



Supporting Information

for

A complementary approach to conjugated *N*-acyliminium formation through photoredox-catalyzed intermolecular radical addition to allenamides and allencarbamates

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Experimental details, analytical (^1H NMR, ^{13}C NMR) and ESIMS data

Experimental procedures	S2–S6
• General information • General photoredox-catalysed addition procedure • Addition product data • DFT calculations for <i>E</i>-42, <i>Z</i>-42, <i>E</i>-42', <i>Z</i>-42' and 15 • HRESIMS data for intermediate 14a	S2 S2 S2–S6 S7–S12 S13
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Experimental

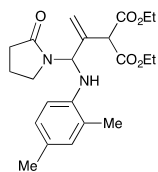
General information

All reactions were carried out using commercially available reagents and solvents throughout without further purification, except dichloromethane (CH_2Cl_2) and triethylamine (Et_3N) which were dried using 4 Å molecular sieve. DMSO and acetonitrile were purchased dry from commercial suppliers. Light petroleum refers to the fraction with bp 40–60 °C. Thin-layer chromatography was carried out on Merck Kieselgel 60 GF254 aluminum foil backed plates. The plates were visualized under UV light and vullinin stain. Flash chromatography was carried out using Merck Kieselgel 60H silica or Matrix silica 60, with the eluent as specified in the individual syntheses. IR spectra were recorded using a Perkin Elmer FTIR Spectrometer (Paragon 100) as solutions in CH_2Cl_2 , unless otherwise stated. ^1H & ^{13}C NMR spectra were recorded using a Bruker 400 MHz NMR machine and a JEOL ECS-400 MHz NMR machine; chemical shifts were quoted in ppm and coupling constants, J , were quoted in Hz; d -chloroform was used throughout unless otherwise stated. Spectra were calibrated to residual solvent peaks. High-resolution mass spectra were carried out on a Thermofisher exactive (orbi) resolution mass spectrometer. Allenamides **15**, **21**, **22**, **23**, **24** and **25** were prepared using literature conditions,¹ and ^1H & ^{13}C NMR spectra are provided on pages S14 to S31.

General procedure for the photoredox-catalysed radical addition to allenamides

An oven dried 50 mL three neck round bottom flask was filled with argon gas and charged with iridium photocatalyst **17** (1.5 mol %), the allenamide (1.00 equiv) and anhydrous acetonitrile (≈ 0.1 M) and seal with a rubber septum in the middle neck and the other two necks closed with glass stoppers. The flask was purged again with argon while one neck was opened. The middle neck was then fitted with an argon filled balloon. Diethyl bromomalonate **18** (2.00 equiv), trimethylamine (2.00 equiv) and the nucleophile (5.00 equiv) were added to the solution and placed under an argon atmosphere. The flask was then irradiated with a Kessil blue light ($\lambda = 467$ nm) for 3 h with stirring at room temperature. After the reaction was complete as determined by TLC, the solvent was removed under a reduced pressure. The crude product was then purified by flash chromatography on silica gel to afford the following products:

Diethyl 2-(3-((2,4-dimethylphenyl)amino)-3-(2-oxopyrrolidin-1-yl)prop-1-en-2 yl)malonate (**26**).



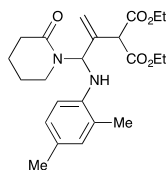
The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (hexane / EtOAc 4:1) to afford the product **26** as a pale yellow oil (106 mg, 54%). ^1H -NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 6.87 – 6.38 (m, 2H), 6.52 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 6.20 (d, $J = 10.0$ Hz, 1H), 5.42 (d, $J = 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 5.34 (d, $J = 1.6$ Hz, 1H), 4.79 (d, $J = 10.4$ Hz, 1H), 4.31 (s, 1H), 4.29 - 4.17 (m, 2H), 4.12 - 4.02 (m, 2H), 3.28 - 3.25 (m, 1H), 3.06 (dd, $J = 8.4, 16.0$ Hz, 1H), 2.46 - 2.37 (2H),

2.20 (s, 3H), 2.09 (s, 3H), 2.00 - 1.85 (m, 2H), 1.29 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3H), 1.15 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3H) ppm; ^{13}C -NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 175.9, 169.2, 168.1, 140.2, 137.7, 131.2, 127.7, 122.7, 117.8, 111.0, 62.7, 62.1, 55.4,

(1) T. W. Bousfield and M. C. Kimber, *Tetrahedron Lett.* 2015, 56, 350.

41.5, 31.4, 20.5, 18.0, 17.5, 14.1 ppm; IR ν (cm⁻¹) 3018, 2941, 1727, 1677, 1420, 1176, 1096, 1035; HRMS [M+H] calculated for C₂₂H₃₁N₂O₅ 425.2047, found 425.2068.

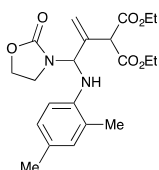
Diethyl 2-(3-((2,4-dimethylphenyl)amino)-3-(2-oxopiperidin-1-yl)prop-1-en-2-yl)malonate (27).



The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (hexane / EtOAc 4:1) to afford the product **27** as a pale yellow liquid (86 mg, 41%). ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.91 – 6.86 (m, 2H), 6.77 (d, *J* = 10.4 Hz, 1H), 6.50 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 5.39 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 5.31 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.92 (d, *J* = 10.4 Hz, 1H), 4.33 (s, 1H), 4.32 – 3.99 (m, 3H), 4.05 – 4.01 (m, 2H), 3.16 – 3.11 (m, 1H), 2.92 – 2.89 (m, 1H), 2.48 – 2.42 (m, 2H), 2.20 (s,

3H), 2.09 (s, 3H), 1.74 – 1.66 (m, 5H), 1.29 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.14 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H) ppm; ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 170.7, 169.5, 168.2, 140.3, 137.6, 131.3, 127.6, 122.6, 117.5, 111.1, 64.0, 62.4, 55.4, 40.6, 32.4, 23.0, 20.6, 17.6, 14.1 ppm; IR ν (cm⁻¹) 3018, 2984, 1731, 1660, 1216, 1371, 1033; HRMS [M+Na] calculated for C₂₃H₃₂N₂O₅Na 439.2203, found 439.2217.

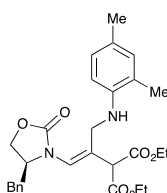
Diethyl 2-(3-((2,4-dimethylphenyl)amino)-3-(2-oxooxazolidin-3-yl)prop-1-en-2-yl)malonate (28).



The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (hexane / EtOAc 3:7) to afford the product **28** as a colourless oil (109 mg, 57%). ¹H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.92 – 6.87 (m, 2H), 6.64 – 6.52 (m, 1H), 6.04 (d, *J* = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 5.49 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 5.47 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.94 (d, *J* = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 4.34 – 4.01 (m, 6H), 3.82 – 3.81 (m, 1H),

3.47 – 3.43 (m, 1H), 3.30 (q, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 2.22 (s, 3H), 2.11 (s, 3H), 1.30 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.15 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C-NMR (100MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.3, 168.7, 167.8, 158.3, 139.8, 137.7, 131.4, 131.1, 127.9, 127.3, 122.8, 118.7, 111.0, 109.9, 64.7, 62.7, 62.3, 58.2, 55.6, 44.4, 42.2, 39.2, 20.5, 17.7, 17.6, 14.1. IR ν (cm⁻¹) 3342, 2969, 2930, 2881, 1738, 1517, 1466, 1128, 1034, 950; HRMS [M+H] calculated for C₂₁H₂₈N₂O₆ 405.2020, found 405.2017.

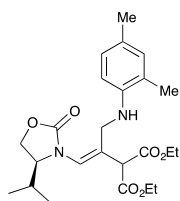
Diethyl (S,Z)-2-(1-(4-benzyl-2-oxooxazolidin-3-yl)-3-((2,4-dimethylphenyl)amino)prop-1-en-2-yl)malonate (Z-30).



The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (hexane / EtOAc 7:3) to afford the product **Z-30** as a pale yellow liquid (97 mg, 41%). ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.28 – 7.21 (m, 3H), 7.10 – 7.08 (m, 2H), 6.91 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.88 (s, 1H), 6.51 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.38 (s, 1H), 4.39 – 4.31 (m, 1H), 4.28 (s, 1H), 4.22 – 4.05 (m, 6H), 3.93 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 3.17 (dd, *J* = 4.0, 12.8 Hz, 1H), 2.68 (d, *J* = 10.0, 13.6 Hz,

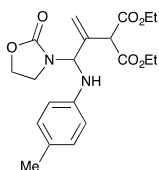
1H), 2.22 (s, 3H), 2.09 (s, 3H), 1.60 (s, 1H), 1.27 – 1.19 (m, 6H) ppm; ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 168.4, 156.4, 143.8, 135.1, 131.1, 129.2, 127.1, 126.1, 123.3, 110.0, 77.1, 66.7, 62.1, 57.9, 56.5, 43.8, 38.4, 20.4, 17.5, 14.1 ppm; IR ν (cm⁻¹) 3031, 2985, 1756, 1731, 1516, 1302, 1266, 1032; HRMS [M+H] calculated for C₂₈H₃₅N₂O₆ 495.2490, found 495.2487.

Diethyl (S,Z)-2-(3-((2,4-dimethylphenyl)amino)-1-(4-isopropyl-2-oxooxazolidin-3-yl)prop-1-en-2-yl)malonate (Z-31).



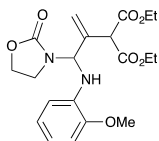
The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (hexane / EtOAc 4:1) to afford the product **Z-31** as a pale yellow liquid (107 mg, 50%). ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.90 - 6.86 (m, 2H), 6.47 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.24 (s, 1H), 4.29 - 4.22 (m, 2H), 4.20 - 4.04 (m, 5H), 4.01 - 3.94 (m, 1H), 3.89 (d, *J* = 13.6 Hz, 1H), 3.79 (d, *J* = 13.6 Hz, 1H), 2.20 (s, 3H), 2.08 (s, 3H), 2.10 - 2.07 (1H), 1.27 - 1.17 (m, 6H), 0.87 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 6H) ppm; ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 168.4, 168.3, 156.7, 143.9, 131.0, 127.2, 126.65, 126.2, 124.3, 123.1, 110.0, 63.9, 62.0, 61.6, 57.0, 43.8, 29.4, 20.4, 17.9, 17.4, 15.1, 14.0 ppm; IR *ν* (cm⁻¹) 3157, 2982, 2253, 1746, 1664, 1467, 1261, 1095, 1033; HRMS [M+H] calculated for C₂₄H₃₅N₂O₆ 447.2490, found 447.2510.

Diethyl 2-(3-(2-oxooxazolidin-3-yl)-3-(*p*-tolylamino)prop-1-en-2-yl)malonate (32)



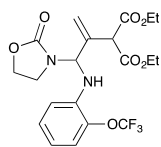
The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (hexane / EtOAc 3:7) to afford the product **32** as a pale yellow oil (98 mg, 53%). ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.98 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.60 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.52 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 5.96 (d, *J* = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 5.47 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 5.45 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.93 (d, *J* = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 4.31 - 4.02 (m, 8H), 3.79 (s, 1H), 3.46 - 3.34 (m, 2H), 2.21 (s, 3H), 1.31 - 1.20 (m, 6H) ppm; ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.0, 168.6, 167.7, 158.3, 141.9, 137.6, 130.1, 128.6, 118.5, 113.8, 113.3, 65.3, 62.3, 62.0, 55.5, 39.5, 31.7, 22.7, 20.5, 14.0 ppm; IR *ν* (cm⁻¹) 3328, 2969, 2931, 1750, 1684, 1595, 1466, 1378, 1367, 1306, 1127, 1107, 950; HRMS [M+H] calculated for C₂₀H₂₇N₂O₆ 391.1864, found 391.1860.

Diethyl 2-(3-((2-methoxyphenyl)amino)-3-(2-oxooxazolidin-3-yl)prop-1-en-2-yl)malonate (33).



The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (hexane / EtOAc 3:7) to afford the product **34** as a pale yellow oil (99 mg, 51%). ¹H-NMR (400Mhz, CDCl₃) δ 6.84 - 6.73 (m, 4H), 5.98 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 5.52 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 2H), 5.50 (m, 1H), 5.16 (d, *J* = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 4.26 - 4.12 (m, 7H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 3.44 - 3.41 (m, 1H), 3.33 - 3.26 (m, 1H), 1.26 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.24 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C-NMR (100Mhz, CDCl₃) δ 168.2, 167.8, 158.4, 147.1, 137.4, 134.0, 121.8, 118.8, 118.0, 111.7, 110.0, 65.0, 62.5, 62.2, 55.7, 55.1, 39.2, 14.1; IR *ν* (cm⁻¹) 3331, 2969, 2931, 2882, 1739, 1466, 1378, 1367, 1340, 1305, 1159, 1127, 1031, 950. HRMS [M+H] calculated for C₂₀H₂₆N₂O₇ 407.1812, found 407.1811.

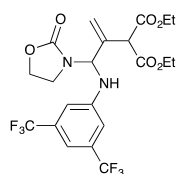
Diethyl 2-(3-(2-oxooxazolidin-3-yl)-3-((2-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)amino)prop-1-en-2-yl)malonate (34).



The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (hexane / EtOAc 3:7) to afford the product **35** as a pale yellow liquid (117 mg, 53%). ¹H-NMR (400Mhz, CDCl₃) δ 7.16 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 6.89 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.76 (td, *J* = 7.7, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 6.07 (d, *J* = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 5.66 (d, *J* = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 5.51 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 2H), 5.49 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.29 – 4.26 (m, 3H), 4.21 – 4.18 (m, 2H), 4.09 – 4.05 (m, 2H), 3.50 – 3.46 (m, 1H), 3.31 (q, *J* =

9.2 Hz, 1H), 1.28 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.15 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C-NMR (100Mhz, CDCl₃) δ 168.9, 167.5, 158.3, 136.9, 136.8, 136.5, 128.4, 121.4, 119.2, 118.8, 113.4, 64.1, 62.3, 55.4, 39.0, 14.00. IR ν (cm⁻¹) 3337, 2969, 2931, 1739, 1613, 1466, 1378, 1308, 1159, 1128, 1107, 1034. HRMS [M+H]⁺ calculated for C₂₀H₂₃N₂O₇F₃ 461.1530, found 461.1532.

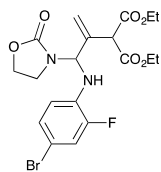
Diethyl 2-(3-((3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)amino)-3-(2-oxooxazolidin-3-yl)prop-1-en-2-yl)malonate (35).



The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (hexane / EtOAc 3:7) to afford the product **36** as a pale yellow oil (113 mg, 45%). ¹H-NMR (400Mhz, CDCl₃) δ 7.25 - 7.23 (m, 1H), 7.11 (s, 2H), 6.17 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.07 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 5.51 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 5.50 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.37 - 4.18 (m, 4H), 4.03 - 3.97 (m, 2H), 3.52

- 3.39 (m, 2H), 1.31 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.11 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H); ¹³C-NMR (100Mhz, CDCl₃) δ 169.7, 167.1, 158.2, 145.6, 136.4, 132.8 (q, *J* = 32.4 Hz), 124.7, 122.0, 120.3, 113.2, 112.3, 64.3, 62.7, 62.5, 55.9, 39.5, 13.9. IR ν (cm⁻¹) 3332, 2969, 2931, 1741, 1622, 1466, 1378, 1107, 1036. HRMS [M+Na]⁺ calculated for C₂₁H₂₂N₂O₆F₆ 535.1274, found 535.1276.

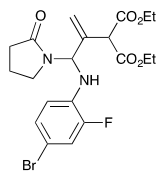
Diethyl 2-(3-((4-bromo-2-fluorophenyl)amino)-3-(2-oxooxazolidin-3-yl)prop-1-en-2-yl)malonate (36).



The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (hexane / EtOAc 7:3) to afford the product **37** as a pale yellow liquid (102 mg, 46%). ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.16 - 7.09 (m, 2H), 6.78 - 6.74 (m, 1H), 6.01 (d, *J* = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 5.51 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 5.50 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 5.44 (dd, *J* = 6.0, 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.30 - 4.21 (m, 5H), 4.12 - 4.05 (m, 2H), 3.47 (dd, *J* = 6.0, 8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.35 (q, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 1.29 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.17 (t,

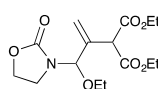
J = 7.2 Hz, 3H) ppm; ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 168.9, 167.3, 160.1, 158.3, 136.7, 132.1, 128.1, 119.5, 118.5, 118.3, 114.8, 109.8, 64.3, 62.4, 55.6, 39.1, 14.0 ppm; IR ν (cm⁻¹) 3155, 2985, 1793, 1748, 1614, 114, 1194, 1096, 1034; HRMS [M+Na]⁺ calculated for C₁₉H₂₂BrN₂O₆Na 495.0537, found 495.0559.

Diethyl 2-(3-((4-bromo-2-fluorophenyl)amino)-3-(2-oxopyrrolidin-1-yl)prop-1-en-2-yl)malonate (37).



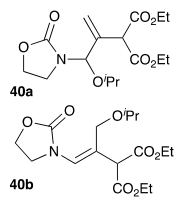
The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (hexane / EtOAc 4:1) to afford the product **38** as a pale yellow liquid (97 mg, 42%). ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.14 (d, *J* = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.12 - 7.06 (m, 2H), 6.65 (t, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 6.18 (d, *J* = 9.9 Hz, 1H), 5.46 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 5.37 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 5.33 - 5.29 (m, 1H), 4.30 - 4.16 (m, 3H), 4.10 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 3.27 - 3.25 (m, 1H), 3.12 - 3.07 (m, 1H), 2.44 - 2.36 (m, 2H), 1.99 - 1.90 (m, 2H), 1.28 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.20 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H) ppm; ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 176.1, 168.8, 167.6, 152.6, 150.1, 136.6, 132.3, 127.9, 118.7, 118.4, 118.2, 114.6, 109.3, 62.3, 61.9, 55.3, 41.5, 31.2, 18.1, 14.1 ppm; IR ν (cm⁻¹) 3054, 728, 1686, 1614, 1421, 1265, 1154, 1035; HRMS [M+Na] calculated for C₂₀H₂₄BrFN₂O₅Na 493.0745, found 493.0767.

Diethyl 2-(3-ethoxy-3-(2-oxooxazolidin-3-yl)prop-1-en-2-yl)malonate (39).



The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (hexane / EtOAc 2:1) to afford the product **40** as a pale-yellow oil (65 mg, 52%). ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.61 (d, *J* = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 5.56 (m, 1H), 5.43 - 5.41 (m, 1H), 4.39 - 4.25 (m, 2H), 4.22 - 4.15 (m, 4H), 4.05 (s, 1H), 3.61 - 3.47 (m, 2H), 3.43 (dd, *J* = 8.8, 7.4 Hz, 2H), 1.31 - 1.25 (m, 6H), 1.19 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H) ppm; ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 168.5, 167.6, 167.5, 158.6, 136.9, 118.5, 83.1, 64.3, 63.6, 62.7, 62.0, 61.9, 54.5, 39.0, 14.9, 14.1 ppm; IR ν (cm⁻¹) 3329, 2969, 2931, 2882, 2657, 1745, 1466, 1378, 1305, 1159, 1127, 1107; HRMS [M+Na] calculated for C₁₅H₂₃NO₇Na 352.1367, found 352.1367.

Diethyl 2-(3-isopropoxy-3-(2-oxooxazolidin-3-yl)prop-1-en-2-yl)malonate (40a) and diethyl (S,Z)-2-(3-(isopropoxy)-1-(2-oxooxazolidin-3-yl)prop-1-en-2-yl)malonate (Z-40b).



The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (hexane / EtOAc 2:1) to afford the product **40a** and **40b** as an inseparable, 1:3 mixture (55 mg, 33%). **40a** ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.27 (s, 1H), 5.43 (s, 1H), 5.39 (s, 1H), 4.57 (dd, *J* = 4.4, 10.0 Hz, 1H), 4.25 - 4.17 (m, 10H), 3.92 - 3.88 (m, 1H), 3.82 - 3.78 (m, 1H), 3.44 - 3.40 (m, 1H), 3.38 - 3.32 (m, 1H), 2.87 - 2.79 (m, 1H), 1.27 - 1.21 (m, 12H) ppm; **40b** ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.25 (s, 1H), 4.42 - 4.40 (m, 2H), 4.25 - 4.17 (m, 4H), 4.90 - 3.84 (m, 2H), 2.87 - 2.79 (m, 1H), 2.40 (s, 2H), 1.27 - 1.21 (m, 12H) ppm; ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 168.1, 167.9, 167.6, 158.2, 157.1, 138.4, 128.3, 126.5, 123.3, 121.7, 118.9, 62.7, 62.3, 62.1, 57.1, 56.4, 56.0, 54.6, 46.3, 45.9, 41.3, 20.0, 28.0, 14.1 ppm; IR ν (cm⁻¹) 3055, 2987, 2306, 1755, 1667, 1265, 1155, 1035; HRMS [M+Na] calculated for C₁₆H₂₅NO₇Na 366.1523, found 366.1511.

Table S1. Calculated relative energies for *Z-42*, *Z-42'*, *E-42* and *E-42'*

Structure	Relative Gibbs free energy (kJ/mol)	Relative Gibbs free energy (kcal/mol)
<i>Z-42</i>	5.64	1.35
<i>E-42</i>	9.81	2.34
<i>Z-42'</i>	23.59	5.63
<i>E-42'</i>	0.00	0.00

Computational Details

Geometry optimisations were performed using density functional theory at the PBEh-3c level of theory.² Solvation in acetonitrile was modelled using a conductor-like polarisable continuum model³ considering a dielectric constant of 35.688. Vibrational analyses were performed verifying that all four optimised structures are true minima. The values reported are Gibbs free energies computed for 298 K. All computations were performed using Q-Chem 5.1.⁴

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Geometries and total energies of the optimised structures

Table S2: Total SCF energy (a.u.) and molecular coordinates (Å) of **Z-42** optimised at the PBEh-3c level of theory in acetonitrile.

Total energy: -1010.005493475

C	-2.54130	-2.41098	0.73128
C	-3.70220	-2.69243	1.66889
N	-2.02369	-1.16959	1.30877
H	-2.85019	-2.25978	-0.29899
H	-1.76847	-3.17816	0.78175
O	-3.32561	-2.03234	2.88972
H	-3.83471	-3.74942	1.87764
H	-4.63765	-2.26105	1.31523
C	-2.42214	-1.10431	2.69801
O	-1.97044	-0.38053	3.51976
C	-1.17409	-0.39352	0.71372
C	-0.78037	0.94135	1.13543
H	-0.86127	-0.73580	-0.26944
C	-1.69139	1.84206	1.49502
H	-2.74680	1.61292	1.54841
H	-1.40081	2.86297	1.70329
C	0.68131	1.24713	0.97765
C	1.11599	1.47704	-0.47244
C	1.45637	0.06619	1.52355
H	0.92270	2.16169	1.52931
O	2.63088	0.36762	1.98930
O	0.97013	-1.04427	1.49725
O	2.15779	1.07382	-0.91456
C	3.46978	-0.70280	2.48659
O	0.22065	2.17502	-1.12681
C	0.49684	2.52257	-2.50092
C	4.75184	-0.08421	2.98029
H	3.65375	-1.41146	1.67795
H	2.94420	-1.22298	3.28861
H	5.28715	0.42549	2.17981
H	5.39694	-0.87344	3.36483
H	4.57001	0.62285	3.78912
C	-0.70449	3.26038	-3.03451
H	0.68784	1.61228	-3.07135
H	1.39332	3.14370	-2.53779
H	-1.59845	2.63732	-3.01779
H	-0.51398	3.54337	-4.06923
H	-0.90102	4.17142	-2.46973

Table S3: Total SCF energy (a.u.) and molecular coordinates (Å) of *E*-**42** optimised at the PBEh-3c level of theory in acetonitrile.

Total energy: -1010.004098696

C	-5.18639	2.70167	0.94974
C	-4.01399	1.91525	1.52263
N	-5.66708	1.78478	-0.07391
H	-4.86138	3.63087	0.48219
H	-5.96178	2.90725	1.68621
O	-3.66426	0.98402	0.48422
H	-4.28862	1.34937	2.41111
H	-3.14987	2.53892	1.72822
C	-4.62655	0.81955	-0.37906
O	-4.67834	0.03886	-1.26885
C	-6.82118	1.69603	-0.65008
C	-7.96107	2.54922	-0.47213
H	-6.92397	0.84689	-1.32105
C	-7.84131	3.84297	-0.13523
H	-6.89050	4.32672	0.03094
H	-8.70672	4.48758	-0.06446
C	-9.29278	1.90945	-0.81066
C	-9.80482	2.28204	-2.19756
C	-10.38450	2.21591	0.20887
H	-9.18420	0.81968	-0.80020
O	-9.92252	2.16321	1.43586
O	-11.52533	2.42751	-0.10384
O	-10.17105	1.46948	-3.00240
C	-10.84314	2.38994	2.52367
O	-9.79855	3.58325	-2.37684
C	-10.28422	4.10385	-3.62941
C	-10.05803	2.30541	3.80798
H	-11.63180	1.63643	2.49043
H	-11.30369	3.37208	2.40510
H	-9.60633	1.32235	3.93900
H	-10.73172	2.47801	4.64665
H	-9.27325	3.06055	3.84848
C	-10.17956	5.60686	-3.57116
H	-11.31784	3.78508	-3.77468
H	-9.68370	3.69697	-4.44482
H	-10.78801	6.02050	-2.76715
H	-10.53954	6.02412	-4.51105
H	-9.14861	5.93280	-3.43407

Table S4: Total SCF energy (a.u.) and molecular coordinates (Å) of Z-42' optimised at the PBEh-3c level of theory in acetonitrile.

Total energy: -1010.000860625

C	-3.42502	-0.01284	-0.50710
C	-4.44758	-0.96626	0.08497
N	-2.27321	-0.28726	0.36068
H	-3.71584	1.03166	-0.39557
H	-3.18901	-0.22859	-1.54492
O	-4.02659	-1.10481	1.45443
H	-4.42603	-1.94793	-0.38608
H	-5.45724	-0.56808	0.07606
C	-2.76967	-0.79131	1.61622
O	-2.15351	-0.84143	2.62934
C	-1.05167	0.02766	0.05109
C	0.19040	-0.27227	0.69931
H	-0.97637	0.60177	-0.86664
C	1.17802	0.57569	0.35229
H	1.02202	1.36677	-0.36926
H	2.16376	0.52028	0.79501
C	0.42588	-1.44358	1.62546
C	0.51961	-1.10361	3.10590
C	1.72189	-2.13475	1.20507
H	-0.36619	-2.18542	1.51131
O	1.53598	-2.82330	0.10149
O	2.76117	-2.03030	1.79939
O	0.51202	-1.95640	3.95201
C	2.67249	-3.48777	-0.48815
O	0.63494	0.18553	3.32285
C	0.72367	0.63971	4.68579
C	2.19372	-4.19663	-1.72976
H	3.09183	-4.19227	0.23193
H	3.43746	-2.74627	-0.72537
H	1.44061	-4.94904	-1.49679
H	3.03824	-4.70259	-2.19645
H	1.77892	-3.49869	-2.45673
C	0.79754	2.14583	4.66095
H	1.61023	0.20778	5.15351
H	-0.15312	0.29672	5.23787
H	1.67398	2.49581	4.11583
H	0.87077	2.51473	5.68342
H	-0.09309	2.58365	4.21044

Table S5: Total SCF energy (a.u.) and molecular coordinates (Å) of **E-42'** optimised at the PBEh-3c level of theory in acetonitrile.

Total energy: -1010.007257995

C	-5.04321	2.03447	1.02984
C	-3.93423	1.02162	1.29104
N	-5.43308	1.68837	-0.33467
H	-4.67564	3.06005	1.05069
H	-5.86834	1.91501	1.72627
O	-3.51835	0.58937	-0.01335
H	-4.29130	0.15279	1.84110
H	-3.07882	1.45744	1.79760
C	-4.40025	0.86667	-0.93233
O	-4.38381	0.53040	-2.06957
C	-6.47438	2.00068	-1.04346
C	-7.60694	2.80828	-0.72314
H	-6.46999	1.56073	-2.03563
C	-8.56260	2.78074	-1.67514
H	-8.43586	2.21260	-2.58739
H	-9.49766	3.31523	-1.57771
C	-7.77113	3.58929	0.55843
C	-8.59547	2.81862	1.58509
C	-8.39391	4.97126	0.37369
H	-6.79826	3.79727	1.00784
O	-7.99188	5.54260	-0.73565
O	-9.10886	5.46650	1.20255
O	-8.18830	2.52150	2.67605
C	-8.44245	6.88573	-1.01586
O	-9.78118	2.52480	1.10616
C	-10.70066	1.79912	1.94766
C	-7.87527	7.28573	-2.35392
H	-8.09717	7.55029	-0.22223
H	-9.53335	6.90314	-1.02677
H	-6.78562	7.27576	-2.34799
H	-8.19895	8.29982	-2.58608
H	-8.22808	6.63164	-3.15103
C	-11.98523	1.62441	1.17841
H	-10.86529	2.36174	2.86816
H	-10.26087	0.83543	2.20989
H	-12.43336	2.58436	0.92300
H	-12.69606	1.07833	1.79772
H	-11.83209	1.05354	0.26275

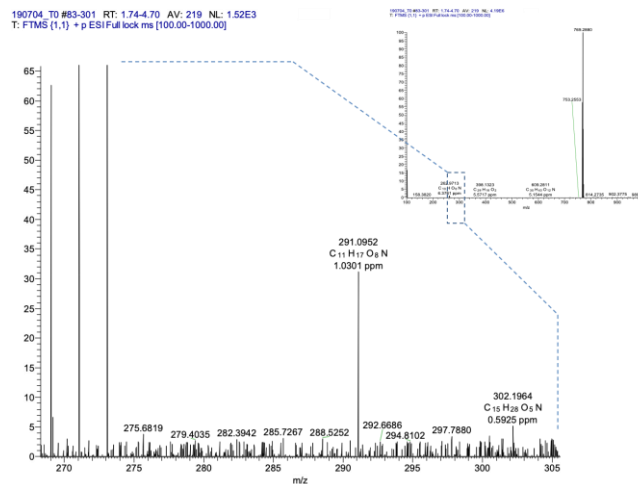
Table S6: Total SCF energy (a.u.) and molecular coordinates (Å) of **15** optimised at the PBEh-3c level of theory in acetonitrile.

Total energy: -437.072505111

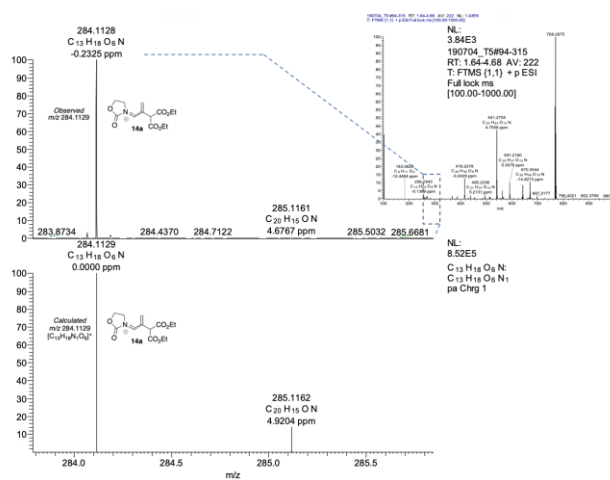
C	-5.42328	2.92709	0.40245
C	-4.01139	2.41991	0.69632
N	-5.88643	1.90416	-0.50281
H	-5.43402	3.90794	-0.08013
H	-6.03935	2.97782	1.30016
O	-3.73734	1.47288	-0.34224
H	-3.95525	1.91154	1.65937
H	-3.26136	3.20635	0.66300
C	-4.86688	1.13555	-0.97241
O	-4.91989	0.27955	-1.81792
C	-7.17604	1.85046	-1.01641
C	-8.13074	2.67480	-0.67159
C	-9.09985	3.47792	-0.34175
H	-7.35549	1.06157	-1.73707
H	-9.28321	4.40054	-0.88224
H	-9.76533	3.25763	0.48634

Figure S1: HRESIMS data for the detection of iminium **14a**

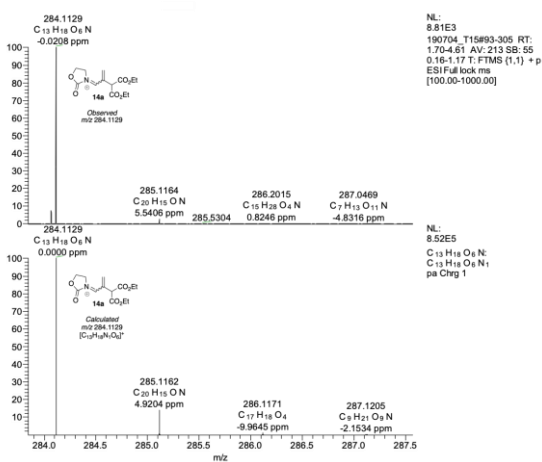
(a) Time 0 minutes



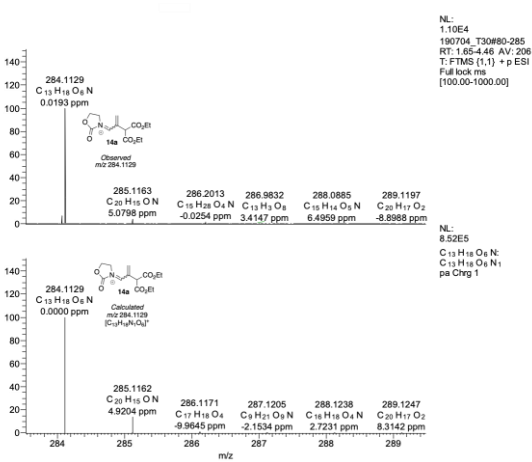
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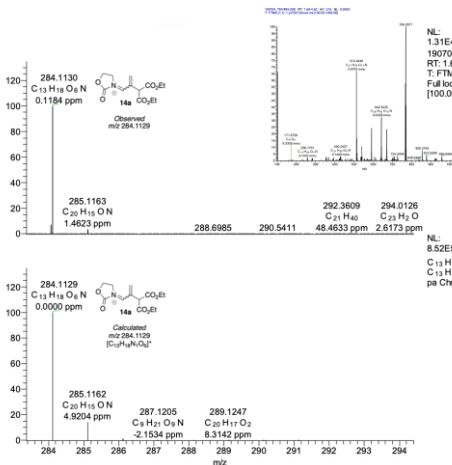
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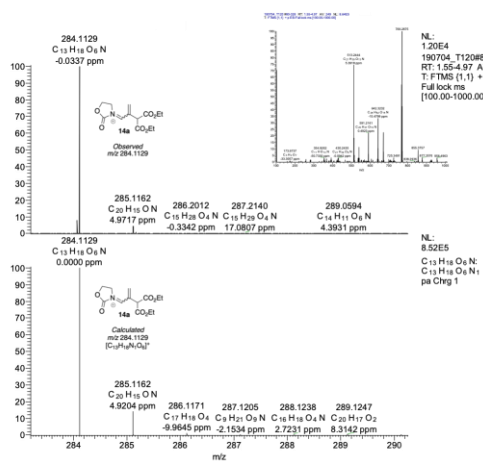
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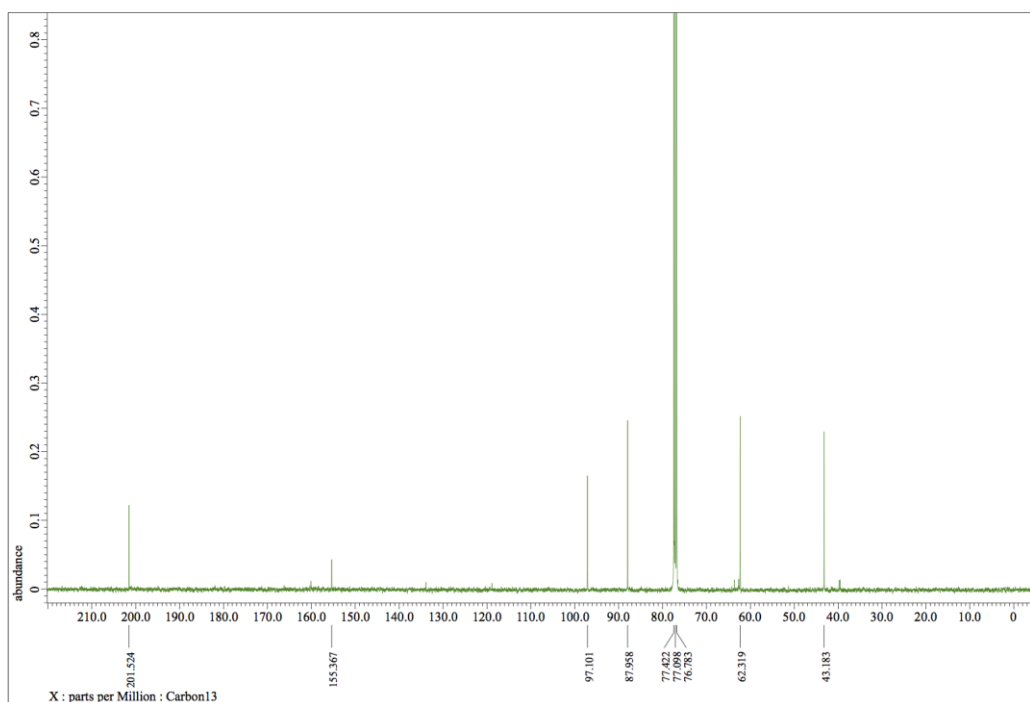
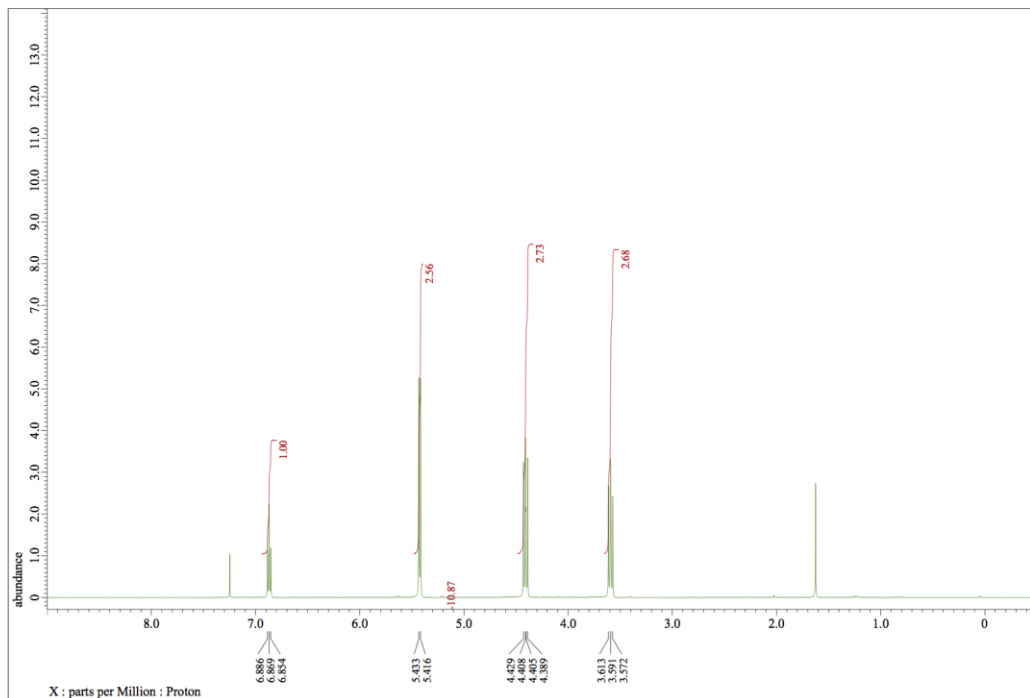
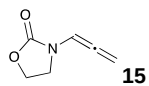


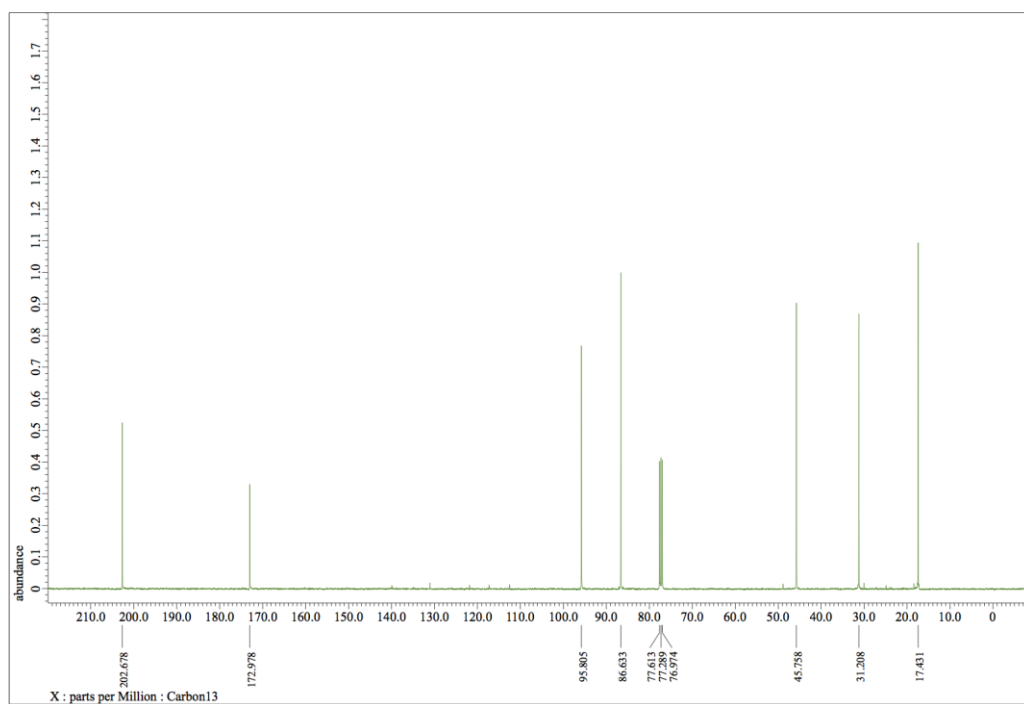
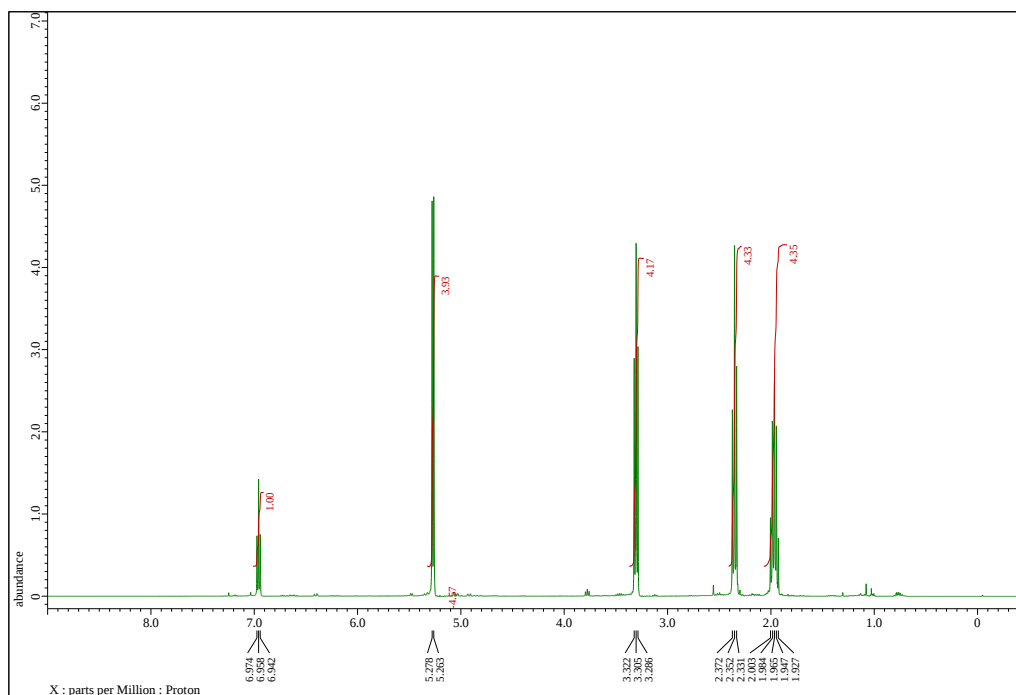
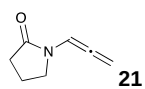
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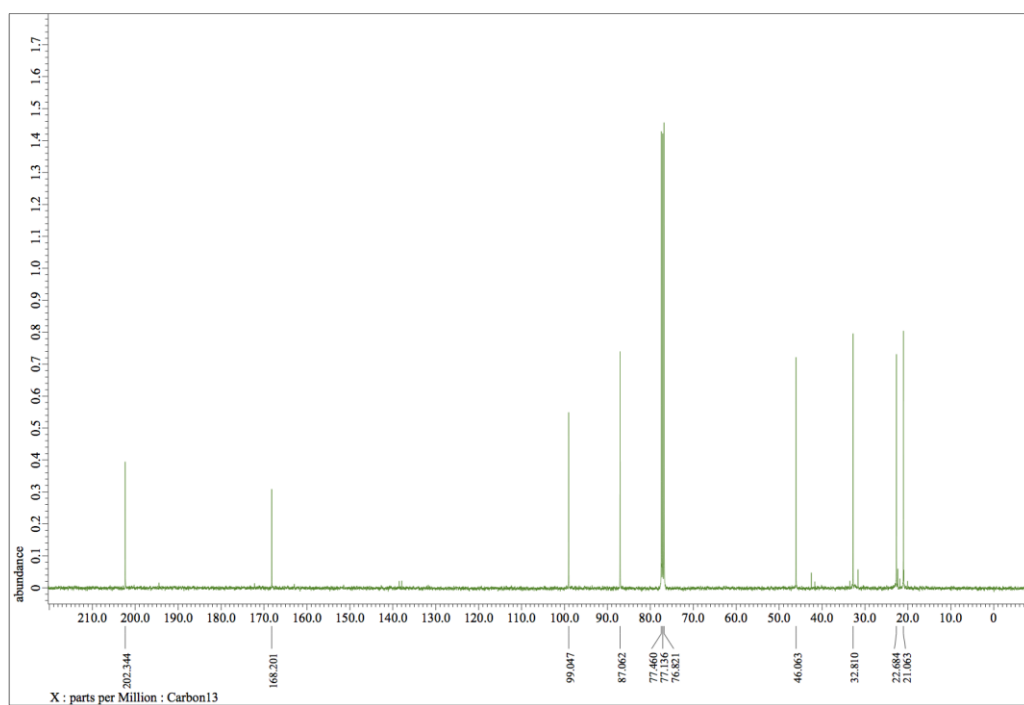
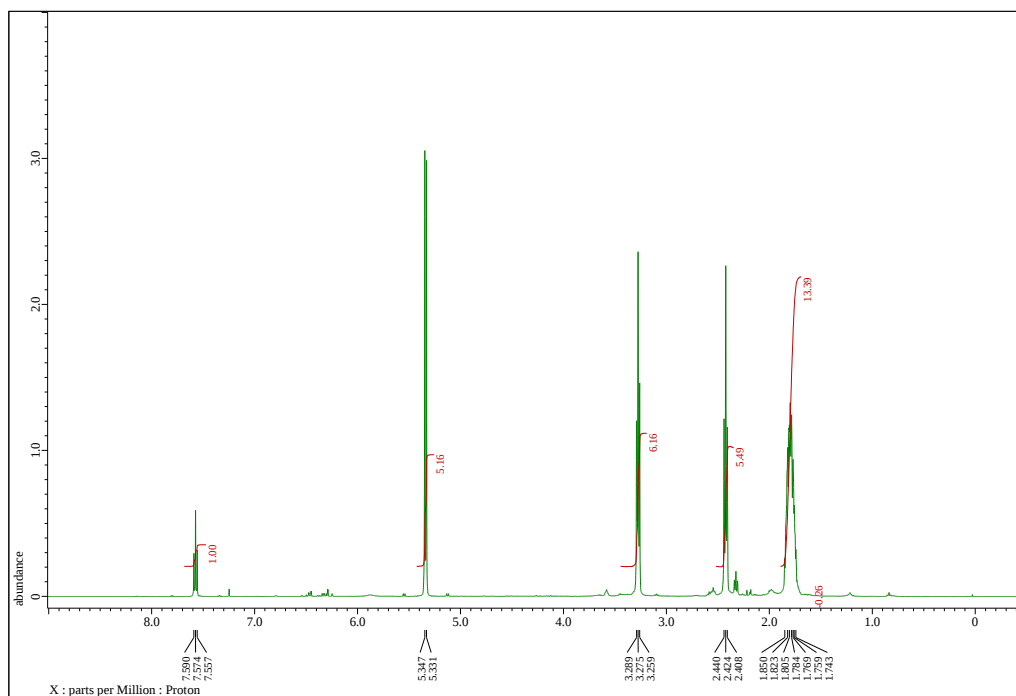
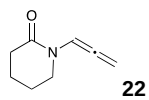


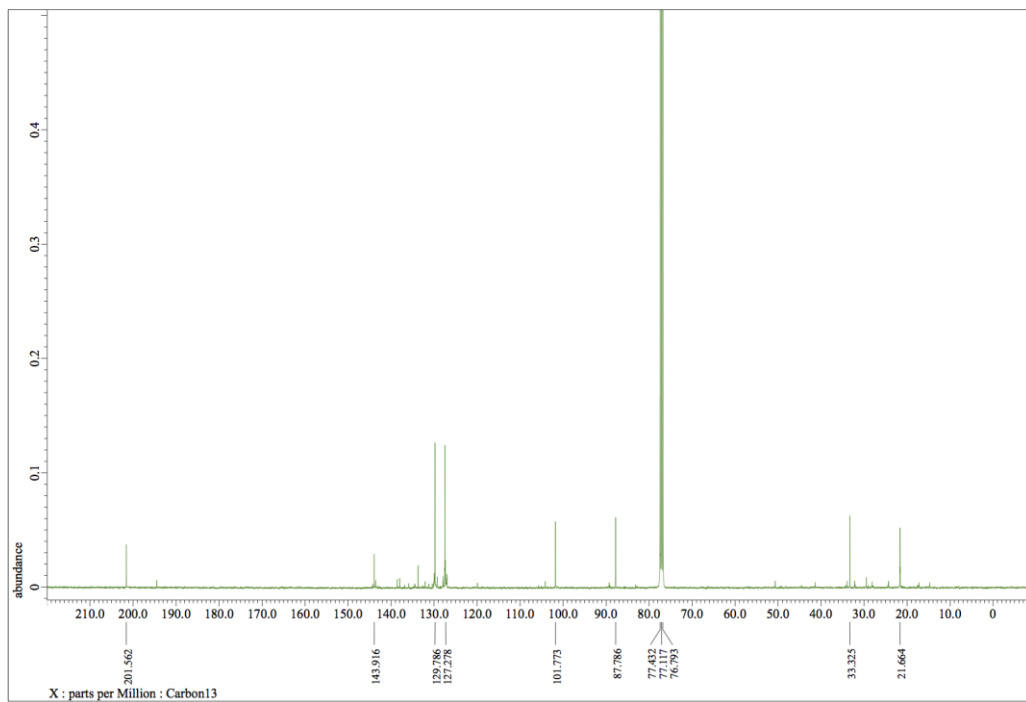
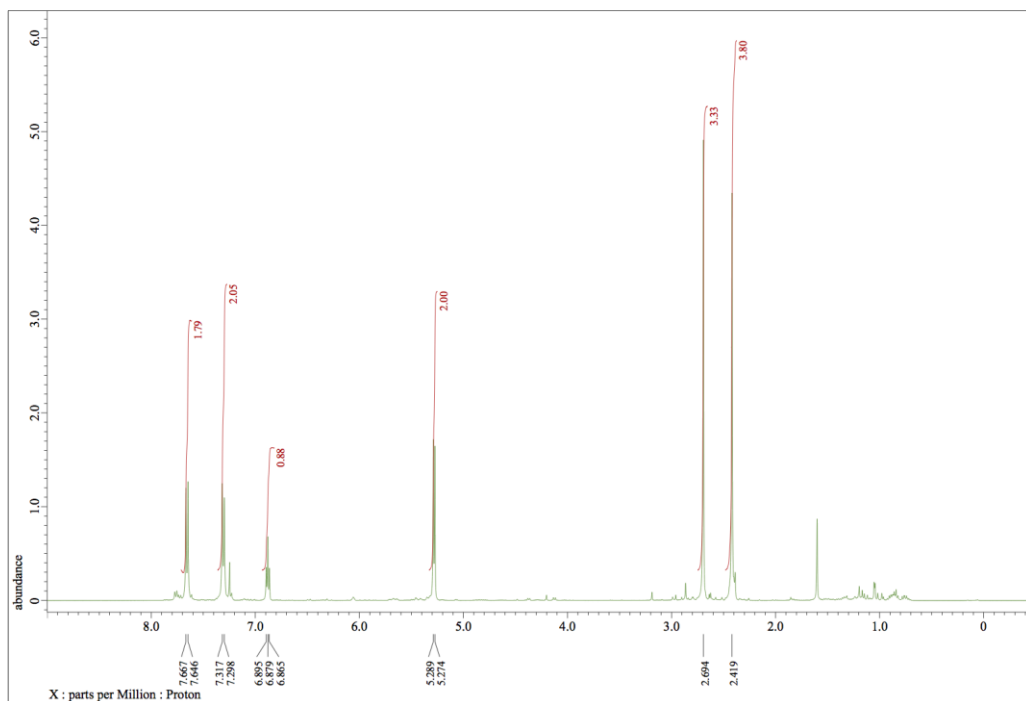
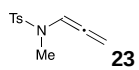
(f) Time 120 minutes

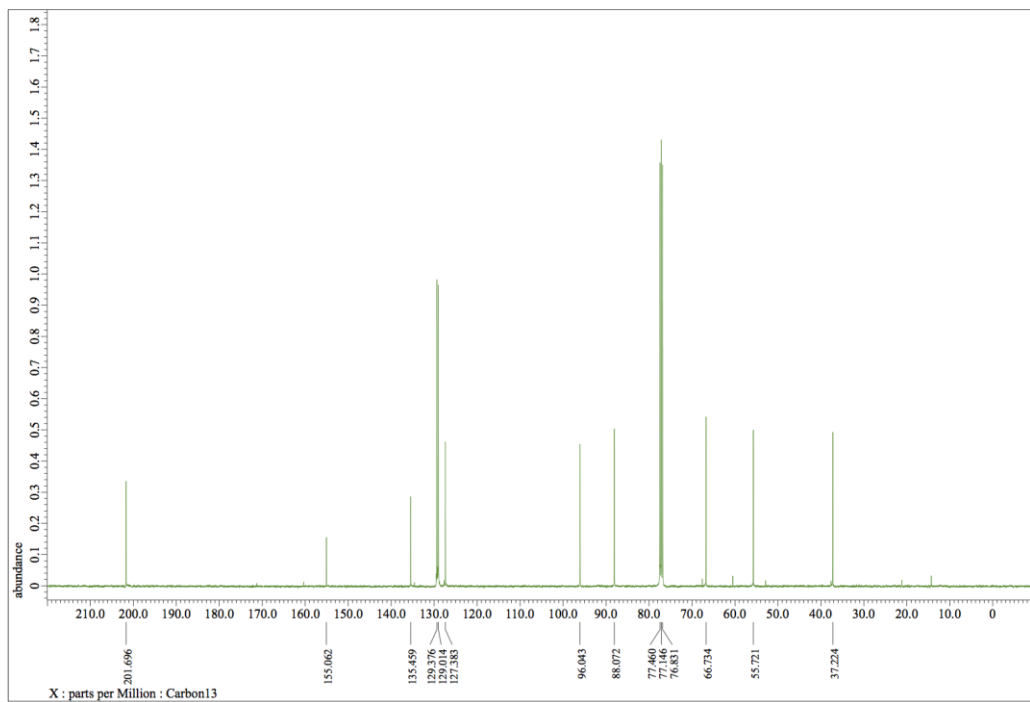
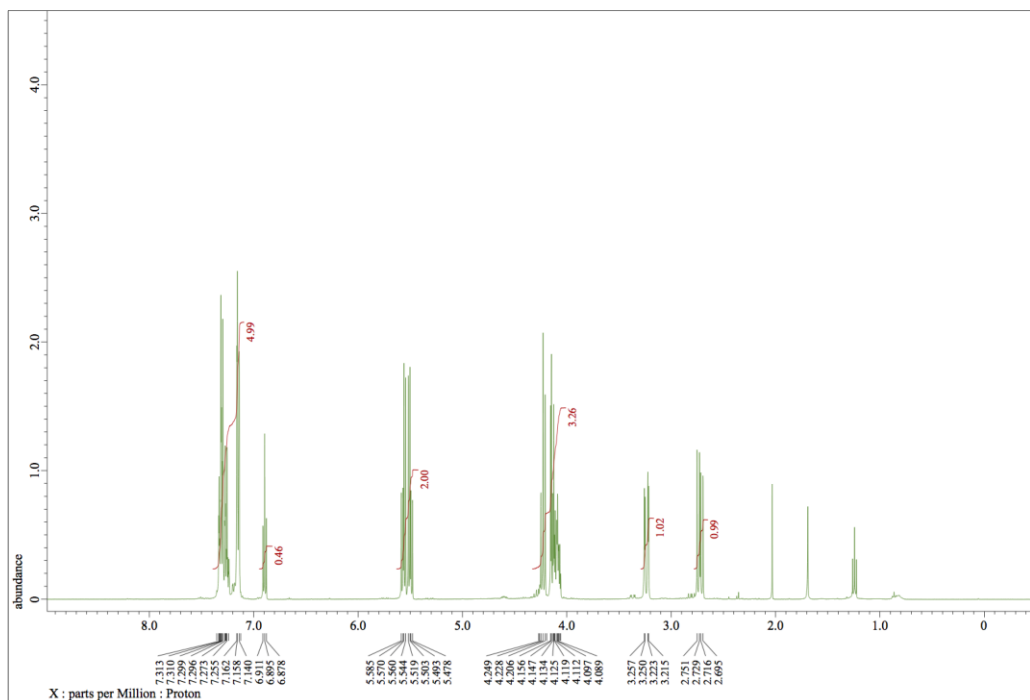
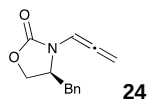


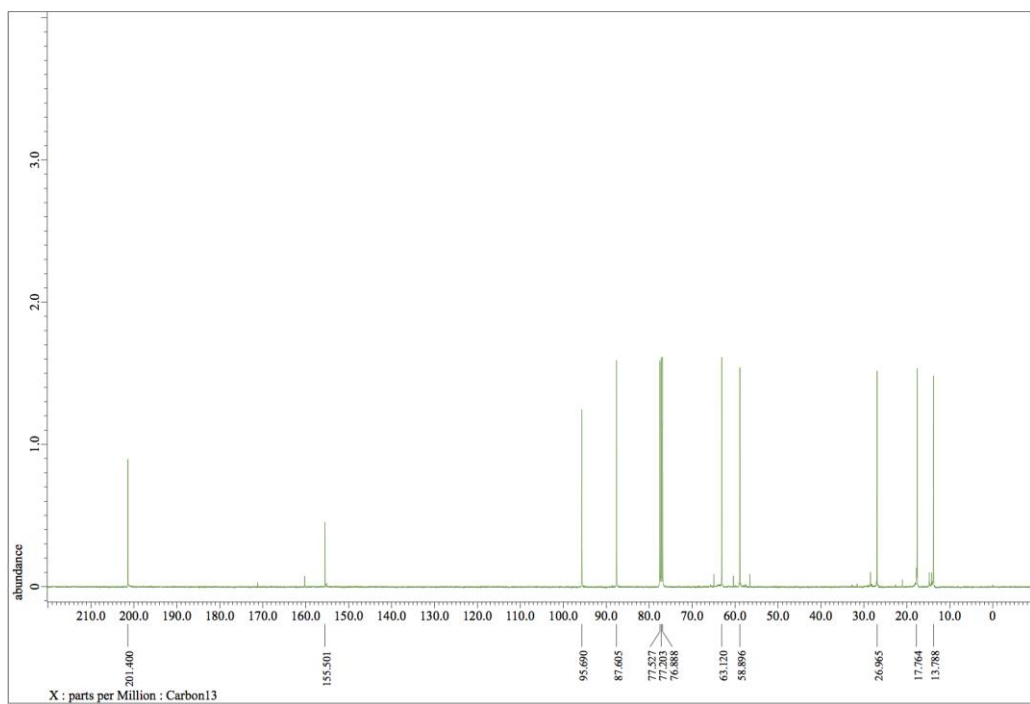
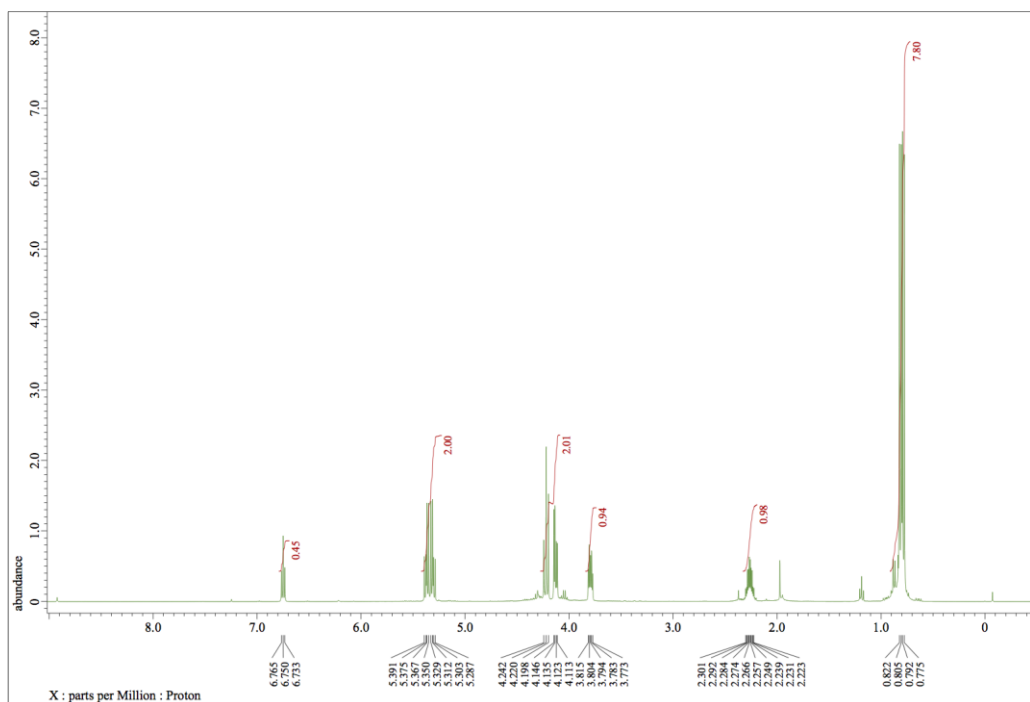
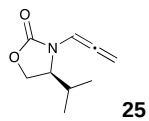


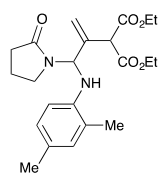




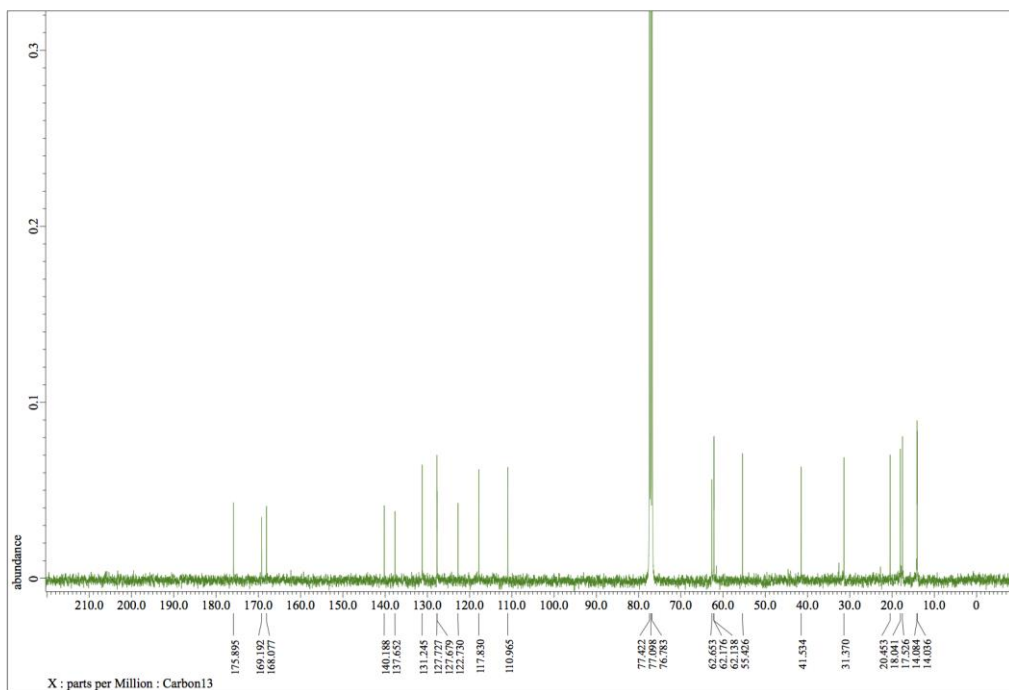
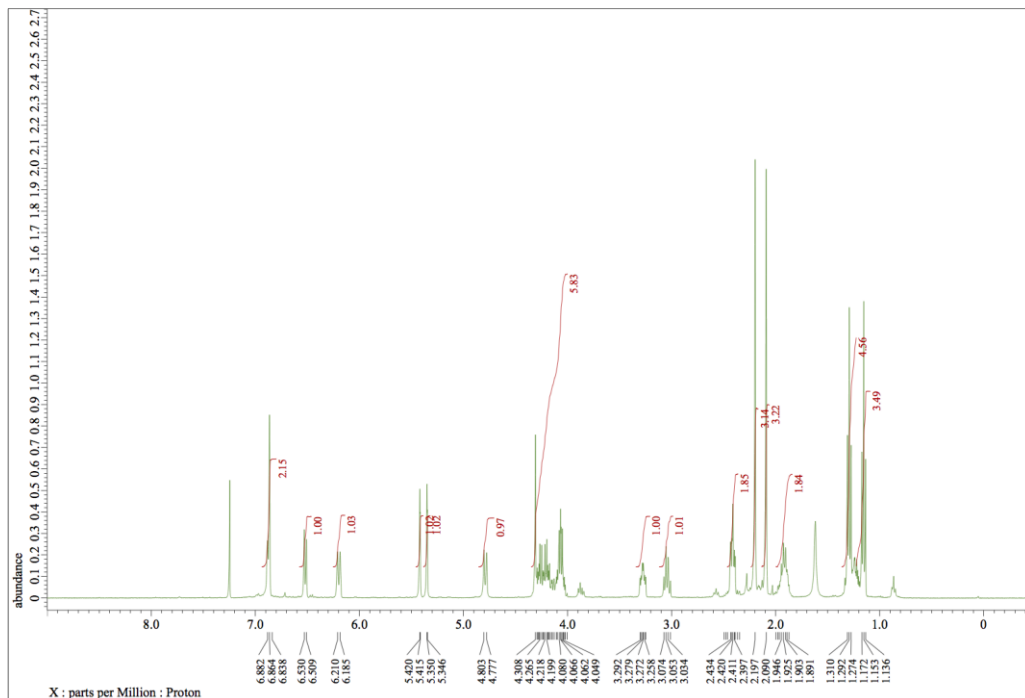


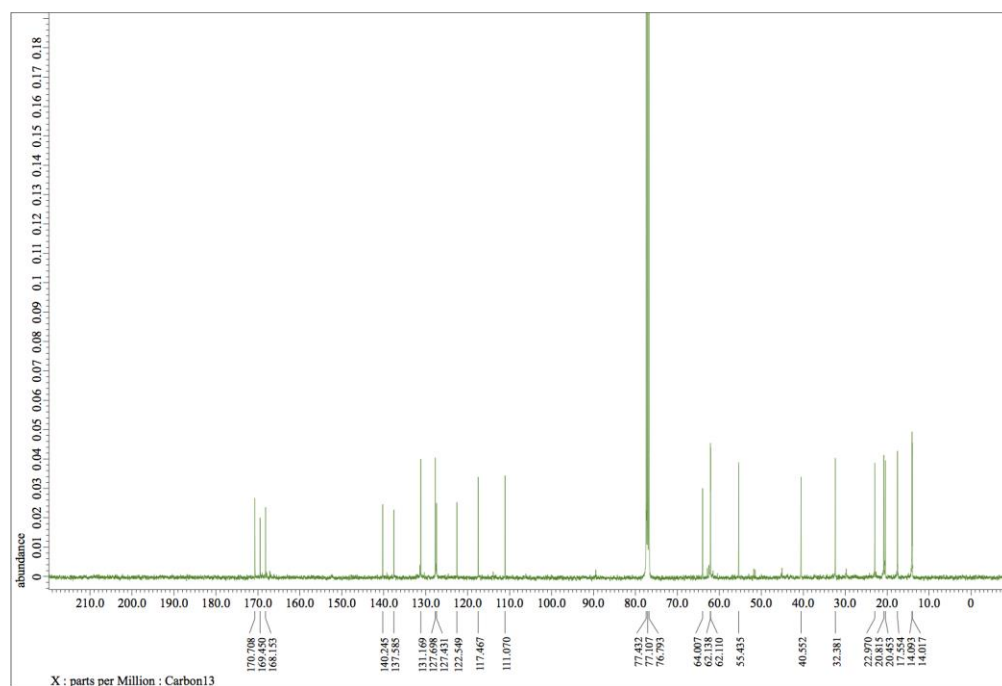
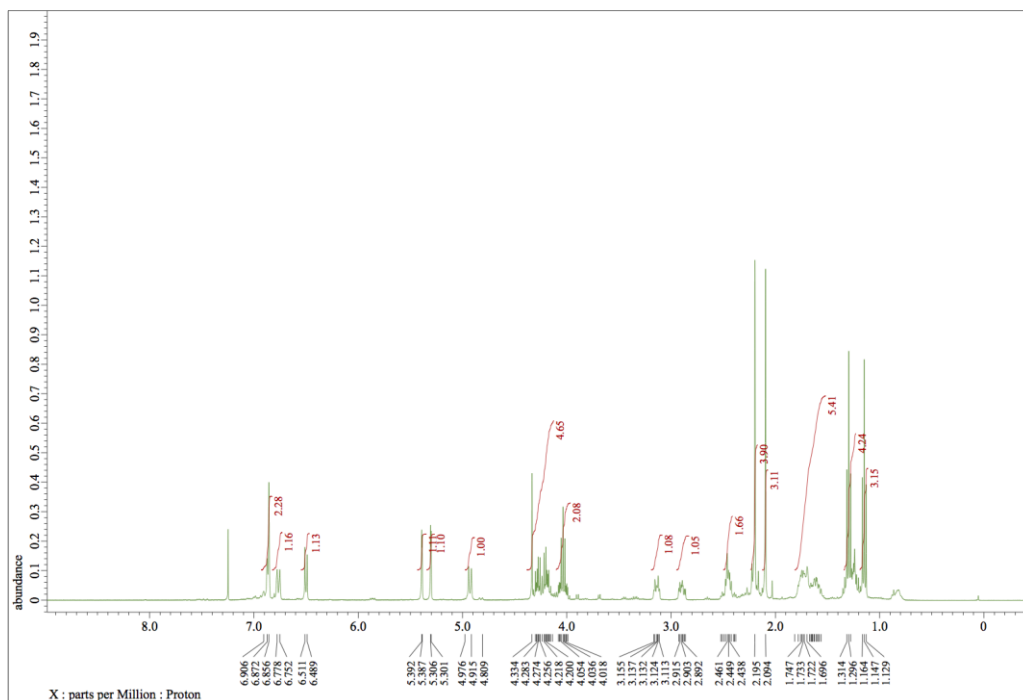
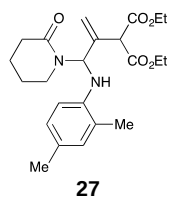


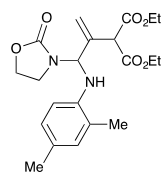




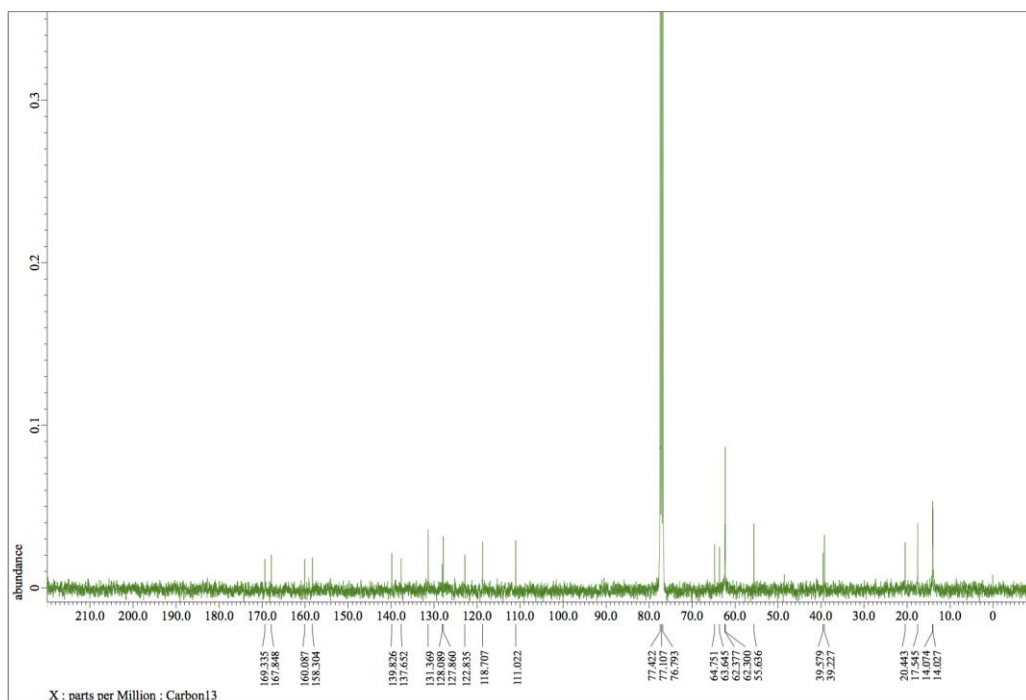
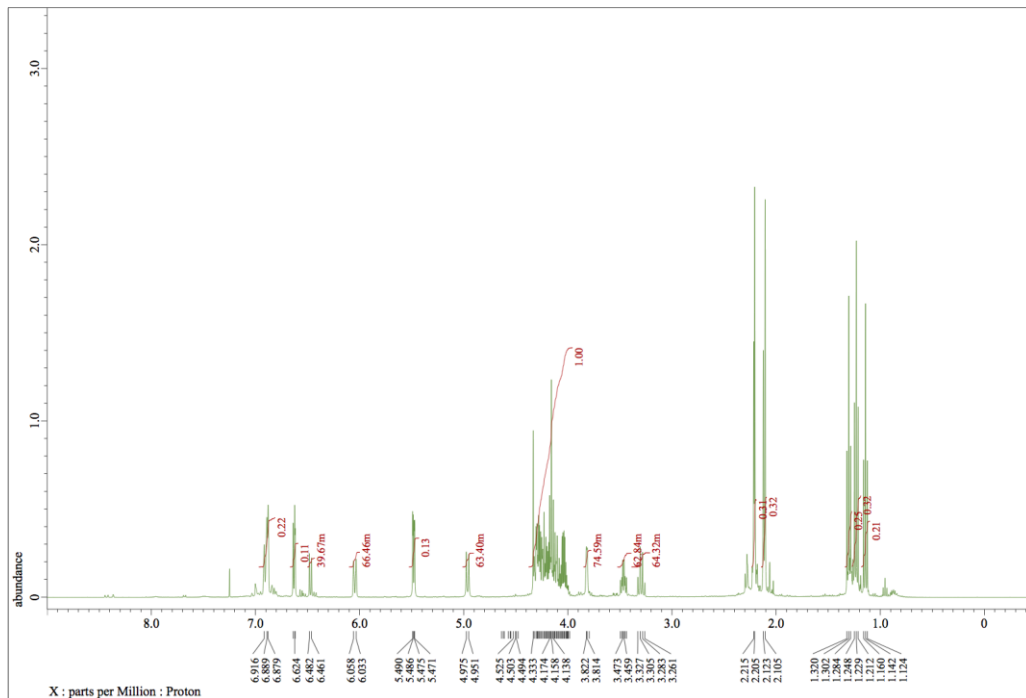
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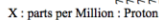


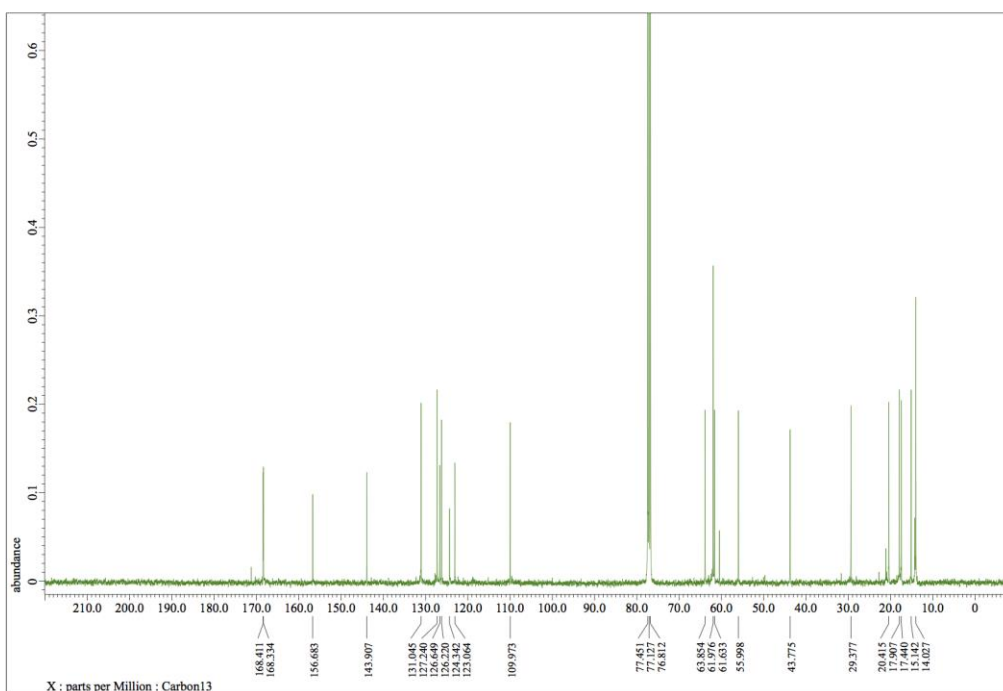
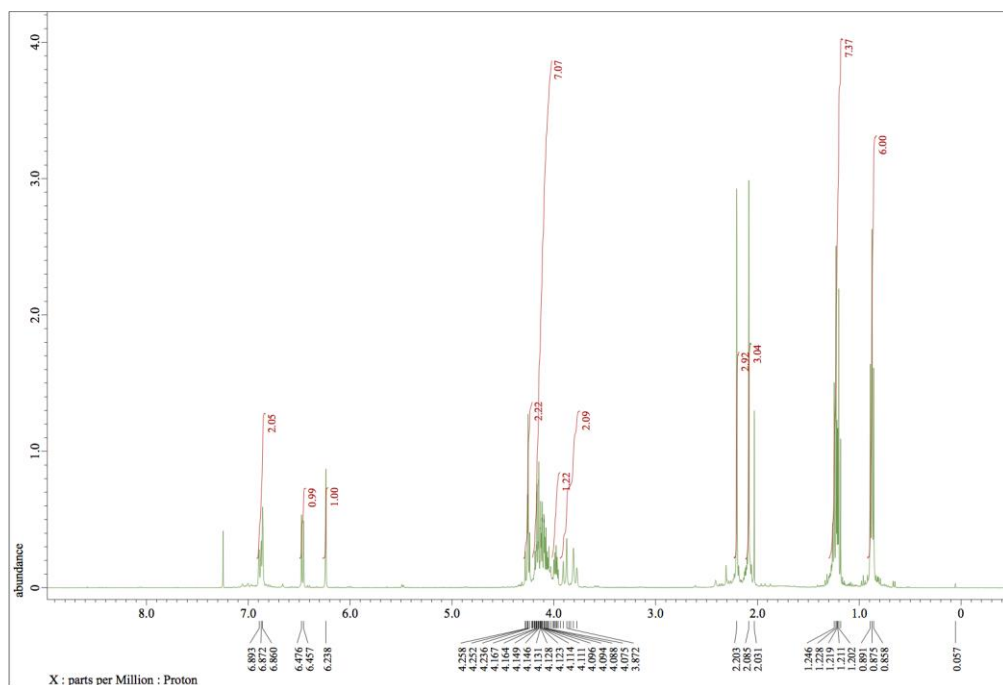
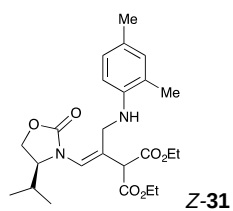


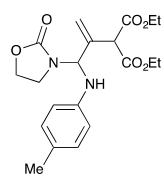


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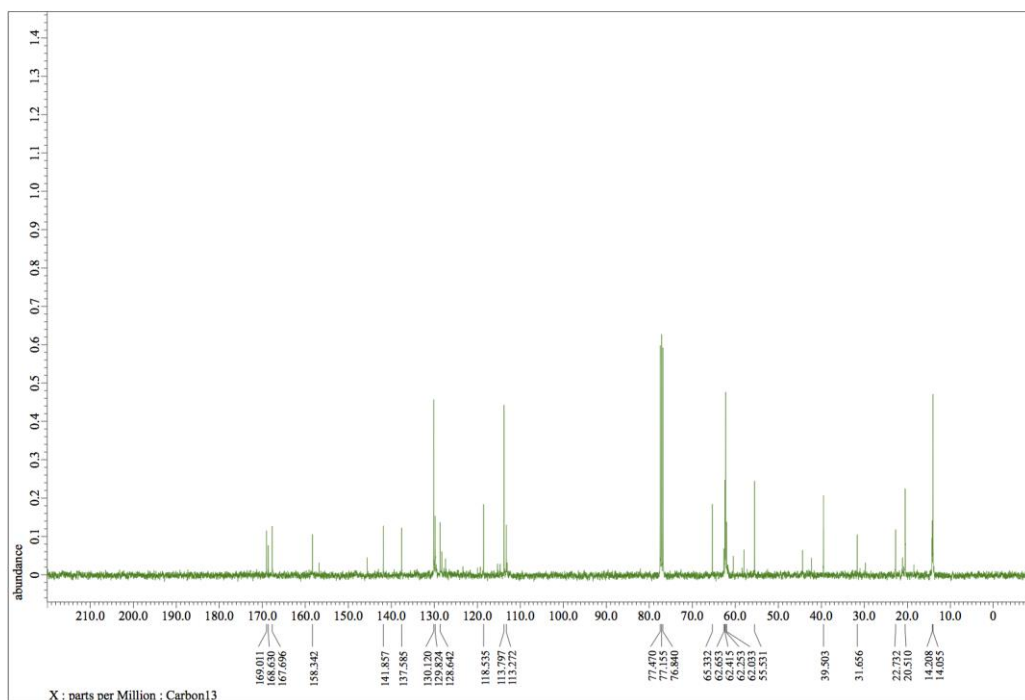
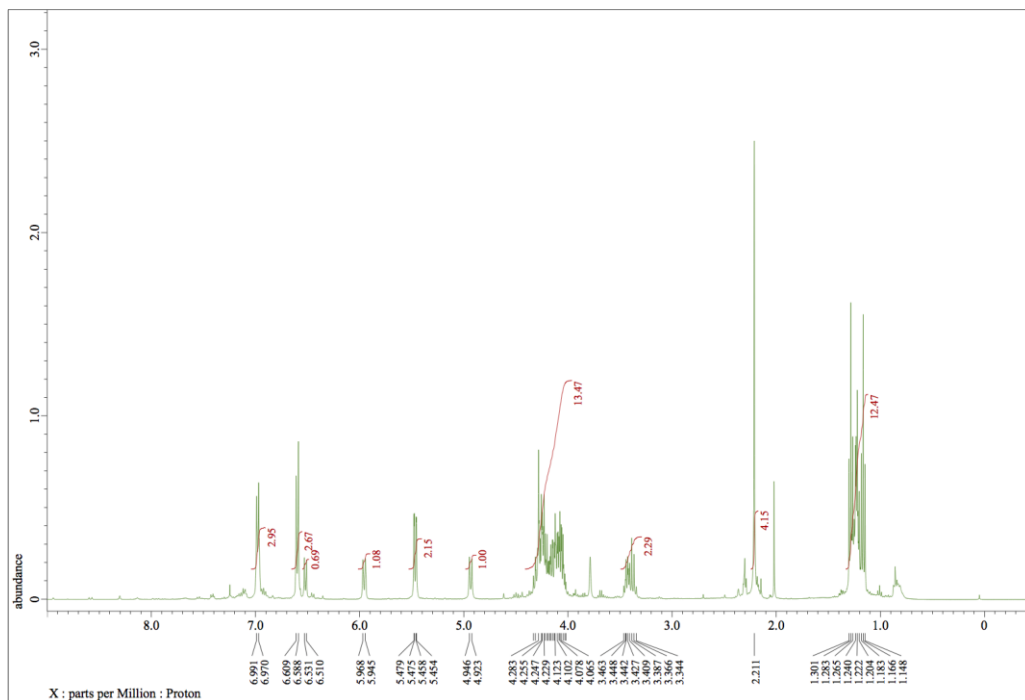


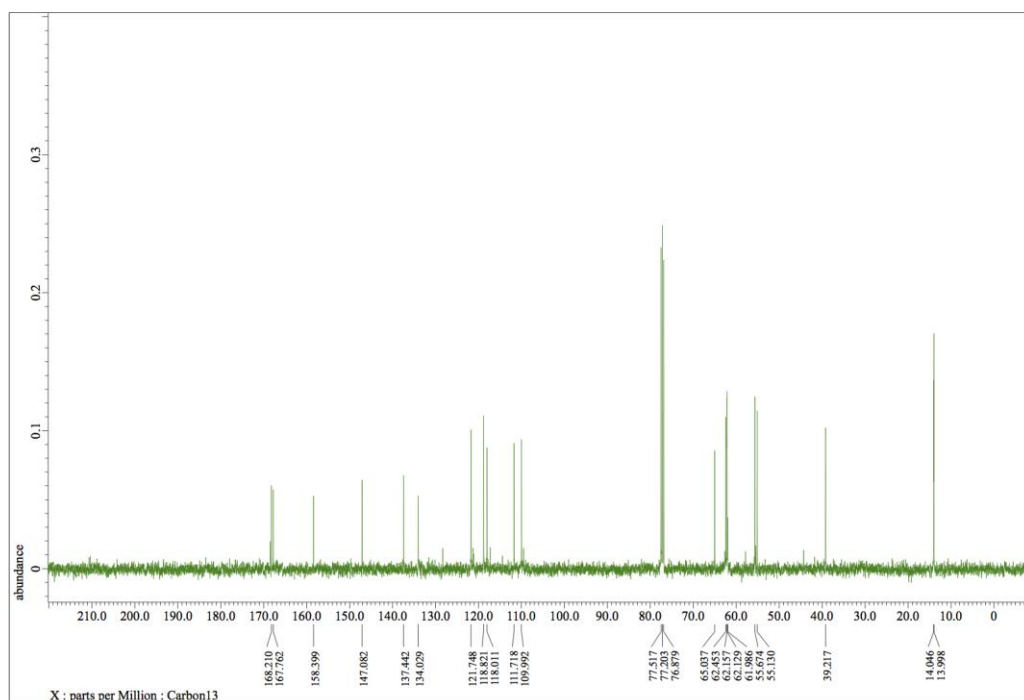
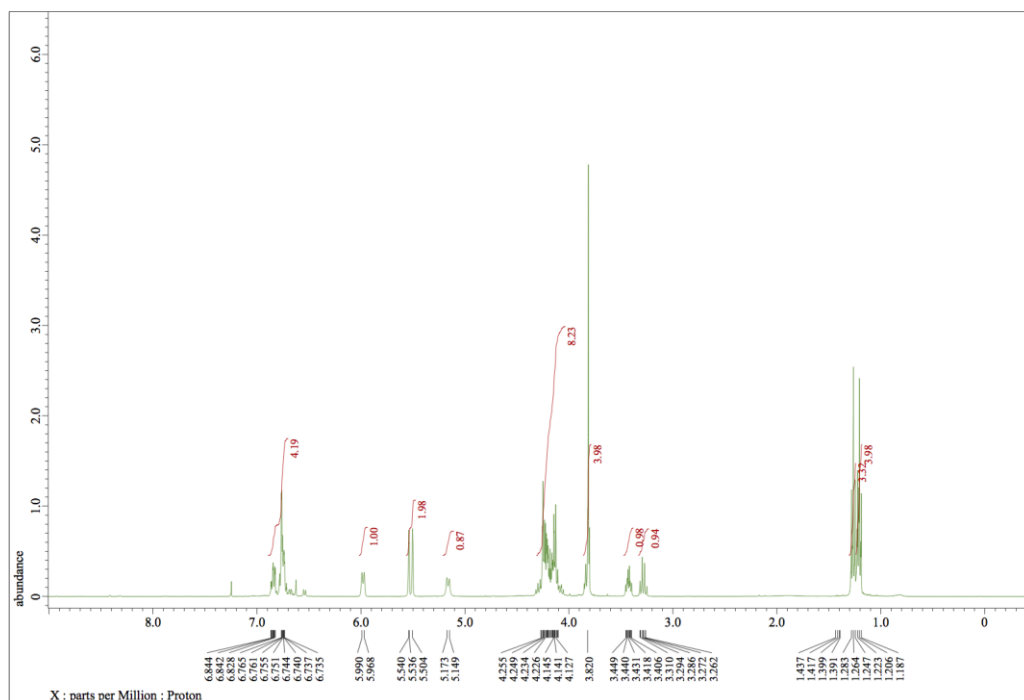
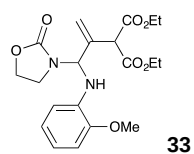


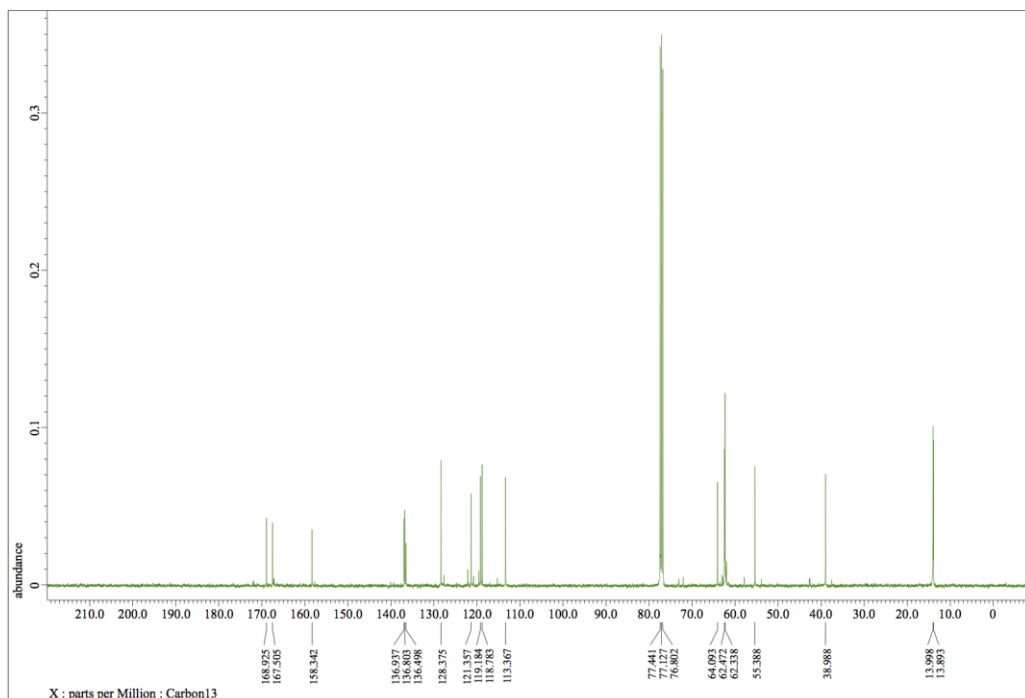
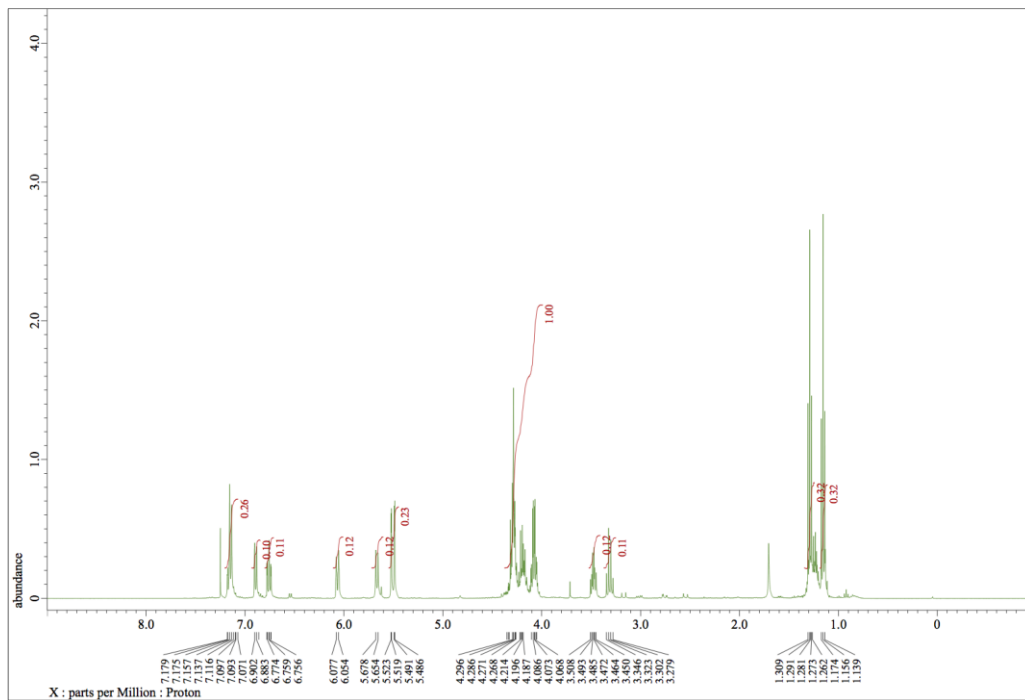
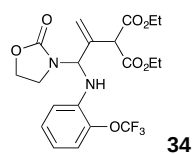


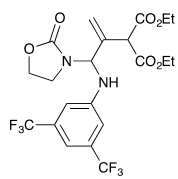


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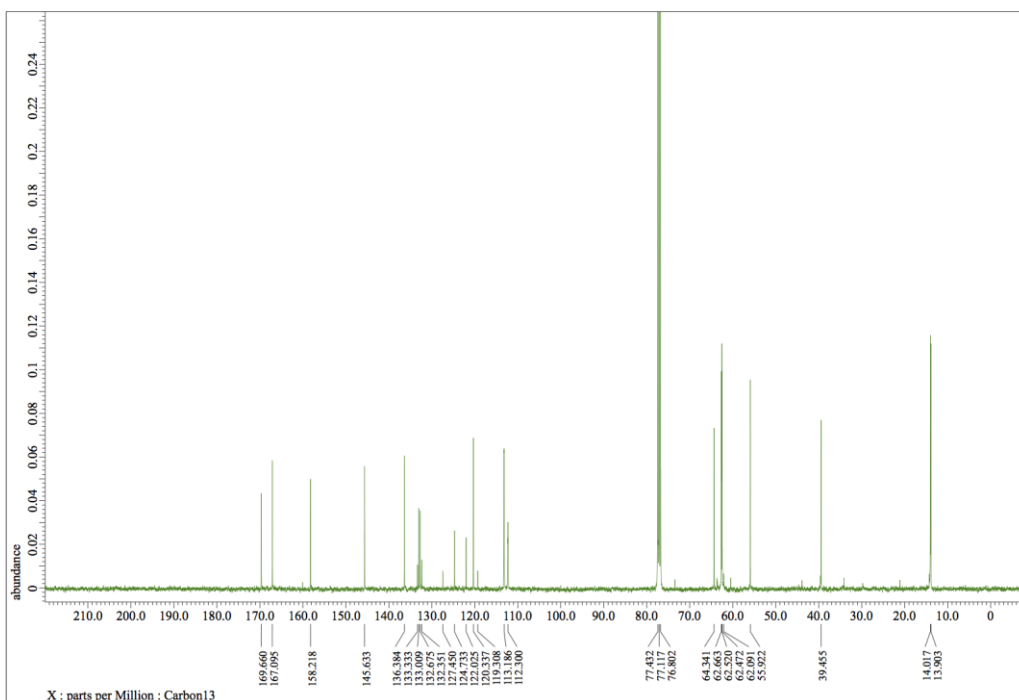
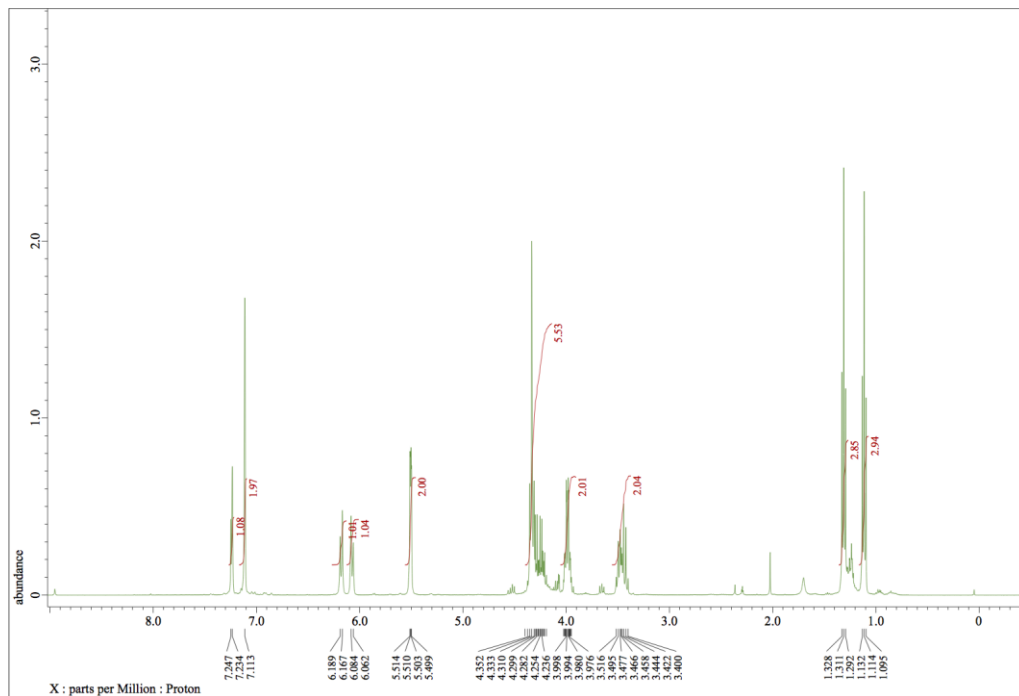


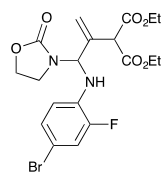




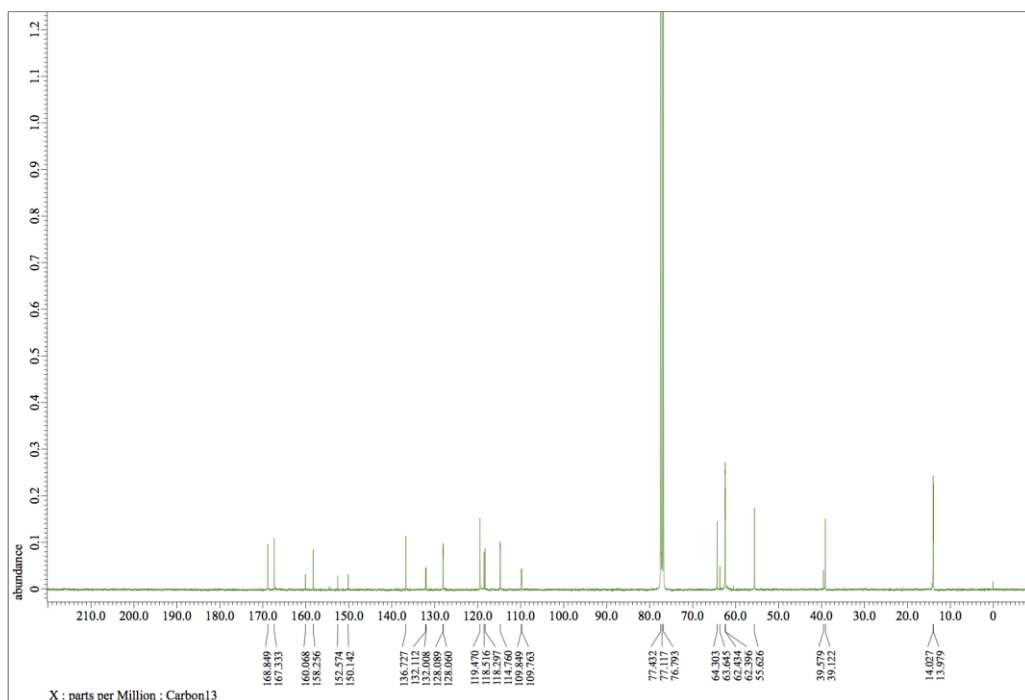
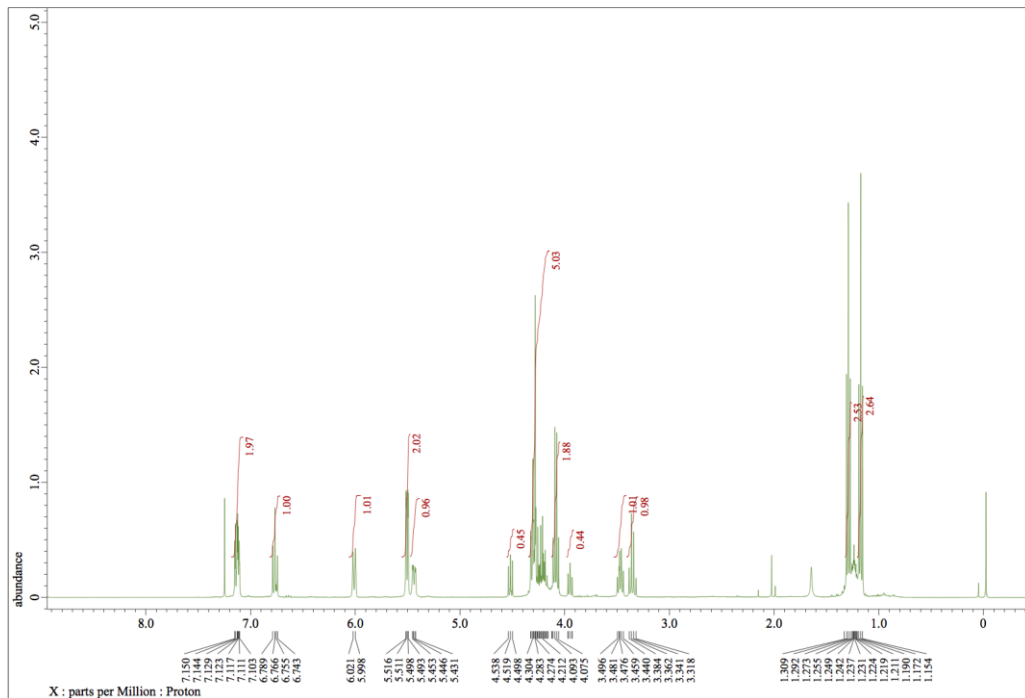


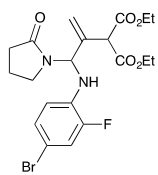
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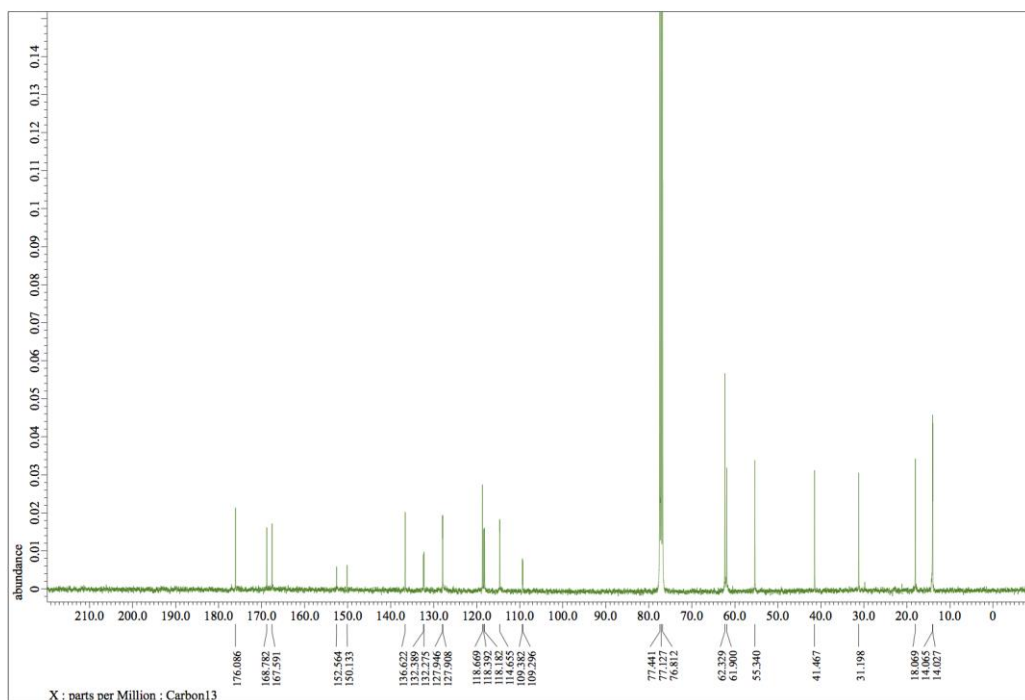
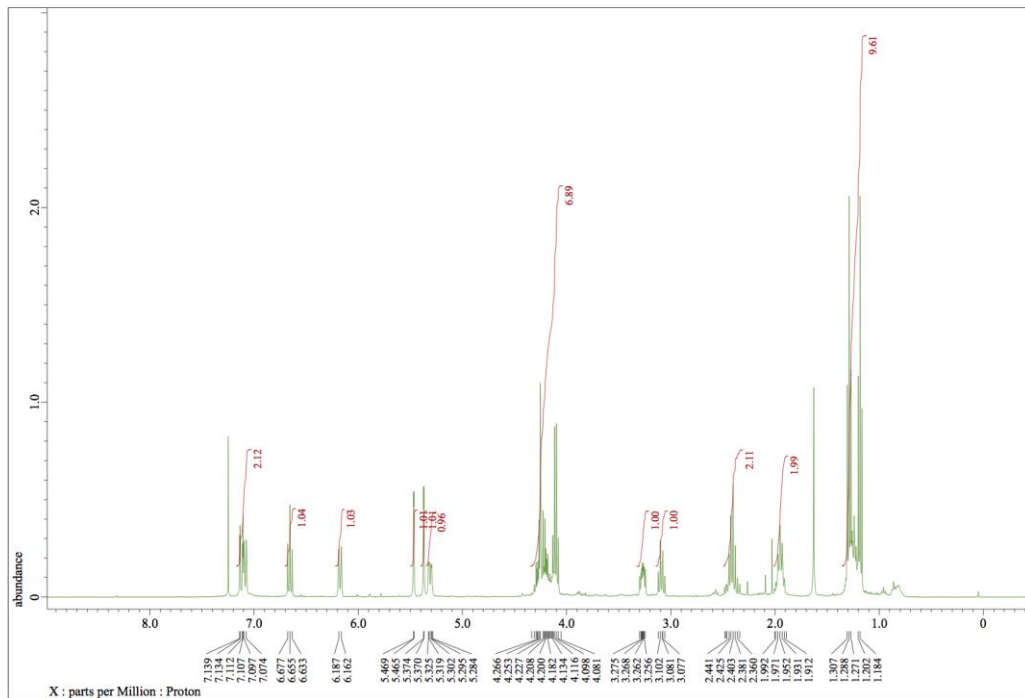


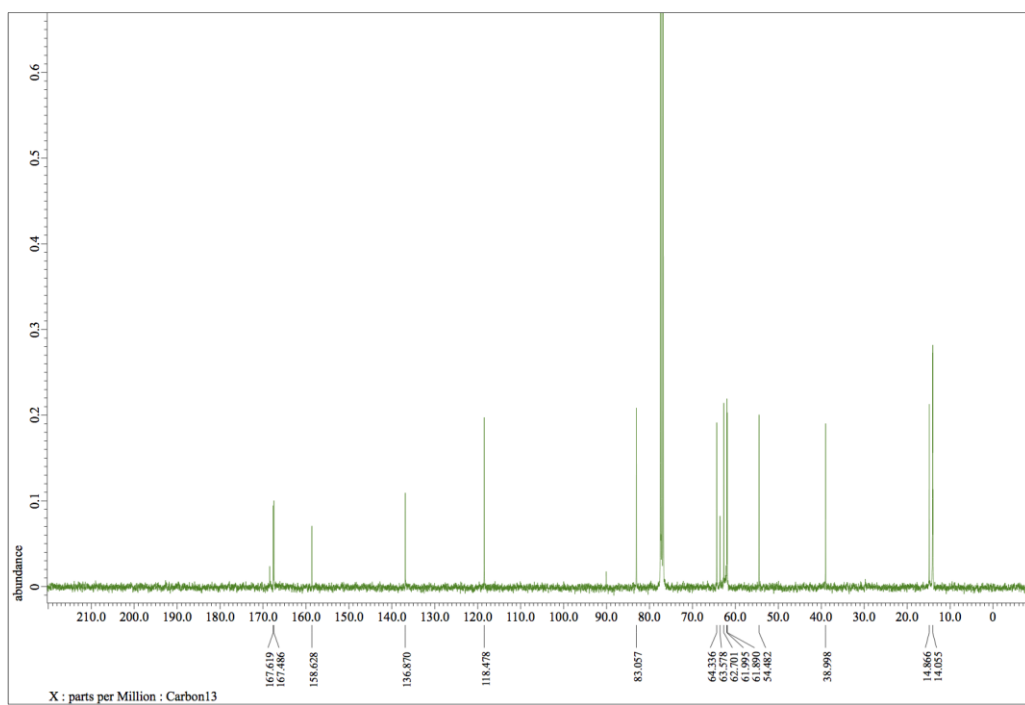
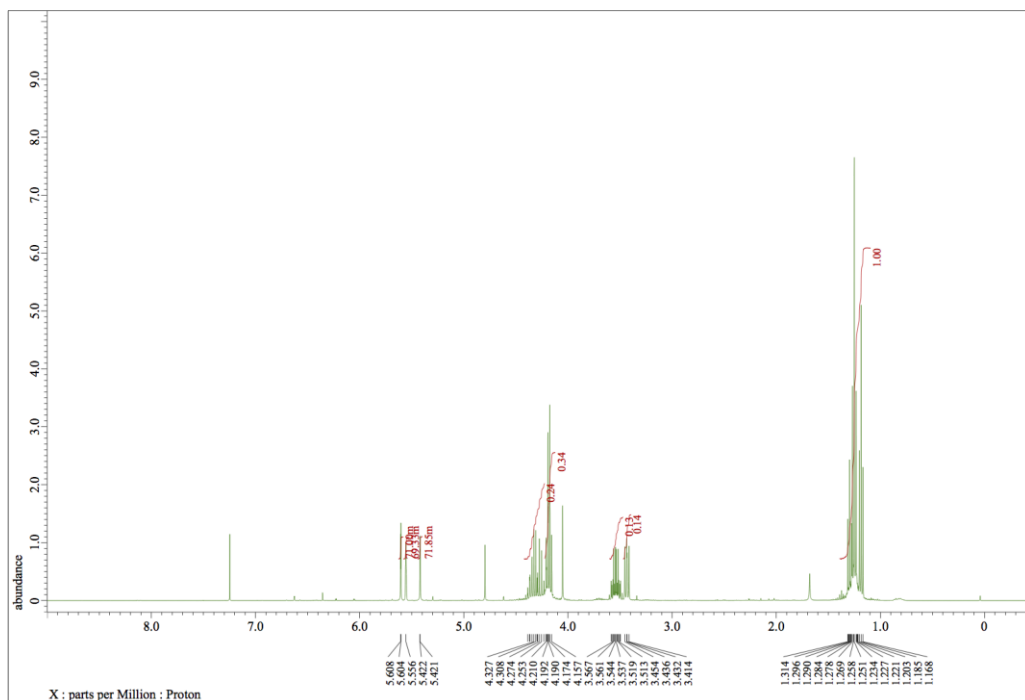
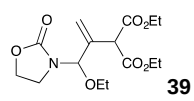
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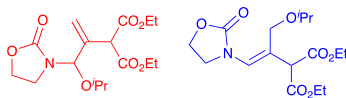




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40a (1:3) 40b

