

### **Supporting Information**

for

# The B & B approach: Ball-milling conjugation of dextran with phenylboronic acid (PBA)-functionalized BODIPY

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Methods for UV-vis and fluorescence measurements, UV-vis and fluorescence spectra of Dex-1b, Dex-1c, and 1 in DMSO, FTIR spectra of PBA-BODIPY 1, dextran and Dex-1a-d; MTT assay and correlation coefficient of Dex-1b

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#### UV-vis and fluorescence measurements

The amount of unconjugated dye in the ethanol washing solutions was analyzed as follows: the ethanol filtrate was concentrated to dryness, then, the filtrate was dissolved in DMSO in a volumetric flask and the absorbance (Abs) of the obtained solutions at  $\lambda_{max} = 508-514$  nm was measured.

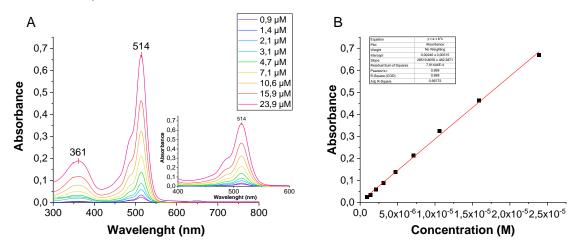
#### **Detailed dilution protocol**

Washing solutions of **Dex-1a** were diluted as follow using DMSO:

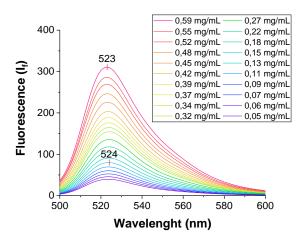
- DMSO solution was firstly diluted to 50 mL, then 1 mL of this solution was diluted to 50 mL.
- The filtrate related to the first washing solution was dissolved in 100 mL.
- The filtrate related to the second washing solution was dissolved in 50 mL. Washing solutions of **Dex-1b-c** were diluted as follow using DMSO:
- DMSO solution was firstly diluted to 50 mL, then 1 mL of this solution was diluted to 50 mL.
- The filtrate related to the first washing solution was dissolved in 100 mL.
- The filtrate related to the second washing solution was dissolved in 20 mL.

For the dilution curves a note amount of BODIPY-Dex was dissolved in a note amount of water and dilutions were prepared from the stock solution.

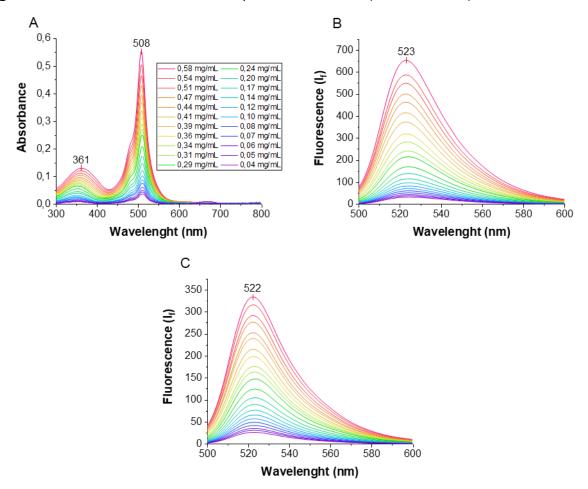
Fluorescence spectra were recorded at  $\lambda_{exc} = 380$  nm or  $\lambda_{exc} = 460$  nm.



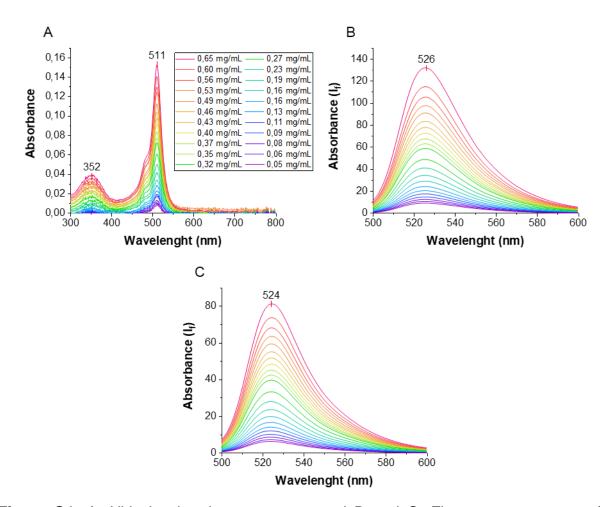
**Figure S1:** A. UV–vis absorbance spectra of PBA-BODIPY 1 in DMSO; B. Evaluation of the molar extinction coefficient of PBA-BODIPY 1 in DMSO.



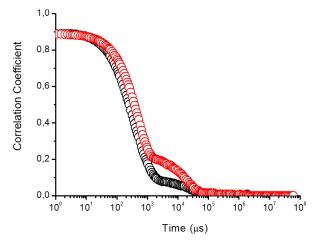
**Figure S2:** Fluorescence emission spectra of **Dex-1b** ( $\lambda_{exc}$  = 460 nm) in water.



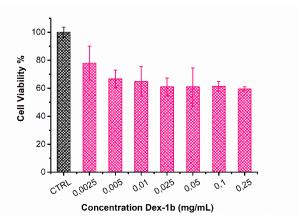
**Figure S3:** A. UV-vis absorbance spectra and B and C. Fluorescence spectra ( $\lambda_{exc}$  = 380 nm B and  $\lambda_{exc}$  = 460 nm C) of **Dex-1c** solution in water.



**Figure S4:** A. UV–vis absorbance spectra and B and C. Fluorescence spectra ( $\lambda_{exc}$  = 380 nm B and  $\lambda_{exc}$  = 460 nm C of **Dex-1d** solution in water.



**Figure S5:** Correlation coefficient by DLS measurements of the conjugate **Dex-1b** (1.0 mg/mL) dispersed in H<sub>2</sub>O (black curve) and PBS (red curve).



**Figure S6:** Percentage of cell viability of A549 cells after 24 hours of exposure at various concentrations of the conjugate **Dex-1b** reported as mg/mL concentration of functionalized polymer.

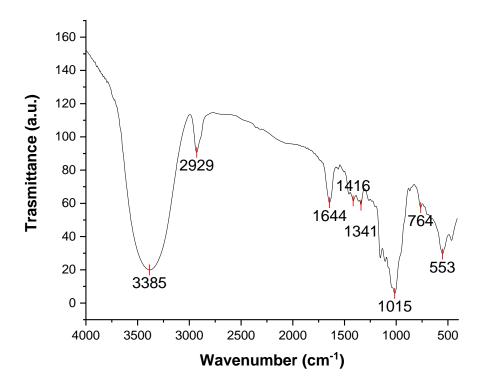


Figure S7: FTIR spectrum of Dex-1a.

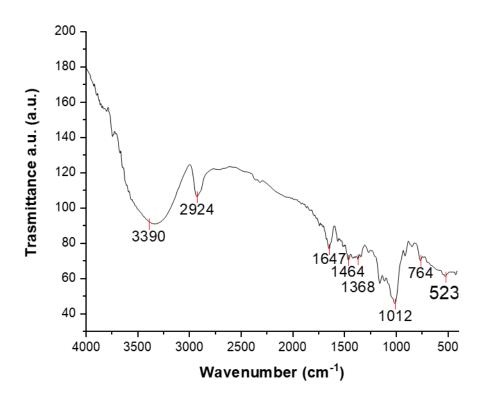


Figure S8: FTIR spectrum Dex-1b.

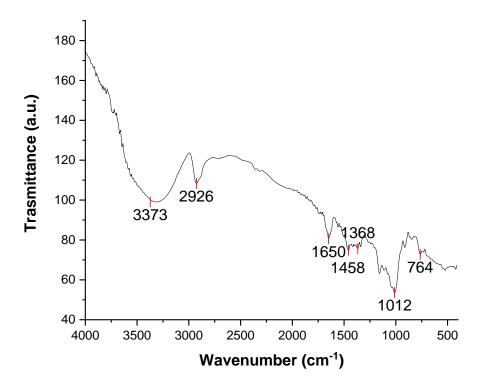


Figure S9: FTIR spectrum of Dex-1b.

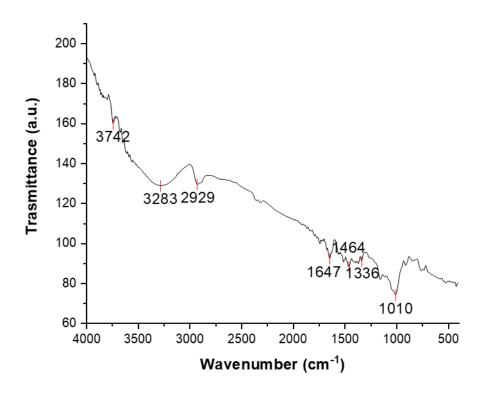


Figure S10: FTIR spectrum of Dex-1d.

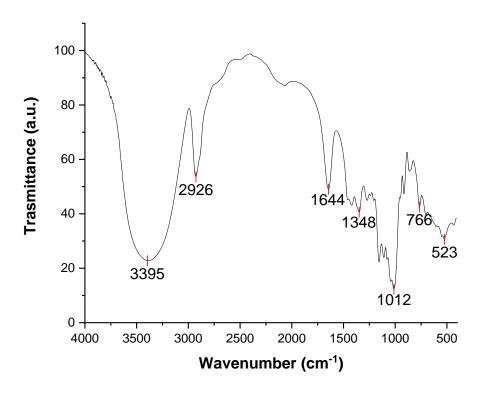


Figure S11: FTIR spectrum of dextran.

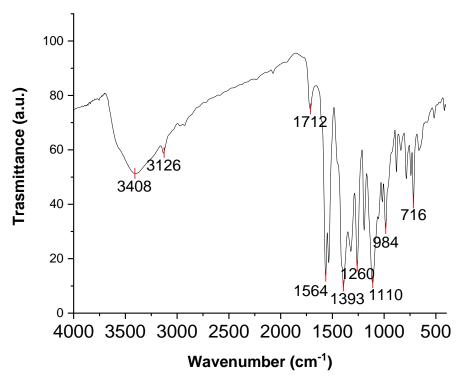


Figure S12: FTIR PBA-BODIPY 1.