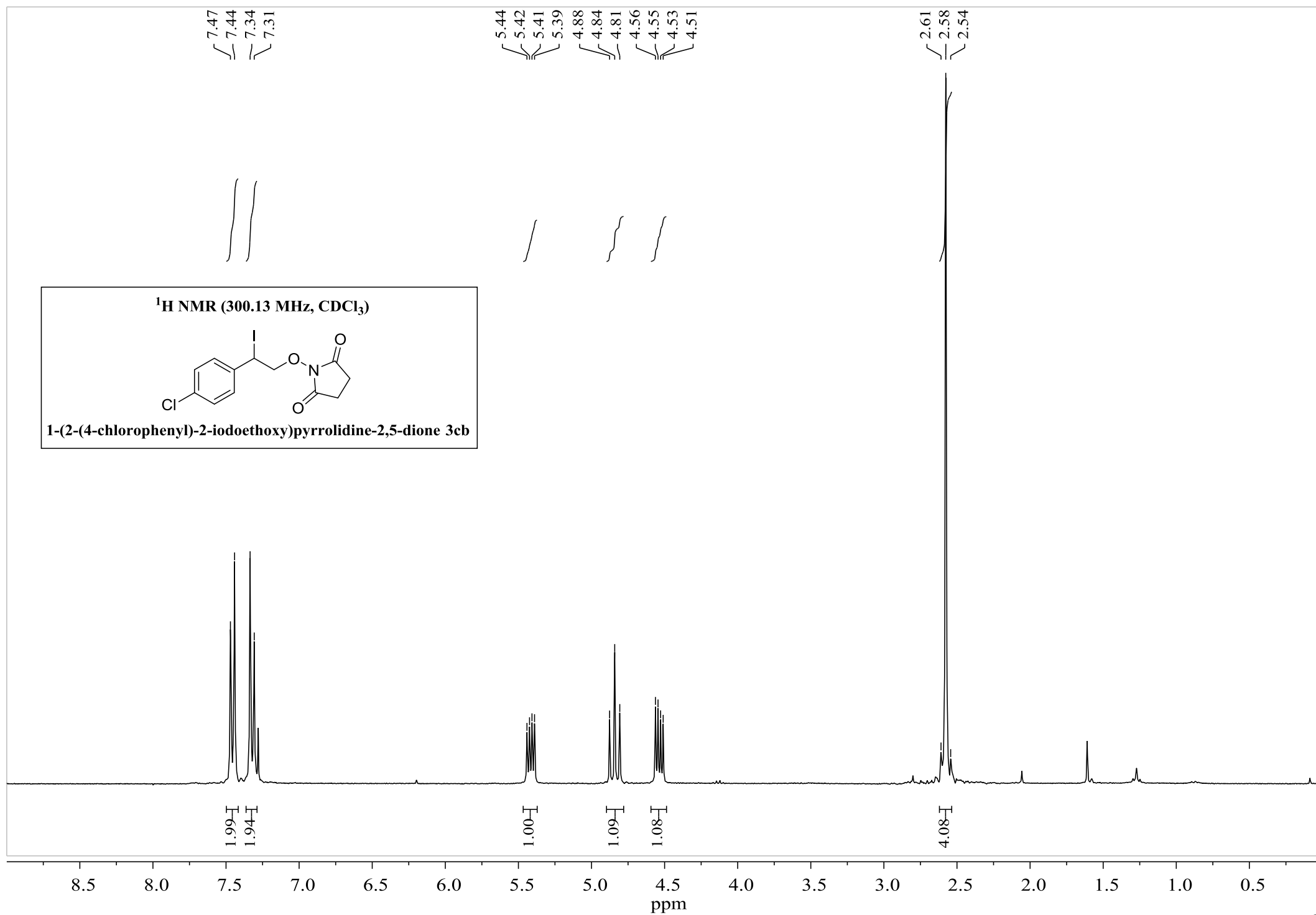


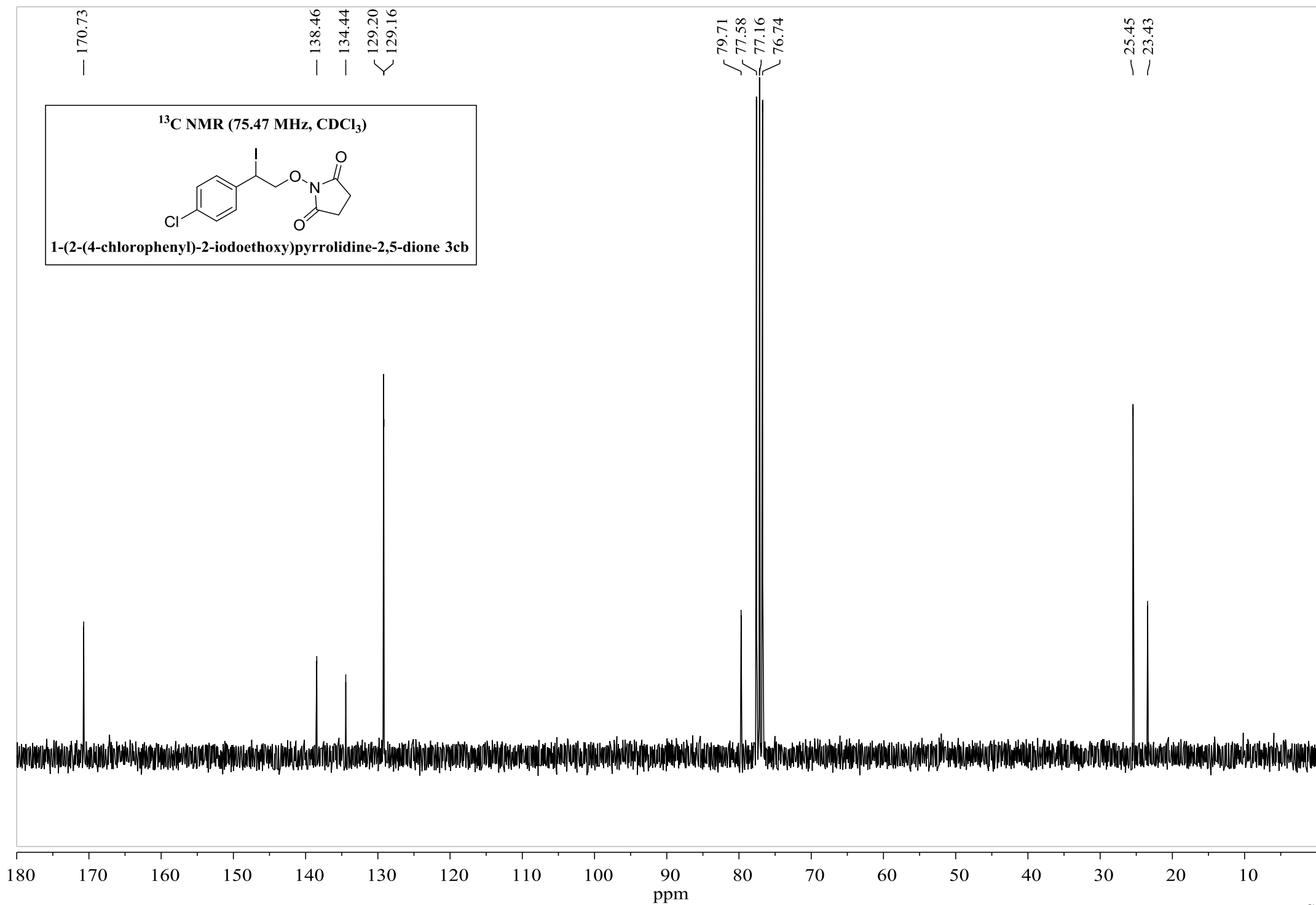


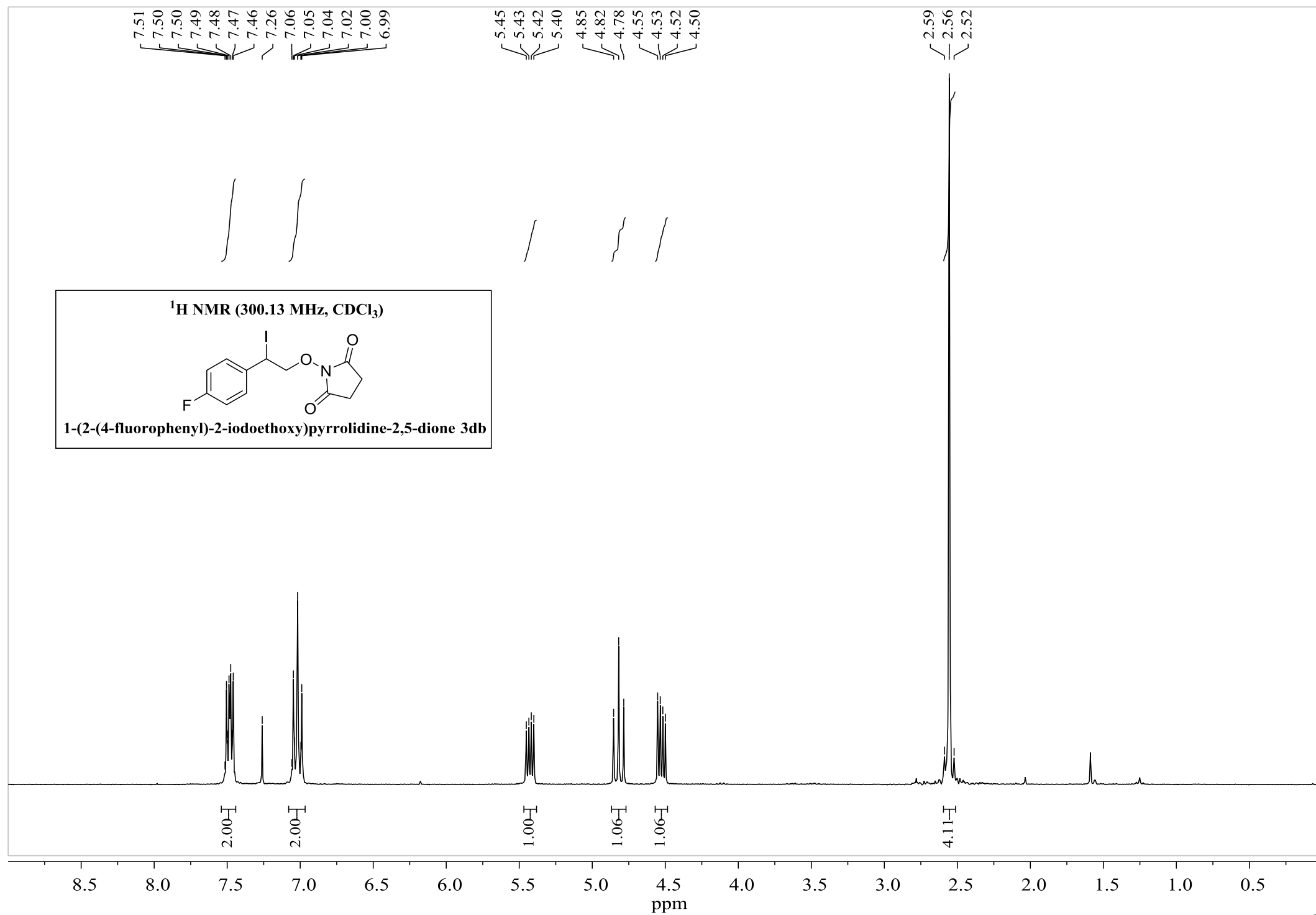


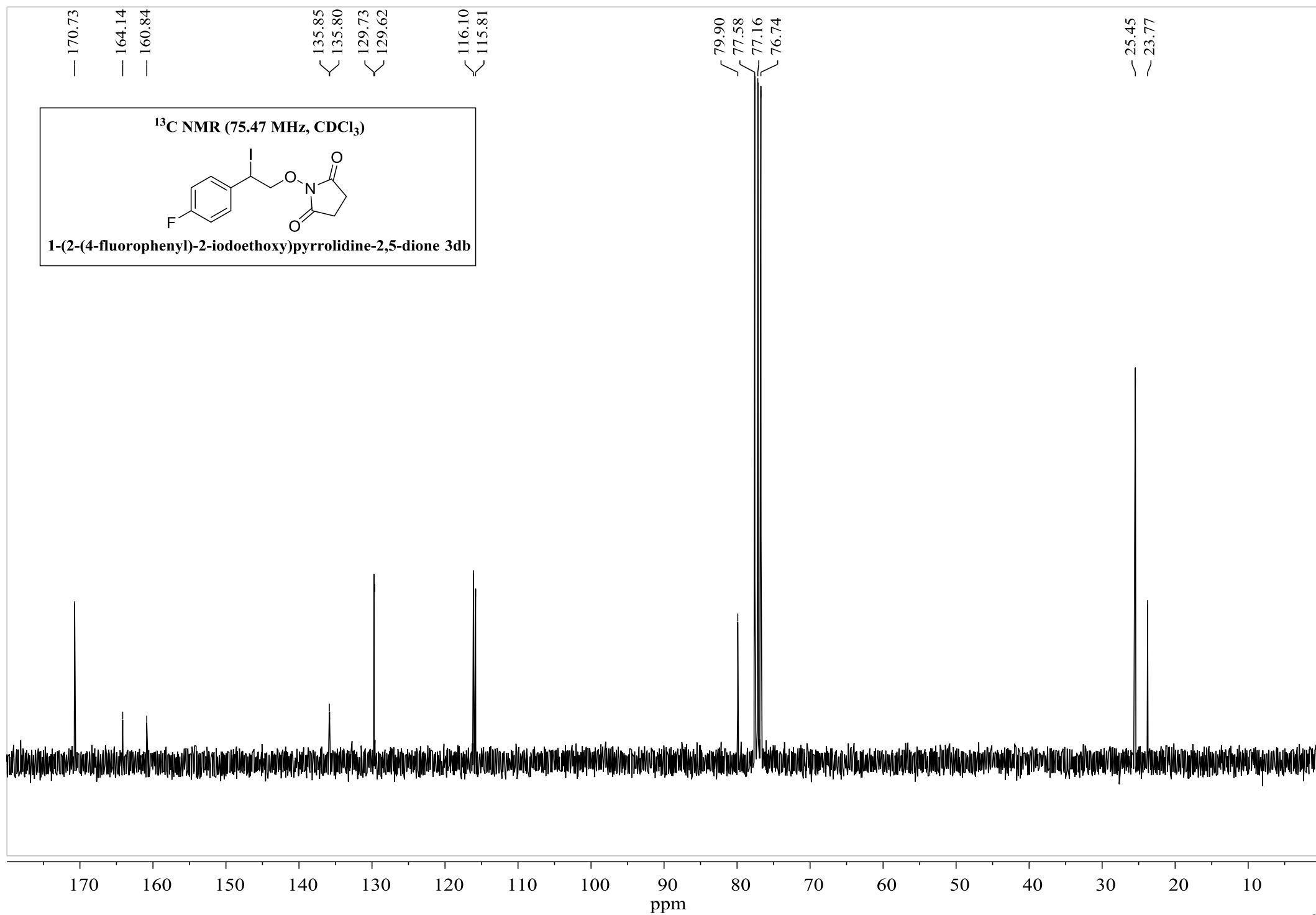




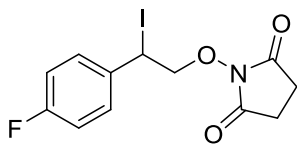




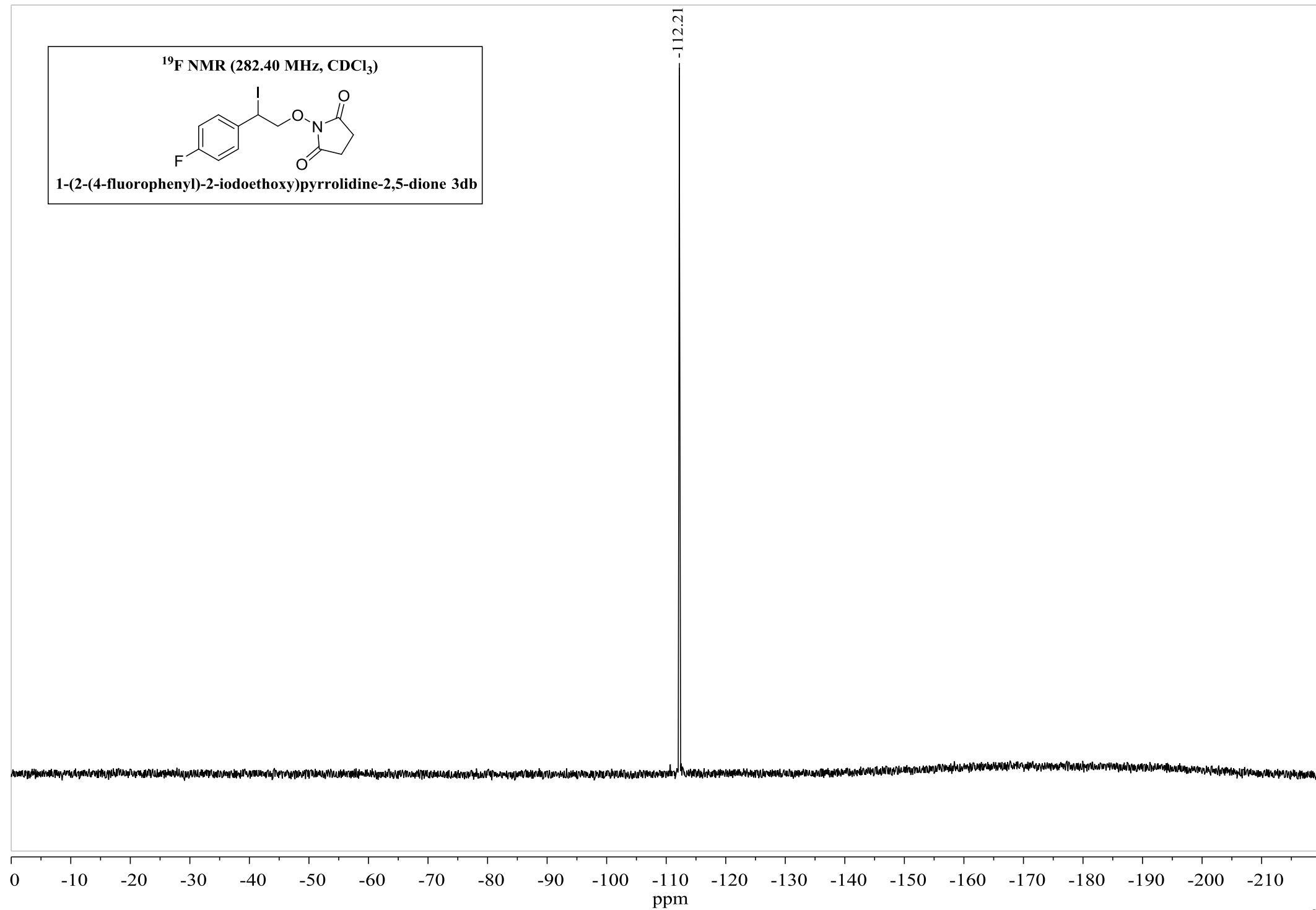


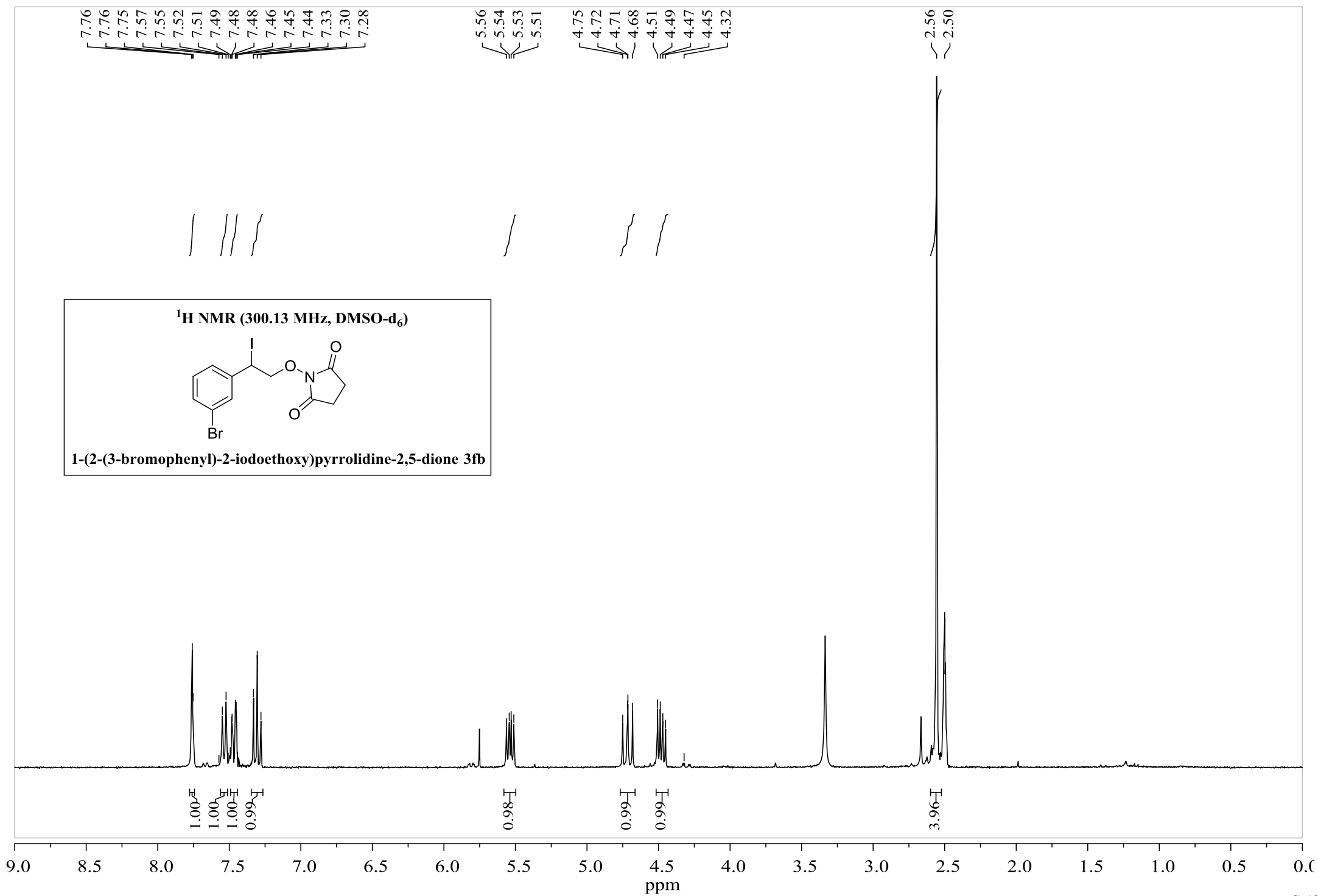


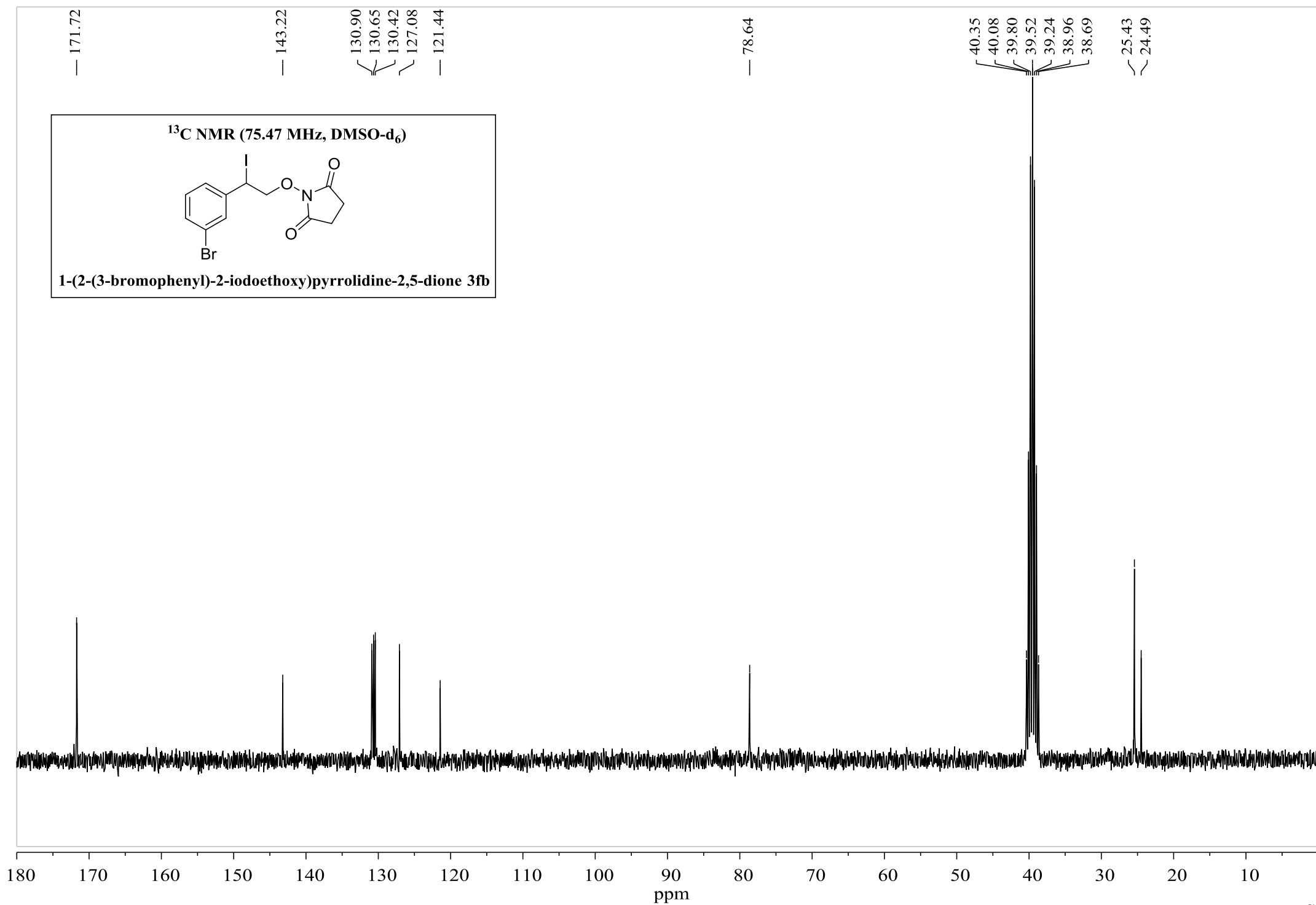
^{19}F NMR (282.40 MHz, CDCl_3)

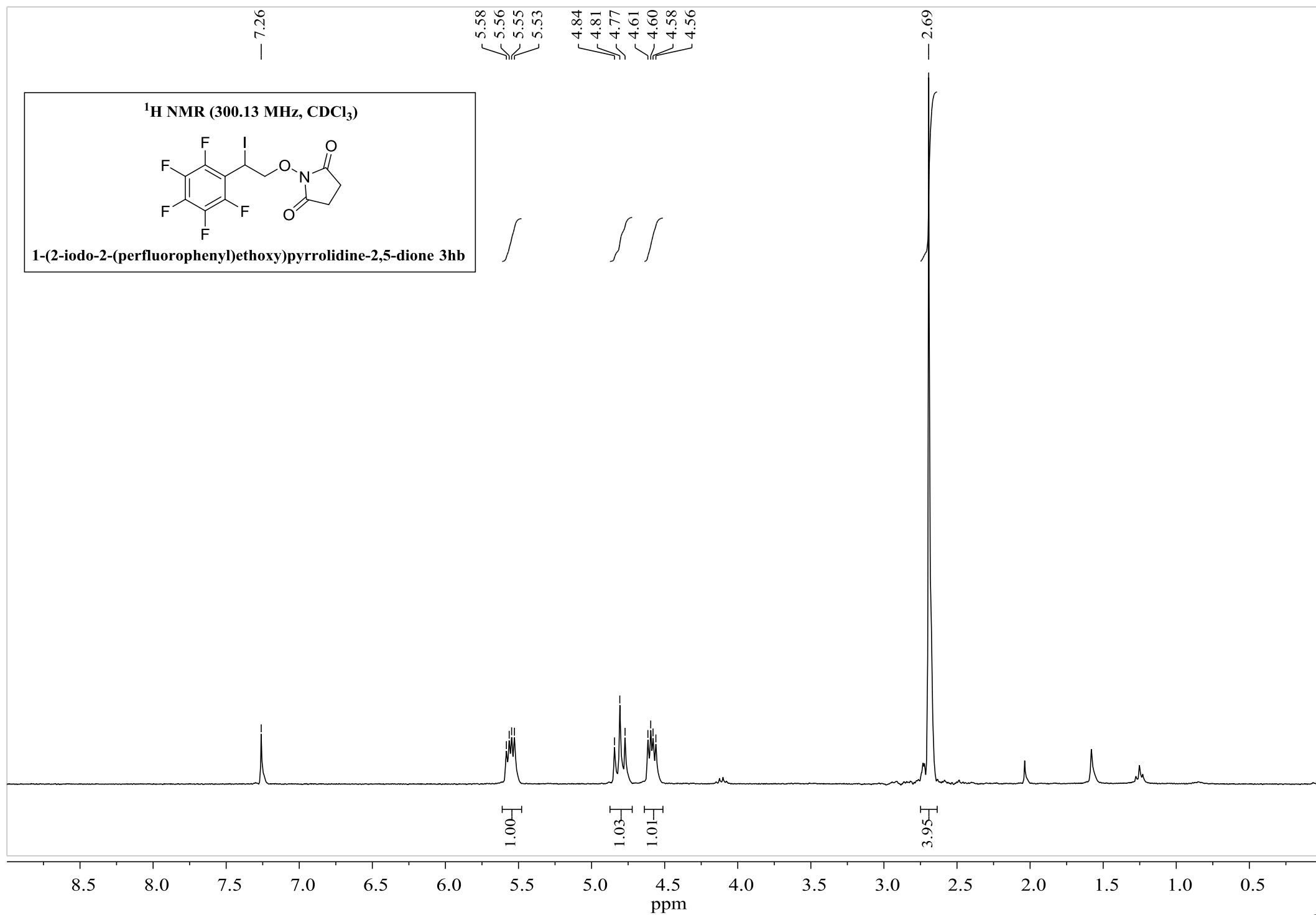


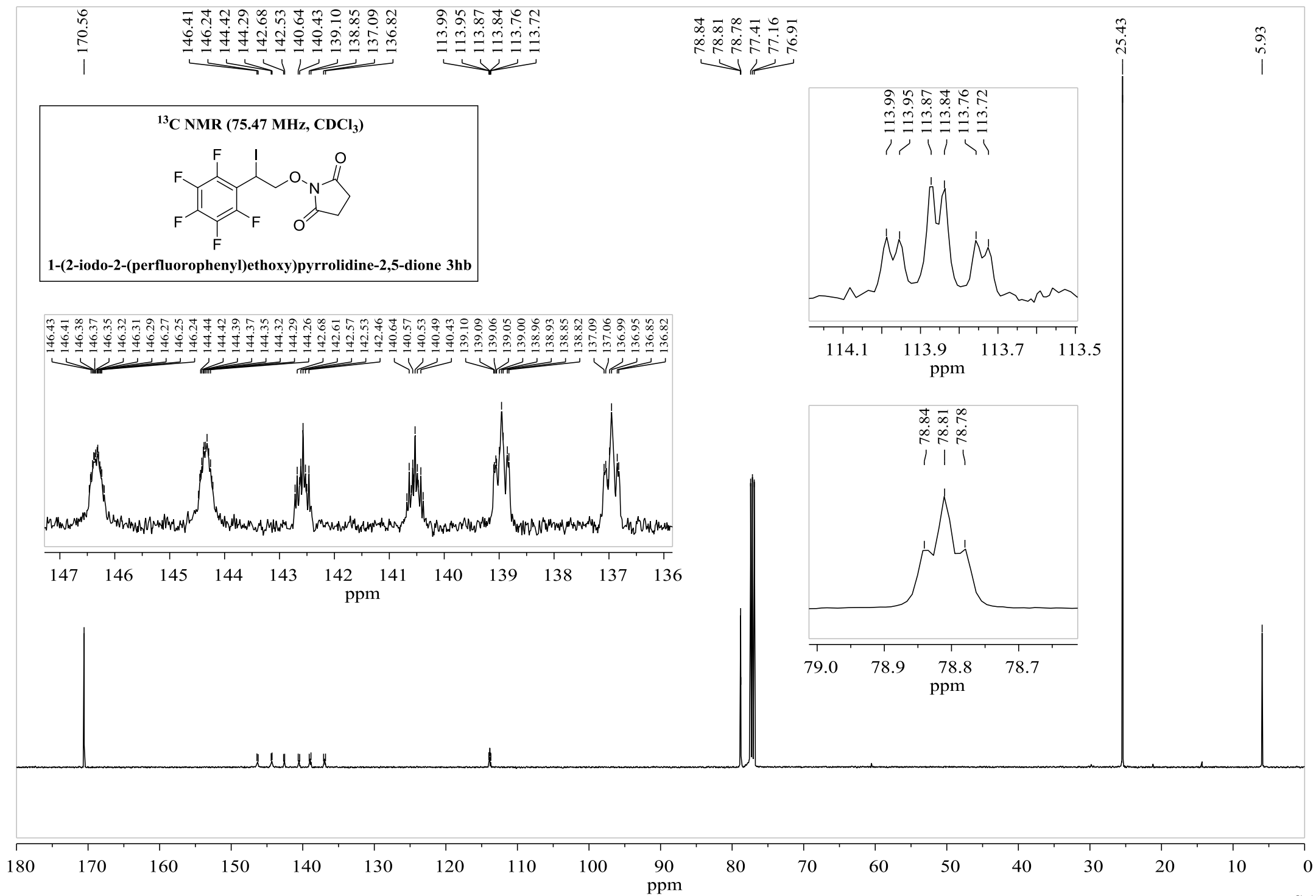
1-(2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-iodoethoxy)pyrrolidine-2,5-dione 3db

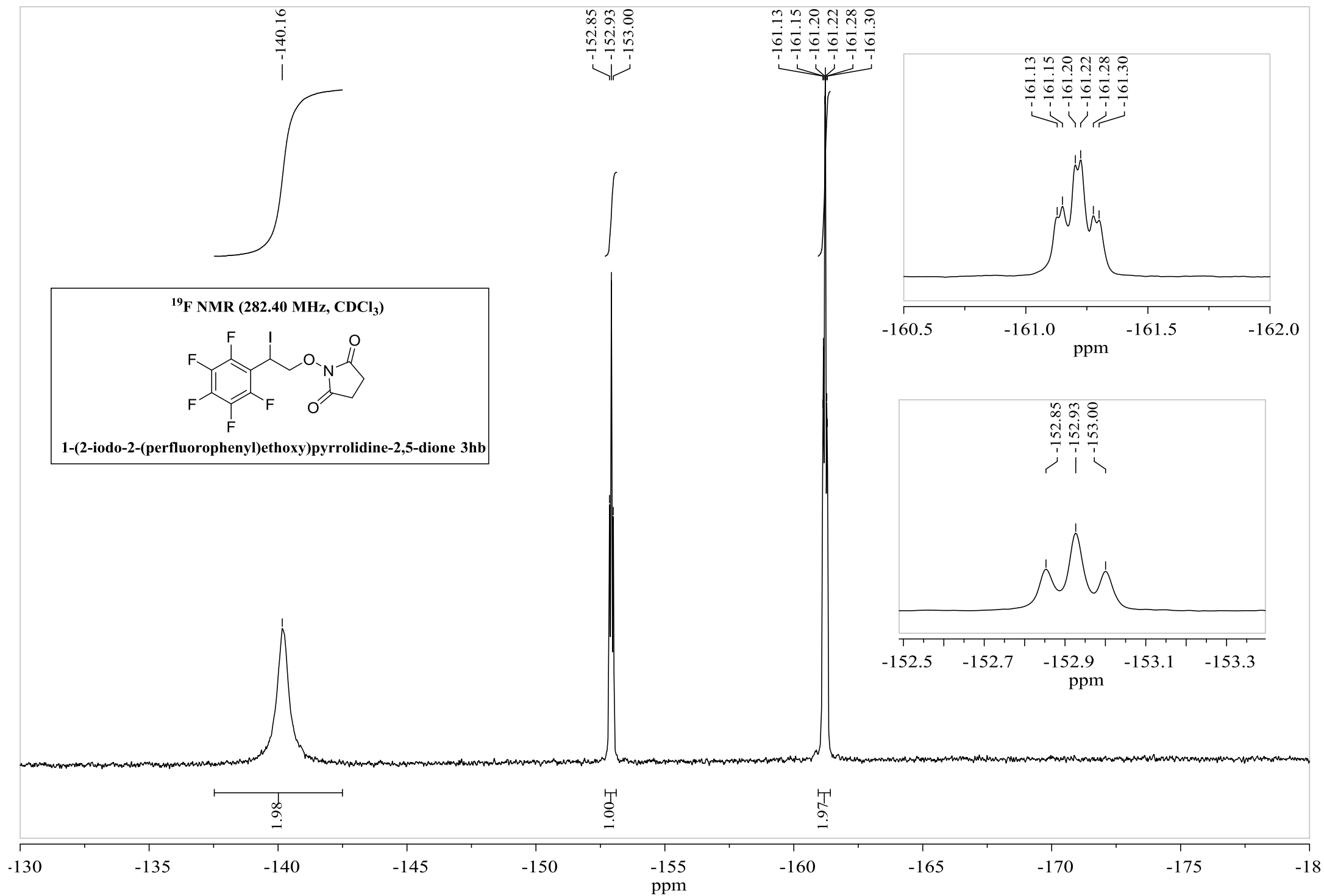


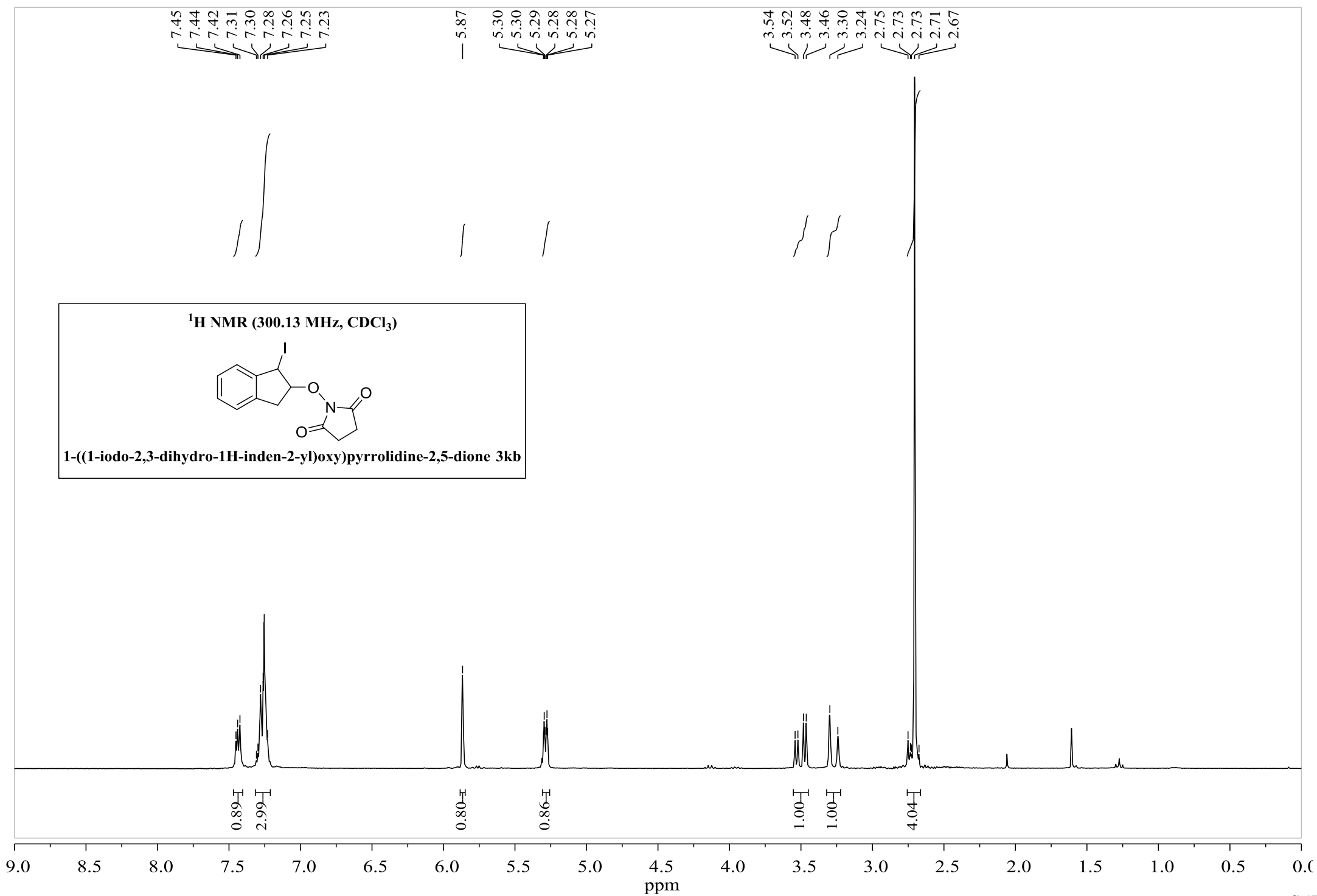


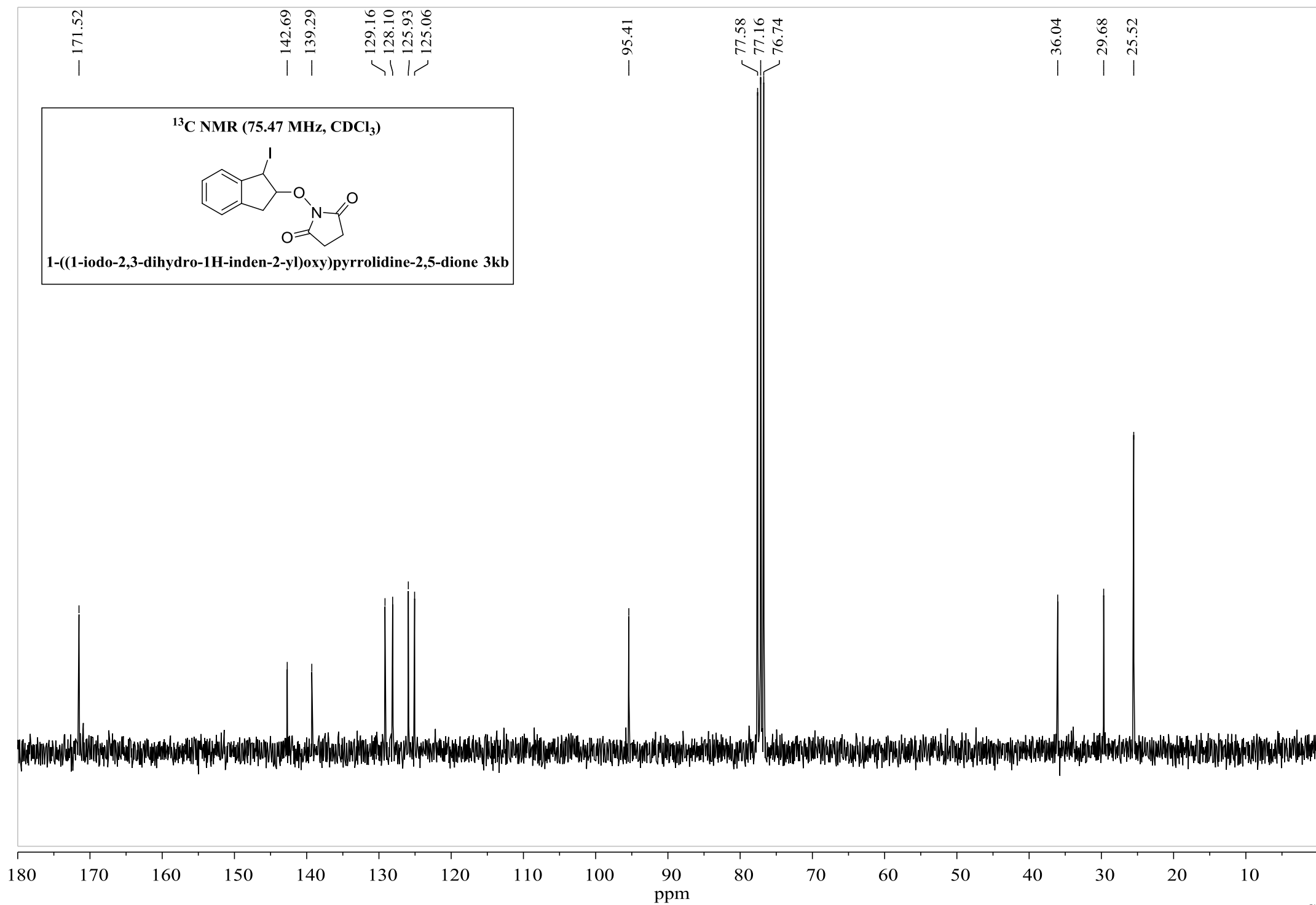


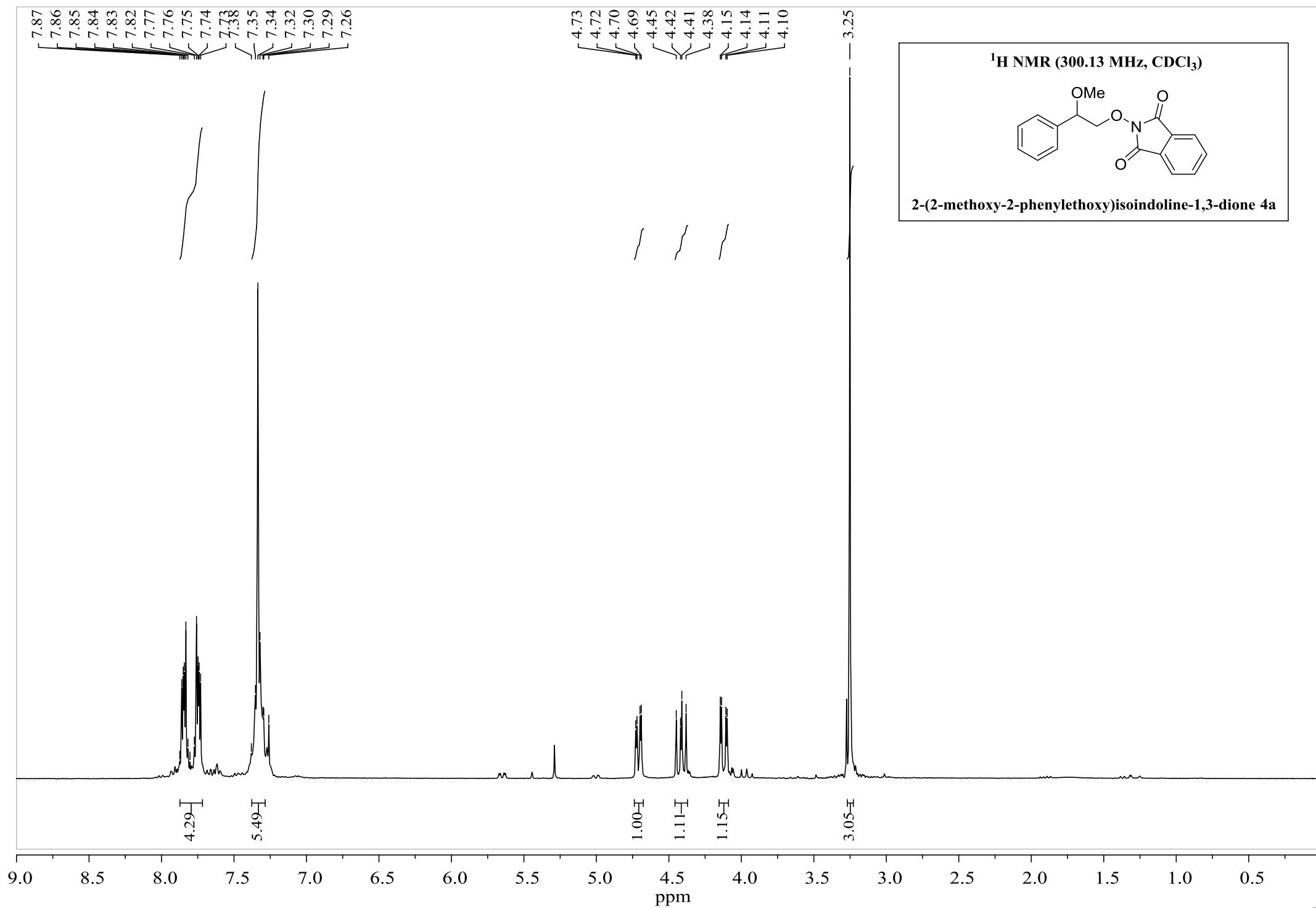


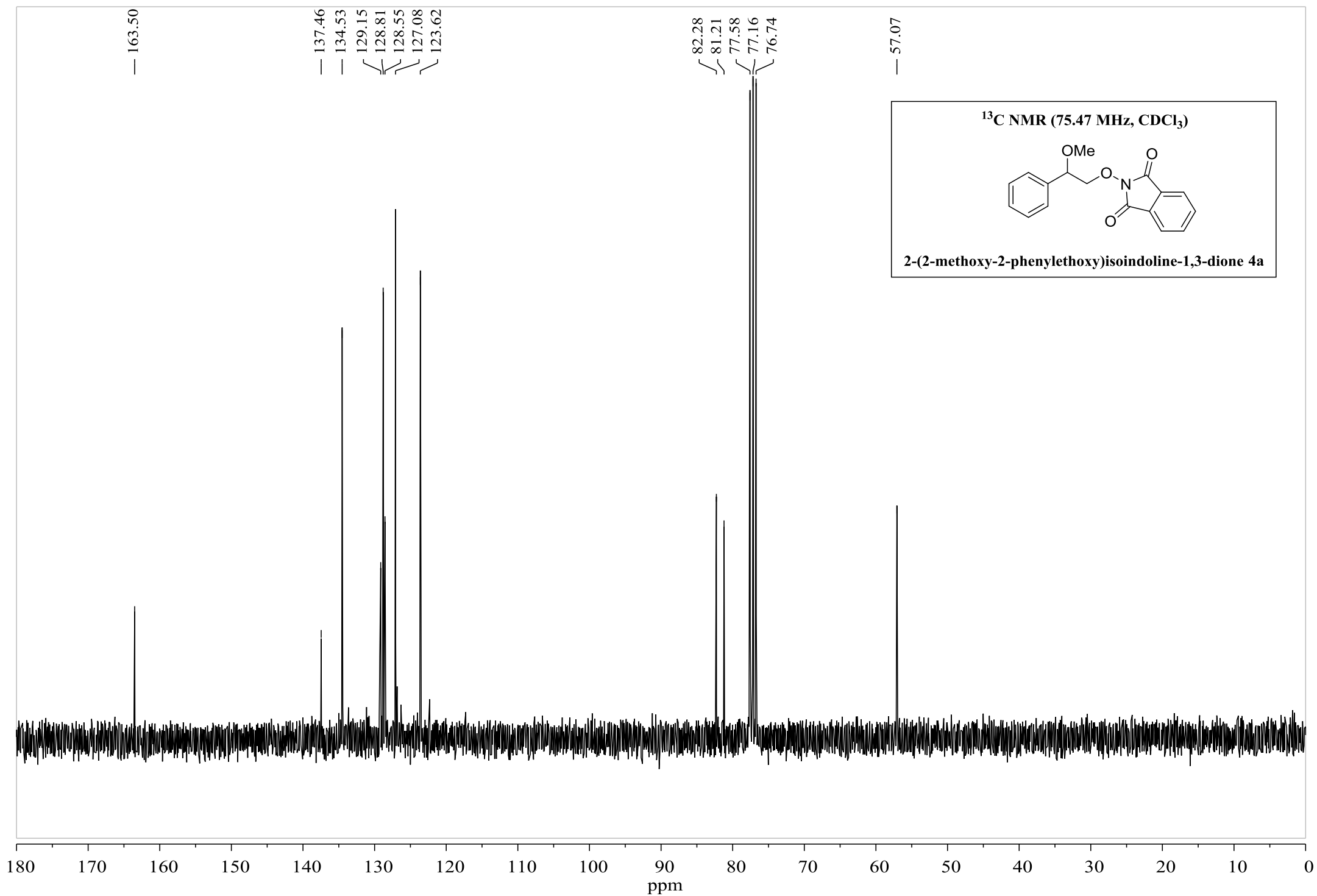


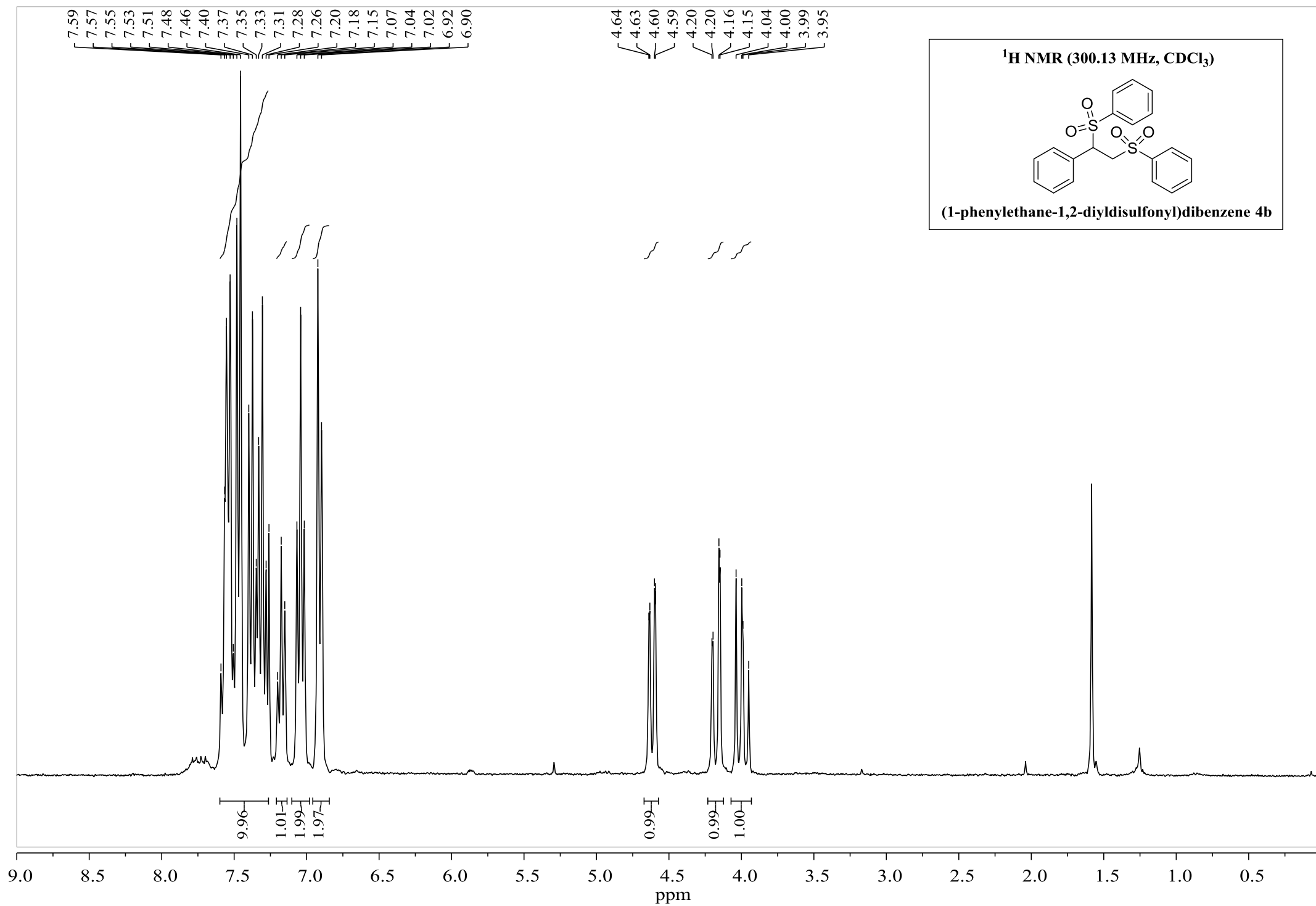


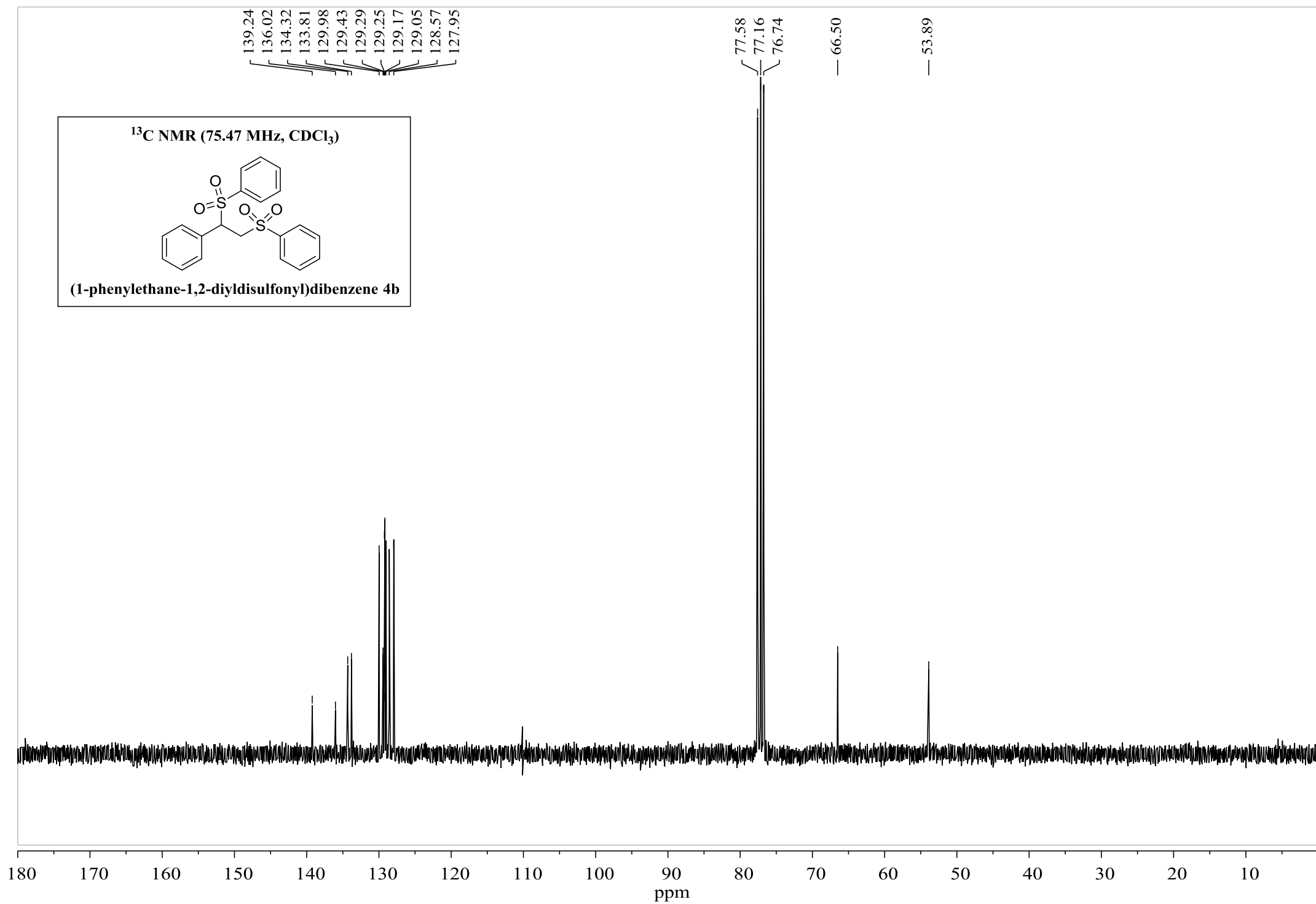


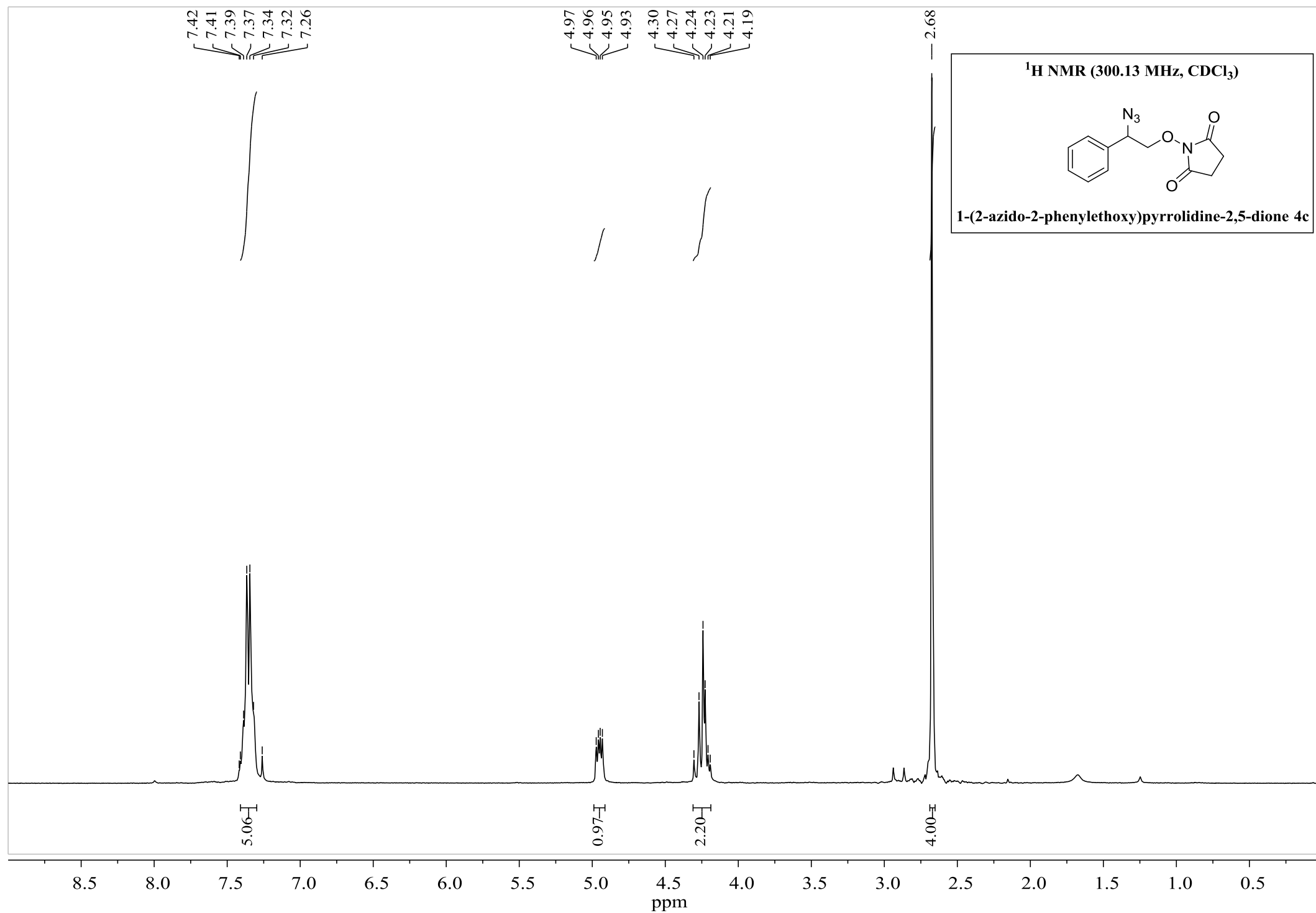


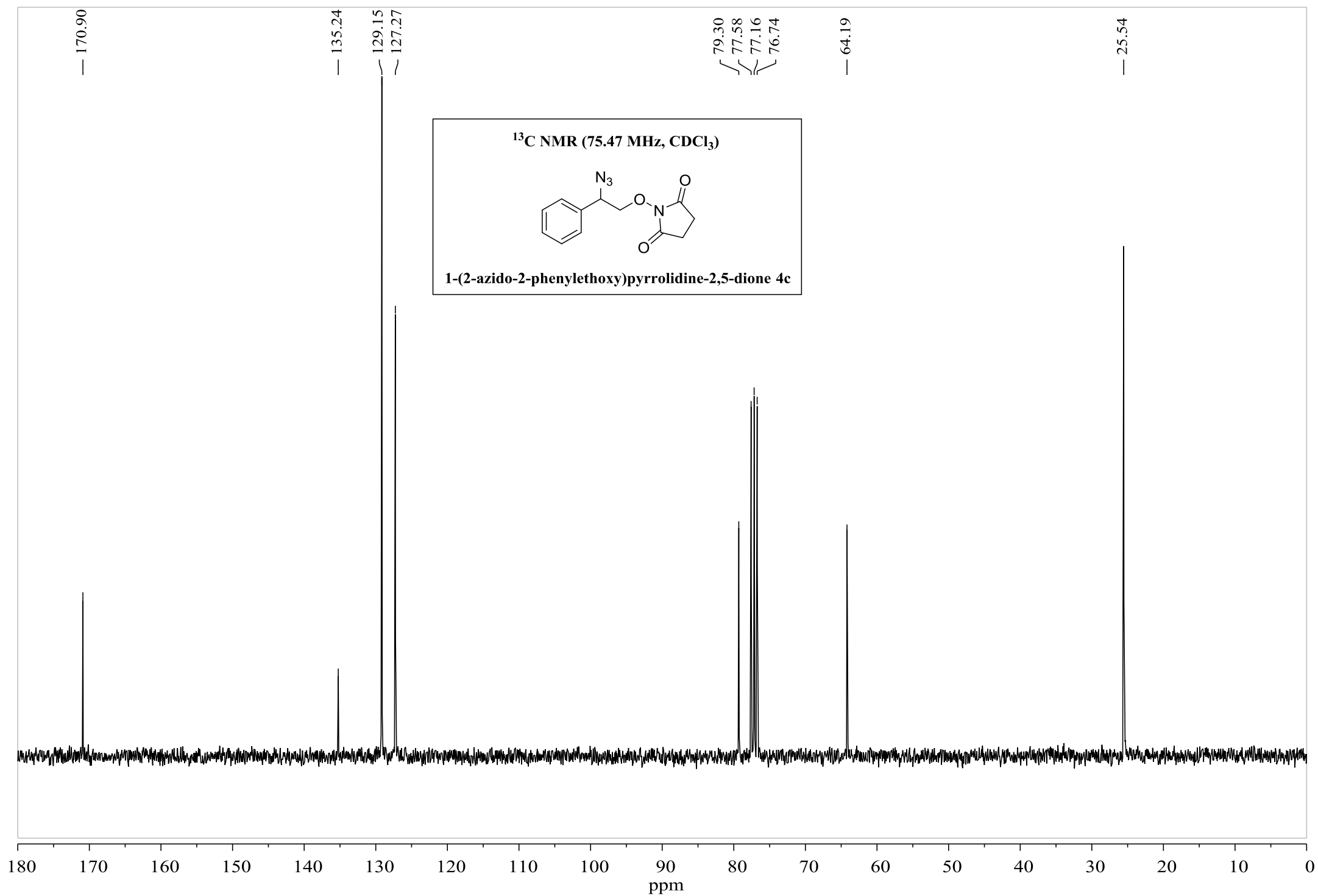












Display Report

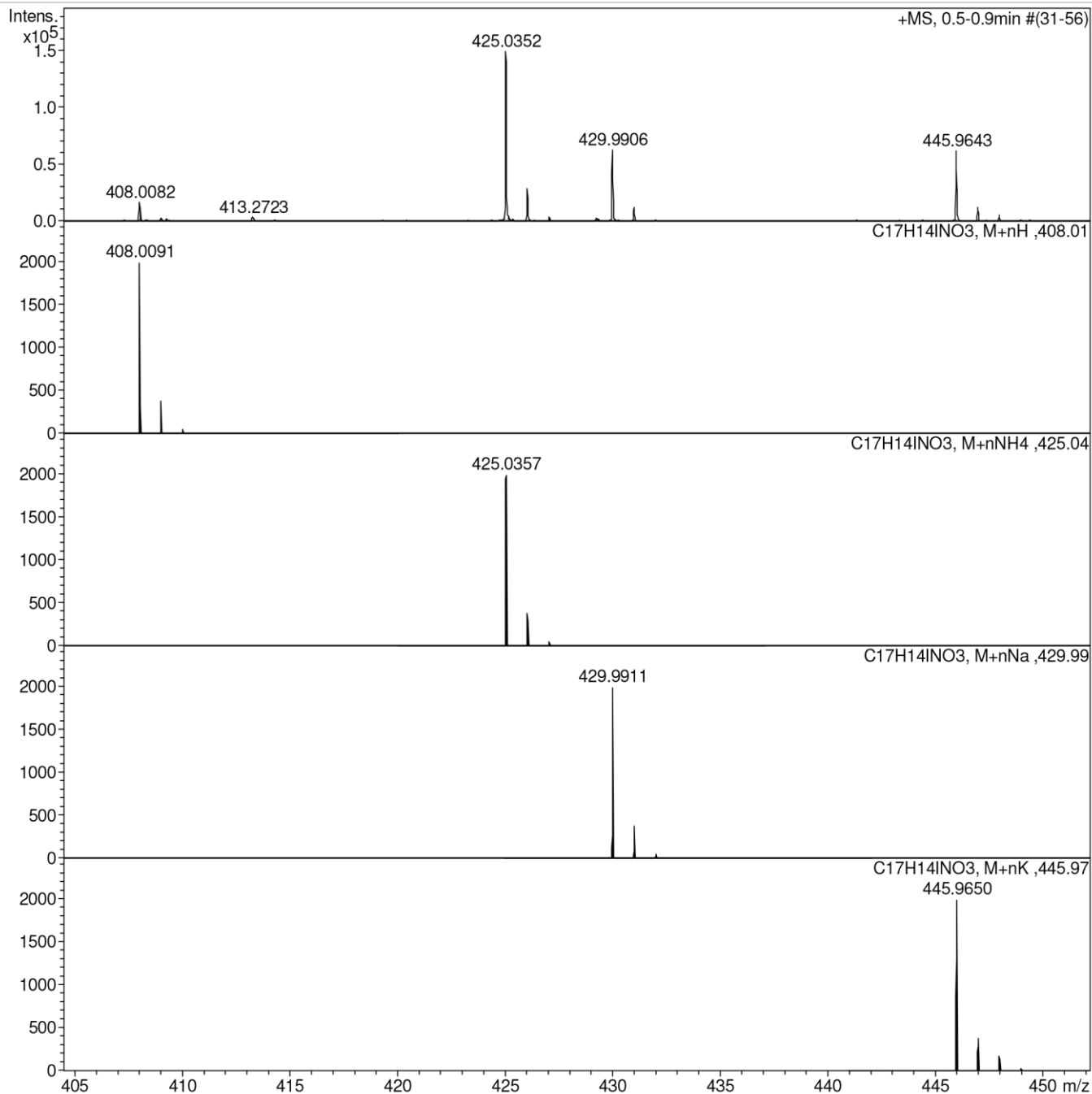
Analysis Info

Analysis Name D:\Data\Kolotyrkina\2018\Pavel'ev\0321018.d
Method tune_low.m
Sample Name /TERN NN-16
Comment C17H14INO3 mH 408.0091 clb added

Acquisition Date 21.03.2018 17:43:26
Operator BDAL@DE
Instrument / Ser# micrOTOF 10248

Acquisition Parameter

Source Type	ESI	Ion Polarity	Positive	Set Nebulizer	0.4 Bar
Focus	Not active			Set Dry Heater	180 °C
Scan Begin	50 m/z	Set Capillary	4500 V	Set Dry Gas	4.0 l/min
Scan End	3000 m/z	Set End Plate Offset	-500 V	Set Divert Valve	Waste



HRMS (ESI) of 2-((1-iodo-1-phenylpropan-2-yl)oxy)isoindoline-1,3-dione 3ia

Display Report

Analysis Info

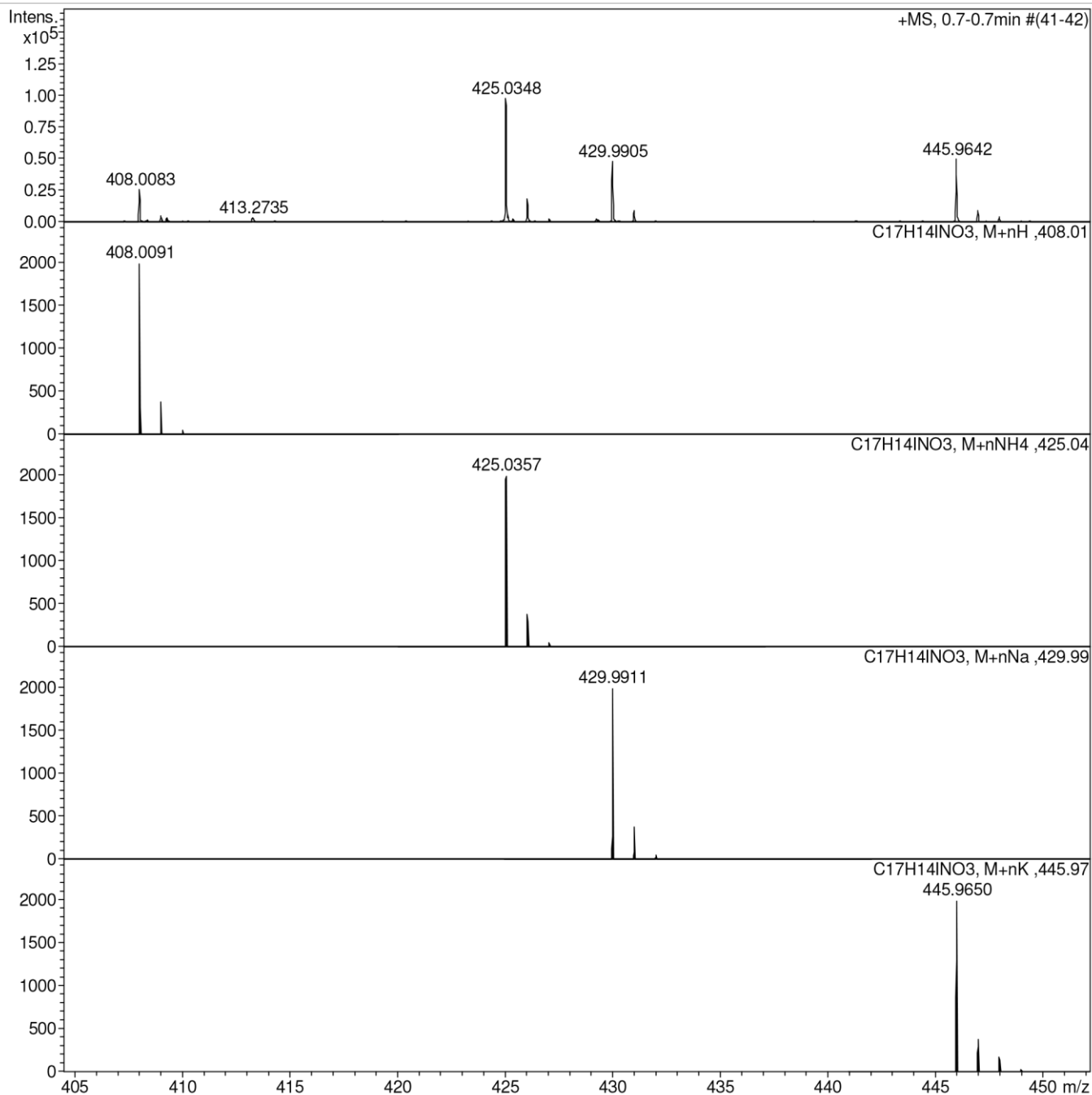
Analysis Name D:\Data\Kolotyrykina\2018\Pavel'ev\0321017.d
Method tune_low.m
Sample Name /TERN C-800
Comment C17H14INO3 mH 408.0091 clb added

Acquisition Date 21.03.2018 17:29:33

Operator BDAL@DE
Instrument / Ser# microTOF 10248

Acquisition Parameter

Source Type	ESI	Ion Polarity	Positive	Set Nebulizer	0.4 Bar
Focus	Not active			Set Dry Heater	180 °C
Scan Begin	50 m/z	Set Capillary	4500 V	Set Dry Gas	4.0 l/min
Scan End	3000 m/z	Set End Plate Offset	-500 V	Set Divert Valve	Waste



HRMS (ESI) of 1-(2-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-iodoethoxy)pyrrolidine-2,5-dione 3cb

Display Report

Analysis Info

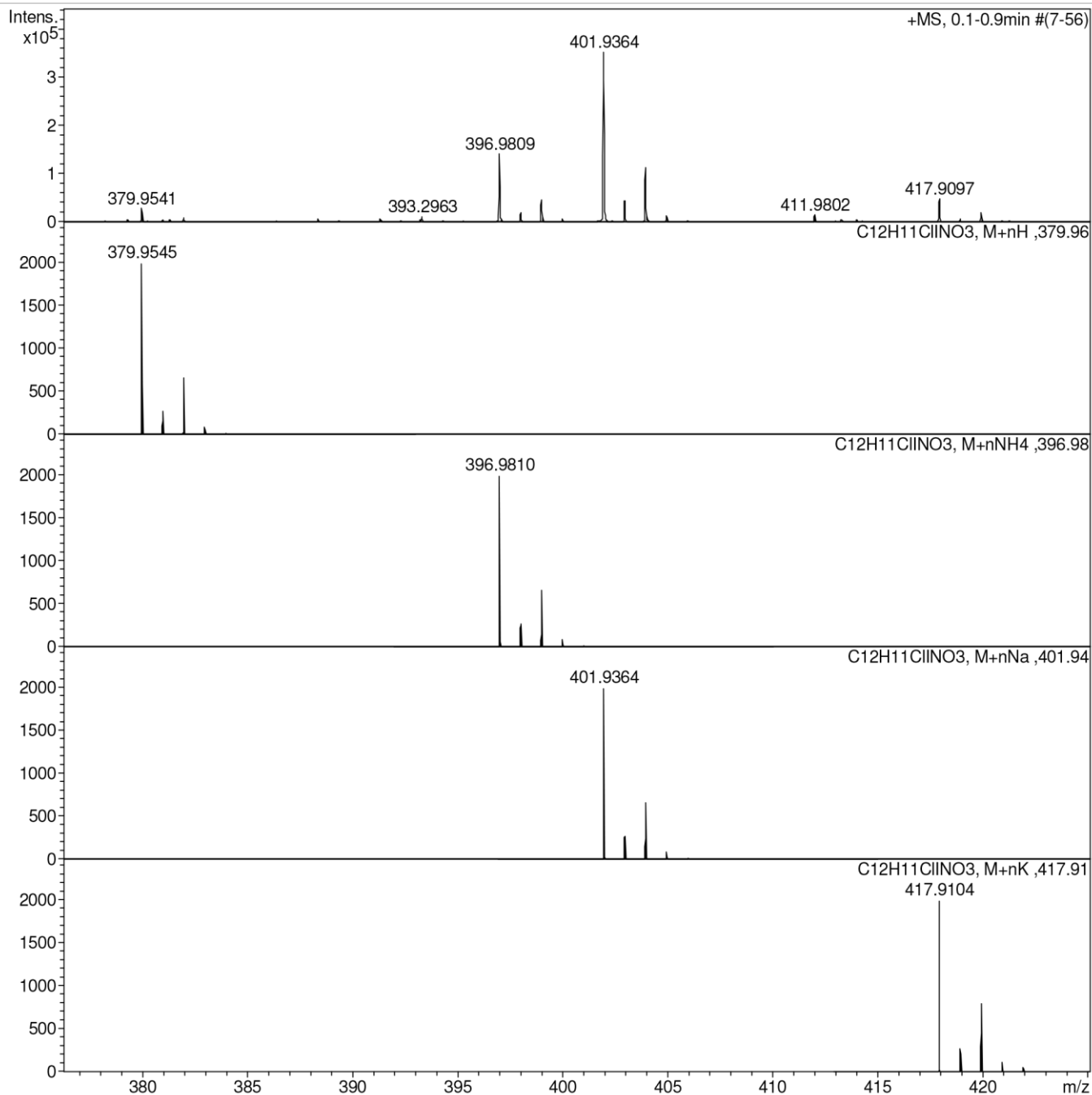
Analysis Name D:\Data\Kolotyrykina\2018\Pavel'ev\0321021.d
Method tune_low.m
Sample Name /TERN NN-7
Comment C12H11ClINO3 mH 379.9544 clb added

Acquisition Date 21.03.2018 17:59:24

Operator BDAL@DE
Instrument / Ser# micrOTOF 10248

Acquisition Parameter

Source Type	ESI	Ion Polarity	Positive	Set Nebulizer	0.4 Bar
Focus	Not active			Set Dry Heater	180 °C
Scan Begin	50 m/z	Set Capillary	4500 V	Set Dry Gas	4.0 l/min
Scan End	3000 m/z	Set End Plate Offset	-500 V	Set Divert Valve	Waste



HRMS (ESI) of 2-(2-methoxy-2-phenylethoxy)isoindoline-1,3-dione 4a

Display Report

Analysis Info

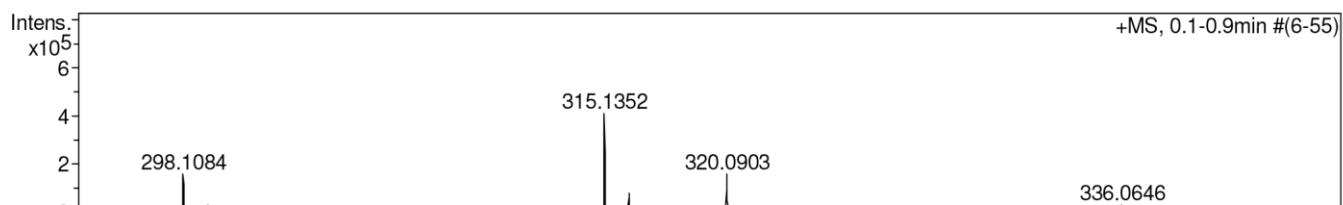
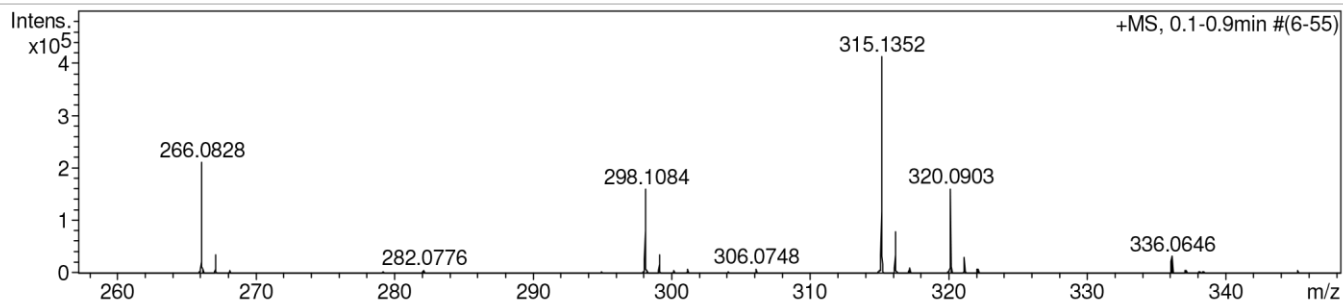
Analysis Name D:\Data\Kolotyrykina\2018\Pavel'ev\0515017.d
 Method tune_50-1600.m
 Sample Name /TERN C891
 Comment C17H15NO4 mH 298.1073 clb added

Acquisition Date 15.05.2018 17:14:10

Operator BDAL@DE
 Instrument / Ser# microTOF 10248

Acquisition Parameter

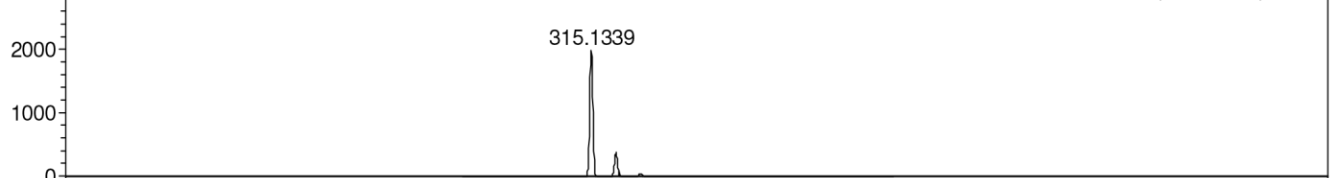
Source Type	ESI	Ion Polarity	Positive	Set Nebulizer	1.0 Bar
Focus	Not active			Set Dry Heater	200 °C
Scan Begin	50 m/z	Set Capillary	4500 V	Set Dry Gas	4.0 l/min
Scan End	1600 m/z	Set End Plate Offset	-500 V	Set Divert Valve	Waste



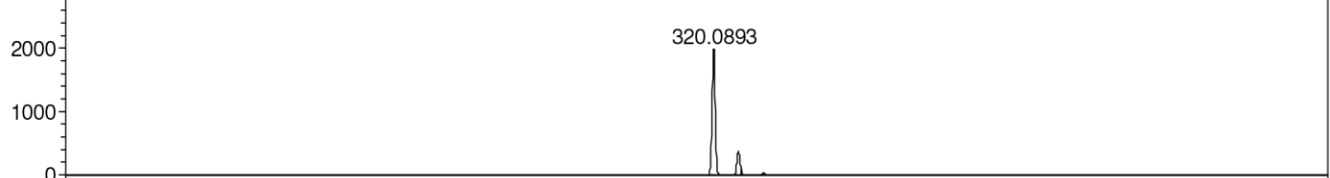
C17H15NO4, M+nH, 298.11



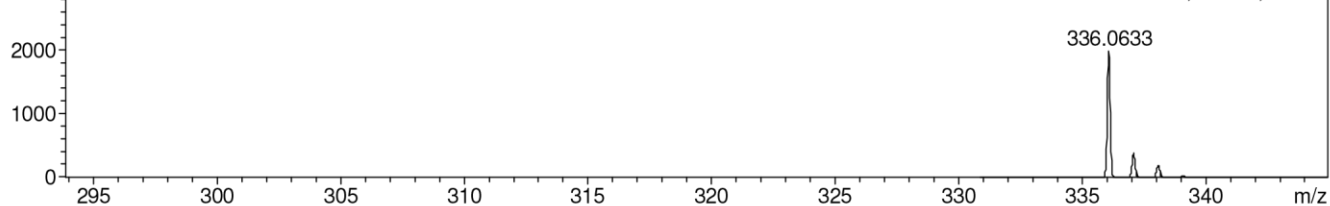
C17H15NO4, M+nNH4, 315.13



C17H15NO4, M+nNa, 320.09



C17H15NO4, M+nK, 336.06



HRMS (ESI) of (1-phenylethane-1,2-diyl-disulfonyl)dibenzene 4b

Display Report

Analysis Info

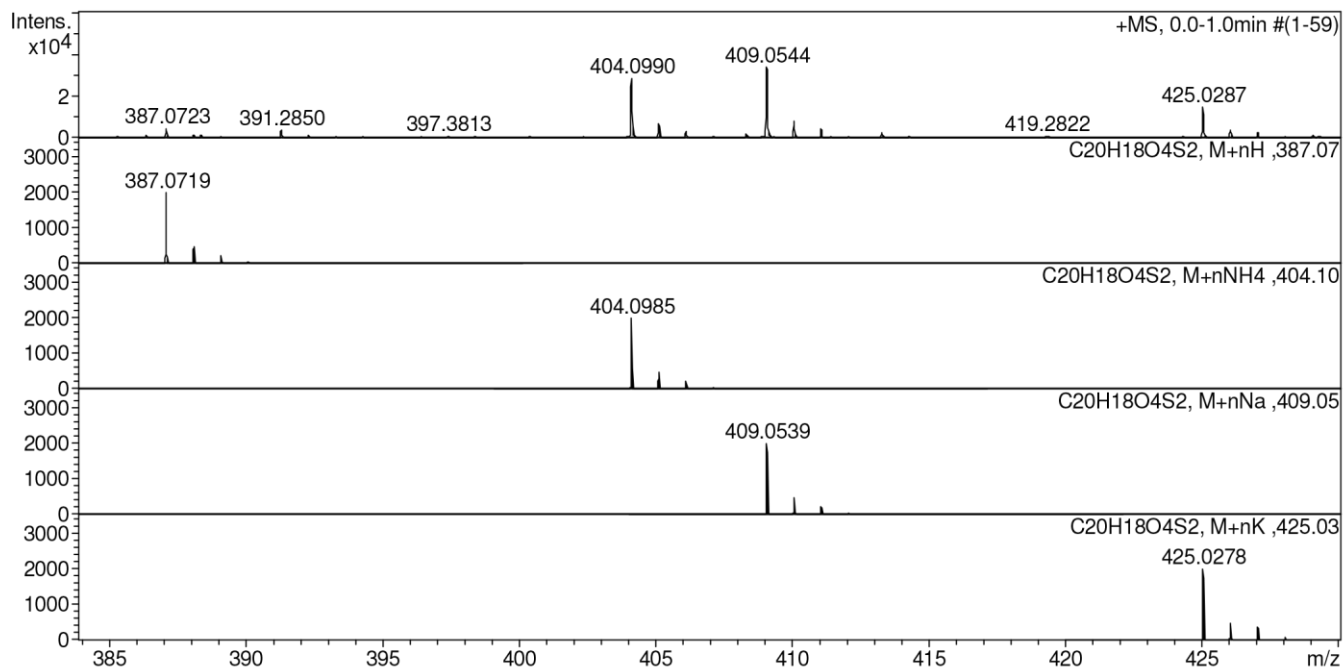
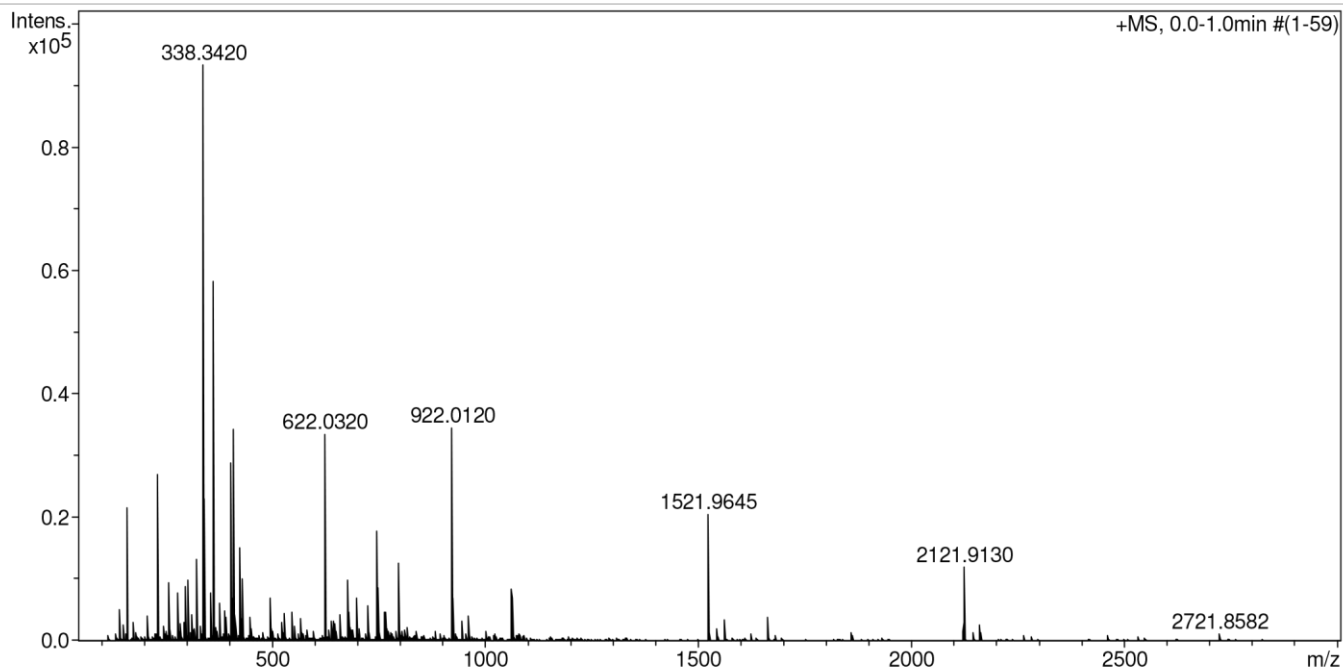
Analysis Name D:\Data\Chizhov\Terentiev\Paveliev\c-711_&clblow.d
 Method tune_low.m
 Sample Name /TERN C-711
 Comment CH3CN 100 %, dil. 200, calibrant added

Acquisition Date 17.11.2017 17:41:57

Operator BDAL@DE
 Instrument / Ser# microTOF 10248

Acquisition Parameter

Source Type	ESI	Ion Polarity	Positive	Set Nebulizer	0.4 Bar
Focus	Not active			Set Dry Heater	180 °C
Scan Begin	50 m/z	Set Capillary	4500 V	Set Dry Gas	4.0 l/min
Scan End	3000 m/z	Set End Plate Offset	-500 V	Set Divert Valve	Waste



1-(2-azido-2-phenylethoxy)pyrrolidine-2,5-dione 4c

Display Report

Analysis Info

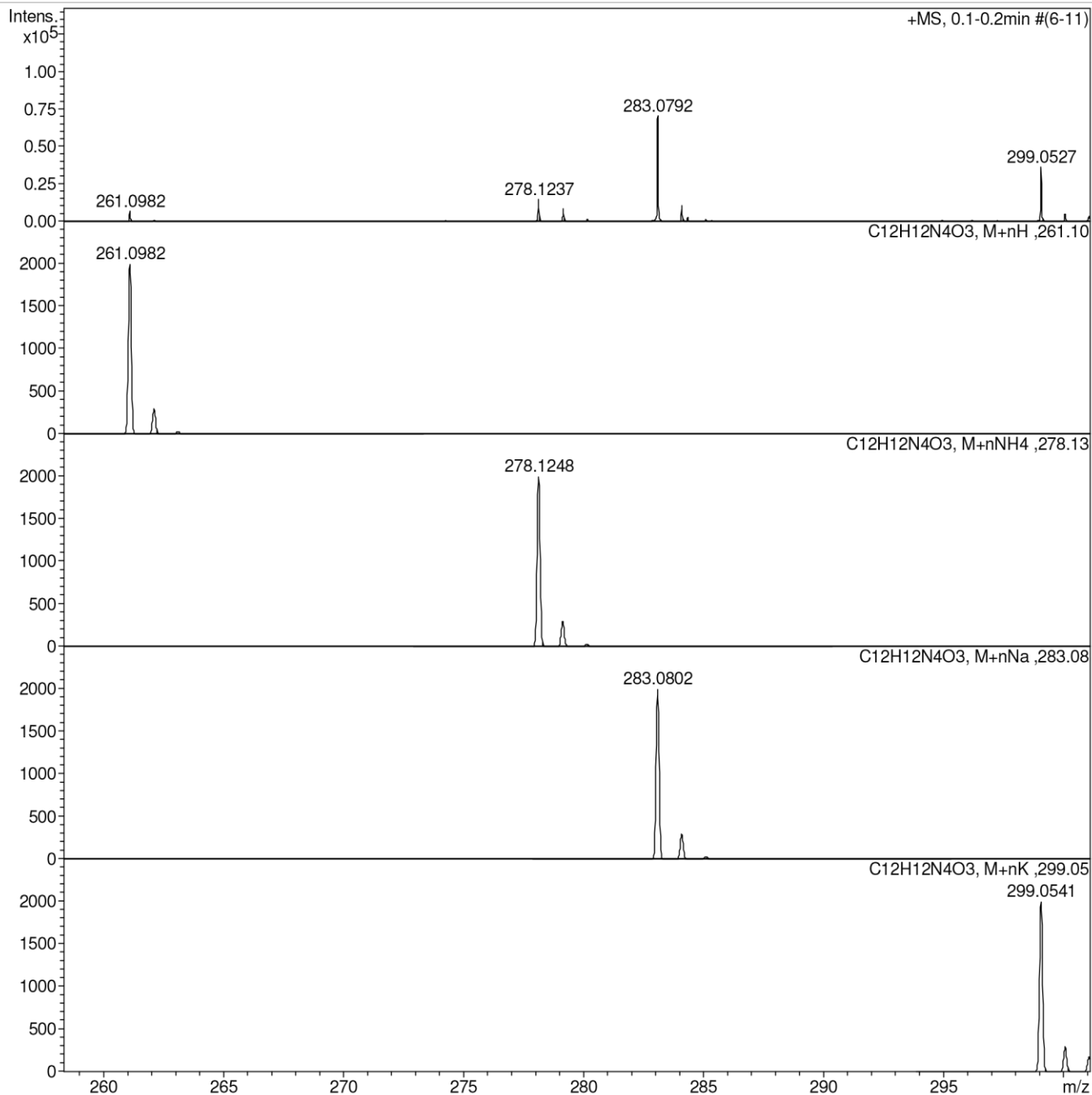
Analysis Name D:\Data\Kolotyrkina\2018\Pavel'ev\0517008.d
Method tune_50-1600.m
Sample Name /TERN C889
Comment C12H12N4O2 mH 261.0982 clb added

Acquisition Date 17.05.2018 10:28:44

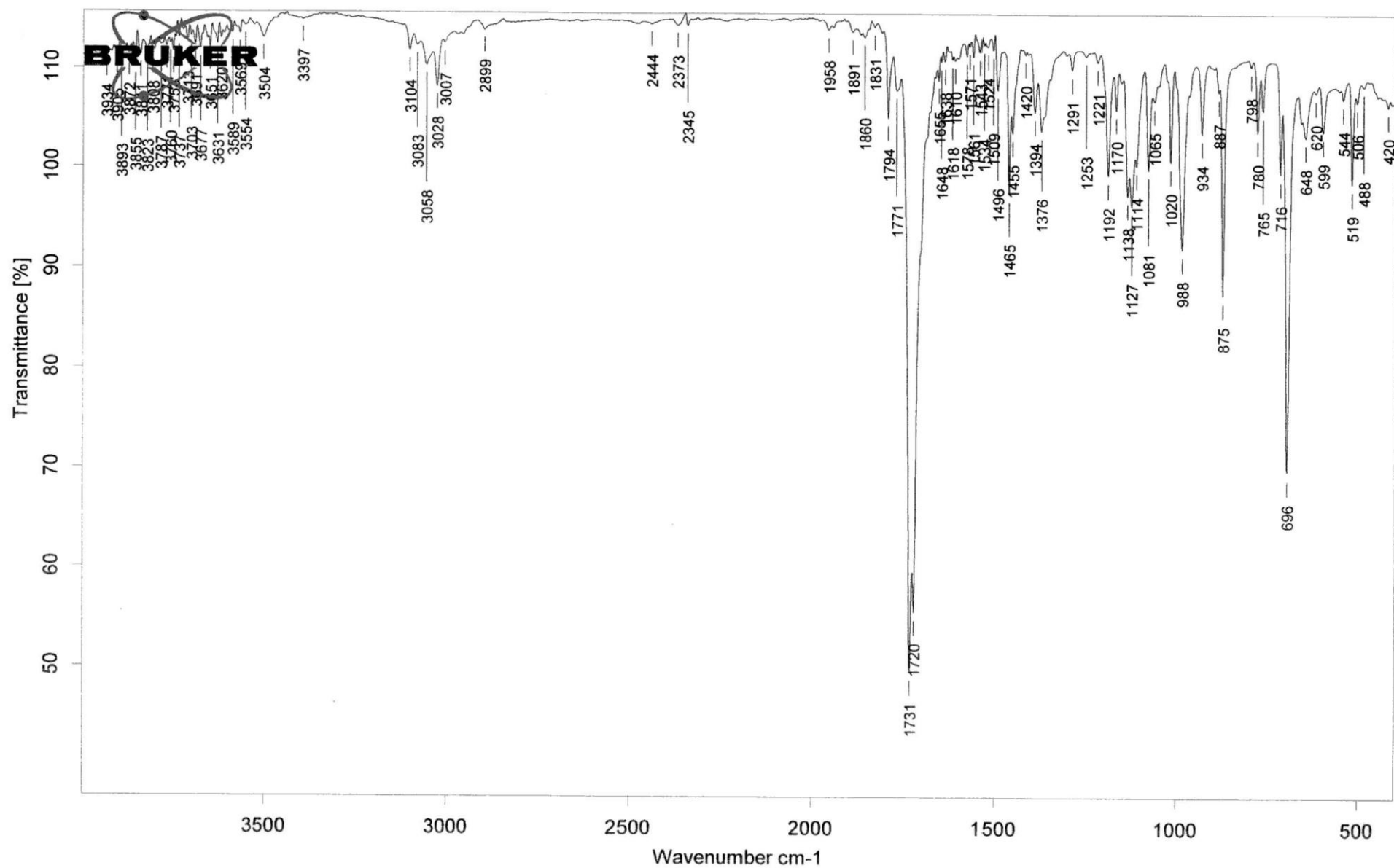
Operator BDAL@DE
Instrument / Ser# micrOTOF 10248

Acquisition Parameter

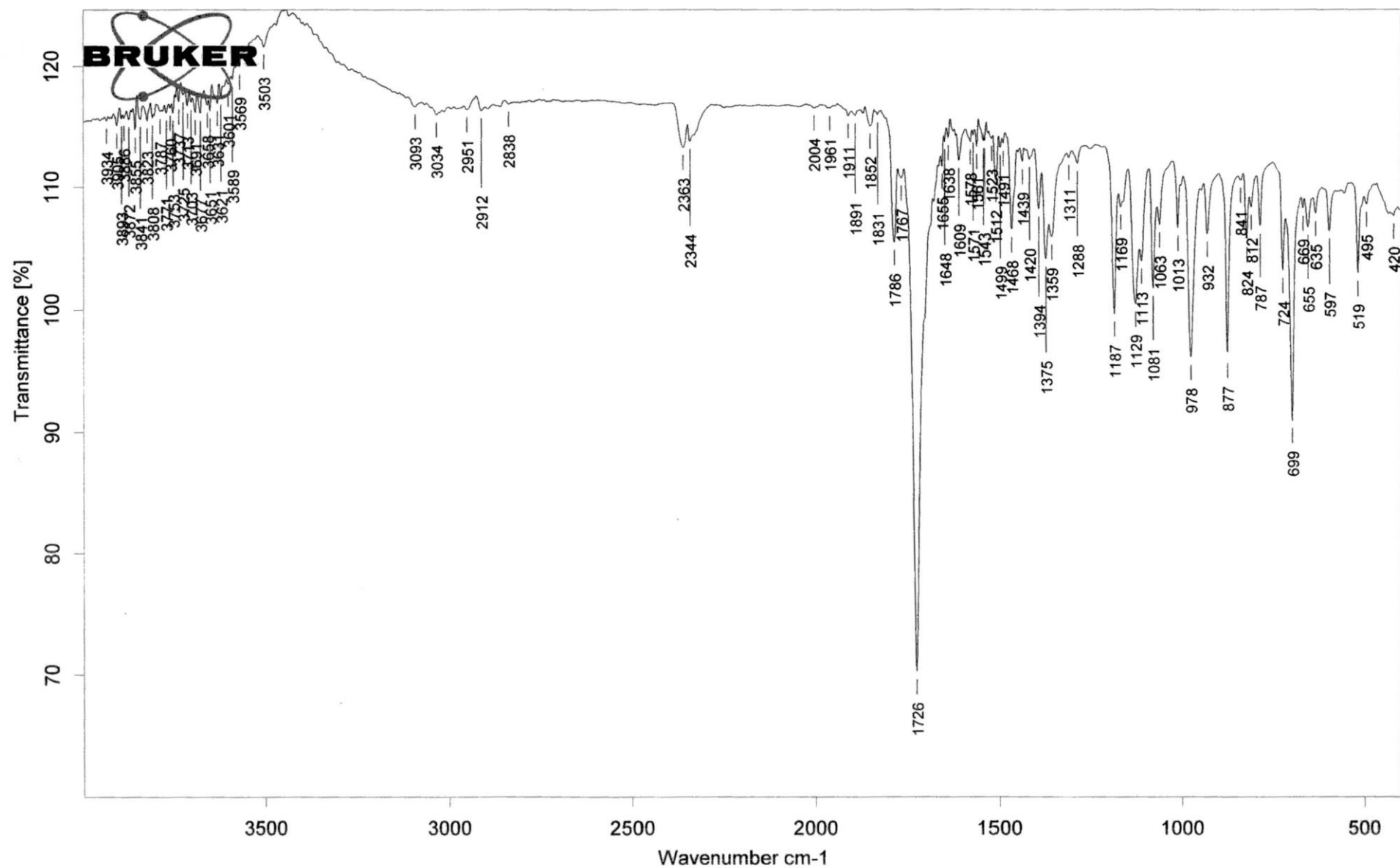
Source Type	ESI	Ion Polarity	Positive	Set Nebulizer	1.0 Bar
Focus	Not active			Set Dry Heater	200 °C
Scan Begin	50 m/z	Set Capillary	4500 V	Set Dry Gas	4.0 l/min
Scan End	1600 m/z	Set End Plate Offset	-500 V	Set Divert Valve	Waste



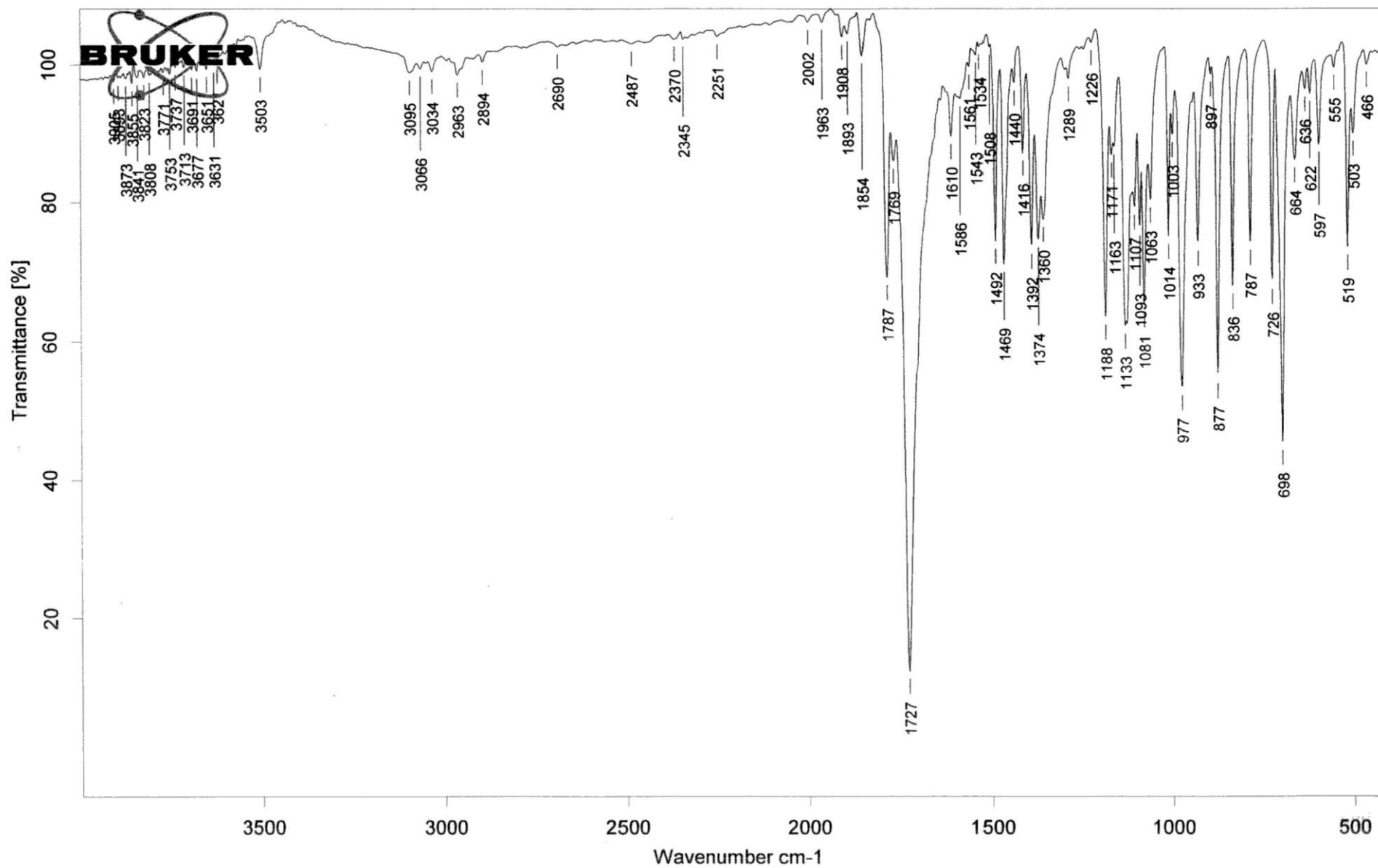
FT-IR spectrum of 2-(2-iodo-2-phenylethoxy)isoindoline-1,3-dione 3aa



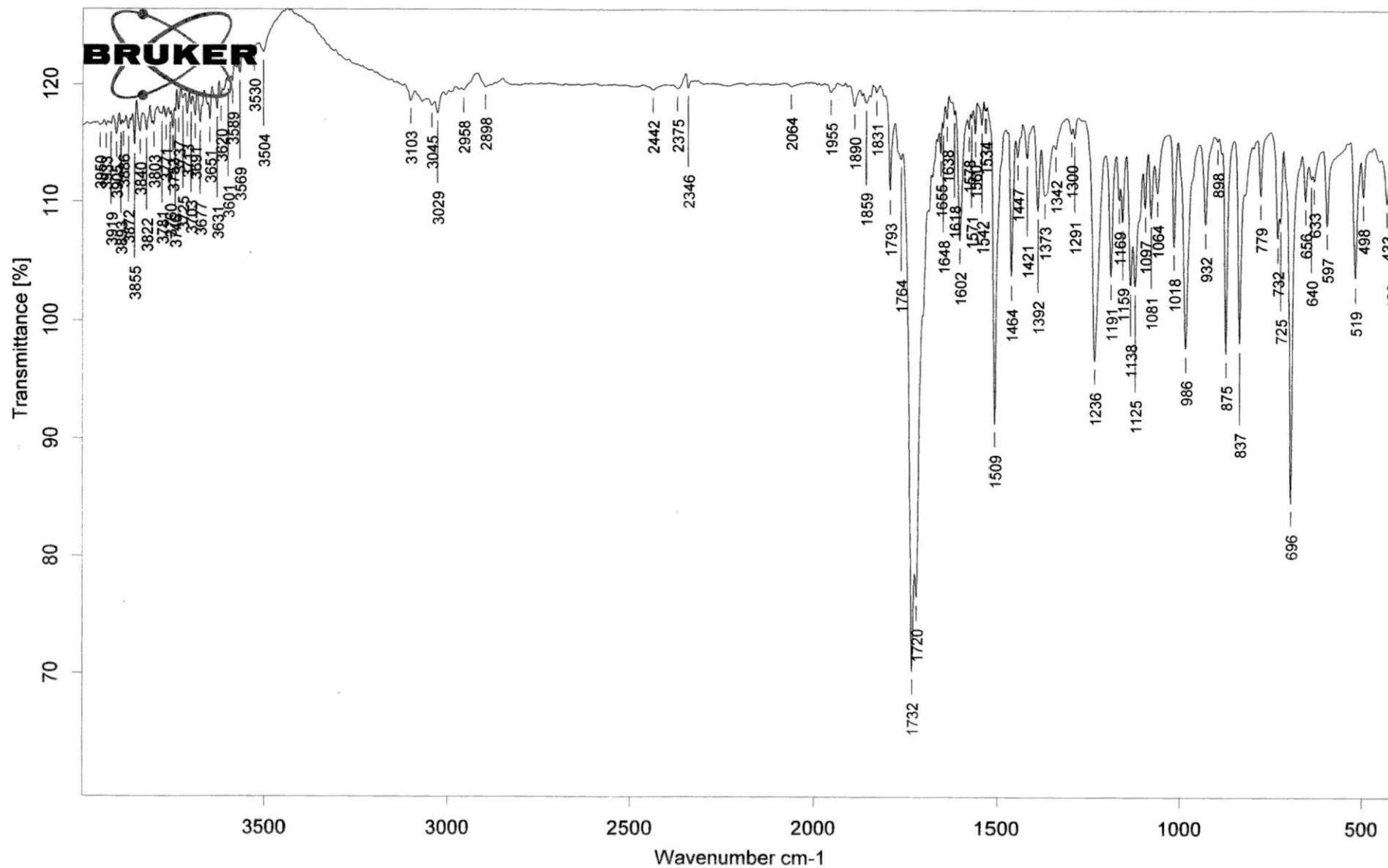
FT-IR (KBr pellet) spectrum of 2-(2-iodo-2-(*p*-tolyl)ethoxy)isoindoline-1,3-dione (mixture of regioisomers 4:1) 3ba



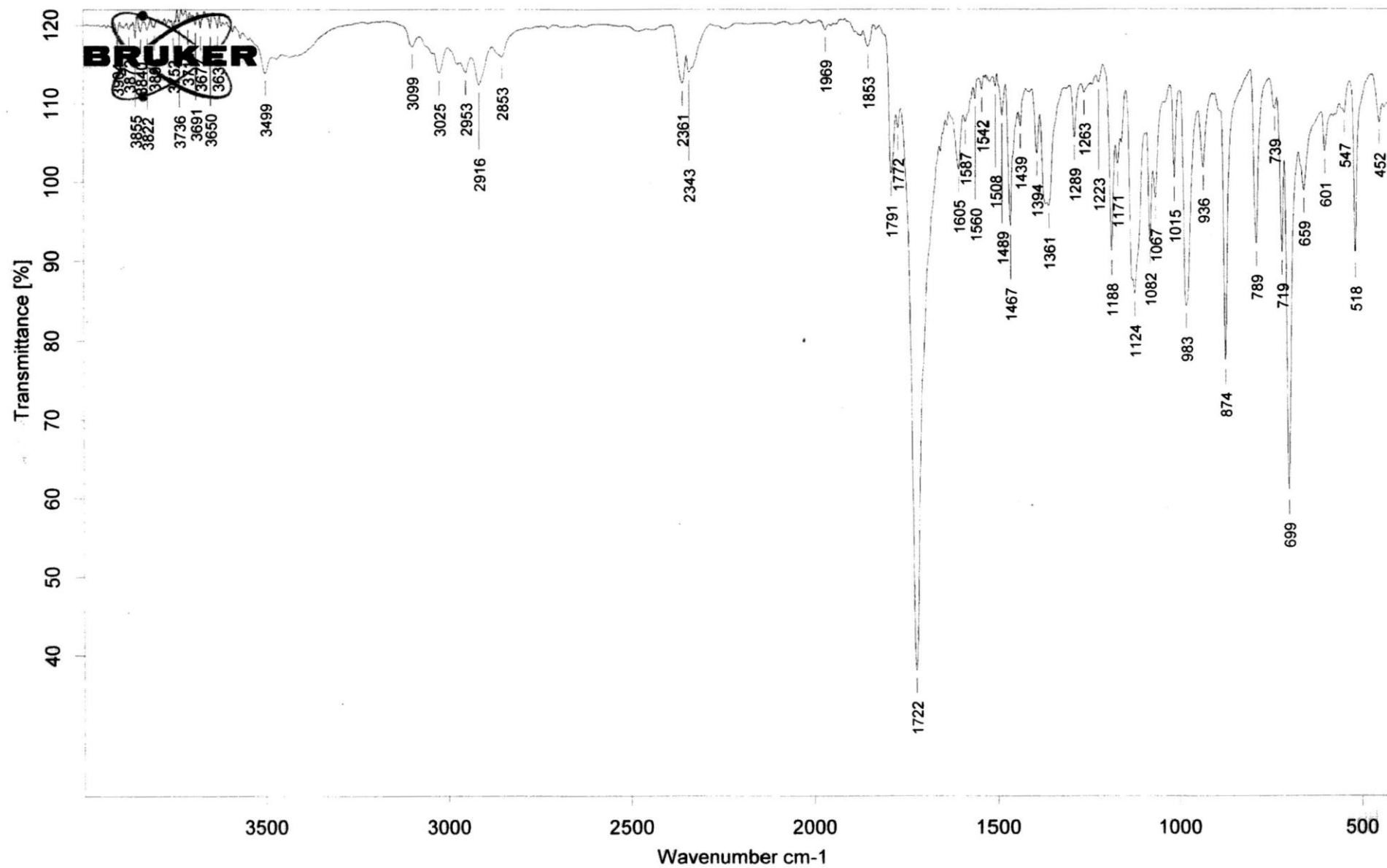
FT-IR (KBr pellet) spectrum of 2-(2-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-iodoethoxy)isoindoline-1,3-dione 3ca



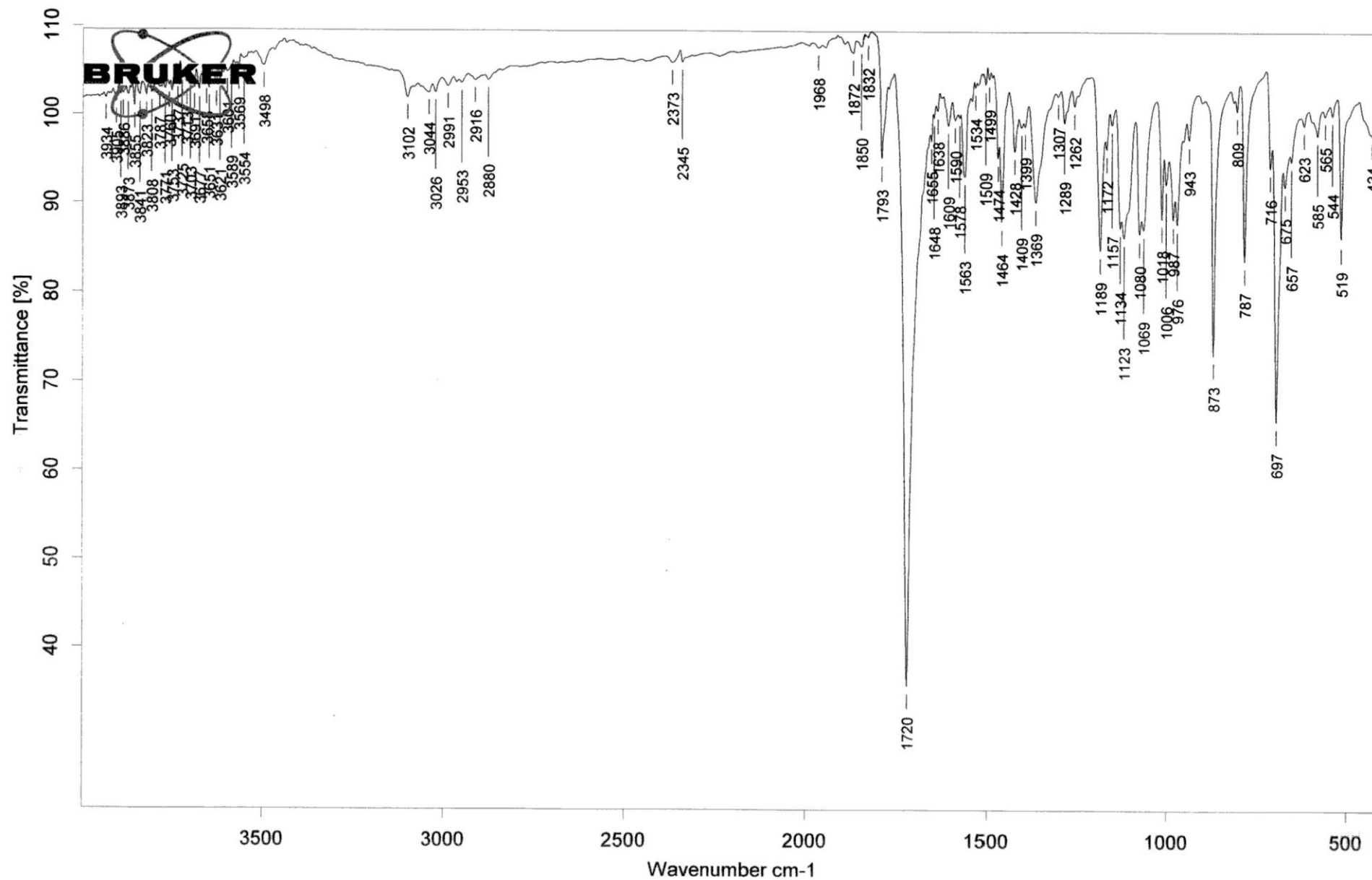
FT-IR (KBr pellet) spectrum of 2-(2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-iodoethoxy)isoindoline-1,3-dione 3da



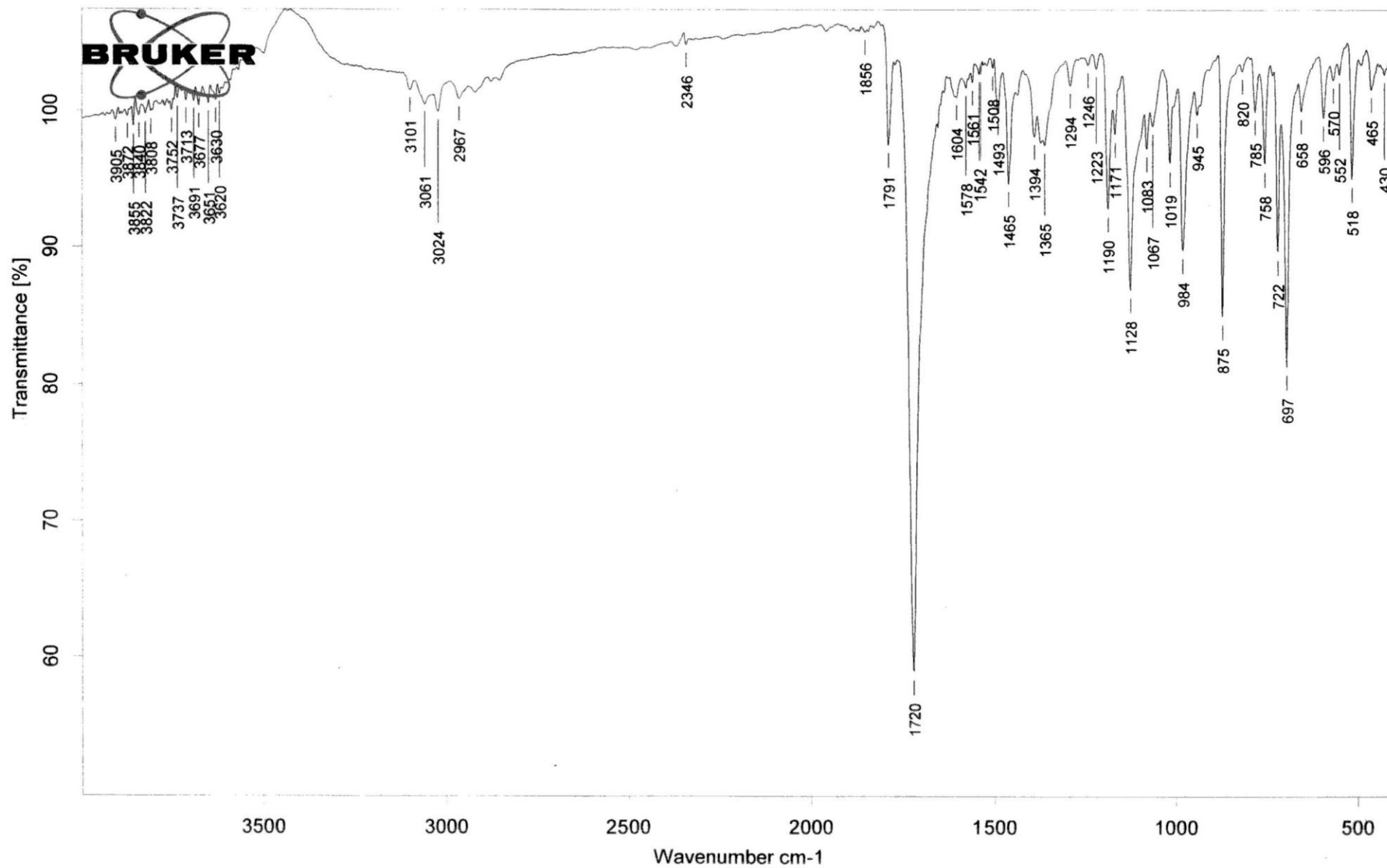
FT-IR (KBr pellet) spectrum of 2-(2-iodo-2-(*m*-tolyl)ethoxy)isoindoline-1,3-dione 3ea



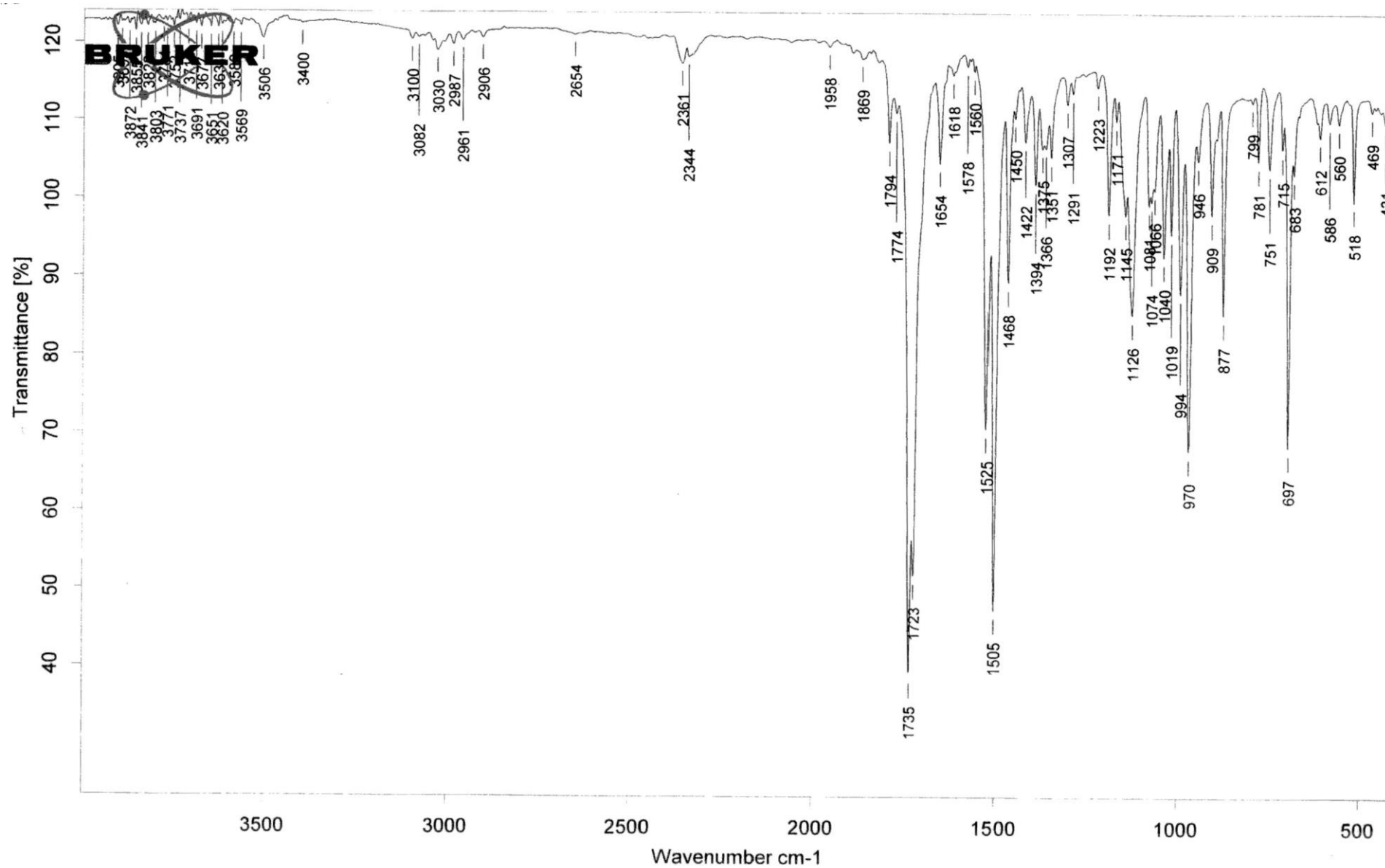
FT-IR (KBr pellet) spectrum of 2-(2-(3-bromophenyl)-2-iodoethoxy)isoindoline-1,3-dione 3fa



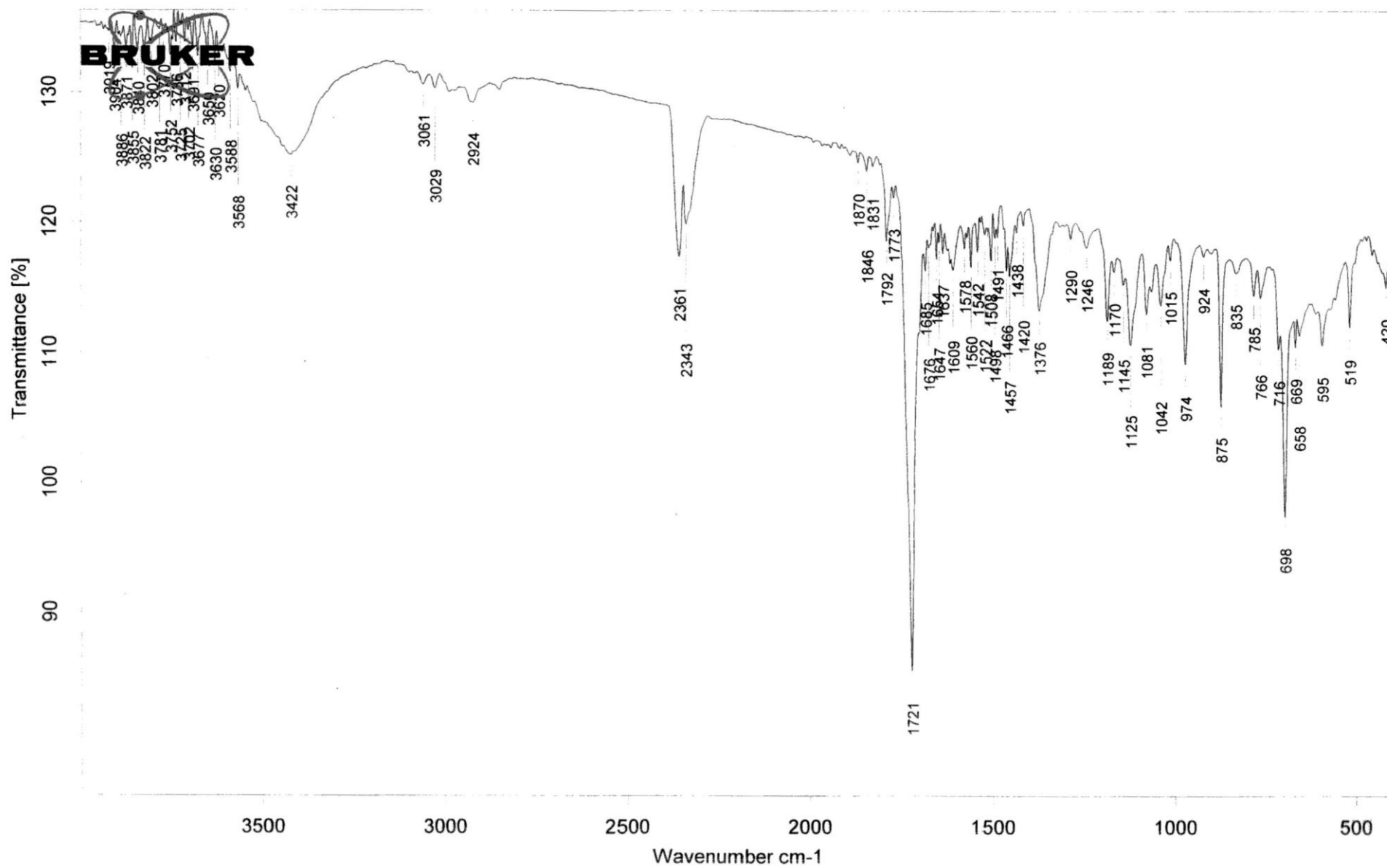
FT-IR (KBr pellet) spectrum of 2-(2-iodo-2-(*o*-tolyl)ethoxy)isoindoline-1,3-dione 3ga



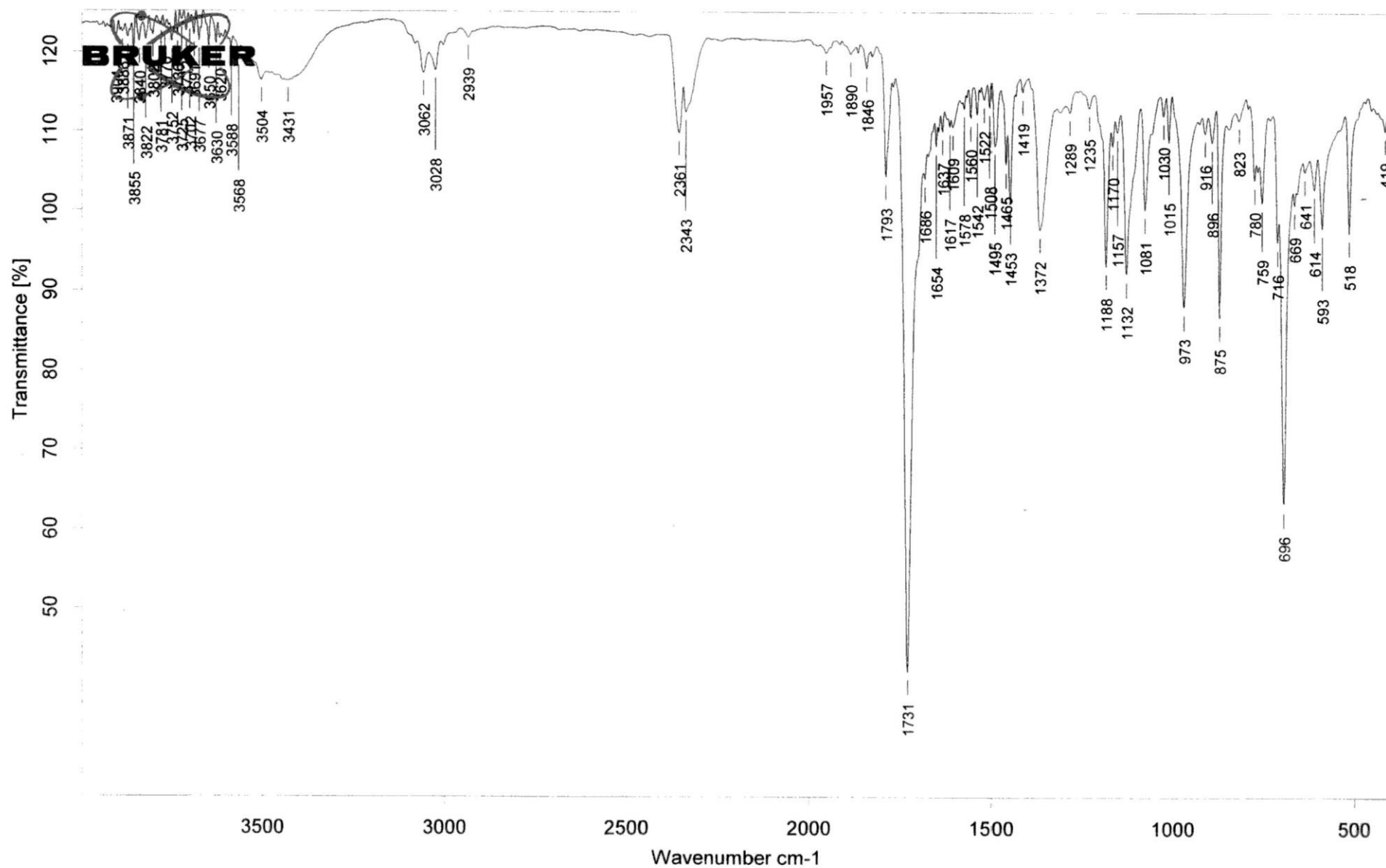
FT-IR (KBr pellet) spectrum of 2-(2-iodo-2-(perfluorophenyl)ethoxy)isoindoline-1,3-dione 3ha



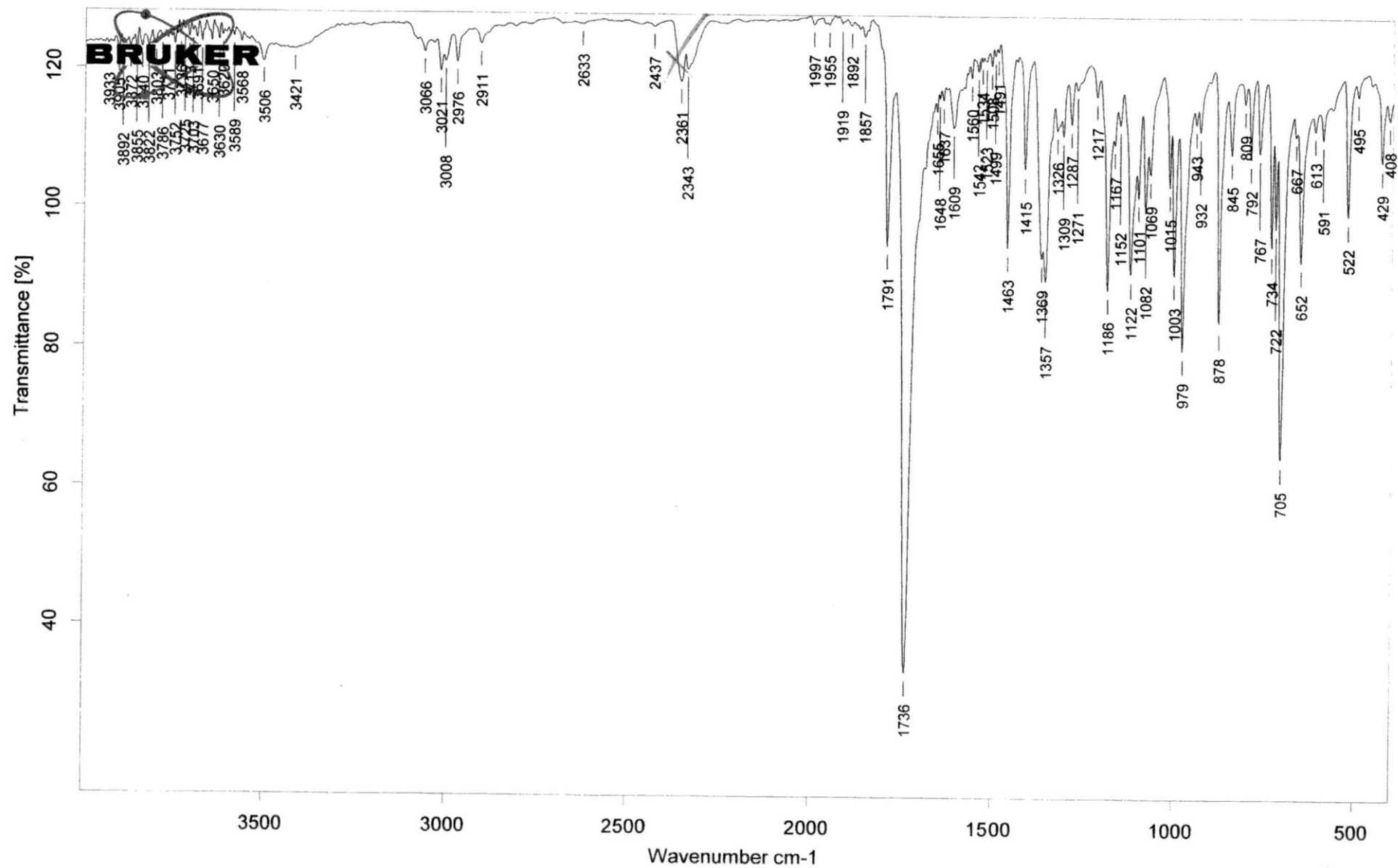
FT-IR (KBr pellet) spectrum of 2-((1-iodo-1-phenylpropan-2-yl)oxy)isoindoline-1,3-dione **3ia**



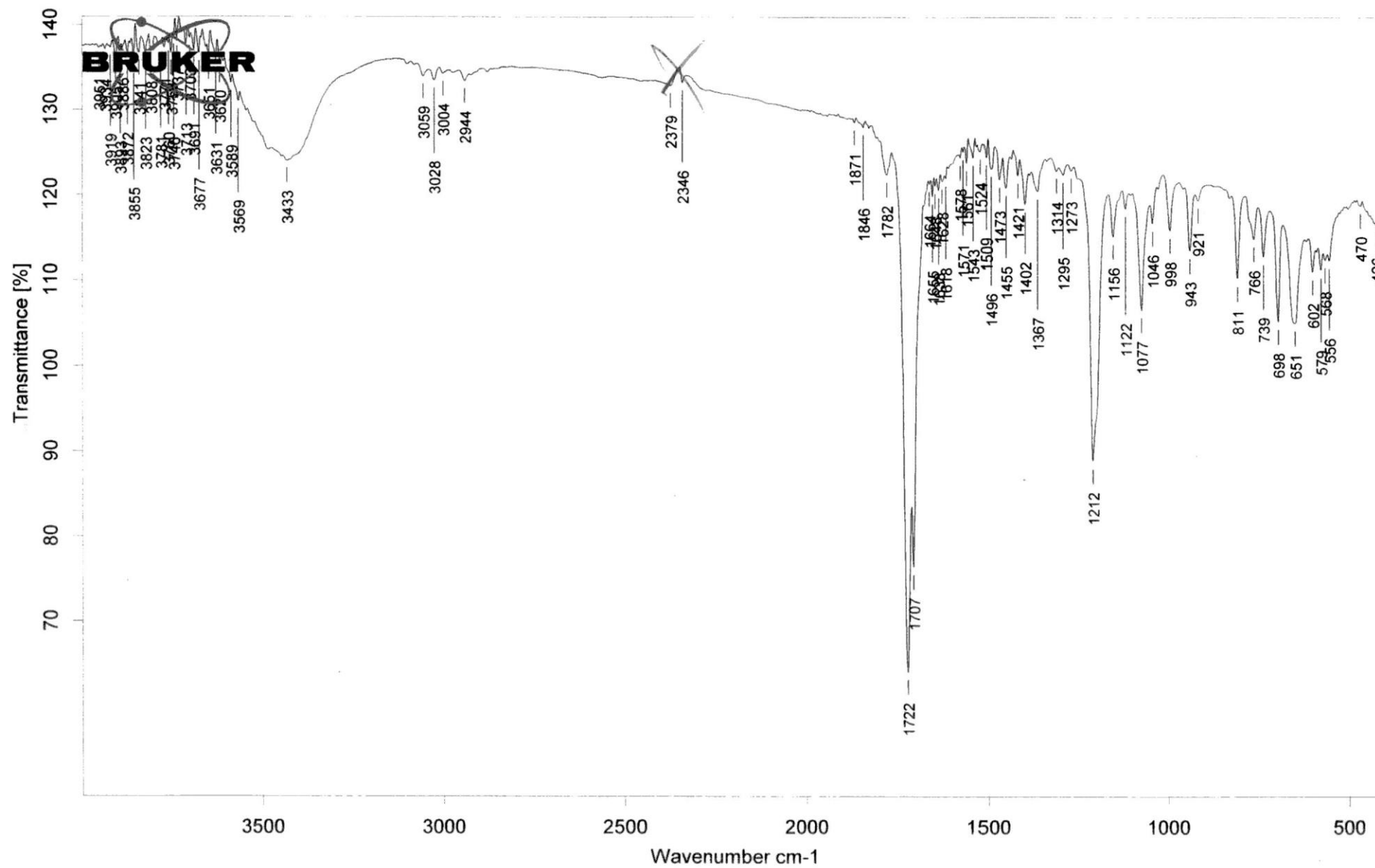
FT-IR (KBr pellet) spectrum of 2-(2-iodo-1,2-diphenylethoxy)isoindoline-1,3-dione 3ja



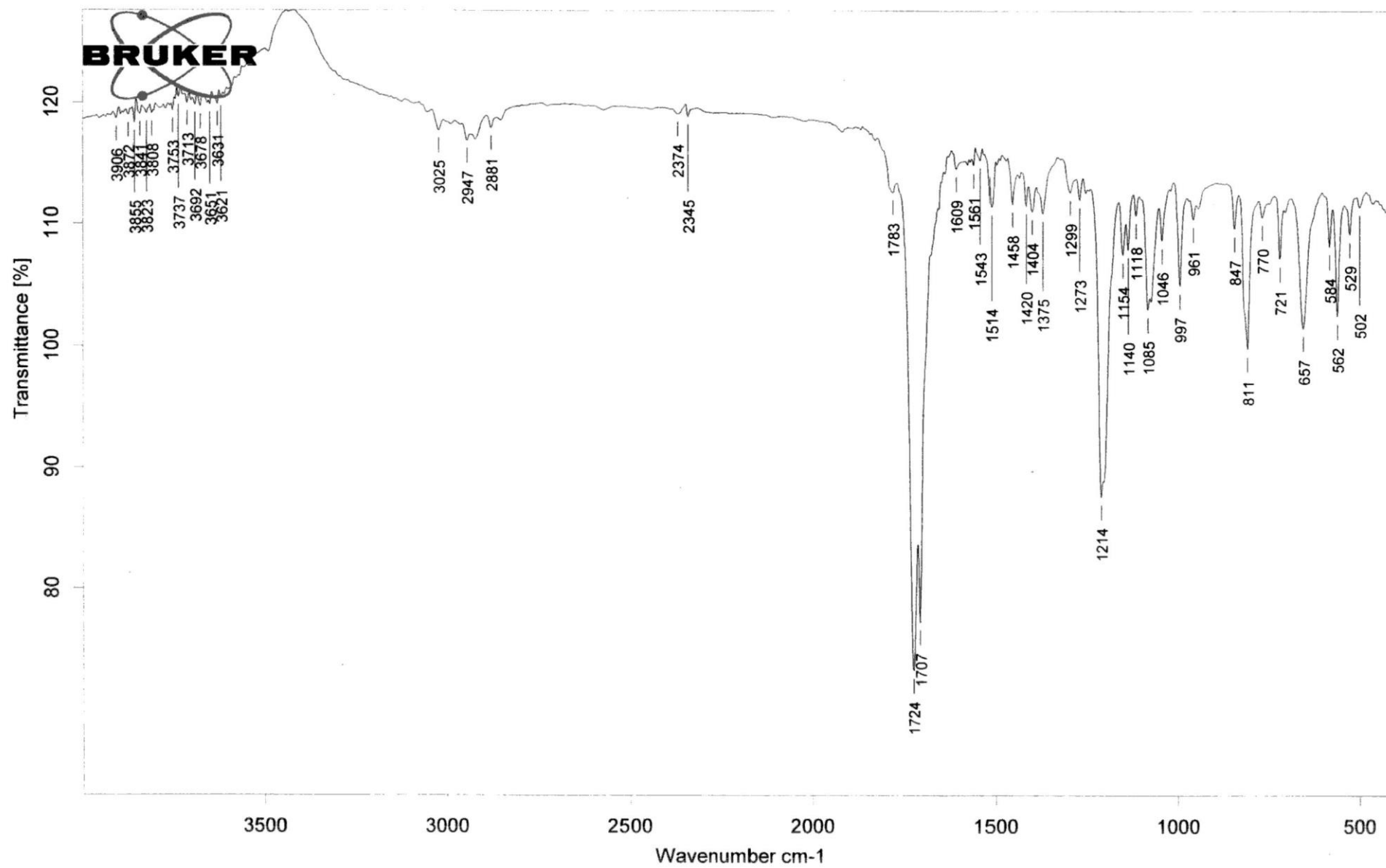
FT-IR (KBr pellet) spectrum of 2-((1-iodo-2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)oxy)isoindoline-1,3-dione 3ka



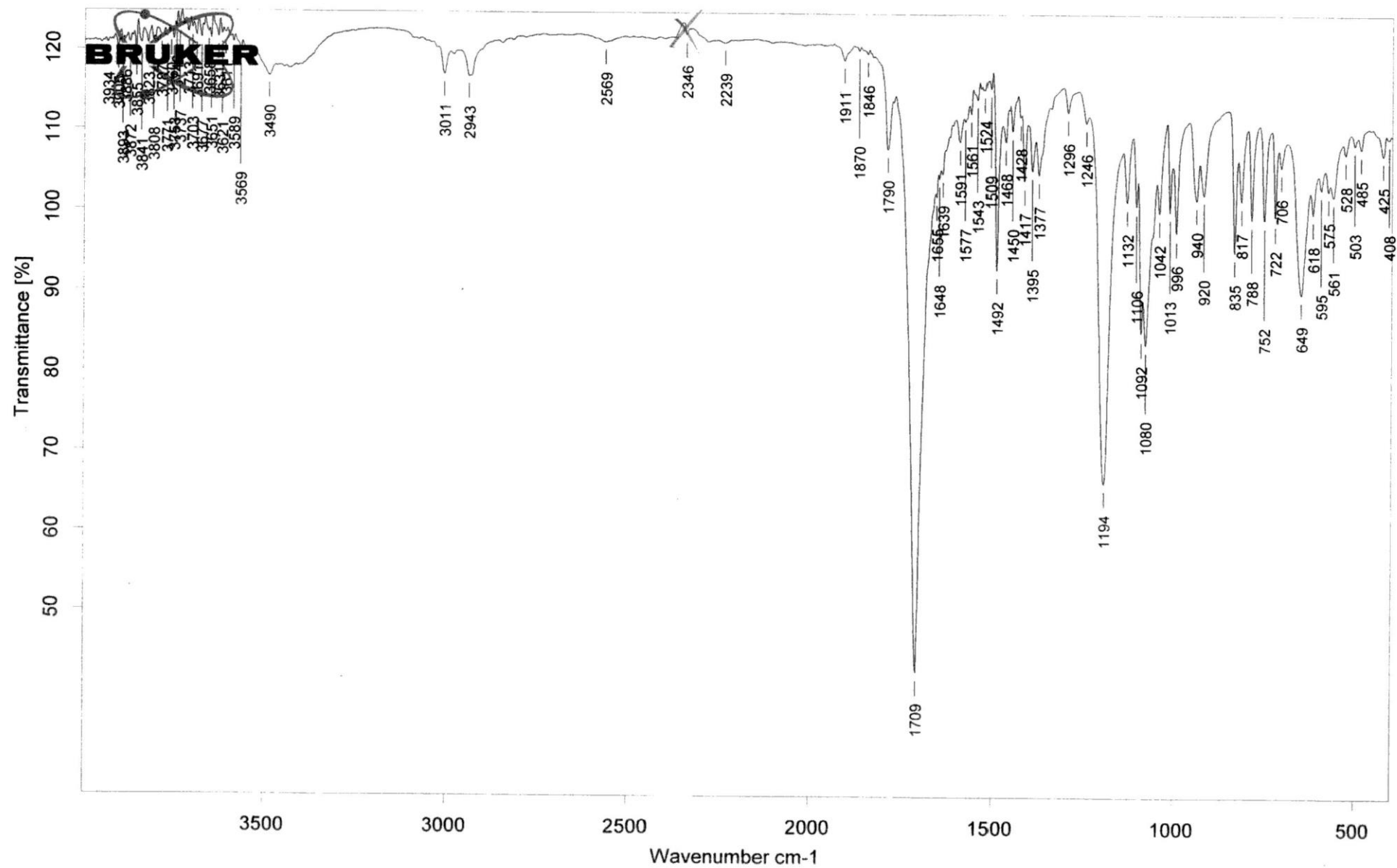
FT-IR (KBr pellet) spectrum of 1-(2-iodo-2-phenylethoxy)pyrrolidine-2,5-dione 3ab



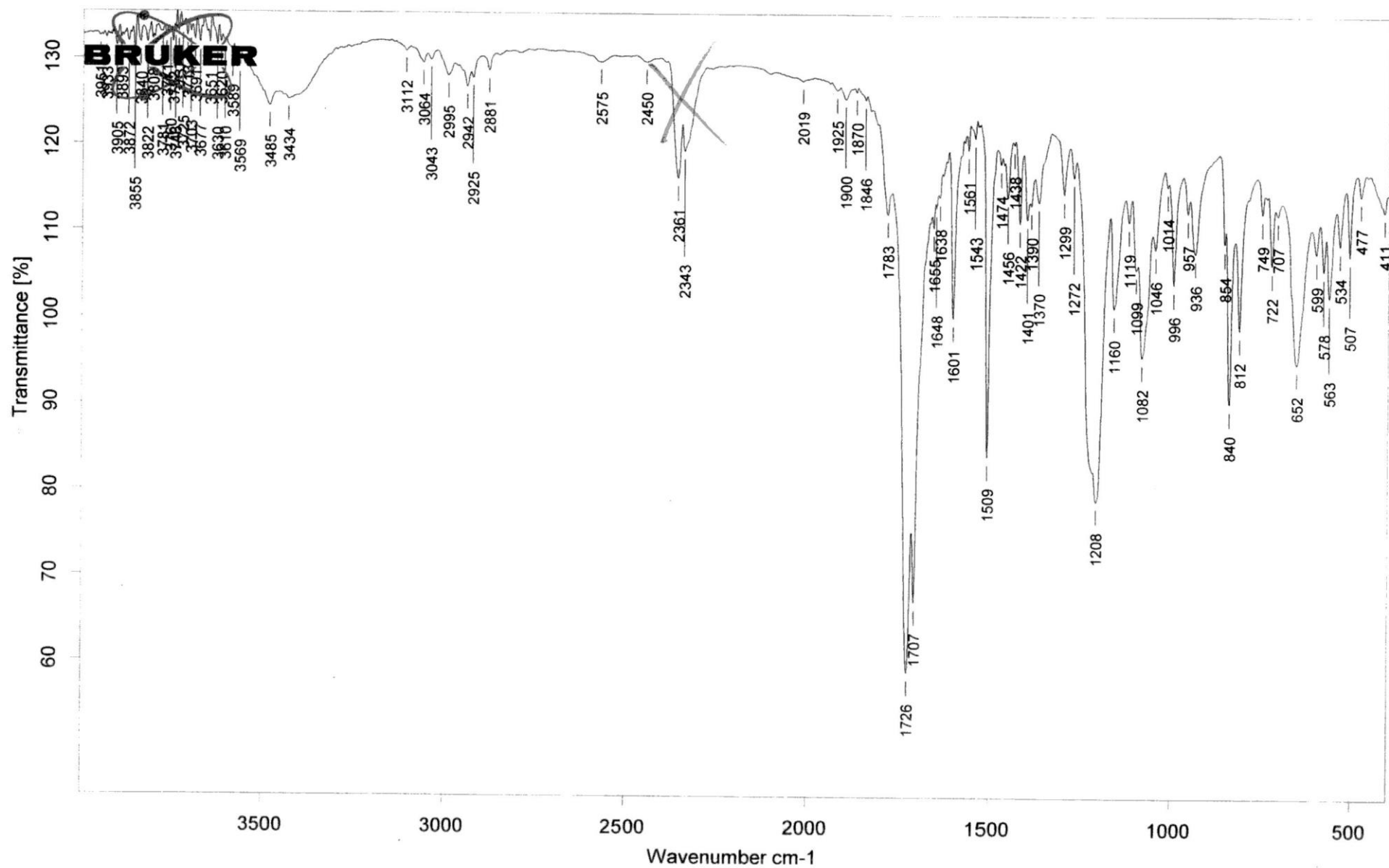
FT-IR (KBr pellet) spectrum of 1-(2-iodo-2-(*p*-tolyl)ethoxy)pyrrolidine-2,5-dione 3bb



FT-IR (KBr pellet) spectrum of 1-(2-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-iodoethoxy)pyrrolidine-2,5-dione 3c

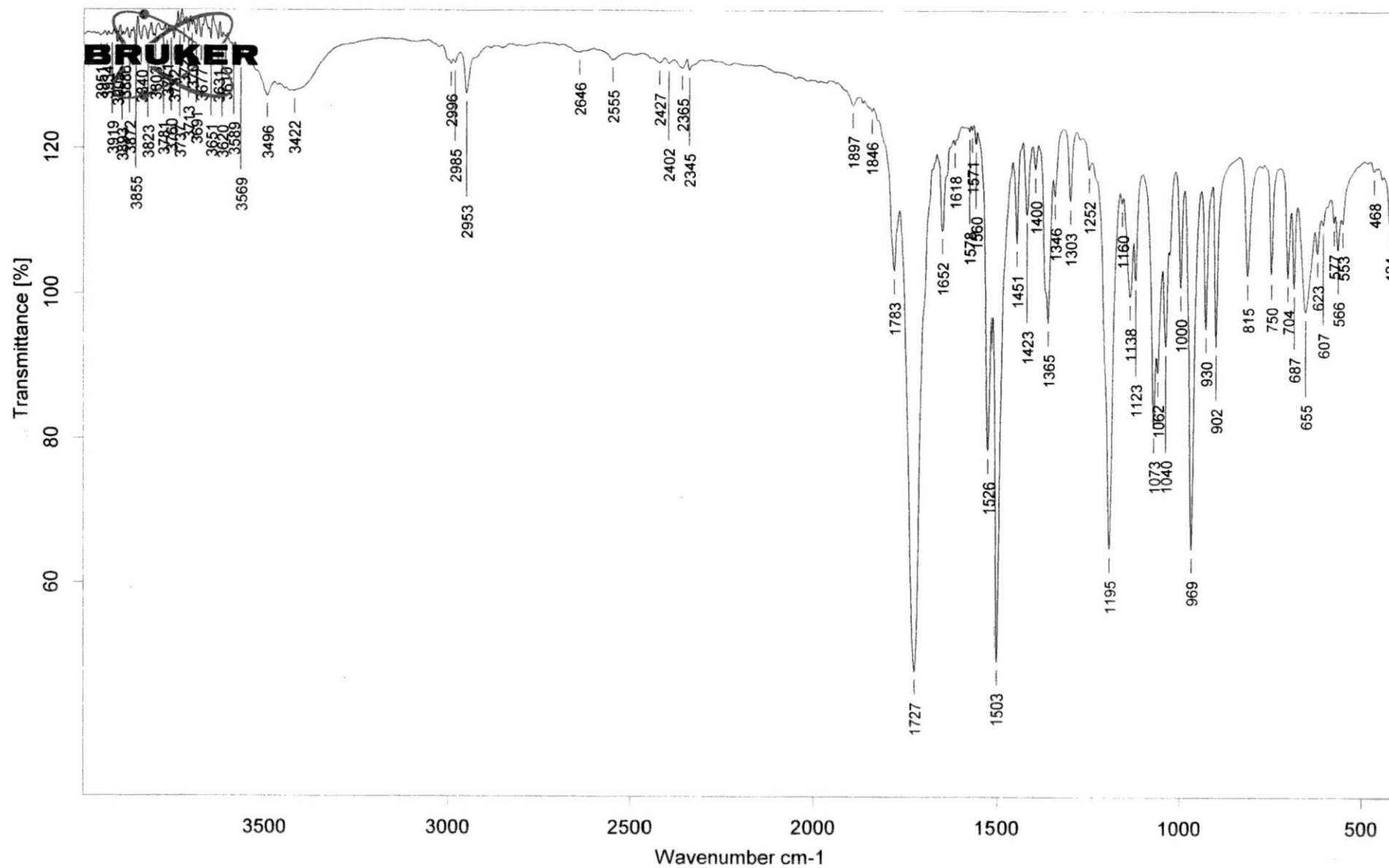


FT-IR (KBr pellet) spectrum of 1-(2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-iodoethoxy)pyrrolidine-2,5-dione 3db

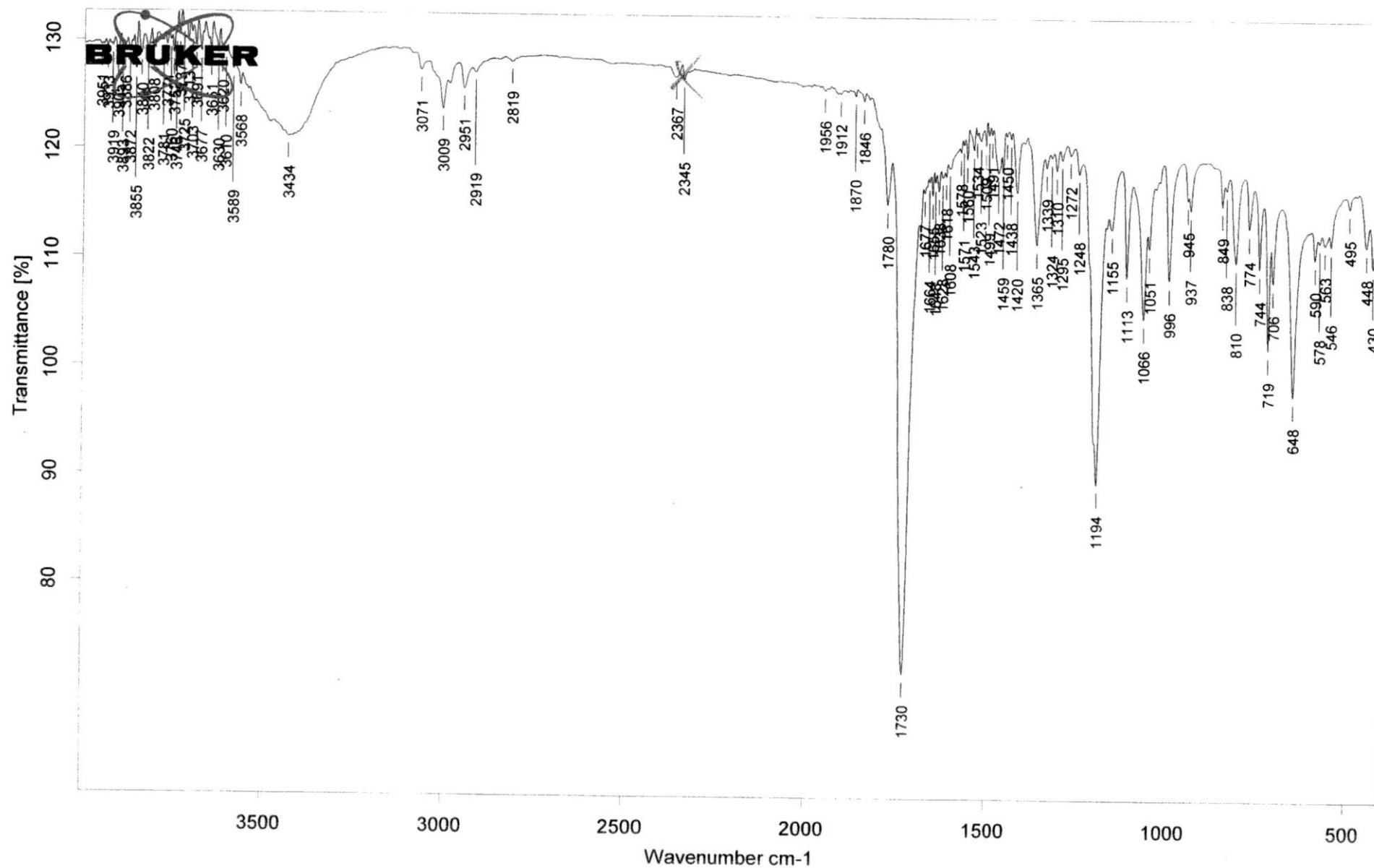


[illegible]

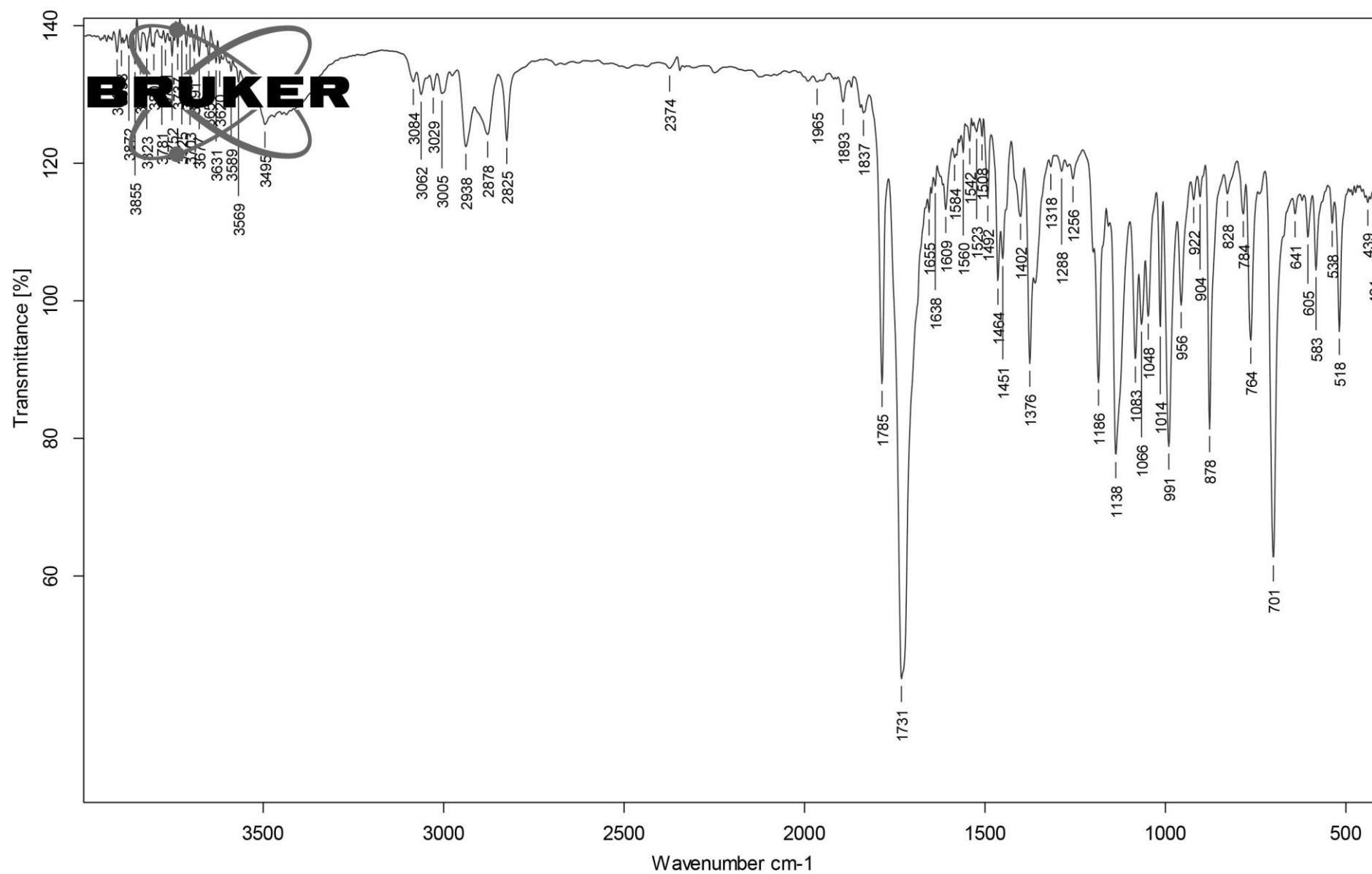
FT-IR (KBr pellet) spectrum of 1-(2-iodo-2-(perfluorophenyl)ethoxy)pyrrolidine-2,5-dione 3hb



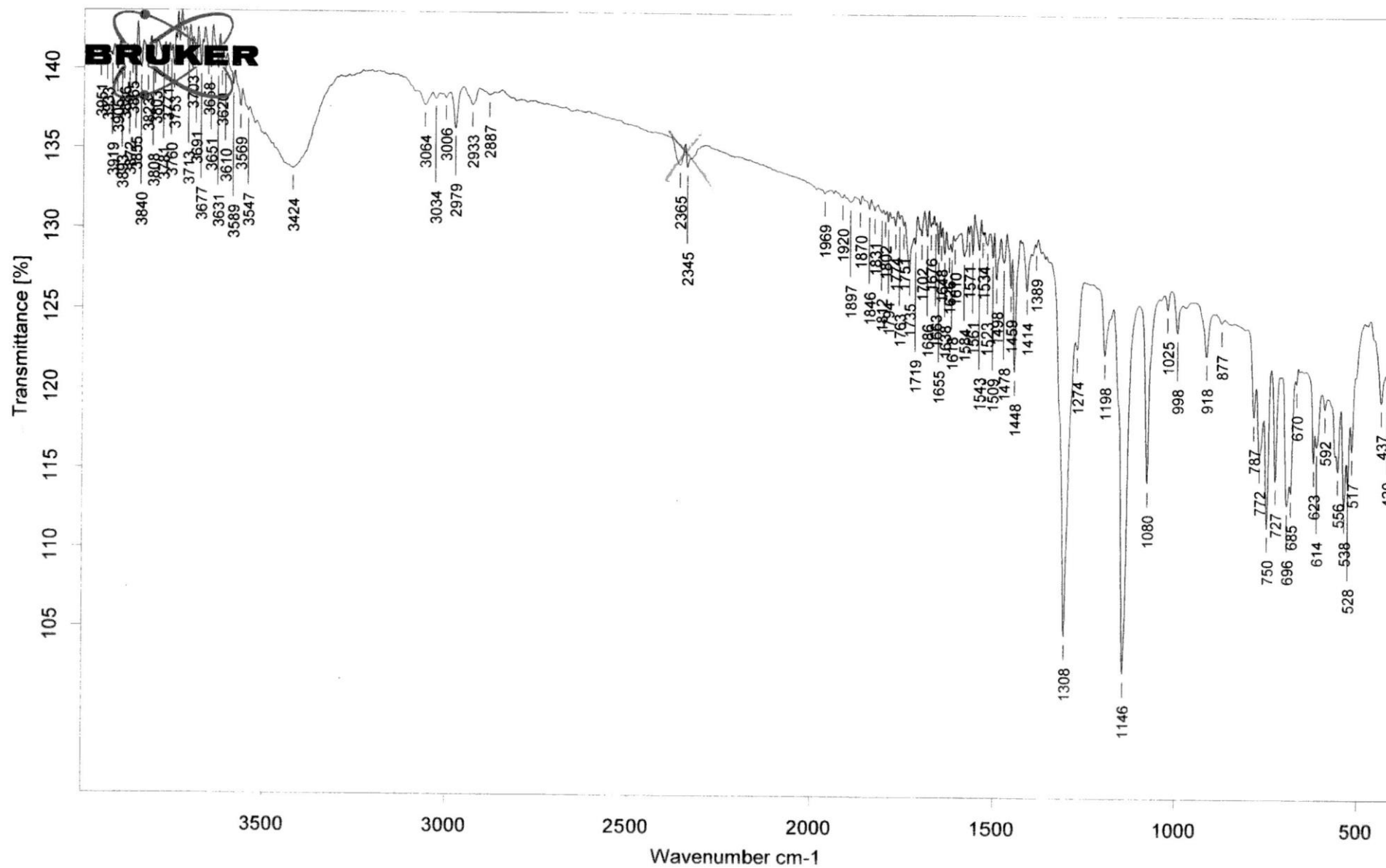
FT-IR (KBr pellet) spectrum of 1-((1-iodo-2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)oxy)pyrrolidine-2,5-dione 3kb



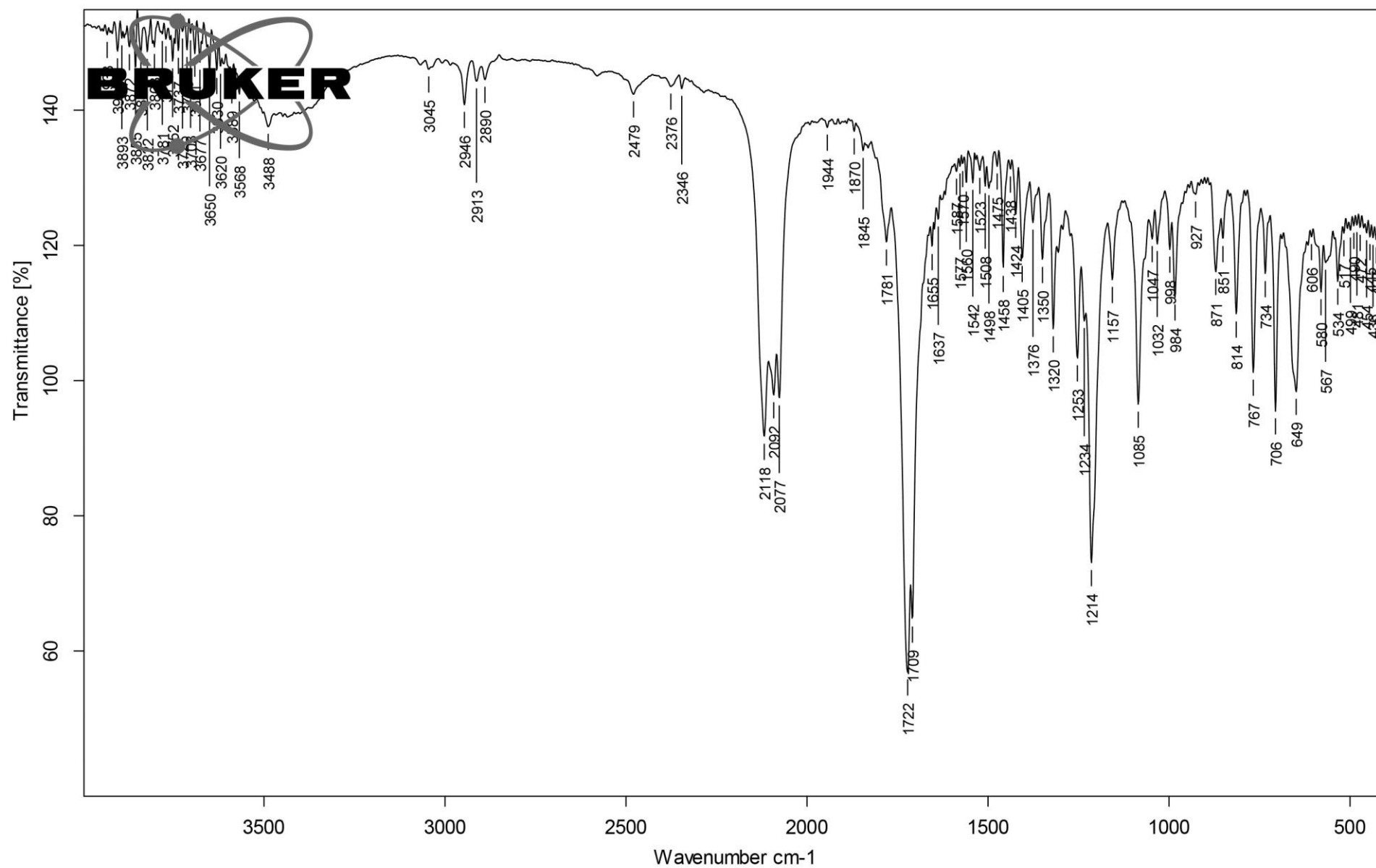
FT-IR (KBr pellet) spectrum of 2-(2-methoxy-2-phenylethoxy)isoindoline-1,3-dione 4a



FT-IR (KBr pellet) spectrum of (1-phenylethane-1,2-diylbisulfonyl)dibenzene 4b



FT-IR (KBr pellet) spectrum of 1-(2-azido-2-phenylethoxy)pyrrolidine-2,5-dione **4c**



Structure Determination by X-ray Crystallography

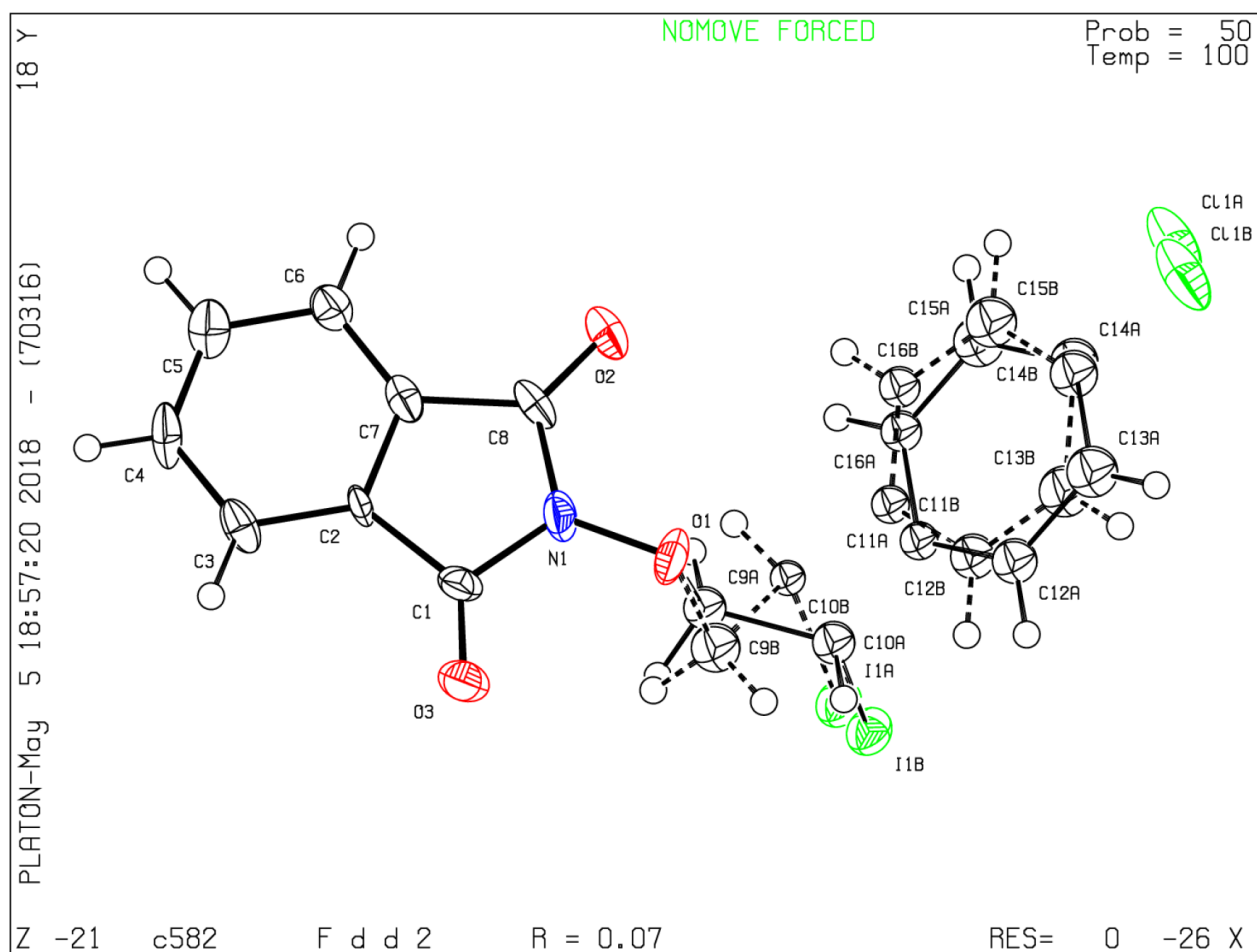
Intensity data for **3ca** were collected at the K4.4 station (“Belok”) of the Kurchatov Center for Synchrotron Radiation and Nanotechnology in Moscow (Russia) at a wavelength of 0.987 Å using a MAR CCD 165 detector. Data integration was carried out using the CCP4 software [1]. A multi-scan empirical absorption correction was applied to the data using SCALA [1]. The structures were solved by direct methods and refined by the full-matrix least squares method against F^2 of all data, using SHELXL-2014 [2] and OLEX2 [3] software. Non-hydrogen atoms were found on difference Fourier maps and refined with anisotropic displacement parameters with an exception of disordered carbon and oxygen atoms. The positions of hydrogen atoms were calculated and included in refinement in isotropic approximation by the riding model with the $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C}_i)$ for methyl groups and $1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C}_{ii})$ for other atoms, where $U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ are equivalent thermal parameters of parent atoms. Analysis of Fourier difference maps has shown that Ph groups and ethylene bridge in **3ca** are disordered. The occupancy of corresponding atomic positions was refined as approximately 3:7. The nature of observed disorder can be related to presence of “unbalanced” racemate – a crystalline species, in which the ratio of ordered enantiomers is not unity [4]. Details of data collection and refinement are listed in Table S1. Molecular view of investigated compound in representation of atoms with thermal ellipsoids is given on Figure S1.

References

1. Winn, M. D.; Ballard, C. C.; Cowtan, K. D.; Dodson, E. J.; Emsley, P.; Evans, P. R.; Keegan, R. M.; Krissinel, E. B.; Leslie, A. G.; McCoy, A.; McNicholas, S. J.; Murshudov, G. N.; Pannu, N. S.; Potterton, E. A.; Powell, H. R.; Read, R. J.; Vagin, A.; Wilson, K. S. *Acta Crystallogr., Sect. D: Biol. Crystallogr.* **2011**, 67, 235. doi: 10.1107/S0907444910045749
2. Sheldrick, G. M. *Acta Crystallogr., Sect. C: Struct. Chem.* **2015**, 71, 3. doi: 10.1107/S2053229614024218
3. Dolomanov, O. V.; Bourhis, L. J.; Gildea, R. J.; Howard, J. A. K.; Puschmann, H. *J. Appl. Crystallogr.* **2009**, 42, 339. doi: 10.1107/s0021889808042726
4. Levkin, P. A.; Torbeev, V. Yu.; Lenev, D. A.; Kostyanovsky, R. G. Homo- and Heterochirality in Crystals. In *Topics in Stereochemistry*; Denmark, S. E., Siegel, J. S., Ed.; John Wiley & Sons, Inc.: Hoboken, New Jersey, 2006; Vol. 25, pp 81-134.

Table S1. Crystallographic data for **3ca**

Brutto formula	C ₁₆ H ₁₁ ClINO ₃	d _{calc} , g·cm ⁻³	1.684
Molecular weight	427.61	μ, cm ⁻¹	48.84
T, K	100	F(000)	3328
Space group	Fdd2	2θ _{max} , °	70
Z	16	Reflections collected	9382
a, Å	27.181(5)	Independent reflections	2674
b, Å	48.899(10)	Reflections with I>2σ(I)	2095
c, Å	5.0757(10)	Parameters	169
α, °	90	R1 [I>2σ(I)]	0.0715
β, °	90	wR ₂ [all data]	0.1728
γ, °	90	GOF	0.987
V, Å ³	6746(2)	Residual electron density, e·Å ⁻³ (ρ _{min} /ρ _{max})	1.171/-0.960

**Figure S1.** Molecular structure of **3ca**. Atoms are presented as thermal ellipsoids (50% probability).