



## Supporting Information

for

### Friedel–Crafts approach to the one-pot synthesis of methoxy-substituted thioxanthylum salts

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**Copies of  $^1\text{H}$  and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectra, procedures for the synthesis of diaryl sulfides and thioxanthylum 4, computational data, absorption spectra, and cyclic voltammetry data**

## Contents

1. Procedure for the synthesis of diaryl sulfide <b>1</b> .....	S2
2. Procedure for the synthesis of thioxanthylum salt <b>4</b> .....	S3
3. Characterization data for thioxanthylum salt <b>3</b> .....	S4
4. Investigation of the Lewis acids.....	S8
5. Computational data.....	S9
6. Reference.....	S12
7. UV-vis spectra of <b>3</b> and <b>4</b> .....	S13
8. Cyclic voltammograms of <b>3</b> and <b>4</b> .....	S31
9. $^1\text{H}$ NMR and $^{13}\text{C}$ NMR data.....	S33

## 1. Procedure for the synthesis of diaryl sulfide 1

### *For the synthesis of bis(dimethoxyphenyl) sulfide*

Bis(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl) sulfide and bis(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl) sulfide were prepared according to published methods from 3,5-dimethoxyaniline and 3,4-dimethoxyaniline.<sup>1,2</sup> Bis(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl) sulfide. White solid (0.7748 g, 63% yield). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 6.85 (d, *J*= 2.3 Hz, 2H), 6.40 (t, *J*= 2.3 Hz, 1H), 3.76 (s, 6H). The spectroscopic data were agreement with literature values.<sup>1</sup>

Bis(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl) sulfide. White solid (0.6092 g, 60% yield). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 6.97-6.86 (m, 4H), 6.86-6.77 (m, 2H), 3.88 (s, 6H), 3.82 (s, 6H). The spectroscopic data were agreement with literature values.<sup>3</sup>

### *For the synthesis of bis(3,5-diethoxyphenyl) sulfide*

1)<sup>1,2,4</sup> 1-Iodo-3,5-dimethoxybenzene were prepared according to published methods from 3,5-dimethoxyaniline.<sup>2</sup> To a solution of 1-iodo-3,5-dimethoxybenzene (0.6824 g, 2.5 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (2.5 mL) was placed in a 50 mL recovery flask under N<sub>2</sub>. Boron tribromide (10.0 mL, 1.0 M in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, 10 mmol) was added slowly at 0 °C. The reaction was warmed to room temperature and stirred overnight. Then, it was cooled to -78 °C, quenched with methanol and concentrated in vacuo. The crude mixture was redissolved in ethyl acetate, washed with H<sub>2</sub>O, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product 5-iodobenzene-1,3-diol was used in the subsequent step without further purification.

2)<sup>4</sup> To an oil of 5-iodobenzene-1,3-diol (2.5 mmol) and potassium carbonate (1.3847 g, 10.0 mmol) in DMF (10 mL) were placed in a 100 mL recovery flask under N<sub>2</sub>. Bromoethane (0.746 mL, 10.0 mmol) was then added and the reaction heated to 60 °C for 20 h. The reaction was cooled, diluted in ethyl acetate, washed with H<sub>2</sub>O, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The crude mixture was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (hexane/ethyl acetate = 20:1) to provide 1,3-diethoxy-5-iodobenzene (0.6014 g, 82 % yield) as a brown oil. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 6.83 (d, *J*= 2.4 Hz, 2H), 6.39 (t, *J*= 2.0 Hz, 1H), 3.97 (q, *J*= 6.9 Hz, 4H), 1.38 (t, *J*= 7.2 Hz, 6H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 160.4, 116.2, 101.4, 94.0, 63.7, 14.7; IR (ATR): 1591, 1434, 1169, 1047, 802, 676 cm<sup>-1</sup>; LRMS (ESI+) m/z calcd for C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>14</sub>O<sub>2</sub>I ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>): 293.00, found: 293.09.

3)<sup>1</sup> To a mixture of 1,3-diethoxy-5-iodobenzene (0.4857 g, 1.7 mmol), carbon disulfide (0.100 mL, 1.7 mmol), CuI (0.0356 g, 0.17 mmol), and DBU (0.496 mL, 3.3 mmol) in

toluene (3.0 mL) was stirred at reflux under N<sub>2</sub> for 16 h. After H<sub>2</sub>O was added, the mixture was extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>. The organic layer was dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated in vacuo. The crude mixture was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (hexane/ethyl acetate = 30:1) to provide bis(3,5-diethoxyphenyl)sulfide (0.0727 g, 39% yield) as a yellow oil.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 6.49 (d, *J* = 2.3 Hz, 4H), 6.33 (t, *J* = 2.3 Hz, 2H), 3.96 (q, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 8H), 1.37 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 12H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 160.3, 136.9, 109.3, 100.6, 63.6, 14.7; IR (ATR): 1577, 1430, 1389, 1278, 1166, 1050, 815, 681 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (ESI+) m/z calcd for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>27</sub>O<sub>4</sub>S ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>): 363.1625, found: 363.1639.

## 2. Procedure for the synthesis of thioxanthylum salt 4

1)<sup>5</sup> To a solution of 2-bromotoluene (0.897 mL, 7.5 mmol) in dioxane (17.0 mL) and THF (28.0 mL) was placed in a 100 mL recovery flask under N<sub>2</sub>. *n*-BuLi (5.16 mL, 1.6 M in hexane, 8.26 mmol) was added at -78 °C, and the reaction was stirred for 1 h at -78 °C. Thioxanthone (1.0644 g, 5.0 mmol) in dioxane was added, and the reaction was stirred for 24 h at room temperature. The reaction was quenched with sat. diammonium phosphate and extract with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>. It was concentrated in vacuo. To the organic layer was added hexane, and the mixture was cooled to -30 °C to give white solid. The mixture was filtered and dried in vacuo, affording the desired 9-(2-methylphenyl)-9-thioxanthenol (0.6863 g, 45% yield) as a white solid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 8.18 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.43-7.36 (m, 3H), 7.32 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.26-7.23 (m, 2H), 7.12-7.04 (m, 5H), 2.51 (d, *J* = 2.9 Hz, 1H), 1.55 (s, 3H). The spectroscopic data were agreement with literature values.<sup>5</sup>

2)<sup>5</sup> To a solution of 9-(2-methylphenyl)-9-thioxanthenol (0.3048 g, 1.0 mmol) in Et<sub>2</sub>O (5.0 mL) was placed in a 50 mL recovery flask under N<sub>2</sub>. Trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (0.177 mL, 2.0 mmol) was slowly added to precipitate a solid. After stirred for 1 h, the mixture was filtered. The solid was washed with Et<sub>2</sub>O and dried in vacuo, affording the desired thioxanthylum salt 4 (0.3473 g, 80% yield). Red solid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 8.91 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 8.43 (ddd, *J* = 8.3, 6.9, 1.4 Hz, 2H), 8.16 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 8.07 (ddd, *J* = 8.5, 7.0, 1.2 Hz, 2H), 7.71-7.66 (m, 1H), 7.61-7.53 (m, 2H), 7.33-7.29 (m, 1H), 1.91 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 171.3, 148.1, 137.9, 135.5, 134.5, 133.7, 131.6, 131.0, 131.0, 129.7, 128.8, 128.3, 126.4, 19.7; <sup>19</sup>F NMR (471 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ -81.4; IR (ATR): 1547, 1449, 1373, 1260, 1142, 1029, 736, 634 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (ESI+) m/z calcd for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>15</sub>S [M]<sup>+</sup>: 287.0889, found: 287.0879.

### 3. Characterization data for thioxanthylum salt 3

9-Phenyl-1,3,6,8-tetramethoxythioxanthylum trifluoromethanesulfonate (**3a**)<sup>1</sup>

Red solid (0.1109 g, 82% yield). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 7.51 (d, *J* = 2.2 Hz, 2H), 7.44-7.38 (m, 3H), 7.14-7.10 (m, 2H), 6.51 (d, *J* = 2.5 Hz, 2H), 4.15 (s, 6H), 3.37 (s, 6H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 168.3, 165.5, 165.2, 147.8, 142.2, 127.2, 127.0, 125.6, 116.9, 101.8, 101.4, 57.7, 56.7; <sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ -81.3; IR (ATR): 1585, 1219, 1143, 1026, 634 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (ESI+) m/z calcd for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>21</sub>O<sub>4</sub>S ([M]<sup>+</sup>): 393.1155, found: 393.1171; EA calcd. for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>21</sub>F<sub>3</sub>O<sub>7</sub>S<sub>2</sub>: C, 53.13; H, 3.90. found: C, 52.80; H, 4.001.

9-(2-Methylphenyl)-1,3,6,8-tetramethoxythioxanthylum trifluoromethanesulfonate (**3b**)<sup>6</sup>

Brown solid (0.1274 g, 92% yield). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 7.50 (d, *J* = 2.2 Hz, 2H), 7.28 (dd, *J* = 7.3, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.26-7.23 (m, 1H), 7.23-7.17 (m, 1H), 6.73 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 6.54 (d, *J* = 2.2 Hz, 2H), 4.15 (s, 6H), 3.40 (s, 6H), 2.03 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 168.3, 166.0, 165.5, 147.7, 142.1, 134.2, 128.0, 127.5, 125.1, 124.0, 116.7, 102.0, 101.3, 57.7, 56.9, 20.1; <sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ -81.3; IR (ATR): 1584, 1220, 1151, 1028, 637 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (ESI+) m/z calcd for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>23</sub>O<sub>4</sub>S ([M]<sup>+</sup>): 407.1312, found: 407.1324.

9-(2-Methoxyphenyl)-1,3,6,8-tetramethoxythioxanthylum trifluoromethanesulfonate (**3c**)

2-Methoxybenzoyl chloride (0.50 mmol), TfOH (0.50 mmol) were used at 120 °C. Red solid (0.1142 g, 80% yield). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 7.49 (d, *J* = 2.2 Hz, 2H), 7.38 (td, *J* = 8.0, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 6.98 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.95 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.72 (dd, *J* = 7.3, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.53 (d, *J* = 2.5 Hz, 2H), 4.15 (s, 6H), 3.73 (s, 3H), 3.43 (s, 6H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 168.1, 165.4, 163.6, 156.4, 147.8, 132.2, 129.0, 125.2, 120.3, 117.4, 108.5, 101.7, 101.4, 57.7, 56.8, 55.7; <sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ -81.3; IR (ATR): 1585, 1217, 1149, 1026, 636 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (ESI+) m/z calcd for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>23</sub>O<sub>5</sub>S ([M]<sup>+</sup>): 423.1261, found: 423.1256.

9-(2-Trifluoromethylphenyl)-1,3,6,8-tetramethoxythioxanthylum trifluoromethanesulfonate (**3d**)<sup>1</sup>

Brown solid (0.0906 g, 59% yield). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 7.77 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 7.61-7.54 (m, 2H), 7.53 (d, *J* = 2.5 Hz, 2H), 6.98 (dd, *J* = 8.2, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 6.53 (d, *J* = 2.5 Hz, 2H), 4.15 (s, 6H), 3.39 (s, 6H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 168.5, 164.9, 162.4, 147.4, 140.1 (q, *J* = 2.8 Hz), 131.1, 127.7, 127.5 (q, *J* = 30.9 Hz), 126.0, 125.0 (q, *J* = 4.6

Hz), 124.3 (q,  $J = 274.0$  Hz), 120.9 (q,  $J = 320.5$  Hz, OTf<sup>-</sup>), 116.4, 102.1, 101.2, 57.7, 56.9; <sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ -63.0, -81.3; IR (ATR): 1585, 1237, 1222, 1029, 637 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (ESI+) m/z calcd for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>20</sub>O<sub>4</sub>F<sub>3</sub>S ([M]<sup>+</sup>): 461.1029, found: 461.1037; EA calcd. for C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>20</sub>F<sub>6</sub>O<sub>7</sub>S<sub>2</sub>: C, 49.18; H, 3.30; S, 10.50. found: C, 48.97; H, 3.280; S, 10.30.

**9-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-1,3,6,8-tetramethoxythioxanthylium trifluoromethanesulfonate (3e)**<sup>1</sup>

4-Methoxybenzoyl chloride (0.50 mmol), TfOH (0.50 mmol) were used. Brown solid (0.1158 g, 81% yield). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 7.40 (d,  $J = 2.2$  Hz, 2H), 7.03 (d,  $J = 8.0$  Hz, 2H), 6.97 (d,  $J = 8.2$  Hz, 2H), 6.54 (d,  $J = 2.2$  Hz, 2H), 4.14 (s, 6H), 3.91 (s, 3H), 3.45 (s, 6H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 168.3, 165.9, 165.8, 159.2, 147.3, 134.4, 127.2, 117.3, 112.5, 101.7, 101.2, 57.6, 56.8, 55.5; <sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ -81.3; IR (ATR): 1587, 1219, 1146, 1027, 635 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (ESI+) m/z calcd for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>23</sub>O<sub>5</sub>S ([M]<sup>+</sup>): 423.1261, found: 423.1253. EA calcd. for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>21</sub>F<sub>3</sub>O<sub>7</sub>S<sub>2</sub>: C, 52.44; H, 4.05. found: C, 51.75; H, 4.285.

**9-(4-Trifluoromethylphenyl)-1,3,6,8-tetramethoxythioxanthylium trifluoromethanesulfonate (3f)**

4-(Trifluoromethyl)benzoyl chloride (0.50 mmol), TfOH (0.50 mmol) were used. Brown solid (0.0990 g, 65% yield). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 7.72 (d,  $J = 2.0$  Hz, 2H), 7.60-7.59 (m, 2H), 7.32 (d,  $J = 2.0$  Hz, 2H), 6.51 (d,  $J = 0.6$  Hz, 2H), 4.17 (s, 6H), 3.35 (s, 6H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 168.5, 165.0, 162.7, 147.8, 146.1, 129.3 (q,  $J = 32.5$  Hz), 126.2, 124.1 (q,  $J = 272.8$  Hz), 123.8 (q,  $J = 3.5$  Hz), 120.8 (q,  $J = 320.9$  Hz, OTf<sup>-</sup>), 116.3, 102.1, 101.5, 57.8, 56.6; <sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ -65.6, -81.3; IR (ATR): 1592, 1403, 1219, 1027, 840, 636 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (ESI+) m/z calcd for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>20</sub>O<sub>4</sub>F<sub>3</sub>S ([M]<sup>+</sup>): 461.1029, found: 461.1041.

**9-(4-Nitrophenyl)-1,3,6,8-tetramethoxythioxanthylium trifluoromethanesulfonate (3g)**  
The reaction was carried out for 20 h. Black solid (0.1261 g, 86% yield). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 8.33 (d,  $J = 8.8$  Hz, 2H), 7.55 (d,  $J = 2.5$  Hz, 2H), 7.42-7.40 (m, 2H), 6.53 (d,  $J = 2.2$  Hz, 2H), 4.15 (s, 6H), 3.38 (s, 6H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 168.7, 164.6, 161.3, 149.4, 148.0, 146.8, 127.1, 122.2, 116.1, 102.3, 101.7, 57.8, 56.7; <sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ -81.4; IR (ATR): 1584, 1219, 1150, 1027, 837, 634 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (ESI+) m/z calcd for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>20</sub>NO<sub>6</sub>S ([M]<sup>+</sup>): 438.1006, found: 438.0991.

**9-(4-Cyanophenyl)-1,3,6,8-tetramethoxythioxanthylium trifluoromethanesulfonate (3h)**  
Black solid (0.1359 g, 96% yield). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 7.76 (d, *J*= 2.0 Hz, 2H), 7.58 (d, *J*= 0.5 Hz, 2H), 7.34 (d, *J*= 2.3 Hz, 2H), 6.53-6.51 (m, 2H), 4.17 (s, 6H), 3.39 (s, 6H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 168.6, 164.9, 161.8, 147.5, 147.3, 130.7, 126.7, 120.6 (q, *J*= 320.9 Hz, OTf<sup>-</sup>), 118.7, 115.9, 110.6, 102.2, 101.4, 57.7, 56.7; <sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ -81.4; IR (ATR): 1584, 1402, 1213, 1154, 1028, 823, 636 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (ESI+) m/z calcd for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>20</sub>NO<sub>4</sub>S ([M]<sup>+</sup>): 418.1108, found: 418.1098.

**9-(4-Fluorophenyl)-1,3,6,8-tetramethoxythioxanthylium trifluoromethanesulfonate (3i)**  
Brown solid (0.0970 g, 69% yield). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 7.55 (d, *J*= 2.3 Hz, 2H), 7.18-7.09 (m, 4H), 6.52 (d, *J*= 2.3 Hz, 2H), 4.16 (s, 6H), 3.43 (s, 6H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 168.4, 165.3, 164.1, 162.0 (d, *J*= 247.6 Hz), 147.7, 138.0, 127.5 (d, *J*= 7.2 Hz), 116.9, 114.1 (d, *J*= 21.7 Hz), 101.8, 101.4, 57.7, 56.7; <sup>19</sup>F NMR (471 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ -81.3, -117.4; IR (ATR): 1585, 1415, 1220, 1153, 1027, 836, 636, 573 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (ESI+) m/z calcd for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>20</sub>O<sub>4</sub>FS ([M]<sup>+</sup>): 411.1061, found: 411.1064.

**9-(4-Chlorophenyl)-1,3,6,8-tetramethoxythioxanthylium trifluoromethanesulfonate (3j)**  
Brown solid (0.0951 g, 66% yield). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 7.54 (d, *J*= 2.3 Hz, 2H), 7.46-7.40 (m, 2H), 7.13-7.06 (m, 2H), 6.52 (d, *J*= 2.9 Hz, 2H), 4.16 (s, 6H), 3.43 (s, 6H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 168.5, 165.3, 163.6, 147.5, 140.6, 133.1, 127.2, 127.1, 116.6, 102.0, 101.3, 57.7, 56.7; <sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ -81.3; IR (ATR): 1588, 1424, 1219, 1027, 850, 635, 571 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (ESI+) m/z calcd for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>20</sub>O<sub>4</sub>SCl ([M]<sup>+</sup>): 427.0765, found: 427.0767.

**9-(2,6-Difluorophenyl)-1,3,6,8-tetramethoxythioxanthylium trifluoromethanesulfonate (3k)**

Brown solid (0.1177 g, 81% yield). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 7.61 (d, *J*= 2.2 Hz, 2H), 7.45-7.40 (m, 1H), 7.02-6.98 (m, 2H), 6.60 (d, *J*= 2.5 Hz, 2H), 4.18 (s, 6H), 3.54 (s, 6H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 168.5, 164.9, 158.5 (dd, *J*= 252.0, 11.0 Hz), 151.7, 147.9, 129.9 (t, *J*= 9.6 Hz), 120.9 (q, *J*= 320.8 Hz, OTf<sup>-</sup>), 118.9 (t, *J*= 20.2 Hz), 116.9, 110.3 (dd, *J*= 19.3, 5.5 Hz), 102.2, 101.5, 57.9, 57.4; <sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ -81.3, -116.6; IR (ATR): 1593, 1245, 1148, 1026, 634 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (ESI+) m/z calcd for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>19</sub>O<sub>4</sub>F<sub>2</sub>S ([M]<sup>+</sup>): 429.0967, found: 429.0966.

**9-(3,5-Difluorophenyl)-1,3,6,8-tetramethoxythioxanthylum trifluoromethanesulfonate (**3l**)**

The reaction was carried out for 2 h. Black Solid (0.0793 g, 55% yield). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 7.60-7.53 (m, 2H), 6.91 (t, *J*= 8.6 Hz, 1H), 6.75 (d, *J*= 6.7 Hz, 2H), 6.56 (s, 2H), 4.17 (s, 6H), 3.51 (s, 6H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 168.6, 165.0, 162.3 (dd, *J*= 250.0, 13.2 Hz), 160.8, 147.7, 145.1 (t, *J*= 10.8 Hz), 116.0, 109.3 (dd, *J*= 21.7, 6.0 Hz), 102.5 (t, *J*= 25.3 Hz), 102.2, 101.4, 57.8, 57.1; <sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ -81.3, -113.9; IR (ATR): 1586, 1404, 1218, 1141, 1027, 850, 635 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (ESI+) m/z calcd for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>19</sub>O<sub>4</sub>F<sub>2</sub>S ([M]<sup>+</sup>): 429.0967, found: 429.0968.

**9-(2,4,6-Trichlorophenyl)-1,3,6,8-tetramethoxythioxanthylum trifluoromethanesulfonate (**3m**)<sup>1</sup>**

2,4,6-Trichlorobenzoyl chloride (0.50 mmol), TfOH (0.50 mmol) were used at 120 °C. Brown solid (0.0417 g, 33% yield). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 7.68 (d, *J*= 2.2 Hz, 2H), 7.45 (s, 2H), 6.60 (d, *J*= 2.2 Hz, 2H), 4.19 (s, 6H), 3.58 (s, 6H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 168.5, 164.5, 156.9, 148.3, 139.0, 134.1, 132.0, 126.8, 115.8, 102.6, 101.5, 58.0, 57.7; <sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ -81.3; IR (ATR): 1586, 1222, 1154, 1029, 636 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (ESI+) m/z calcd for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>18</sub>O<sub>4</sub>SCl<sub>3</sub> ([M]<sup>+</sup>): 494.9986, found: 464.9999; EA calcd. for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>18</sub>Cl<sub>3</sub>F<sub>3</sub>O<sub>7</sub>S<sub>2</sub>: C, 44.63; H, 2.81. found: C, 44.58; H, 2.975.

**9-(2,3,4,5-Tetrachlorophenyl)-1,3,6,8-tetramethoxythioxanthylum trifluoromethanesulfonate (**3n**)**

Brown solid (0.1259 g, 74% yield). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.60 (d, *J*= 2.5 Hz, 2H), 7.10 (s, 1H), 6.61 (d, *J*= 2.2 Hz, 2H), 4.18 (s, 6H), 3.57 (s, 6H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 168.6, 164.2, 156.9, 148.5, 141.9, 132.1, 131.9, 131.3, 130.2, 125.0, 115.9, 102.5, 102.0, 58.0, 57.4; <sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ -81.3; IR (ATR): 1594, 1248, 1231, 1161, 1024, 638 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (ESI+) m/z calcd for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>17</sub>O<sub>4</sub>SCl<sub>4</sub> ([M]<sup>+</sup>): 528.9596, found: 528.9614.

**9-(2-Methylphenyl)-1,3,6,8-tetraethoxythioxanthylum trifluoromethanesulfonate (**3p**)**

Brown solid (0.0975 g, 51% yield). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 7.50 (d, *J*= 2.3 Hz, 2H), 7.40-7.31 (m, 1H), 7.21-7.16 (m, 2H), 6.79 (d, *J*= 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.48 (d, *J*= 2.3 Hz, 2H), 4.42 (q, *J*= 7.3 Hz, 4H), 3.80-3.69 (m, 2H), 3.69-3.59 (m, 2H), 2.04 (s, 3H), 1.52 (t, *J*= 6.9 Hz, 6H), 0.79 (t, *J*= 7.2 Hz, 6H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 167.5, 165.3, 164.9, 147.5, 142.2, 134.7, 128.9, 127.9, 125.4, 124.7, 116.5, 101.9, 101.6, 66.5, 65.4, 20.2, 14.3,

13.2;  $^{19}\text{F}$  NMR (376 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ): δ -81.3; IR (ATR): 1586, 1442, 1214, 1028, 824, 635  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ; HRMS (ESI+) m/z calcd for  $\text{C}_{28}\text{H}_{31}\text{O}_4\text{S} ([\text{M}]^+)$ : 463.1938, found: 463.1937.

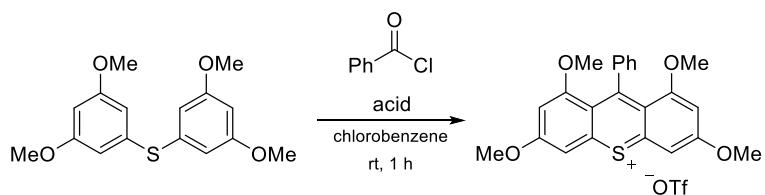
**9-(2-Methylphenyl)-2,3,6,7-tetramethoxythioxanthylium trifluoromethanesulfonate (3q)**

Brown solid (0.0937 g, 67% yield).  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (500 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ): δ 8.23 (s, 2H), 7.69-7.61 (m, 1H), 7.58-7.52 (m, 2H), 7.23 (d,  $J = 6.9$  Hz, 1H), 6.94 (s, 2H), 4.29 (s, 6H), 3.74 (s, 6H), 1.93 (s, 3H);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (126 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ): δ 159.8, 157.5, 152.1, 143.3, 135.3, 134.9, 131.2, 130.6, 128.2, 126.9, 124.8, 109.7, 107.8, 58.2, 56.1, 19.4;  $^{19}\text{F}$  NMR (376 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ): δ -81.3; IR (ATR): 1608, 1506, 1426, 1222, 1029, 748, 636, 571  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ; HRMS (ESI+) m/z calcd for  $\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{23}\text{O}_4\text{S} ([\text{M}]^+)$ : 407.1312, found: 407.1315.

**9-(naphthalene-1-yl)-1,3,6,8-tetramethoxythioxanthylium trifluoromethanesulfonate (3o)**

Red solid (0.1420 g, 73% yield).  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (500 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ): δ 7.95 (d,  $J = 8.2$  Hz, 1H), 7.88 (d,  $J = 8.2$  Hz, 1H), 7.56 (d,  $J = 2.2$  Hz, 2H), 7.53-7.45 (m, 2H), 7.36-7.32 (m, 1H), 7.28 (d,  $J = 8.0$  Hz, 1H), 6.93 (dd,  $J = 7.1, 1.1$  Hz, 1H), 6.43 (d,  $J = 2.2$  Hz, 2H), 4.15 (s, 6H), 2.96 (s, 6H);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (126 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ): δ 168.4, 165.2, 164.7, 147.6, 140.7, 132.1, 132.0, 128.2, 127.5, 126.4, 125.9, 125.0, 124.4, 121.3, 117.6, 102.0, 101.5, 57.7, 56.6;  $^{19}\text{F}$  NMR (376 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ): δ -81.3; IR (ATR): 1593, 1245, 1148, 1026, 634  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ; HRMS (ESI+) m/z calcd for  $\text{C}_{27}\text{H}_{23}\text{O}_4\text{S} [\text{M}]^+$ : 443.1312, found: 443.1316.

#### 4. Investigation of the Lewis acids



Entry	acid	Yield (%)
1	$\text{AlCl}_3$	0
2	$\text{BF}_3 \cdot \text{OEt}_2$	0
3	$\text{Sc}(\text{OTf})_3$	0

When we investigated the Lewis acids such as  $\text{AlCl}_3$ ,  $\text{BF}_3 \cdot \text{OEt}_2$  and  $\text{Sc}(\text{OTf})_3$  the reaction did not proceed, suggesting that TfOH is the best acid in the reaction system.

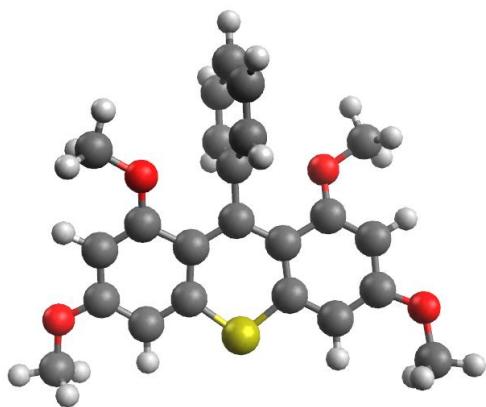
## 5. Computational data

Structure optimizations and frequency analyses of cations **3a** and **4a** were carried out at the B3LYP level of density functional theory (DFT) with the 6-31G(d,p) basis set on the ORCA program package.<sup>7</sup>

9-Phenyl-1,3,6,8-tetramethoxythioxanthylum cation

atom type	x	y	z
C	0.098289	0.212300	-1.259567
C	-0.048430	1.637149	-1.378192
C	-0.186286	2.306630	-2.592329
C	-0.119796	1.574514	-3.781309
C	0.151294	0.193490	-3.741241
C	0.302373	-0.475146	-2.540210
C	-0.000172	-0.460670	0.000080
C	-0.098675	0.211989	1.259956
C	0.048120	1.636846	1.378826
S	-0.000139	2.693604	0.000423
C	-0.302955	-0.475562	2.540575
C	-0.151790	0.192919	3.741679
C	0.119541	1.573877	3.781928
C	0.186088	2.306135	2.593051
C	0.000200	-1.961032	-0.000366
C	1.156660	-2.662899	0.361318
C	1.156940	-4.057529	0.352482
C	0.001028	-4.759099	-0.001674
C	-1.155263	-4.057882	-0.355283
C	-1.155778	-2.663242	-0.362910
O	-0.667038	-1.760043	2.494520
O	0.665809	-1.759825	-2.494120
O	-0.258582	2.093560	-5.004712
O	0.258367	2.092753	5.005398
C	-0.865079	-2.501778	3.702304
C	0.863396	-2.501759	-3.701854
C	0.512693	3.495491	5.160825

C	-0.512713	3.496352	-5.159959
H	-0.324325	3.381135	-2.600956
H	0.266673	-0.315514	-4.688717
H	-0.267378	-0.316162	4.689094
H	0.324224	3.380627	2.601827
H	2.056687	-2.120362	0.638908
H	2.060648	-4.596207	0.624789
H	0.001345	-5.845936	-0.002171
H	-2.058632	-4.596838	-0.628159
H	-2.056077	-2.120977	-0.640150
H	-1.149078	-3.501501	3.375429
H	-1.669374	-2.062156	4.302908
H	0.059428	-2.550035	4.288427
H	1.146890	-3.501606	-3.374917
H	1.667892	-2.062607	-4.302532
H	-0.061165	-2.549581	-4.287927
H	0.604156	3.655430	6.234780
H	-0.321808	4.088171	4.769363
H	1.446889	3.779068	4.663824
H	-0.604154	3.656443	-6.233893
H	0.321868	4.088869	-4.768422
H	-1.446870	3.779995	-4.662921



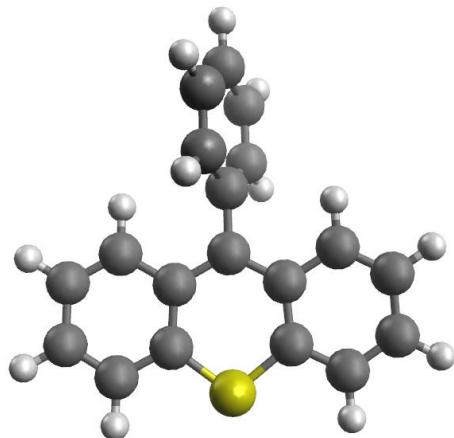
Total Energy: -1587.13327102 hartree

Imaginary Frequencies: 0

9-Phenylthioxanthylum cation

atom type	x	y	z
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C	-0.013433	-1.376506	1.819830
C	-0.027469	-2.637633	2.445485
C	0.004556	-3.788733	1.680883
C	0.070917	-3.710651	0.273252
C	0.081039	-2.485682	-0.351445
C	0.002161	-0.001927	-0.283219
C	-0.007121	1.253571	0.400184
C	0.021920	1.356969	1.829933
S	0.005312	-0.013698	2.885260
C	-0.076875	2.482279	-0.332817
C	-0.065479	3.702563	0.300969
C	0.003715	3.770176	1.709005
C	0.037236	2.613398	2.464933
C	0.000773	0.003640	-1.772225
C	1.117101	0.483200	-2.481241
C	1.116962	0.473661	-3.875672
C	-0.001963	0.014655	-4.575388
C	-1.119498	-0.449897	-3.877117
C	-1.116914	-0.470398	-2.482804
H	-0.149117	2.437877	-1.411587
H	0.151000	-2.433155	-1.429995
H	-0.004855	-4.757405	2.171275
H	0.014137	4.735158	2.206593
H	-0.056602	-2.700380	3.529520
H	0.124918	-4.619712	-0.316437
H	-0.120675	4.615985	-0.281847
H	0.068557	2.668066	3.549349
H	1.988954	0.841032	-1.941344
H	1.990884	0.827526	-4.414024
H	-0.003056	0.019015	-5.661318
H	-1.994473	-0.799519	-4.416525

H -1.987748 -0.832423 -1.944042



Total Energy: -1129.58253481 hartree

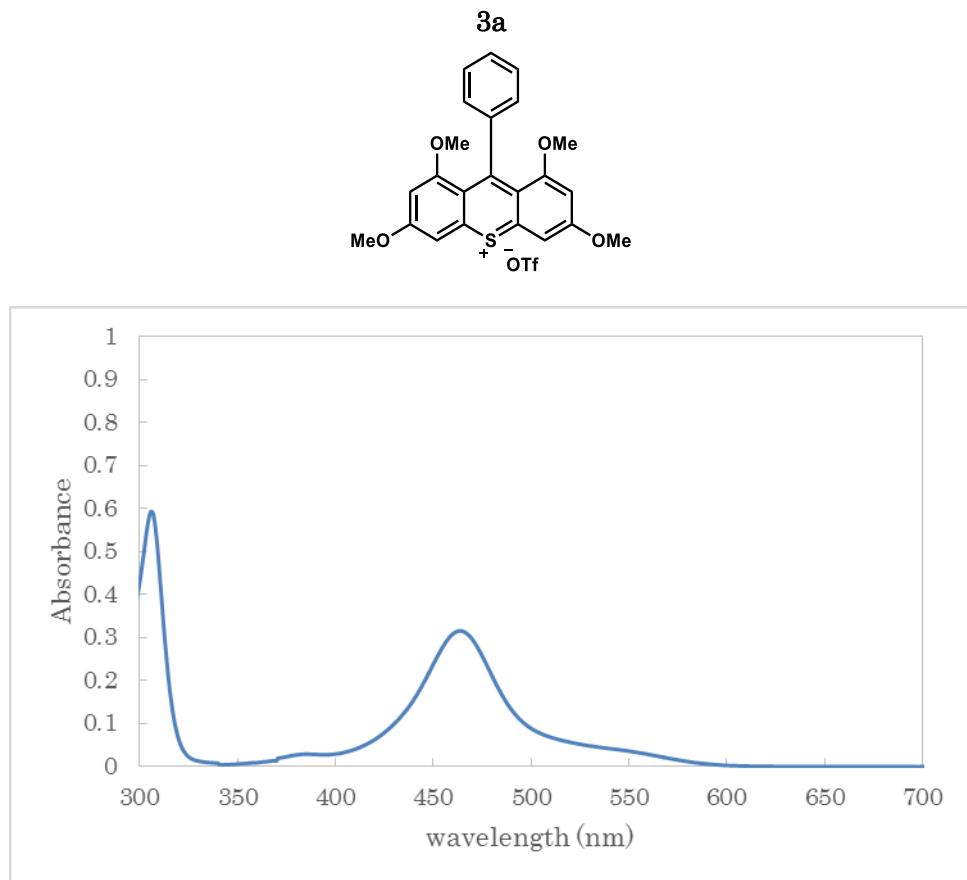
Imaginary Frequencies: 0

## 6. Reference

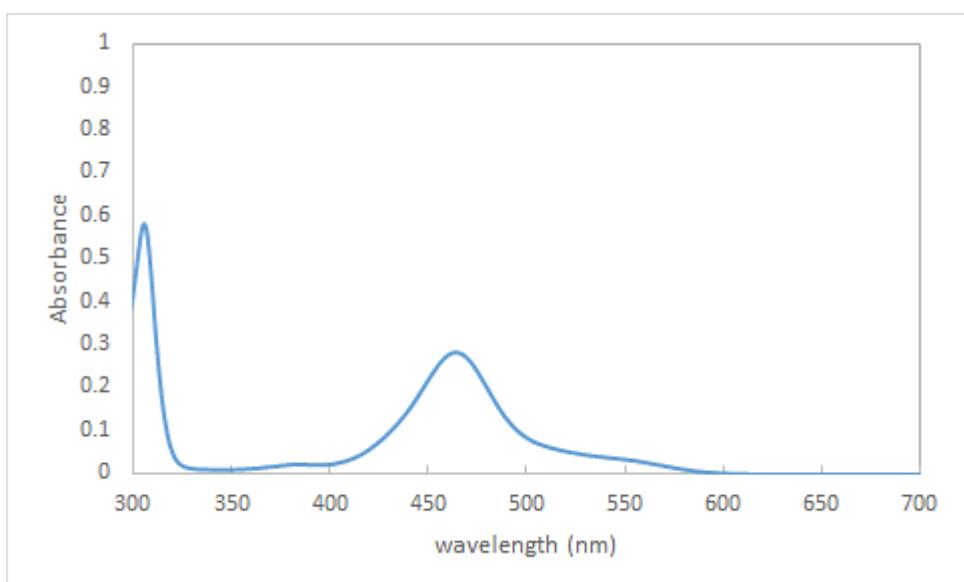
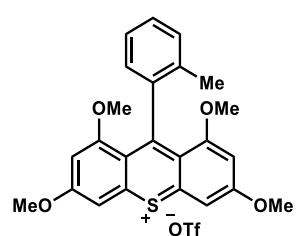
1. Tanaka, K.; Kishimoto, M.; Sukekawa, M.; Hoshino, Y.; Honda, K. *Tetrahedron Lett.* **2018**, *59*, 3361–3364.
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7. For the ORCA program system; a) Neese, F.; *Wiley Interdiscip. Rev.: Comput. Mol. Sci.* **2012**, *2*, 73-78. b) Neese, F. *Wiley Interdiscip. Rev.: Comput. Mol. Sci.* **2017**, *8*, e1327.

## 7. UV-vis spectrum of 3 and 4

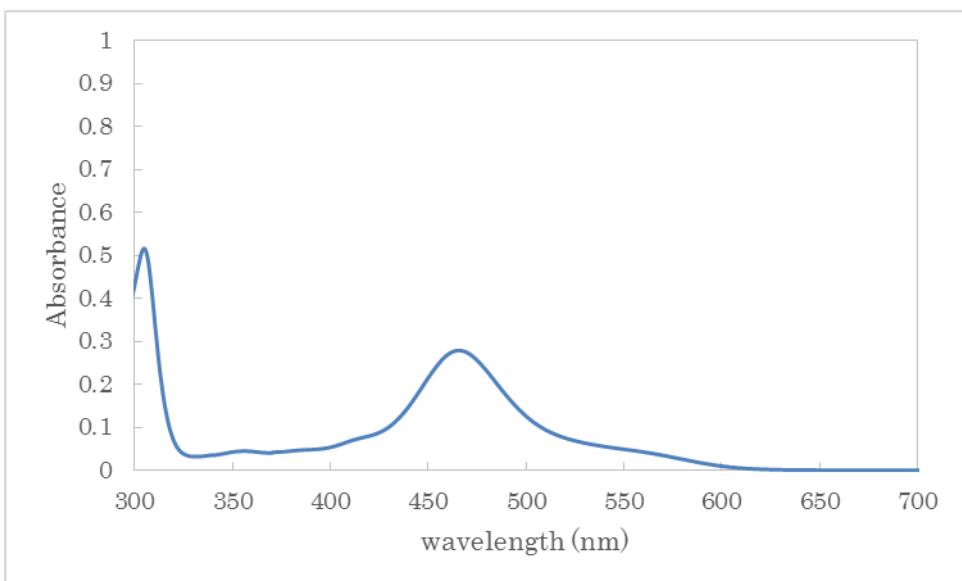
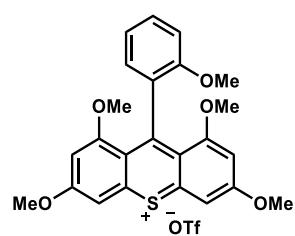
UV-vis spectra of **3** and **4** (0.1 mM) in CH<sub>3</sub>CN.



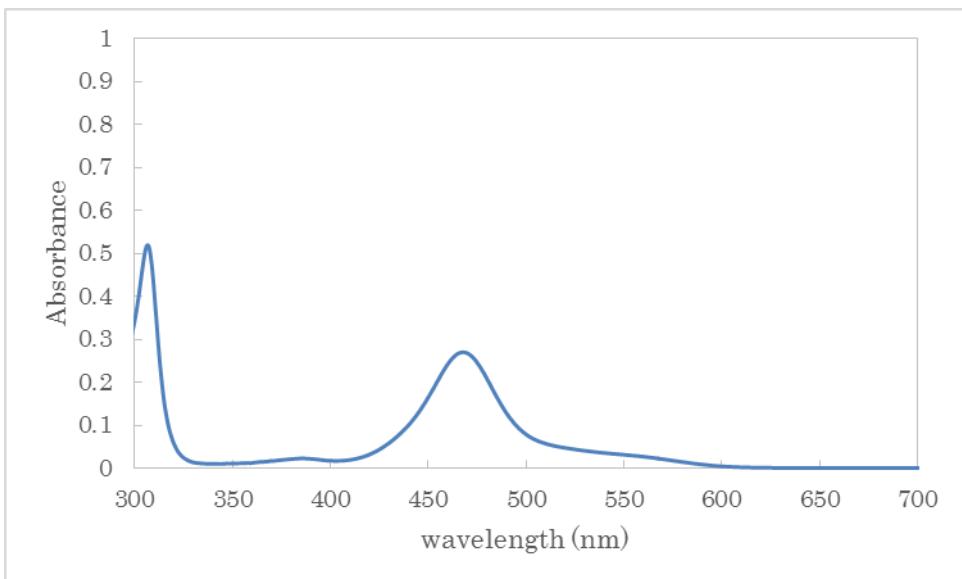
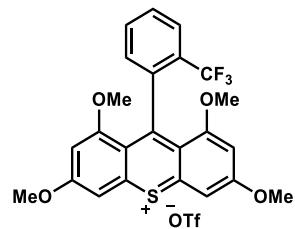
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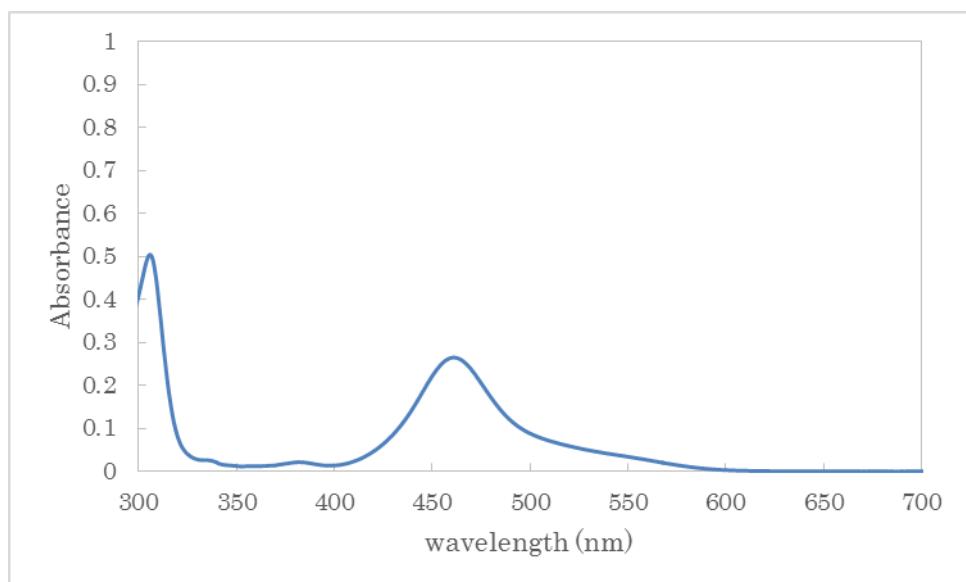
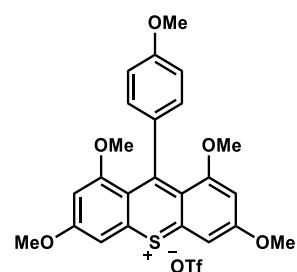
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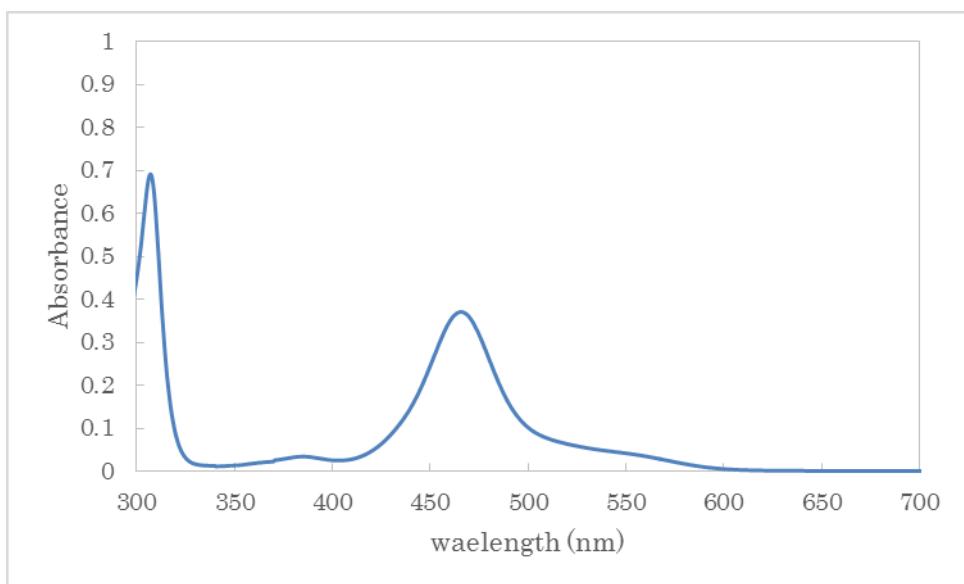
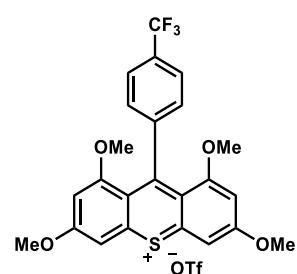
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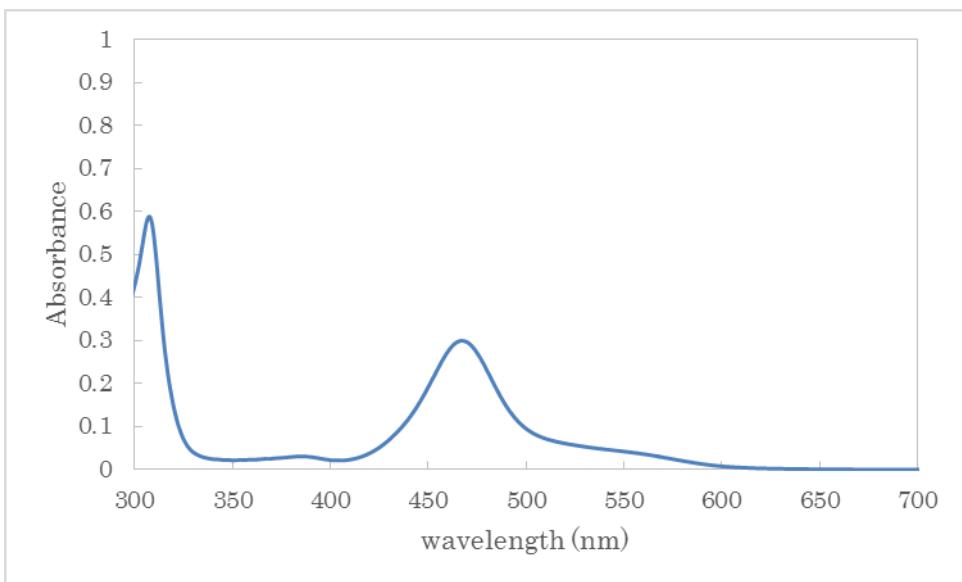
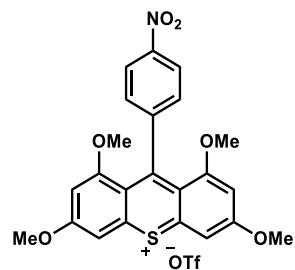
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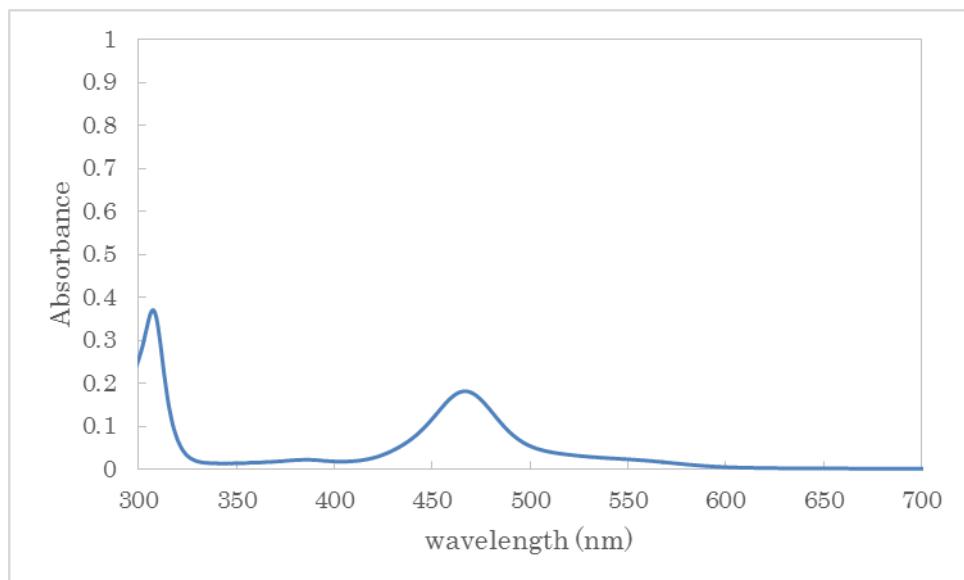
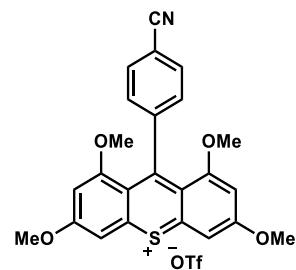
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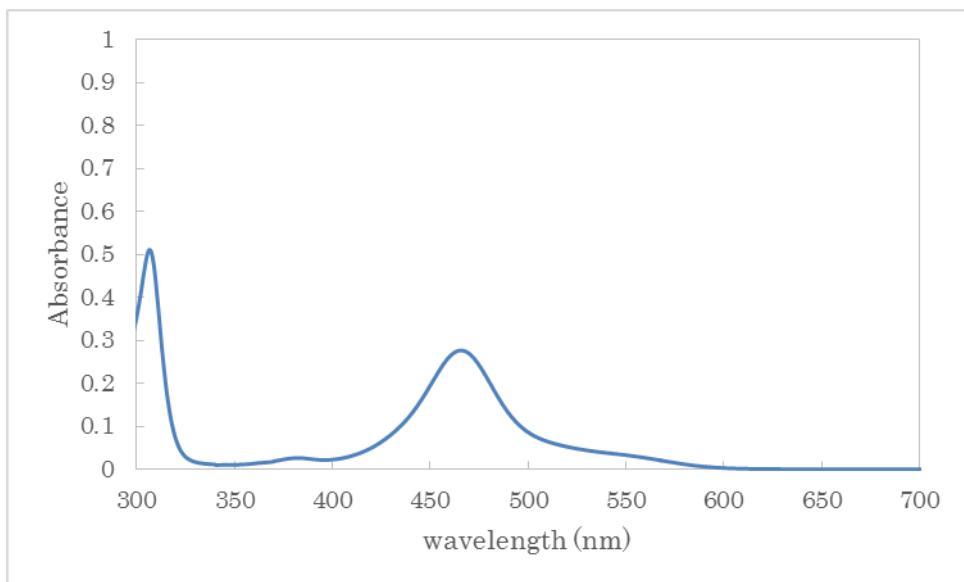
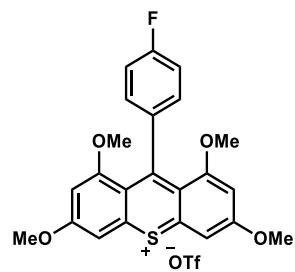
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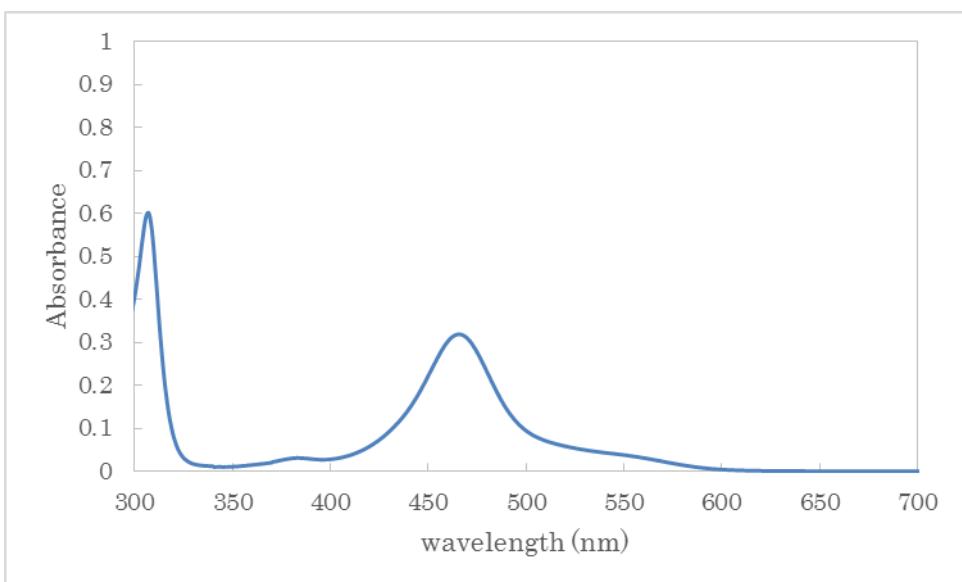
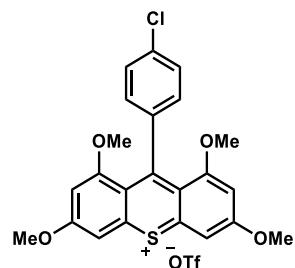
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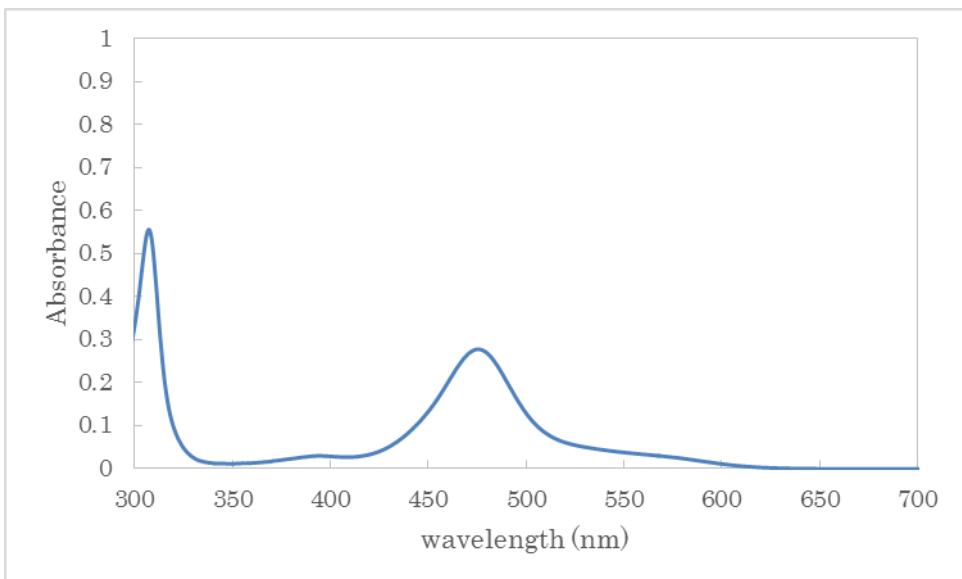
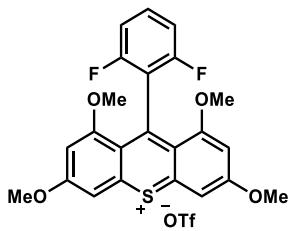
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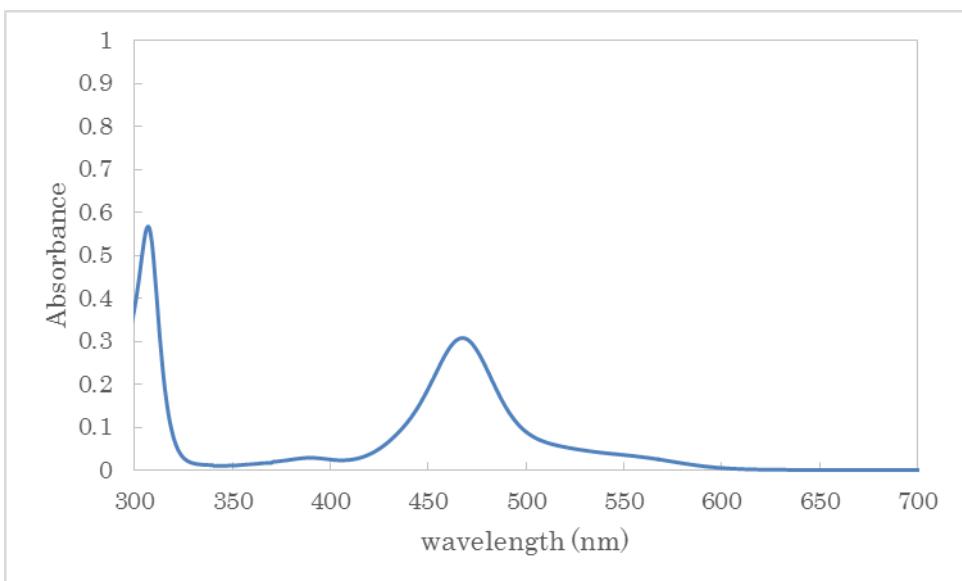
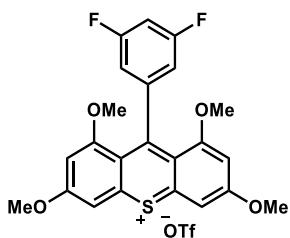
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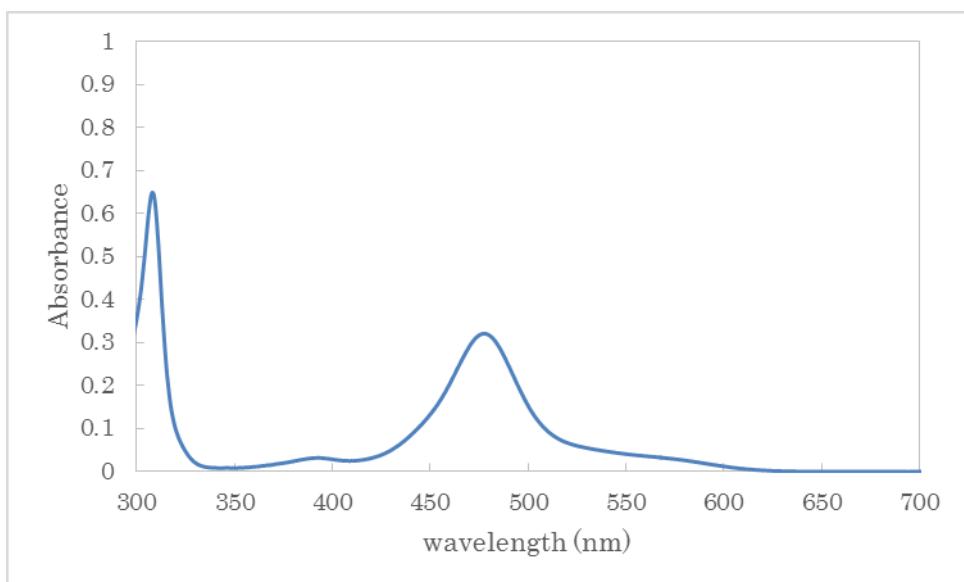
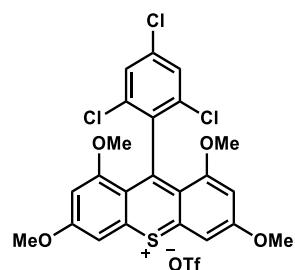
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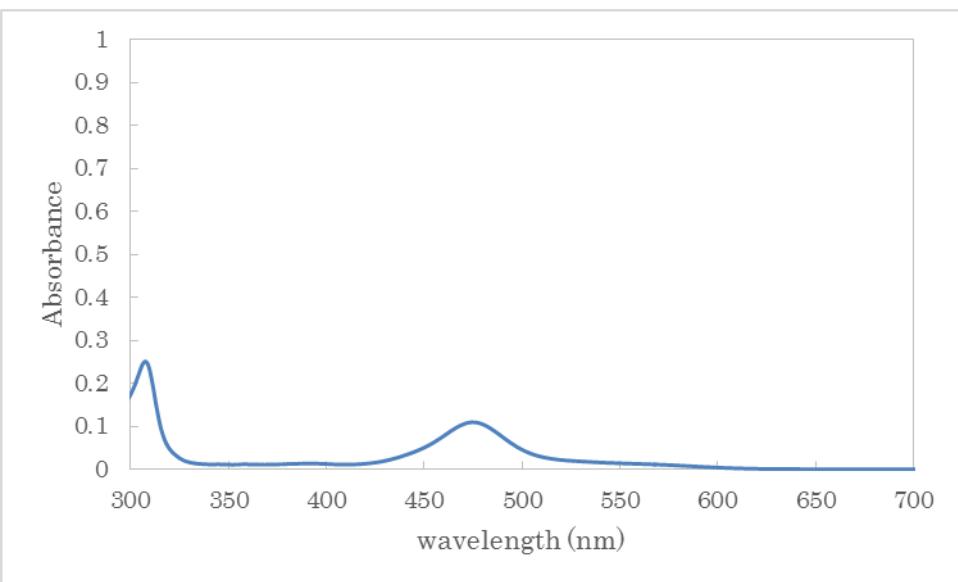
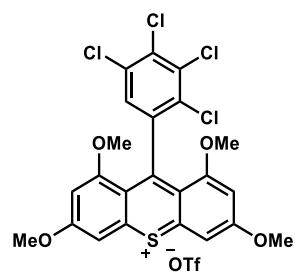
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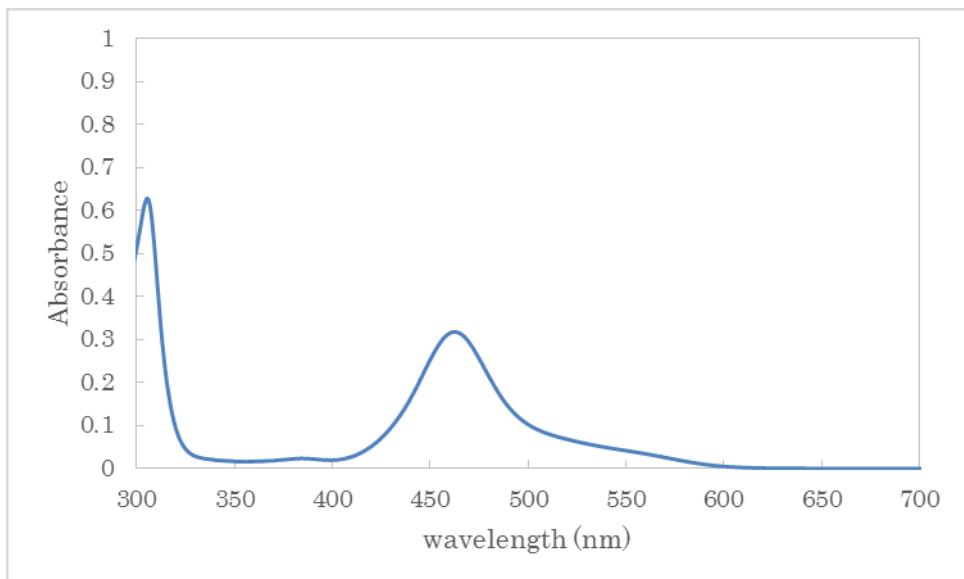
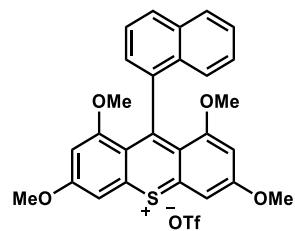
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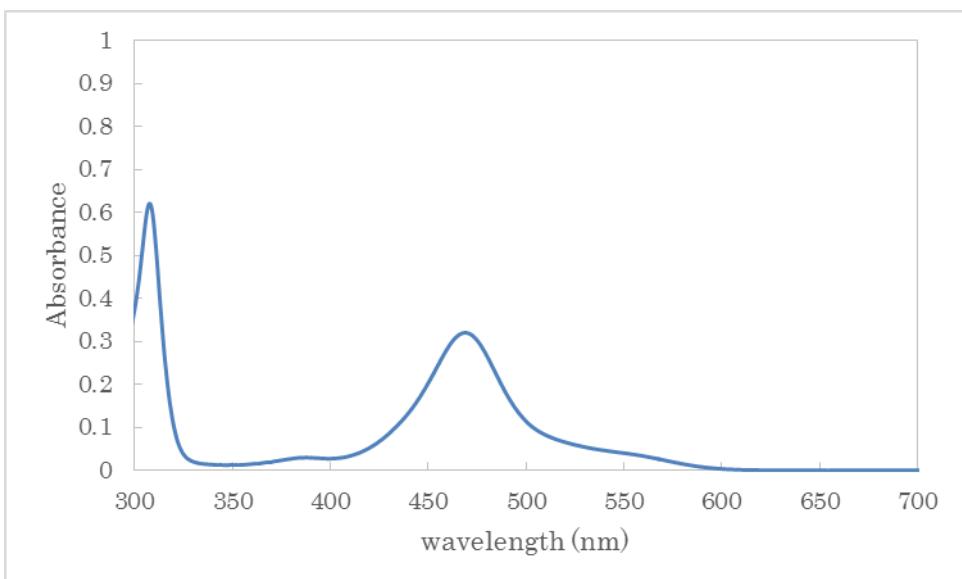
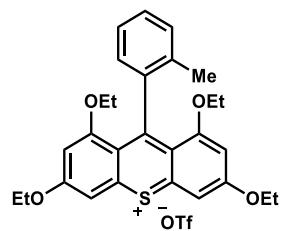
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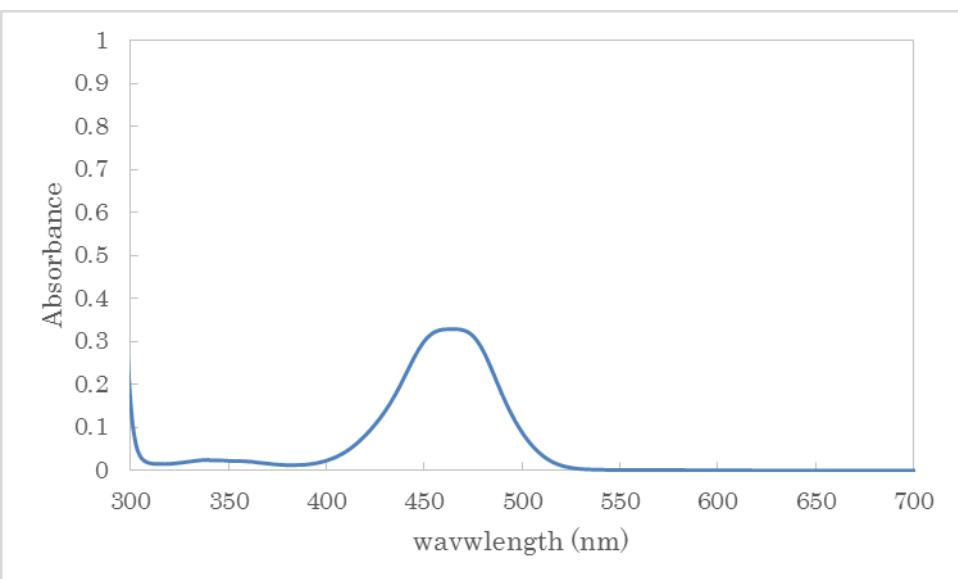
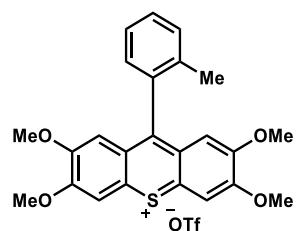
**3o**



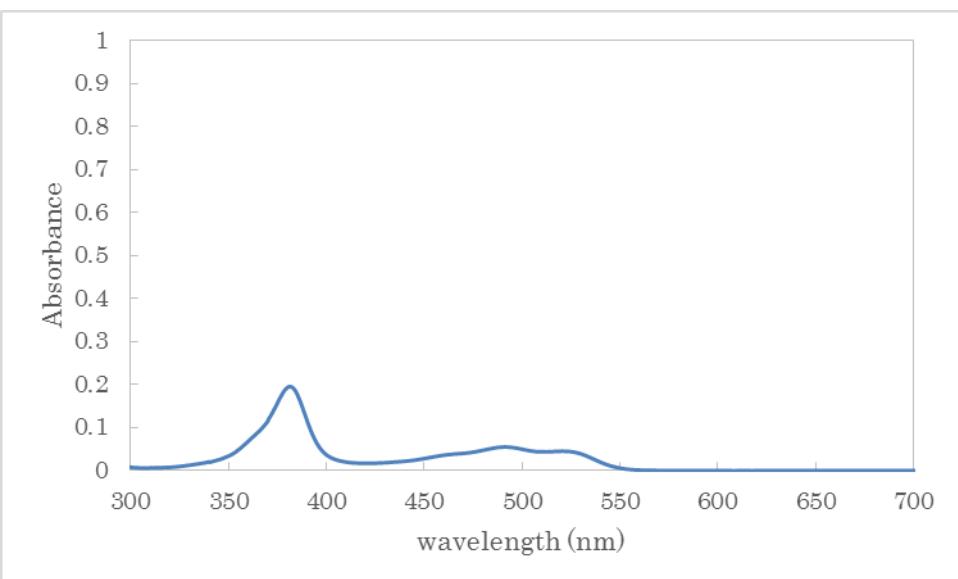
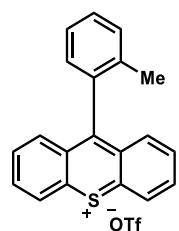
**3p**



**3q**

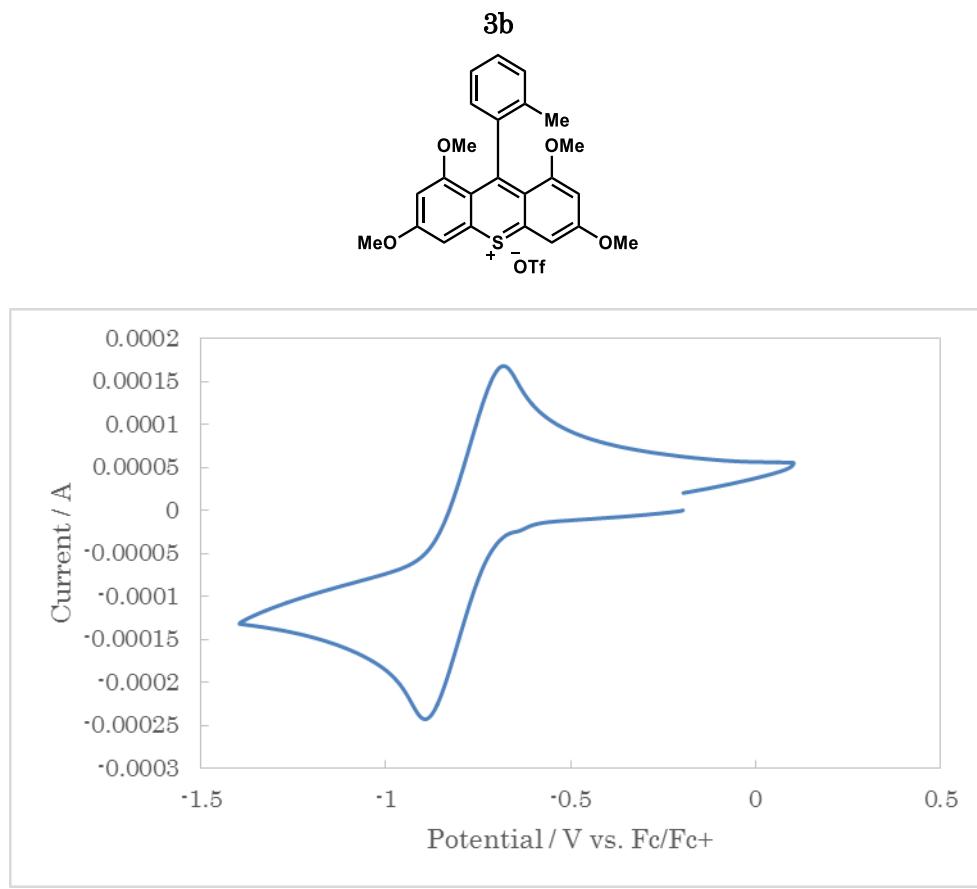


**4b**

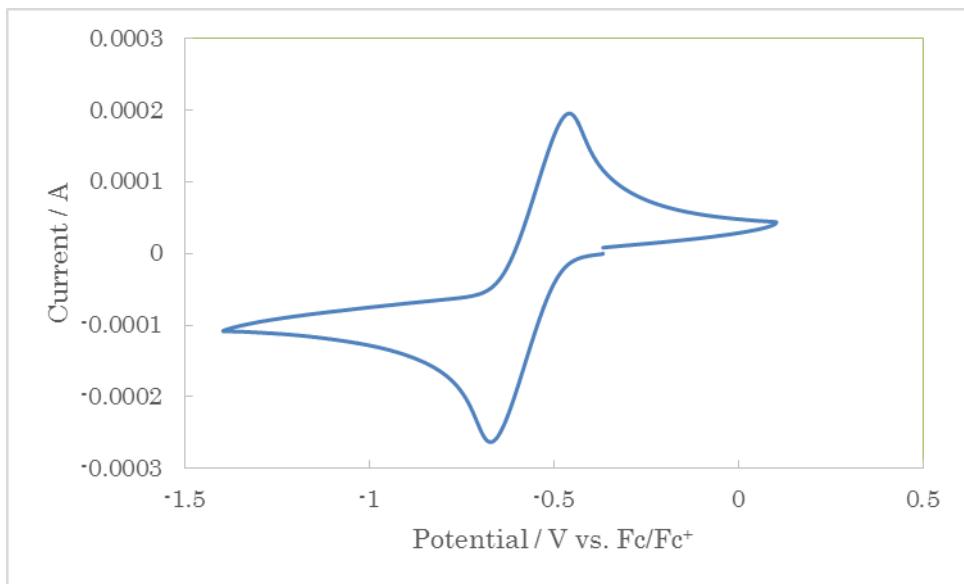
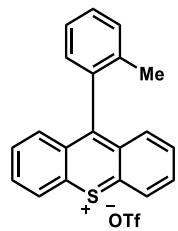


## 8. Cyclic voltammograms of 3 and 4

Samples for electrochemical measurements were prepared with 10 mL of a 0.01 M tetra-*n*-butylammonium tetrafluoroborate solution in dry CH<sub>3</sub>CN and 0.01 mmol of thioxanthylum salt. Cyclic voltammetry measurements were carried out with a computer-controlled potentiostat Model 660C (ALS Co., Ltd.). Cyclic Voltammetry was recorded using an undivided cell equipped with a working electrode (Pt disk electrode, φ 3 mm), a counter electrode (Pt wire), and a reference electrode (Ag wire). The ferrocene / ferrocenium couple (Fc/Fc<sup>+</sup>) was also measured in the same electrochemical system, and the electrode potential was reported as values referred to the apparent standard potential of the system. A scan rate was used 1.0 V/s.



**4b**



$$E_0' = -0.56 \text{ V vs. } \text{Fc}/\text{Fc}^+$$

**9.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectrum data**

