



Supporting Information

for

Synthesis and optical properties of bis- and tris-alkynyl-2-trifluoromethylquinolines

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Experimental part

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1. X-ray crystallography data

Table S1: X-ray data of **6b**

Chem. Formula	C ₃₄ H ₃₀ F ₃ N
Form. Wght [g mol ⁻¹]	509.59
color	colorless
Crsyt. system	triclinic
Space group (Hall group)	P -1 (-P 1)
<i>a</i> [Å]	9.8285 (3)
<i>b</i> [Å]	11.0214 (4)
<i>c</i> [Å]	13.5473 (5)
α [°]	83.944 (2)
β [°]	79.960 (2)
γ [°]	80.206 (2)
<i>V</i> [Å ³]	1419.61 (9)
<i>Z</i>	2
<i>N</i> _{ref}	6781
θ_{\max} [°]	28.000
<i>h, k, l</i> _{max}	12,14,17
ρ_x [g cm ⁻³]	1.192
μ [mm ⁻¹]	0.082
$\lambda_{MoK\alpha}$ [Å]	0.71073
<i>T</i> [K]	173
<i>F</i> (000)	536.0
<i>N</i> _{par}	396
<i>R</i>	0.0461 (5068)
<i>wR</i> ₂	0.1329 (6781)
<i>S</i>	1.039

Table S2: X-ray data of **9f**

Chem. Formula	C ₂₂ H ₁₀ F ₃ NS ₂
Form. Wght [g mol ⁻¹]	409.43
color	colorless
Crsyt. system	triclinic
Space group (Hall group)	P -1 (-P 1)
<i>a</i> [Å]	5.2778 (2)
<i>b</i> [Å]	11.5411 (4)
<i>c</i> [Å]	15.2732 (5)
α [°]	76.491 (2)
β [°]	86.061 (2)
γ [°]	87.352 (2)
<i>V</i> [Å ³]	902.00 (6)
<i>Z</i>	2
<i>N</i> _{ref}	6485
θ_{\max} [°]	32.499
<i>h, k, l</i> _{max}	7,17,23
ρ_x [g cm ⁻³]	1.507
μ [mm ⁻¹]	0.332
$\lambda_{MoK\alpha}$ [Å]	0.71073
<i>T</i> [K]	173
<i>F</i> (000)	416.0
<i>N</i> _{par}	294
<i>R</i>	0.0485 (4551)
<i>wR</i> ₂	0.1356 (6485)
<i>S</i>	1.025

Table S3: X-ray data of **12d**

Chem. Formula	C ₃₄ H ₁₅ F ₆ N
Form. Wght [g mol ⁻¹]	551.47
color	yellow
Crsyt. system	monoclinic
Space group (Hall group)	C 2/c (-C 2yc)
<i>a</i> [Å]	31.408 (2)
<i>b</i> [Å]	7.1005 (4)
<i>c</i> [Å]	23.2841 (15)
α [°]	90
β [°]	91.001 (4)
γ [°]	90
<i>V</i> [Å ³]	5191.9 (6)
<i>Z</i>	8
<i>N</i> _{ref}	6244
θ_{\max} [°]	27.998
<i>h, k, l</i> _{max}	41,9,30
ρ_x [g cm ⁻³]	1.411
μ [mm ⁻¹]	0.112
$\lambda_{MoK\alpha}$ [Å]	0.71073
<i>T</i> [K]	173
<i>F</i> (000)	2240.0
<i>N</i> _{par}	494
<i>R</i>	0.0503 (2846)
<i>wR</i> ₂	0.1354 (6244)
<i>S</i>	0.994

2. DFT – Calculations

Density functional theory (DFT) and time-dependent DFT (TD-DFT) calculations were performed with Gaussian 09^[67] using the B3LYP functional in combination with the 6-31+G(d,p) basis set and the CAM-B3LYP functional in combination with the 6-311G(d,p) basis set for TD-DFT calculations, respectively. To include solvent effects, a polarizable continuum model (PCM) of dichloromethane using the integral equation formalism variant (IEFPCM) was applied. The DFT calculations were performed for compounds **6a**, **9a** and **12a**.

Cartesian coordinates of the optimized ground-state (S0) structures

Table 2. Cartesian coordinates of **6a** (E = -1353.42 Hartree)

	X	Y	Z
C	-0.1246120	1.6852640	-0.0099360
C	-0.5263180	-0.5718060	0.0001950
C	0.8731070	-0.8735990	-0.0013260
C	1.7905080	0.2318530	-0.0077420
C	1.2710250	1.5221790	-0.0133830
C	-1.4772640	-1.6548640	0.0047110
C	1.3002270	-2.2237600	0.0029730
H	1.9280940	2.3815900	-0.0204490
C	0.3737180	-3.2441630	0.0084350
C	-1.0074050	-2.9643410	0.0091470
H	2.3632390	-2.4381510	0.0016920
H	0.7050100	-4.2775540	0.0118090
H	-1.7223230	-3.7800170	0.0127990
N	-1.0013550	0.6991380	-0.0024370
C	-0.7356830	3.0739330	0.0087150
F	-1.6415720	3.2299980	-0.9770730
F	0.2003300	4.0368390	-0.1431340
F	-1.3724120	3.3138570	1.1757560
C	3.1947180	0.0234090	-0.0087520
C	4.4012910	-0.1392480	-0.0077070
C	-2.8721200	-1.3839730	0.0035160
C	-4.0720480	-1.1811470	0.0008210
C	5.8144440	-0.3167450	-0.0058690
C	6.6712070	0.8033890	-0.0160970
C	6.3733570	-1.6112980	0.0068360
C	8.0518130	0.6270510	-0.0135840
H	6.2430440	1.8001840	-0.0258230
C	7.7554650	-1.7757680	0.0093170
H	5.7165320	-2.4748300	0.0148290
C	8.5972570	-0.6599180	-0.0008540
H	8.7041300	1.4947050	-0.0214630
H	8.1773840	-2.7759000	0.0192370
H	9.6747140	-0.7927650	0.0011510
C	-5.4707340	-0.9093770	-0.0029580
C	-6.4104370	-1.9605560	0.0063840

C	-5.9336910	0.4229250	-0.0164720
C	-7.7746720	-1.6817280	0.0024150
H	-6.0589480	-2.9871470	0.0166980
C	-7.2998240	0.6906240	-0.0203100
H	-5.2122540	1.2333060	-0.0240310
C	-8.2238300	-0.3582470	-0.0108670
H	-8.4896740	-2.4988450	0.0096770
H	-7.6451140	1.7199920	-0.0307350
H	-9.2884720	-0.1453320	-0.0139210

Table 3. Cartesian coordinates of **9a** (E = -1353.42 Hartree)

	X	Y	Z
C	-0.6675242	-3.1986619	-0.0055722
C	0.6838032	-3.4277017	-0.0062626
C	1.6060806	-2.3446464	-0.0069977
C	1.0988036	-1.0046506	-0.0076636
C	-0.2966960	-0.7913940	-0.0069217
C	-1.1830734	-1.8633199	-0.0056549
H	-1.3661517	-4.0283136	-0.0047626
H	1.0863893	-4.4348748	-0.0060129
C	2.0550753	0.0681351	-0.0087882
H	-0.6761374	0.2240809	-0.0072296
C	3.4074240	-0.2589034	-0.0099935
C	3.7779418	-1.6152905	-0.0085167
H	4.1612059	0.5170180	-0.0119381
N	2.9346405	-2.6317038	-0.0064918
C	5.2427924	-2.0090001	0.0062714
F	5.5461713	-2.8261532	-1.0230218
F	5.5631488	-2.6656066	1.1422422
F	6.0544385	-0.9319998	-0.0785023
C	1.6416667	1.4253775	-0.0082693
C	-2.5895231	-1.6476049	-0.0039843
C	-3.7946342	-1.4755718	-0.0019060
C	1.2990761	2.5937800	-0.0062010
C	0.9108501	3.9638608	-0.0031814
C	1.8891559	4.9796784	-0.0013530
C	-0.4533040	4.3209827	-0.0015410
C	1.5068618	6.3179346	0.0020561
H	2.9391398	4.7064861	-0.0025550
C	-0.8240296	5.6625600	0.0018602
H	-1.2076989	3.5412121	-0.0028775
C	0.1522652	6.6629692	0.0036803
H	2.2662564	7.0936201	0.0034988
H	-1.8763446	5.9291277	0.0031581
H	-0.1416876	7.7080487	0.0064005
C	-5.2045824	-1.2678320	0.0009545
C	-6.0896406	-2.3656835	-0.0007970
C	-5.7343906	0.0390785	0.0058931
C	-7.4660270	-2.1563872	0.0023498

H	-5.6864100	-3.3730016	-0.0045752
C	-7.1123758	0.2371715	0.0090507
H	-5.0567975	0.8865534	0.0072899
C	-7.9817225	-0.8572796	0.0073046
H	-8.1385048	-3.0087705	0.0009780
H	-7.5094737	1.2476492	0.0129151
H	-9.0557353	-0.6986783	0.0097902

Table 4. Cartesian coordinates of **12a** (E = -1660.64 Hartree)

	X	Y	Z
C	-0.8007080	0.7586130	0.0107180
C	-1.7049170	-1.3564860	0.0102840
C	-0.4182290	-1.9727500	0.0070870
C	0.7346460	-1.1171430	0.0044450
C	0.5490800	0.2783450	0.0007190
C	-2.8852190	-2.1776860	0.0102940
C	-0.3222250	-3.3858320	0.0092560
C	-1.4650560	-4.1583010	0.0107510
C	-2.7410040	-3.5626720	0.0105050
H	0.6588330	-3.8471650	0.0098390
H	-1.3856160	-5.2406010	0.0121250
H	-3.6285860	-4.1859070	0.0106780
N	-1.8635160	-0.0056190	0.0141140
C	2.0396730	-1.6667640	0.0108070
C	1.6474840	1.1718870	-0.0173890
C	-4.1694070	-1.5701400	0.0083720
C	2.5595660	1.9765880	-0.0403220
C	-5.2655820	-1.0422230	0.0043040
C	3.1604500	-2.1430250	0.0247310
C	3.5856950	2.9630180	-0.0523480
C	3.2659640	4.3032920	0.2493970
C	4.9181150	2.6256470	-0.3638800
C	4.2599260	5.2773650	0.2421710
H	2.2384980	4.5588280	0.4869550
C	5.9040650	3.6086650	-0.3696070
H	5.1643610	1.5968570	-0.6051230
C	5.5795850	4.9340430	-0.0664140
H	4.0057020	6.3064370	0.4767090
H	6.9279820	3.3411240	-0.6118070
H	6.3521070	5.6968260	-0.0715950
C	4.4766970	-2.6851740	0.0423060
C	4.6911650	-4.0518360	-0.2312690
C	5.5822900	-1.8593180	0.3338750
C	5.9815550	-4.5732920	-0.2167290
H	3.8425470	-4.6893490	-0.4561300
C	6.8679960	-2.3920720	0.3477940
H	5.4181700	-0.8094820	0.5526170
C	7.0715790	-3.7472750	0.0720010

H	6.1379630	-5.6260550	-0.4302910
H	7.7132800	-1.7497920	0.5744510
H	8.0762840	-4.1583620	0.0828390
C	-6.5179890	-0.3634920	-0.0019350
C	-7.7337120	-1.0765780	-0.0018610
C	-6.5487580	1.0469740	-0.0092150
C	-8.9466020	-0.3925150	-0.0090300
H	-7.7138360	-2.1615060	0.0036740
C	-7.7667970	1.7206320	-0.0164100
H	-5.6116130	1.5942940	-0.0092180
C	-8.9678060	1.0049920	-0.0163940
H	-9.8779440	-0.9506500	-0.0089940
H	-7.7802360	2.8062990	-0.0221280
H	-9.9158730	1.5340940	-0.0221290
C	-1.0681150	2.2588400	0.0016860
F	-0.5668960	2.8363080	-1.1143570
F	-2.3787460	2.5400110	0.0463080
F	-0.4874520	2.8700680	1.0609950

TD-DFT calculations

Table 5. Calculated TD-DFT transitions of compound **6a** at CAM B3LYP/6-311+G(d,p) level

S _n	E (eV)	λ (nm)	f	Configuration	CI coefficient
S ₁	3.3151	374.00	1.0553	HOMO-1 → LUMO	0.10523
				HOMO → LUMO	0.67164
S ₂	3.9717	312.17	0.1679	HOMO-9 → LUMO	-0.10990
				HOMO-1 → LUMO	0.63800
				HOMO → LUMO+1	-0.18925
S ₃	4.2702	279.09	0.6355	HOMO-5 → LUMO	0.44274
				HOMO-4 → LUMO	-0.25585
				HOMO-4 → LUMO+2	0.13505
				HOMO → LUMO+2	0.42129
S ₄	4.4425	279.09	0.6355	HOMO-4 → LUMO	-0.13509
				HOMO-1 → LUMO	0.13831
				HOMO-1 → LUMO+1	-0.13611
				HOMO → LUMO+1	0.59405
				HOMO → LUMO+3	0.19617

Table 6. Calculated TD-DFT transitions of compound **9a** at CAM B3LYP/6-311+G(d,p) level

S_n	E (eV)	λ (nm)	f	Configuration	CI coefficient
S ₁	3.3806	366.76	0.7035	HOMO-1 → LUMO+1	0.13067
				HOMO-1 → LUMO+1	-0.12660
				HOMO → LUMO	0.66431
S ₂	4.0123	309.01	0.5248	HOMO-5 → LUMO	0.19465
				HOMO-2 → LUMO	-0.17599
				HOMO-2 → LUMO+1	-0.12319
				HOMO-1 → LUMO	0.57571
				HOMO → LUMO+2	-0.16347
S ₃	4.2337	292.85	0.9190	HOMO-5 → LUMO	0.12480
				HOMO-2 → LUMO	-0.26859
				HOMO-1 → LUMO	-0.25375
				HOMO → LUMO+1	0.53516
S ₄	4.5081	275.02	0.3889	HOMO-9 → LUMO	0.10789
				HOMO-2 → LUMO	0.54600
				HOMO-1 → LUMO	0.10004
				HOMO-1 → LUMO+1	-0.15181
				HOMO → LUMO+1	0.32116
				HOMO → LUMO+3	-0.12706

Table 7. Calculated TD-DFT transitions of compound **12a** at CAM B3LYP/6-311+G(d,p) level

S_n	E (eV)	λ (nm)	f	Configuration	CI coefficient
S ₁	3.2201	385.03	0.6748	HOMO-1 → LUMO+1	0.12117
				HOMO → LUMO	0.66388
S ₂	3.6442	340.22	0.6434	HOMO-6 → LUMO	-0.10103
				HOMO-1 → LUMO	0.60294
				HOMO → LUMO+1	0.27653
				HOMO → LUMO+3	0.10481
S ₃	3.8748	319.98	0.0127	HOMO-8 → LUMO	-0.11480
				HOMO-7 → LUMO	-0.15399
				HOMO-6 → LUMO	0.10373
				HOMO-2 → LUMO	0.35367
				HOMO-1 → LUMO	-0.15072
				HOMO → LUMO+1	0.47310
				HOMO → LUMO+2	-0.13448
S ₄	4.1239	300.65	1.4246	HOMO-2 → LUMO	0.52883
				HOMO-1 → LUMO	0.16087
				HOMO-1 → LUMO+2	-0.12470
				HOMO → LUMO+1	-0.31346

3. Experimental procedures and data

The nuclear magnetic resonance spectra ($^1\text{H}/^{13}\text{C}/^{19}\text{F}$ NMR) were recorded on a Bruker AVANCE 300 III, 250 II, or 500. The analyzed chemical shifts δ are referenced to residual solvents signals of the deuterated solvents CDCl_3 ($\delta = 7.26$ ppm/77.0 ppm). Multiplicities due to spin–spin correlation are reported as follows, s = singlet, d = doublet, dd = double doublet, ddd = doublets of doublets, pt = pseudo triplet, m = multiplet, and further described through their coupling constants J . Infrared spectra (IR) were measured as attenuated total reflection (ATR) experiments with a Nicolet 380 FT-IR spectrometer. The signals have been characterized through their wave numbers $\tilde{\nu}$ and their corresponding absorption as very strong (vs), strong (s), medium (m) or weak (w). UV–vis spectra were recorded on a Cary 60 UV–vis spectrophotometer and emission spectra with an Agilent Cary Eclipse fluorescence spectrophotometer. Basic and high-resolution mass spectra (MS/HRMS) were measured on instruments which are paired with a preceding gas chromatograph (GC) or liquid chromatograph (LC). The samples have been ionized through electron impact ionization (EI) on an Agilent 6890/5973 or Agilent 7890/5977 GC–MS equipped with a HP-5 capillary column using helium carrier gas or by applying electron spray ionization (ESI) on an Agilent 1200/6210 Time-of-Flight (TOF) LC–MS. Melting points (mp) were determined by a Micro-Hot-Stage GalenTM III Cambridge Instruments and are not corrected. X-ray single-crystal structure analysis was performed on a Bruker Apex Kappa-II CCD diffractometer. CCDCs 2322983–2322985 contain supplementary crystallographic data for this paper. These data can be obtained free of charge from The Cambridge Crystallographic Data Centre via www.ccdc.cam.ac.uk/data_request/cif.

Synthesis of 8-bromo-2-trifluoromethyl-4-quinolinone (**3**)ⁱ

Polyphosphoric acid (0.8 g/mmol, 46.40 g) and ethyl 4,4,4-trifluoroacetoacetate (**2**, 58 mmol, 8.48 mL) were heated to 100 °C in a 500 mL flask. 2-Bromoaniline (**1a**, 58 mmol, 9.98 g) was added quickly and the reaction was stirred for 2 h at 150 °C. After cooling down, a 10% NaOH solution was added until a white precipitate is formed. Additional, 10% NaOH solution was added until the precipitate is dissolved again. Overall 360 mL 10% NaOH solution was used. The solution was filtered and the filtrate was made acidic via 36% HCl. The white precipitate was collected and dried to yield **3** as white solid (12.22 g, 72%). mp. 127–128 °C. ^1H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆): δ = 7.39 (s, 1H,); 7.54 (pt, $^3J = 7.90$ Hz, 1H); 8.18–8.24 (m, 2H). ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆): δ = 100.9 (q, $^3J = 2.0$ Hz, CH); 121.3 (q, $^1J = 275.6$ Hz, CF₃); 122.3 (CH); 122.8, 124.0 (C); 128.0, 134.9 (CH); 145.1 (C); 148.0 (q, $^2J = 33.5$ Hz, C–CF₃); 163.9 (C=O). ^{19}F NMR (282 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆): δ = -66.58. MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 294 (11), 293 (M^+ , ^{81}Br , 98), 292 (13), 291 (M^+ , ^{79}Br , 100), 265 (18), 263 (19), 245 (49), 243 (48), 183 (10), 164 (14), 144 (16), 88 (10), 75 (16), 63 (10). HRMS (EI, 70 eV): Calculated for $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_5^{79}\text{BrF}_3\text{ON}$ (M^+), 290.95011; measured 290.94938. Calculated for $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_5^{81}\text{BrF}_3\text{ON}$ (M^+), 292.94807; measured 292.94752.

Synthesis of 4,8-dibromo-2-trifluoromethylquinoline (**4**)ⁱ

Phosphorus oxybromide (4.4 mmol, 1.26 g) was heated to 75 °C under reflux. **3** (4.0 mmol, 1.17 g) was added quickly and the reaction was stirred for 2 h at 150 °C. After cooling down, 10 mL ice-water were added carefully and the solution was made alkaline with a 10% NaOH solution. The aqueous solution was decanted and the remaining solid was collected and dried to yield **4** as yellow solid (1.05 g, 74%). mp. 85–86 °C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆): δ = 7.81 (pt, ³*J* = 8.00 Hz, 1H); 8.27 (dd, ³*J* = 8.50 Hz, ⁴*J* = 1.10 Hz, 1H); 8.39 (dd, ³*J* = 7.60 Hz, ⁴*J* = 1.10 Hz, 1H); 8.51 (s, 1H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆): δ = 120.5 (q, ¹*J* = 275.6 Hz, CF₃); 122.2 (q, ³*J* = 2.20 Hz, CH); 124.9 (C); 127.8 (CH); 129.5 (C); 131.3, 135.9 (CH); 136.5 (C); 143.7 (C); 146.9 (q, ²*J* = 35.0 Hz, C-CF₃). ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆): δ = -65.99. MS (EI, 70 eV): *m/z* (%) = 357 (M⁺, 2x ⁸¹Br, 50), 356 (11), 355 (M⁺, 1x ⁷⁹Br, 1x ⁸¹Br, 50), 353 (M⁺, 2x ⁷⁹Br, 51), 286 (18), 207 (11), 205 (12), 100 (14), 99 (15), 74 (11). HRMS (EI, 70 eV): Calculated for C₁₀H₄⁷⁹Br₂F₃N (M⁺), 352.86571; measured 352.86542. Calculated for C₁₀H₄⁷⁹Br⁸¹BrF₃N (M⁺), 354.86366; measured 354.86345. Calculated for C₁₀H₄⁸¹Br₂F₃N (M⁺), 356.86162; measured 356.89097.

Synthesis of 6-bromo-2-trifluoromethyl-4-quinolinone (**7**)ⁱⁱ

7 was synthesized analogously to **3**. Polyphosphoric acid (0.8 g/mmol, 12.00 g), ethyl 4,4,4-trifluoroacetoacetate (**2**, 15 mmol, 2.19 mL) and 4-bromoaniline (**1b**, 15 mmol, 2.63 g) were used to yield **7** as white solid (1.63 g, 37%). The ¹³C-NMR was not analyzable, due to low solubility. mp. 243–244 °C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆): δ = 7.16 (s, 1H); 7.92 (s, 2H); 8.29 (s, 1H). ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆): δ = -66.48. IR (ATR, cm⁻¹): $\tilde{\nu}$ = 3072 (w), 2881 (m), 2792 (m), 1608 (m), 1555 (s), 1508 (s), 1467 (s), 1419 (m), 1354 (m), 1297 (s), 1278 (s), 1193 (s), 1148 (s), 1134 (s), 1108 (s), 1090 (s), 942 (m), 854 (s), 827 (s), 723 (s), 555 (s), 538 (s). MS (EI, 70 eV): *m/z* (%) = 294 (11), 293 (M⁺, ⁸¹Br, 94), 292 (14), 291 (M⁺, ⁷⁹Br, 100), 245 (13), 243 (14), 224 (18), 222 (19), 184 (20), 183 (11), 164 (10), 134 (10), 115 (11), 114 (10), 88 (13), 75 (14), 74 (11), 69 (13), 63 (13), 62 (11). HRMS (EI, 70 eV): Calculated for C₁₀H₅⁷⁹BrF₃ON (M⁺), 290.95011; measured 290.95070. Calculated for C₁₀H₅⁸¹BrF₃ON (M⁺), 292.94807; measured 292.94898.

Synthesis of 4,6-dibromo-2-trifluoromethylquinoline (**8**)ⁱⁱⁱ

8 was synthesized analogously to **4**. Phosphorus oxybromide (4.4 mmol, 1.26 g) and **7** (4.0 mmol, 1.17 g) were used to yield **8** as gray solid (1.24 g, 87%). mp. 120–121 °C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.93 (dd, ³*J* = 8.87 Hz, ⁴*J* = 2.08 Hz, 1H); 8.04 (s, 1H); 8.08 (d, ³*J* = 8.87 Hz, 1H); 8.43 (d, ⁴*J* = 2.08 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 120.7 (q, ¹*J* = 275.6 Hz, CF₃); 121.8 (q, ³*J* = 2.20 Hz, CH); 124.7 (C); 129.1 (CH); 129.6 (C); 132.2 (CH); 134.5 (C); 135.4 (CH); 146.2 (C); 147.9 (q, ²*J* = 35.6 Hz, C-CF₃). ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = -67.58. IR (ATR, cm⁻¹): $\tilde{\nu}$ = 3084 (w), 3059 (w), 1743 (w), 1602 (w), 1579 (w), 1547 (m), 1478 (m), 1449 (m), 1335 (m), 1194 (m), 1141 (s), 1094 (m), 1064 (m), 873 (m), 836 (m), 766 (m), 681 (s),

640 (m), 608 (m). MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 357 (M^+ , $2 \times {}^{81}\text{Br}$, 50), 356 (11), 355 (M^+ , $1 \times {}^{79}\text{Br}$, $1 \times {}^{81}\text{Br}$, 50), 353 (M^+ , $2 \times {}^{79}\text{Br}$, 51), 286 (15), 276 (10), 274 (10), 207 (11), 205 (11), 100 (20), 99 (20), 74 (16), 69 (11). HRMS (EI, 70 eV): Calculated for $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_4{}^{79}\text{Br}_2\text{F}_3\text{N}$ (M^+), 352.86571; measured 352.86648. Calculated for $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_4{}^{79}\text{Br}^{81}\text{BrF}_3\text{N}$ (M^+), 354.86366; measured 354.86461.

Synthesis of 3,8-dibromo-2-trifluoromethyl-4-quinolinone (10)

3 (35.0 mmol, 10.22 g) was dissolved in glacial acetic acid (2.5 mL/mmol, 87.5 mL) and bromine (38.5 mmol, 6.15 g) was added slowly. The reaction was heated under reflux for 24 h. After cooling down an orange precipitate was formed. The precipitate was filtered, washed with water, collected and dried to yield **10** as white solid (9.61 g, 74%). The product exists in CDCl_3 as a mixture of keto- and enol-tautomers in a ratio of 84:16. mp. 162–163 °C. ^1H NMR (250 MHz, CDCl_3): δ = 7.35 (pt, 3J = 7.96 Hz, 1H); 7.49 (pt, 3J = 7.96 Hz, enol); 7.94 (dd, 3J = 7.72 Hz, 4J = 1.26 Hz, 1H); 8.12 (dd, 3J = 7.72 Hz, 4J = 1.26 Hz, enol); 8.23 (dd, 3J = 8.35 Hz, 4J = 1.26 Hz, enol); 8.35 (dd, 3J = 8.35 Hz, 4J = 1.26 Hz, 1H); 9.02 (s, 1H, NH, enol). ^{13}C NMR (63 MHz, CDCl_3): δ = 107.6, 111.8 (C); 119.7 (q, 1J = 276.9 Hz, CF_3); 121.9 (C); 124.5 (CH, enol); 126.2, 126.8 (CH); 128.9 (CH, enol); 134.8 (C); 135.1 (CH, enol); 135.7 (q, 2J = 34.2 Hz, C- CF_3); 136.3 (CH); 172.8 (C=O). ^{19}F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl_3): δ = -66.23 (enol); -66.11 (keto). IR (ATR, cm^{-1}): $\tilde{\nu}$ = 3343 (m), 2068 (w), 1941 (w), 1887 (w), 1834 (w), 1731 (w), 1644 (w), 1595 (m), 1558 (m), 1525 (m), 1442 (m), 1392 (m), 1364 (m), 1310 (m), 1248 (m), 1186 (s), 1165 (s), 1135 (s), 1102 (s), 955 (m), 935 (s), 809 (m), 755 (s), 742 (s), 630 (m), 601 (s), 526 (m). MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 373 (M^+ , $2 \times {}^{81}\text{Br}$, 48), 372 (14), 371 (M^+ , $1 \times {}^{79}\text{Br}$, $1 \times {}^{81}\text{Br}$, 100), 369 (M^+ , $2 \times {}^{79}\text{Br}$, 52), 323 (20), 321 (10), 183 (12), 163 (23). HRMS (EI, 70 eV): Calculated for $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_4{}^{79}\text{Br}_2\text{F}_3\text{ON}$ (M^+), 369.86845; measured 369.86856. Calculated for $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_4{}^{79}\text{Br}^{81}\text{BrF}_3\text{ON}$ (M^+), 371.86644; measured 371.86682. Calculated for $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_4{}^{81}\text{Br}_2\text{F}_3\text{ON}$ (M^+), 373.86448; measured 373.86464.

Synthesis of 3,4,8-tribromo-2-trifluoromethylquinoline (11) [34]

11 was synthesized analogously to **4**. Phosphorus oxybromide (4.4 mmol, 1.26 g) and **10** (4.0 mmol, 1.48 g) were used to yield **11** as white solid (1.56 g, 90%). mp. 132–133 °C. ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3): δ = 7.60 (pt, 3J = 8.13 Hz, 1H); 8.17 (dd, 3J = 7.53 Hz, 4J = 0.93 Hz, 1H); 8.27 (dd, 3J = 8.52 Hz, 4J = 0.92 Hz, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3): δ = 118.2 (C); 120.3 (q, 1J = 276.7 Hz, CF_3); 126.4 (C); 127.6 (CH); 130.9 (C); 131.2, 135.1 (CH); 140.1 (C); 141.8 (q, 3J = 1.10 Hz, C-3); 145.8 (q, 2J = 35.0 Hz, C- CF_3). ^{19}F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl_3): δ = -66.15. IR (ATR, cm^{-1}): $\tilde{\nu}$ = 3107 (w), 1972 (w), 1894 (w), 1814 (w), 1714 (w), 1598 (w), 1442 (m), 1379 (m), 1350 (m), 1305 (m), 1290 (m), 1258 (m), 1190 (s), 1129 (s), 1003 (m), 892 (m), 804 (m), 760 (s), 712 (s), 623 (m). MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 437 (M^+ , $3 \times {}^{81}\text{Br}$, 34), 436 (10), 435 (M^+ , $1 \times {}^{79}\text{Br}$, $2 \times {}^{81}\text{Br}$, 94), 434 (11), 433 (M^+ , $2 \times {}^{79}\text{Br}$, $1 \times {}^{81}\text{Br}$, 100), 431 (M^+ , $3 \times {}^{79}\text{Br}$, 35), 364 (10), 354 (13), 285 (21), 283 (11), 194 (18), 99 (15), 69 (15). HRMS (EI, 70 eV): Calculated for $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_3{}^{79}\text{Br}_3\text{F}_3\text{N}$ (M^+),

430.77622; measured 430.77700. Calculated for $C_{10}H_3^{79}Br_2^{81}BrF_3N$ (M^+), 432.77418; measured 432.77443. Calculated for $C_{10}H_3^{79}Br^{81}Br_2F_3N$ (M^+), 434.77213; measured 434.77200. Calculated for $C_{10}H_3^{81}Br_3F_3N$ (M^+), 436.77008; measured 436.77002.

General procedure A for the twofold Sonogashira reaction

4 or **8** (0.5 mmol, 177 mg), $Pd(PPh_3)_4$ (0.0125 mmol, 2.5 mol %, 14.4 mg), copper iodide (0.025 mmol, 5 mol %, 4.8 mg) and corresponding acetylene **5** (1.5 mmol) were dissolved in dioxane (2 mL) and NEt_3 (1 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred at 100 °C for 6 h. After cooling to room temperature, the solution was diluted with water and extracted with ethyl acetate (3×). The crude product **6** or **9** was purified by column chromatography.

General procedure B for the threefold Sonogashira reaction

11 (0.5 mmol, 217 mg), $Pd(PPh_3)_4$ (0.0125 mmol, 2.5 mol %, 14.4 mg), copper iodide (0.025 mmol, 5 mol %, 4.8 mg) and corresponding acetylene **5** (2.0 mmol) were dissolved in dioxane (2 mL) and NEt_3 (1 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred at 100 °C for 24 h. After cooling to room temperature, the solution was diluted with water and extracted with ethyl acetate (3×). The crude product **12** was purified by column chromatography.

4,8-Bis(phenylethynyl)-2-trifluoromethylquinoline (**6a**)

6a was synthesized according to general procedure A using **4** and phenylacetylene (**5a**, 1.5 mmol, 165 μ L) and was purified via column chromatography (heptane/dichloromethane 10:1). Yield: 197 mg (99%). mp. 146–147 °C. 1H NMR (300 MHz, $CDCl_3$): δ = 7.38–7.48 (m, 6H); 7.67–7.74 (m, 5H); 7.94 (s, 1H); 8.08 (dd, 3J = 7.30 Hz, 4J = 1.35 Hz, 1H); 8.39 (dd, 3J = 8.40 Hz, 4J = 1.35 Hz, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, $CDCl_3$): δ = 84.4, 86.3, 97.2, 100.7 (C \equiv C); 119.9 (q, 3J = 2.20 Hz, CH); 121.4 (q, 1J = 275.0 Hz, CF_3); 121.6, 123.3, 124.9 (C); 126.0, 128.4 (CH); 128.5 (C); 128.5, 128.6, 128.7, 129.9, 132.0, 132.1 (CH); 132.4 (C); 134.7 (CH); 147.1 (C); 147.8 (q, 2J = 35.2 Hz, C- CF_3). ^{19}F NMR (282 MHz, $CDCl_3$): δ = -67.56. IR (ATR, cm^{-1}): $\tilde{\nu}$ = 3051 (w), 2923 (w), 2852 (w), 2197 (m), 1958 (w), 1888 (w), 1818 (w), 1740 (w), 1583 (m), 1503 (m), 1461 (m), 1389 (m), 1278 (m), 1171 (m), 1115 (s), 929 (m), 879 (m), 750 (m), 682 (s), 535 (m). MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 398 (26), 397 (M^+ , 100), 329 (14), 328 (50), 327 (10), 326 (15). HRMS (EI, 70 eV): Calculated for $C_{26}H_{14}F_3N$ (M^+), 397.10729; measured 397.10817.

4,8-Bis(4'-tert-butylphenylethynyl)-2-trifluoromethylquinoline (**6b**)

6b was synthesized according to general procedure A using **4** and 4-*tert*-butylphenylacetylene (**5b**, 1.5 mmol, 270 μ L) and was purified via column chromatography (heptane/dichloromethane 10:1). Yield: 234 mg (92%). mp. 159–160 °C. 1H NMR (500 MHz, $CDCl_3$): δ = 1.36 (s, 9H, *t*-Bu); 1.37 (s, 9H, *t*Bu); 7.43 (d, 3J = 8.51 Hz, 2H); 7.47 (d, 3J = 8.51 Hz, 2H); 7.62 (d, 3J = 8.51 Hz, 2H); 7.64 (d, 3J = 8.51 Hz, 2H);

7.70 (pt, $^3J = 7.70$ Hz, 1H); 7.92 (s, 1H); 8.06 (dd, $^3J = 7.25$ Hz, $^4J = 1.26$ Hz, 1H); 8.38 (dd, $^3J = 8.19$ Hz, $^4J = 1.26$ Hz, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3): $\delta = 31.1, 31.2$ (CH_3); 34.9, 35.0 ($\text{C}(\text{Me})_3$); 84.0, 85.8, 97.4, 101.1 ($\text{C}\equiv\text{C}$); 118.6 (C); 119.8 (q, $^3J = 1.80$ Hz, CH); 120.3 (C); 121.5 (q, $^1J = 275.5$ Hz, CF_3); 125.2 (C); 125.4, 125.7, 125.9, 128.5 (CH); 128.6 (C); 131.7, 131.9 (CH); 132.6 (C); 134.5 (CH); 147.1 (C); 147.8 (q, $^2J = 35.1$ Hz, C- CF_3); 151.9, 153.5 (C). ^{19}F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl_3): $\delta = -67.52$. IR (ATR, cm^{-1}): $\tilde{\nu} = 3068$ (w), 2960 (m), 2867 (w), 2203 (m), 1587 (m), 1507 (m), 1462 (m), 1408 (m), 1362 (m), 1279 (m), 1185 (m), 1123 (s), 1105 (s), 1017 (m), 933 (m), 882 (m), 832 (s), 763 (s), 737 (m), 627 (m), 560 (s). MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 510 (24), 509 (M^+ , 66), 495 (35), 494 (100), 478 (20), 464 (14), 240 (15), 211 (10). HRMS (ESI): Calculated for $\text{C}_{34}\text{H}_{30}\text{F}_3\text{N}$ ($[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$), 510.24031; measured 510.24024.

4,8-Bis(4'-cyanophenylethynyl)-2-trifluoromethylquinoline (6c)

6c was synthesized according to general procedure A using **4** and 4-cyanophenylacetylene (**5c**, 1.5 mmol, 191 mg). During aqueous work-up the product precipitates. The solid was filtered and washed with dichloromethane. Product **6c** was insoluble even at high temperatures, thus making an NMR impossible. Yield: 158 mg (71%). mp. 292–293 °C. IR (ATR, cm^{-1}): $\tilde{\nu} = 2974$ (w), 2936 (w), 2674 (w), 2490 (w), 2222 (m), 1603 (m), 1505 (m), 1463 (m), 1409 (m), 1393 (m), 1285 (m), 1182 (m), 1113 (s), 932 (m), 886 (m), 839 (s), 766 (s), 744 (m), 640 (m), 552 (s). MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 448 (32), 447 (M^+ , 100), 379 (15), 378 (52), 376 (11). HRMS (EI, 70 eV): Calculated for $\text{C}_{28}\text{H}_{12}\text{F}_3\text{N}_3$ (M^+), 447.09778; measured 447.09818.

4,8-Bis(4'-fluorophenylethynyl)-2-trifluoromethylquinoline (6d)

6d was synthesized according to general procedure A using **4** and 4-fluorophenylacetylene (**5d**, 1.5 mmol, 180 mg) and was purified via column chromatography (heptane/dichloromethane 10:1). Yield: 188 mg (87%). mp. 159–160 °C. ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3): $\delta = 7.07$ – 7.16 (m, 4H); 7.64– 7.71 (m, 5H); 7.91 (s, 1H); 8.05 (dd, $^3J = 7.18$ Hz, $^4J = 1.32$ Hz, 1H); 8.35 (dd, $^3J = 8.31$ Hz, $^4J = 1.32$ Hz, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3): $\delta = 84.1, 86.0, 96.1, 99.5$ ($\text{C}\equiv\text{C}$); 115.7 (d, $^2J = 22.0$ Hz, CH); 116.2 (d, $^2J = 22.5$ Hz, CH); 117.7 (d, $^4J = 3.30$ Hz, C); 119.3 (d, $^4J = 3.85$ Hz, C); 119.9 (q, $^3J = 1.65$ Hz, CH); 121.4 (q, $^1J = 275.6$ Hz, CF_3); 124.8 (C); 126.0 (CH); 128.4 (C); 128.6 (CH); 132.3 (C); 133.9 (d, $^3J = 8.26$ Hz, CH); 134.1 (d, $^3J = 8.25$ Hz, CH); 134.6 (CH); 147.0 (C); 147.8 (q, $^2J = 35.4$ Hz, C- CF_3); 162.8 (d, $^1J = 249.7$ Hz, CF); 163.4 (d, $^1J = 251.9$ Hz, CF). ^{19}F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl_3): $\delta = -110.27$ (CF); -107.85 (CF); -67.52 (CF_3). IR (ATR, cm^{-1}): $\tilde{\nu} = 3053$ (w), 2217 (w), 2198 (m), 1891 (w), 1824 (w), 1760 (w), 1585 (m), 1507 (s), 1409 (m), 1279 (m), 1222 (s), 1150 (s), 1117 (s), 1094 (s), 933 (m), 879 (m), 830 (s), 765 (m), 748 (m), 649 (m), 530 (s). MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 434 (24), 433 (M^+ , 100), 365 (12), 364 (44). HRMS (EI, 70 eV): Calculated for $\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{12}\text{F}_5\text{N}$ (M^+), 433.08844; measured 433.08898.

4,8-Bis(4'-methoxyphenylethynyl)-2-trifluoromethylquinoline (6e)

6e was synthesized according to general procedure A using **4** and 4-methoxyphenylacetylene (**5e**, 1.5 mmol, 198 mg) and was purified via column chromatography (heptane/dichloromethane 4:1). Yield: 208 mg (91%). mp. 152–153 °C. ^1H NMR (250 MHz, CDCl_3): δ = 3.85 (s, 3H, OMe); 3.87 (s, 3H, OMe); 6.91–6.97 (m, 4H); 7.59–7.71 (m, 5H); 7.88 (s, 1H); 8.02 (dd, 3J = 7.25 Hz, 4J = 1.42 Hz, 1H); 8.34 (dd, 3J = 8.35 Hz, 4J = 1.42 Hz, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (63 MHz, CDCl_3): δ = 55.3, 55.4 (OMe); 83.6, 85.3, 97.3, 101.2 ($\text{C}\equiv\text{C}$); 113.6 (C); 114.0, 114.3 (CH); 115.4 (C); 119.5 (q, 3J = 1.98 Hz, CH); 121.5 (q, 1J = 275.5 Hz, CF_3); 125.2 (C); 125.7, 128.4 (CH); 128.5, 132.7 (C); 133.4, 133.7, 134.2 (CH); 147.0 (C); 147.6 (q, 2J = 35.1 Hz, C- CF_3); 159.9, 160.8 (C). ^{19}F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl_3): δ = -67.51. IR (ATR, cm^{-1}): $\tilde{\nu}$ = 2920 (w), 2846 (w), 2203 (w), 1603 (m), 1565 (m), 1511 (m), 1458 (m), 1409 (m), 1294 (m), 1277 (m), 1248 (m), 1172 (m), 1116 (s), 1026 (s), 896 (m), 831 (s), 763 (s), 641 (m), 533 (s). MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 458 (30), 457 (M^+ , 100), 442 (12), 228 (10).

4,8-Bis(3'-thienylethynyl)-2-trifluoromethylquinoline (6f)

6f was synthesized according to general procedure A using **4** and 3-ethynylthiophene (**5f**, 1.5 mmol, 150 μL) and was purified via column chromatography (heptane/dichloromethane 10:1). Yield: 198 mg (97%). mp. 163–164 °C. ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3): δ = 7.32–7.42 (m, 4H); 7.67–7.76 (m, 3H); 7.90 (s, 1H); 8.05 (dd, 3J = 7.17 Hz, 4J = 1.32 Hz, 1H); 8.35 (dd, 3J = 8.50 Hz, 4J = 1.32 Hz, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3): δ = 84.2, 85.9, 92.2, 95.9 ($\text{C}\equiv\text{C}$); 119.8 (q, 3J = 1.83 Hz, CH); 120.7 (C); 121.4 (q, 1J = 275.6 Hz, CF_3); 122.4, 124.9 (C); 125.3, 125.9, 126.2 (CH); 128.4 (C); 128.5, 129.4, 129.8, 130.1, 131.1 (CH); 132.4 (C); 134.6 (CH); 147.0 (C); 147.8 (q, 2J = 35.2 Hz, C- CF_3). ^{19}F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl_3): δ = -67.52. IR (ATR, cm^{-1}): $\tilde{\nu}$ = 3097 (w), 2922 (w), 2206 (m), 1899 (w), 1829 (w), 1766 (w), 1680 (w), 1587 (m), 1463 (m), 1406 (m), 1376 (m), 1305 (m), 1268 (m), 1170 (m), 1129 (s), 1113 (s), 973 (m), 884 (m), 822 (m), 773 (s), 762 (s), 679 (m), 615 (m), 549 (m). MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 411 (12), 410 (26), 409 (M^+ , 100), 340 (19). HRMS (EI, 70 eV): Calculated for $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{10}\text{S}_2\text{F}_3\text{N}$ (M^+), 409.02013; measured 409.02073.

4,8-Bis(cyclopropylethynyl)-2-trifluoromethylquinoline (6g)

6g was synthesized according to general procedure A using **4** and cyclopropylacetylene (**5g**, 1.5 mmol, 130 μL) and was purified via column chromatography (heptane/dichloromethane 10:1). Yield: 151 mg (93%). mp. 90–91 °C. ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3): δ = 0.94–1.06 (m, 8H); 1.57–1.67 (m, 2H); 7.57 (pt, 3J = 7.84 Hz, 1H); 7.71 (s, 1H); 7.87 (dd, 3J = 7.36 Hz, 4J = 1.32 Hz, 1H); 8.15 (dd, 3J = 8.30 Hz, 4J = 1.32 Hz, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3): δ = 0.57, 0.78 (CH); 8.08, 9.42 (CH_2); 71.5, 72.5, 101.7, 106.3 ($\text{C}\equiv\text{C}$); 119.7 (q, 3J = 1.65 Hz, CH); 121.4 (q, 1J = 275.3 Hz, CF_3); 125.3 (CH); 125.4 (C); 128.2 (CH); 128.9, 133.2 (C); 134.4 (CH); 147.2 (C); 147.5 (q, 2J = 35.0 Hz, C- CF_3). ^{19}F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl_3): δ = -67.57. IR (ATR, cm^{-1}): $\tilde{\nu}$ = 3013 (w), 2924 (w), 2853 (w), 2218 (m), 1741 (w), 1588 (m), 1502 (m), 1466 (m), 1409 (m), 1305

(m), 1270 (m), 1233 (m), 1174 (m), 1127 (s), 1106 (s), 1027 (m), 949 (m), 874 (s), 811 (m), 766 (s), 742 (m), 707 (m), 645 (m). MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 326 (19), 325 (M^+ , 100), 297 (12), 296 (20), 257 (21), 256 (93), 255 (66), 254 (56), 253 (13), 252 (14), 241 (12), 229 (13), 228 (37), 227 (13), 226 (15), 215 (11). HRMS (EI, 70 eV): Calculated for $C_{20}H_{14}F_3N$ (M^+), 325.10729; measured 325.10682.

4,6-Bis(phenylethynyl)-2-trifluoromethylquinoline (9a)

9a was synthesized according to general procedure A using **8** and phenylacetylene (**5a**, 1.5 mmol, 165 μ L) and was purified via column chromatography (heptane/dichloromethane 10:1). Yield: 152 mg (77%). mp. 110–111 °C. 1H NMR (250 MHz, $CDCl_3$): δ = 7.38–7.41 (m, 3H); 7.45–7.46 (m, 3H); 7.60–7.64 (m, 2H); 7.69–7.73 (m, 2H); 7.90 (s, 1H); 7.93 (dd, 3J = 8.82 Hz, 4J = 1.73 Hz, 1H); 8.19 (d, 3J = 8.82 Hz, 1H); 8.53 (d, 4J = 1.73 Hz, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (63 MHz, $CDCl_3$): δ = 84.2, 88.7, 92.5, 101.0 ($C\equiv C$); 119.9 (q, 3J = 1.83 Hz, CH); 121.3 (q, 1J = 275.5 Hz, CF_3); 121.6, 122.6, 124.4, 128.2 (C); 128.5, 128.7, 128.9, 129.9, 130.5 (CH); 131.6 (C); 131.8, 132.1, 133.8 (CH); 146.5 (C); 147.8 (q, 2J = 34.9 Hz, $C-CF_3$). ^{19}F NMR (282 MHz, $CDCl_3$): δ = -67.66. IR (ATR, cm^{-1}): $\tilde{\nu}$ = 3054 (w), 2922 (w), 2851 (w), 2211 (m), 1954 (w), 1876 (w), 1819 (w), 1764 (w), 1578 (m), 1491 (m), 1443 (m), 1392 (m), 1365 (m), 1317 (m), 1278 (m), 1173 (m), 1120 (s), 1093 (s), 918 (m), 888 (m), 844 (m), 752 (s), 684 (s), 542 (m), 526 (m). MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 398 (29), 397 (M^+ , 100), 325 (10). HRMS (EI, 70 eV): Calculated for $C_{26}H_{14}F_3N$ (M^+), 397.10729; measured 397.10747.

4,6-Bis(4'-tert-butylphenylethynyl)-2-trifluoromethylquinoline (9b)

9b was synthesized according to general procedure A using **8** and 4-*tert*-butylphenylacetylene (**5b**, 1.5 mmol, 270 μ L) and was purified via column chromatography (heptane/dichloromethane 10:1). Yield: 215 mg (84%). mp. 94–95 °C. 1H NMR (300 MHz, $CDCl_3$): δ = 1.36 (s, 9H, *t*-Bu); 1.38 (s, 9H, *t*-Bu); 7.42 (d, 3J = 8.49 Hz, 2H); 7.48 (d, 3J = 8.49 Hz, 2H); 7.56 (d, 3J = 8.49 Hz, 2H); 7.66 (d, 3J = 8.49 Hz, 2H); 7.89 (s, 1H); 7.93 (dd, 3J = 8.68 Hz, 4J = 1.89 Hz, 1H); 8.18 (d, 3J = 8.68 Hz, 1H); 8.53 (d, 4J = 1.89 Hz, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (63 MHz, $CDCl_3$): δ = 31.1, 31.2 (CH_3); 34.9, 35.0 ($C(Me)_3$); 83.8, 88.2, 92.8, 101.4 ($C\equiv C$); 118.6, 119.6 (C); 119.7 (q, 3J = 2.27 Hz, CH); 121.3 (q, 1J = 275.4 Hz, CF_3); 124.6 (C); 125.5, 125.7 (CH); 128.3 (C); 128.9, 130.4, 131.6 (CH); 131.8 (C); 131.9, 133.9 (CH); 146.5 (C); 147.7 (q, 2J = 34.8 Hz, $C-CF_3$); 152.3, 153.5 (C). ^{19}F NMR (282 MHz, $CDCl_3$): δ = -67.63. IR (ATR, cm^{-1}): $\tilde{\nu}$ = 2959 (m), 2867 (w), 2207 (m), 1912 (w), 1579 (m), 1505 (m), 1463 (m), 1392 (m), 1363 (m), 1278 (m), 1184 (m), 1132 (s), 1091 (s), 920 (m), 878 (m), 832 (s), 711 (m), 559 (s). MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 510 (34), 509 (M^+ , 94), 495 (35), 494 (100), 438 (11), 240 (23), 211 (18), 57 (19), 41 (20). HRMS (EI, 70 eV): Calculated for $C_{34}H_{30}F_3N$ (M^+), 509.23249; measured 509.23344.

4,6-Bis(4'-cyanophenylethynyl)-2-trifluoromethylquinoline (9c)

9c was synthesized according to general procedure A using **8** and 4-cyanophenylacetylene (**5c**, 1.5 mmol, 191 mg). During aqueous work-up the product precipitates. The solid was filtered and washed with dichloromethane. Product **9c** was insoluble even at high temperatures, thus making an NMR impossible. Yield: 43 mg (20%). mp. 242–243 °C. IR (ATR, cm⁻¹): $\tilde{\nu}$ = 3078 (w), 2226 (m), 1925 (w), 1731 (w), 1673 (w), 1601 (m), 1502 (m), 1396 (m), 1319 (w), 1286 (m), 1173 (m), 1125 (s), 1092 (s), 971 (m), 834 (s), 720 (m), 614 (m), 552 (s). MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 448 (32), 447 (M⁺, 100), 223 (10). HRMS (EI, 70 eV): Calculated for C₂₈H₁₂F₃N₃ (M⁺), 447.09778; measured 447.09839.

4,6-Bis(4'-fluorophenylethynyl)-2-trifluoromethylquinoline (9d)

9d was synthesized according to general procedure A using **8** and 4-fluorophenylacetylene (**5d**, 1.5 mmol, 180 mg) and was purified via column chromatography (heptane/dichloromethane 10:1). Yield: 183 mg (85%). mp. 197–198 °C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.07–7.19 (m, 4H); 7.57–7.61 (m, 2H); 7.67–7.72 (m, 2H); 7.88 (s, 1H); 7.91 (dd, ³ J = 8.88 Hz, ⁴ J = 1.89 Hz, 1H); 8.19 (d, ³ J = 8.88 Hz, 1H); 8.48 (d, ⁴ J = 1.89 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 83.9, 88.4, 91.5, 99.9 (C≡C); 115.9 (d, ² J = 22.0 Hz, CH); 116.2 (d, ² J = 22.5 Hz, CH); 117.7 (d, ⁴ J = 3.85 Hz, C); 118.6 (d, ⁴ J = 3.85 Hz, C); 120.0 (q, ³ J = 2.20 Hz, CH); 121.3 (q, ¹ J = 275.6 Hz, CF₃); 124.3, 128.1 (C); 128.8, 130.7 (CH); 131.5 (C); 133.7 (d, ³ J = 8.80 Hz, CH); 133.8 (CH); 134.2 (d, ³ J = 8.80 Hz, CH); 146.6 (C); 147.9 (q, ² J = 35.2 Hz, C-CF₃); 162.9 (d, ¹ J = 250.8 Hz, CF); 163.5 (d, ¹ J = 252.5 Hz, CF). ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = -109.53 (CF); -107.75 (CF); -67.71 (CF₃). IR (ATR, cm⁻¹): $\tilde{\nu}$ = 3056 (w), 2922 (w), 2852 (w), 2214 (m), 1577 (m), 1508 (s), 1397 (m), 1317 (m), 1278 (m), 1218 (m), 1174 (m), 1134 (s), 1088 (m), 917 (m), 888 (m), 877 (m), 832 (s), 749 (m), 729 (m), 639 (m), 530 (s). MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 434 (28), 433 (M⁺, 100), 361 (8), 216 (8). HRMS (EI, 70 eV): Calculated for C₂₆H₁₂F₅N (M⁺), 433.08844; measured 433.08831.

4,6-Bis(4'-methoxyphenylethynyl)-2-trifluoromethylquinoline (9e)

9e was synthesized according to general procedure A using **8** and 4-methoxyphenylacetylene (**5e**, 1.5 mmol, 198 mg) and was purified via column chromatography (heptane/dichloromethane 4:1). Yield: 192 mg (84%). mp. 131–132 °C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 3.85 (s, 3H, OMe); 3.87 (s, 3H, OMe); 6.92 (d, ³ J = 8.88 Hz, 2H); 6.97 (d, ³ J = 8.88 Hz, 2H); 7.55 (d, ³ J = 8.67 Hz, 2H); 7.65 (d, ³ J = 8.67 Hz, 2H); 7.85 (s, 1H); 7.89 (dd, ³ J = 8.88 Hz, ⁴ J = 1.89 Hz, 1H); 8.15 (d, ³ J = 8.88 Hz, 1H); 8.49 (d, ⁴ J = 1.89 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 55.3, 55.4 (OMe); 83.5, 87.7, 92.7, 101.6 (C≡C); 113.6 (C); 114.1, 114.4 (CH); 114.7 (C); 119.6 (q, ³ J = 2.02 Hz, CH); 121.4 (q, ¹ J = 275.6 Hz, CF₃); 124.6, 128.3 (C); 128.6, 130.4 (CH); 132.0 (C); 133.4, 133.8, 133.9 (CH); 146.5 (C); 147.6 (q, ² J = 34.8 Hz, C-CF₃); 160.1, 160.9 (C). ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = -67.66. IR (ATR, cm⁻¹): $\tilde{\nu}$ = 2934 (w), 2840 (w), 2544 (w), 2202 (m), 2051 (w), 1980 (w), 1891 (w), 1742 (w), 1600 (m), 1573 (m), 1509 (s), 1464 (m), 1392 (m), 1317 (m),

1293 (m), 1276 (m), 1247 (s), 1169 (s), 1132 (s), 1089 (s), 1022 (s), 917 (m), 889 (m), 871 (m), 825 (s), 728 (m), 615 (m), 531 (s). MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 458 (31), 457 (M^+ , 100), 229 (11). HRMS (EI, 70 eV): Calculated for $C_{28}H_{18}F_3O_2N$ (M^+), 457.12841; measured 457.12837.

4,6-Bis(3'-thienylethynyl)-2-trifluoromethylquinoline (9f)

9f was synthesized according to general procedure A using **8** and 3-ethynylthiophene (**5f**, 1.5 mmol, 150 μ L) and was purified via column chromatography (heptane/dichloromethane 10:1). Yield: 174 mg (85%). mp. 157–158 °C. 1H NMR (300 MHz, $CDCl_3$): δ = 7.26–7.42 (m, 4H); 7.64 (dd, 4J = 3.02 Hz, 4J = 1.32 Hz, 1H); 7.79 (dd, 4J = 3.02 Hz, 4J = 1.32 Hz, 1H); 7.87 (s, 1H); 7.90 (dd, 3J = 8.67 Hz, 4J = 1.89 Hz, 1H); 8.17 (d, 3J = 8.67 Hz, 1H); 8.49 (d, 4J = 1.89 Hz, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (63 MHz, $CDCl_3$): δ = 83.9, 87.7, 88.3, 96.2 (C \equiv C); 119.8 (q, 3J = 2.14 Hz, CH); 120.7 (C); 121.3 (q, 1J = 275.1 Hz, CF_3); 121.6, 124.3 (C); 125.7, 126.1 (CH); 128.2 (C); 128.8, 129.7, 129.8, 129.9, 130.5, 131.2 (CH); 131.7 (C); 133.7 (CH); 146.5 (C); 147.8 (q, 2J = 35.2 Hz, C- CF_3). ^{19}F NMR (282 MHz, $CDCl_3$): δ = -67.68. IR (ATR, cm^{-1}): $\tilde{\nu}$ = 3100 (w), 2922 (w), 2200 (m), 1959 (w), 1760 (w), 1578 (m), 1490 (m), 1362 (m), 1317 (m), 1266 (m), 1174 (m), 1123 (s), 1093 (s), 944 (m), 883 (m), 846 (m), 778 (s), 716 (m), 620 (s), 555 (m). MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 411 (12), 410 (26), 409 (M^+ , 100). HRMS (EI, 70 eV): Calculated for $C_{22}H_{10}S_2F_3N$ (M^+), 409.02013; measured 409.01962.

4,6-Bis(cyclopropylethynyl)-2-trifluoromethylquinoline (9g)

9g was synthesized according to general procedure A using **8** and cyclopropylacetylene (**5g**, 1.5 mmol, 130 μ L) and was purified via column chromatography (heptane/dichloromethane 10:1). Yield: 132 mg (81%). mp. 103–104 °C. 1H NMR (300 MHz, $CDCl_3$): δ = 0.88–0.96 (m, 4H); 0.99–1.07 (m, 4H); 1.49–1.57 (m, 1H); 1.60–1.69 (m, 1H); 7.68 (s, 1H); 7.72 (dd, 3J = 8.70 Hz, 4J = 1.89 Hz, 1H); 8.05 (d, 3J = 8.70 Hz, 1H); 8.24 (d, 4J = 1.89 Hz, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, $CDCl_3$): δ = 0.34, 0.68 (CH); 8.86, 9.49 (CH₂); 71.4, 75.5, 96.9, 106.7 (C \equiv C); 119.7 (q, 3J = 2.38 Hz, CH); 121.4 (q, 1J = 275.2 Hz, CF_3); 124.8, 128.7 (C); 128.7, 130.2 (CH); 132.3 (C); 133.9 (CH); 146.2 (C); 147.4 (q, 2J = 34.7 Hz, C- CF_3). ^{19}F NMR (282 MHz, $CDCl_3$): δ = -67.75. IR (ATR, cm^{-1}): $\tilde{\nu}$ = 3013 (w), 2224 (m), 1580 (m), 1491 (m), 1403 (m), 1342 (m), 1316 (m), 1257 (m), 1131 (s), 1090 (m), 1029 (m), 976 (m), 900 (m), 876 (s), 842 (m), 810 (m), 689 (m). MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 326 (22), 325 (M^+ , 100), 289 (10), 240 (19). HRMS (EI, 70 eV): Calculated for $C_{20}H_{14}F_3N$ (M^+), 325.10729; measured 325.10708.

3,4,8-Tris(phenylethynyl)-2-trifluoromethylquinoline (12a)

12a was synthesized according to general procedure B using **11** and phenylacetylene (**5a**, 2.0 mmol, 220 μ L) and was purified via column chromatography (heptane/dichloromethane 15:1). Yield: 187 mg (75%). mp. 126–127 °C. 1H NMR (300 MHz, $CDCl_3$): δ = 7.38–7.47 (m, 9H); 7.63–7.74 (m, 7H); 8.01 (dd, 3J = 7.18 Hz, 4J = 1.13 Hz, 1H); 8.34 (dd, 3J = 8.31 Hz, 4J = 1.13 Hz, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, $CDCl_3$): δ =

83.4, 84.3, 86.1, 97.3, 101.5, 105.1 (C≡C); 116.9 (C); 121.2 (q, $^1J = 276.5$ Hz, CF₃); 121.9, 122.5, 123.2, 125.0 (C); 126.0 (CH); 127.7 (C); 128.4, 128.5, 128.7, 129.2, 129.3, 129.9, 131.8, 132.0, 132.1, 134.5 (CH); 137.7, 144.3 (C); 147.2 (q, $^2J = 33.5$ Hz, C-CF₃). ^{19}F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = -66.36$. IR (ATR, cm⁻¹): $\tilde{\nu} = 3052$ (w), 2923 (w), 2852 (w), 2203 (w), 1955 (w), 1882 (w), 1732 (w), 1672 (w), 1595 (m), 1493 (s), 1468 (m), 1441 (m), 1332 (m), 1294 (m), 1186 (m), 1114 (s), 1068 (m), 1008 (m), 931 (m), 750 (s), 684 (s), 513 (s). MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 498 (36), 497 (M⁺, 100), 428 (10), 426 (13). HRMS (EI, 70 eV): Calculated for C₃₄H₁₈F₃N (M⁺), 497.13859; measured 497.13817.

3,4,8-Tris(4'-*tert*-butylphenylethynyl)-2-trifluoromethylquinoline (12b)

12b was synthesized according to general procedure B using **11** and 4-*tert*-butylphenylacetylene (**5b**, 2.0 mmol, 360 μL) and was purified via column chromatography (heptane/dichloromethane 15:1). Yield: 230 mg (70%). mp. 175–176 °C. ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 1.36$ (s, 18H, 2x *t*-Bu); 1.38 (s, 9H, *t*-Bu); 7.42–7.48 (m, 6H); 7.59–7.69 (m, 7H); 8.00 (dd, $^3J = 7.17$ Hz, $^4J = 1.13$ Hz, 1H); 8.34 (dd, $^3J = 8.31$ Hz, $^4J = 1.13$ Hz, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 31.1, 31.2, 31.3$ (CH₃); 34.9, 35.0, 35.1 (C(Me)₃); 82.9, 84.0, 85.6, 97.5, 101.7, 105.5 (C≡C); 117.0, 119.0, 119.6, 120.7 (C); 121.3 (q, $^1J = 276.7$ Hz, CF₃); 125.2 (C); 125.4, 125.5, 125.7, 125.8 (CH); 127.9 (C); 129.1, 131.6, 131.7, 131.9, 134.3 (CH); 134.8, 144.3 (C); 147.3 (q, $^2J = 33.4$ Hz, C-CF₃); 152.0, 152.7, 153.5 (C). ^{19}F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = -66.41$. IR (ATR, cm⁻¹): $\tilde{\nu} = 2961$ (m), 2204 (m), 1901 (w), 1603 (w), 1554 (w), 1514 (m), 1467 (m), 1363 (m), 1266 (m), 1181 (s), 1128 (s), 1016 (m), 1006 (m), 936 (m), 830 (s), 773 (s), 705 (m), 627 (m), 557 (s). MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 667 (18), 666 (65), 665 (M⁺, 100), 651 (30), 650 (70), 318 (10). HRMS (EI, 70 eV): Calculated for C₄₆H₄₂F₃N (M⁺), 665.32639; measured 665.32484.

3,4,8-Tris(4'-cyanophenylethynyl)-2-trifluoromethylquinoline (12c)

12c was synthesized according to general procedure B using **11** and 4-cyanophenylacetylene (**5c**, 2.0 mmol, 254 mg). During aqueous work-up the product precipitates. The solid was filtered and washed with dichloromethane. Product **12c** was insoluble even at high temperatures, thus making an NMR impossible. Yield: 186 mg (65%). mp. 307–308 °C. IR (ATR, cm⁻¹): $\tilde{\nu} = 3091$ (w), 2935 (w), 2674 (w), 2490 (w), 2223 (s), 1918 (w), 1740 (w), 1601 (s), 1500 (m), 1391 (m), 1334 (m), 1301 (m), 1254 (m), 1185 (s), 1124 (s), 1008 (m), 933 (m), 834 (s), 771 (s), 725 (m), 639 (m), 550 (s). MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 573 (26), 572 (M⁺, 67), 527 (13), 525 (13), 447 (18), 444 (25), 443 (100), 429 (16), 308 (10), 256 (13), 229 (15), 185 (17), 183 (20), 152 (17). HRMS (EI, 70 eV): Calculated for C₃₇H₁₅F₃N₄ ([M+H]⁺), 573.13216; measured 573.13294.

3,4,8-Tris(4'-fluorophenylethynyl)-2-trifluoromethylquinoline (12d)

12d was synthesized according to general procedure B using **11** and 4-fluorophenylacetylene (**5d**, 2.0 mmol, 240 mg) and was purified via column chromatography (heptane/dichloromethane 15:1).

Yield: 175 mg (64%). mp. 190–191 °C. ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3): δ = 7.06–7.14 (m, 6H); 7.54–7.67 (m, 7H); 7.94 (dd, 3J = 7.18 Hz, 4J = 1.32 Hz, 1H); 8.22 (dd, 3J = 8.31 Hz, 4J = 1.32 Hz, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3): δ = 83.0, 84.0, 85.4, 96.3, 100.3, 103.9 ($\text{C}\equiv\text{C}$); 115.7 (d, 2J = 22.0 Hz, CH); 116.0 (d, 2J = 22.0 Hz, CH); 116.2 (d, 2J = 22.5 Hz, CH); 116.7 (C); 117.9 (d, 4J = 3.85 Hz, C); 118.5 (d, 4J = 3.85 Hz, C); 119.3 (d, 4J = 3.30 Hz, C); 121.2 (q, 1J = 276.7 Hz, CF_3); 124.9 (C); 125.8 (CH); 127.6 (C); 129.2 (CH); 133.7 (d, 3J = 8.25 Hz, CH); 133.9 (d, 3J = 8.80 Hz, CH); 134.0 (d, 3J = 8.80 Hz, CH); 134.4 (CH); 134.5, 144.2 (C); 147.1 (q, 2J = 33.3 Hz, C- CF_3); 162.8 (d, 1J = 250.3 Hz, CF); 163.2 (d, 1J = 251.4 Hz, CF); 163.5 (d, 1J = 252.5 Hz, CF). ^{19}F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl_3): δ = -110.08 (CF); -108.62 (CF); -107.49 (CF); -66.41 (CF_3). IR (ATR, cm^{-1}): $\tilde{\nu}$ = 3053 (w), 2925 (w), 2560 (w), 2206 (m), 1888 (w), 1598 (m), 1551 (w), 1505 (s), 1333 (m), 1222 (s), 1191 (m), 1151 (s), 1114 (s), 1090 (m), 1011 (m), 933 (m), 827 (s), 800 (m), 768 (s), 740 (m), 689 (m), 600 (m), 526 (s). MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 552 (38), 551 (M^+ , 100), 480 (10), 275 (10). HRMS (EI, 70 eV): Calculated for $\text{C}_{34}\text{H}_{15}\text{F}_6\text{N}$ (M^+), 551.11032; measured 551.11194.

3,4,8-Tris(4'-methoxyphenylethynyl)-2-trifluoromethylquinoline (12e)

12e was synthesized according to general procedure B using **11** and 4-methoxyphenylacetylene (**5e**, 2.0 mmol, 264 mg) and was purified via column chromatography (heptane/dichloromethane 2:1). Yield: 204 mg (70%). mp. 119–120 °C. ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3): δ = 3.85 (s, 6H, 2x OMe); 3.86 (s, 3H, OMe); 6.90–6.94 (m, 6H); 7.54–7.68 (m, 7H); 7.94 (dd, 3J = 7.38 Hz, 4J = 1.32 Hz, 1H); 8.28 (dd, 3J = 8.31 Hz, 4J = 1.32 Hz, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3): δ = 55.2, 55.3, 55.4 (OMe); 82.6, 83.8, 85.2, 97.4, 101.5, 105.6 ($\text{C}\equiv\text{C}$); 114.0, 114.2, 114.3 (CH); 114.7, 115.4, 116.9 (C); 121.4 (q, 1J = 276.7 Hz, CF_3); 125.2 (C); 125.6 (CH); 127.8 (C); 128.9, 133.4, 133.5, 133.7, 133.8 (CH); 134.6, 144.1 (C); 147.0 (q, 2J = 33.6 Hz, C- CF_3); 159.9, 160.4, 160.9 (C). ^{19}F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl_3): δ = -66.42. IR (ATR, cm^{-1}): $\tilde{\nu}$ = 3063 (w), 3004 (w), 2931 (w), 2837 (w), 2542 (w), 2199 (m), 2050 (w), 1886 (w), 1602 (m), 1566 (w), 1509 (s), 1455 (m), 1440 (m), 1415 (w), 1363 (w), 1334 (w), 1291 (m), 1247 (s), 1168 (m), 1130 (s), 1029 (s), 934 (m), 824 (s), 768 (s), 739 (m), 689 (m), 640 (m), 530 (s). MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 589 (30), 588 (63), 587 (M^+ , 100), 457 (10), 149 (11), 99 (20), 97 (15), 85 (12), 83 (14), 71 (18), 69 (19), 57 (32), 56 (11), 55 (19), 44 (81), 43 (19), 41 (17). HRMS (EI, 70 eV): Calculated for $\text{C}_{37}\text{H}_{24}\text{F}_3\text{O}_3\text{N}$ (M^+), 587.17028; measured 587.17191.

3,4,8-Tris(3'-thienylethynyl)-2-trifluoromethylquinoline (12f)

12f was synthesized according to general procedure B using **11** and 3-ethynylthiophene (**5f**, 2.0 mmol, 200 μL) and was purified via column chromatography (heptane/dichloromethane 15:1). Yield: 181 mg (70%). mp. 155–156 °C. ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3): δ = 7.27–7.41 (m, 6H); 7.65–7.76 (m, 4H); 7.98 (dd, 3J = 7.17 Hz, 4J = 1.32 Hz, 1H); 8.28 (dd, 3J = 8.31 Hz, 4J = 1.32 Hz, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (63 MHz, CDCl_3): δ = 82.9, 84.1, 85.7, 92.4, 96.6, 100.3 ($\text{C}\equiv\text{C}$); 116.9, 121.1 (C); 121.2 (q, 1J = 276.4 Hz, CF_3); 121.7, 122.3,

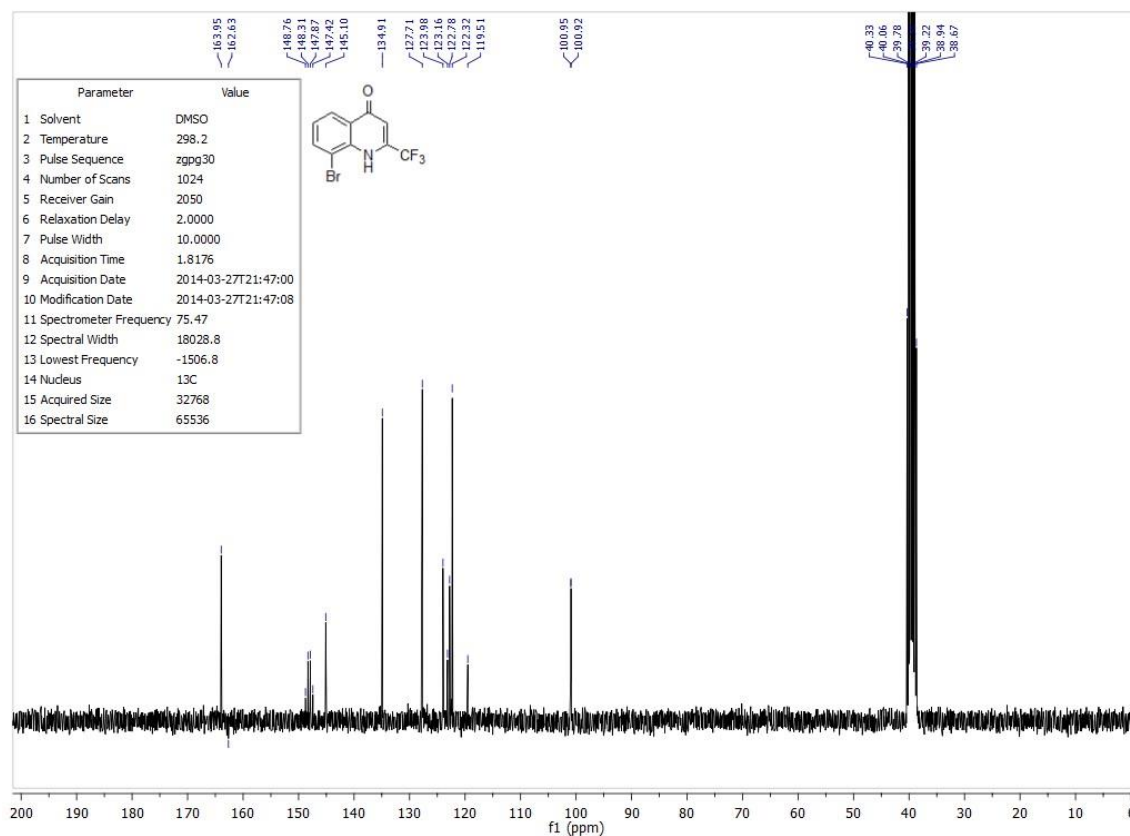
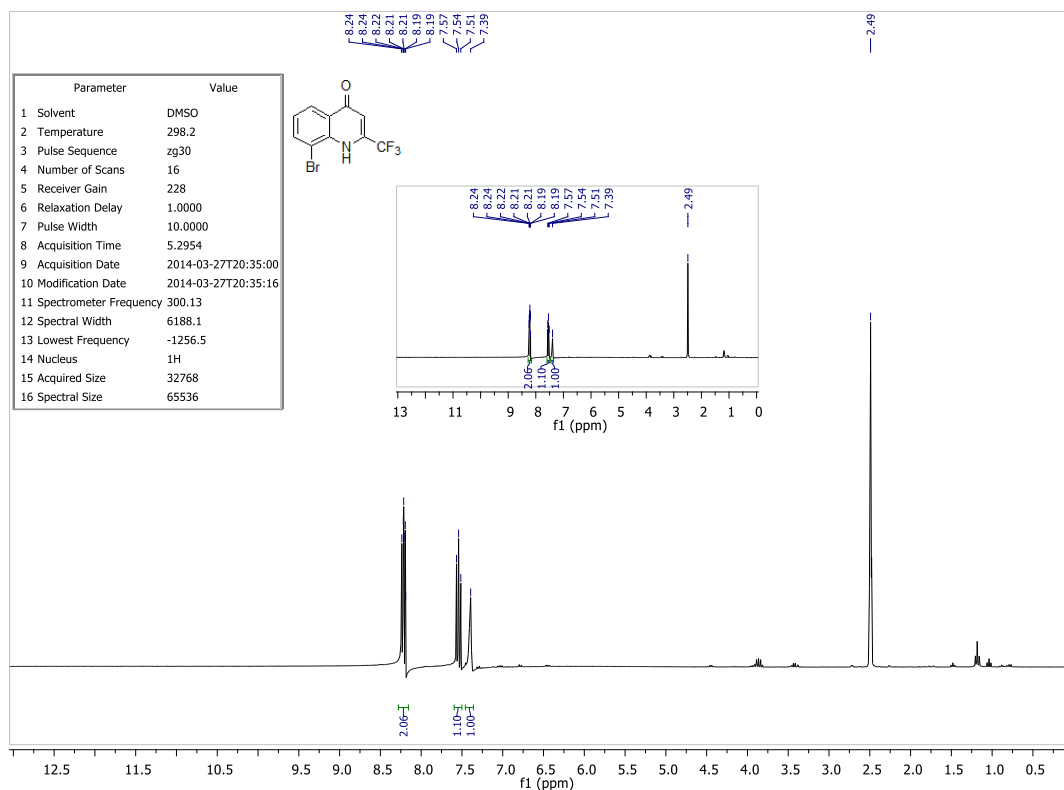
124.6 (C); 125.4, 125.9, 126.2 (CH); 127.7 (C); 129.1, 129.5, 129.7, 129.8, 130.1, 130.2, 131.1, 134.4 (CH); 134.7, 144.2 (C); 146.8 (q, $^2J = 33.4$ Hz, C-CF₃). ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = -66.43$. IR (ATR, cm⁻¹): $\tilde{\nu} = 3106$ (w), 2922 (m), 2207 (m), 1524 (w), 1470 (m), 1369 (m), 1296 (m), 1177 (m), 1124 (s), 1078 (m), 972 (m), 868 (m), 779 (s), 769 (s), 687 (m), 620 (s), 554 (m). MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 517 (18), 516 (32), 515 (M⁺, 100). HRMS (ESI): Calculated for C₂₈H₁₂S₃F₃N ([M+H]⁺), 516.01567; measured 516.01564.

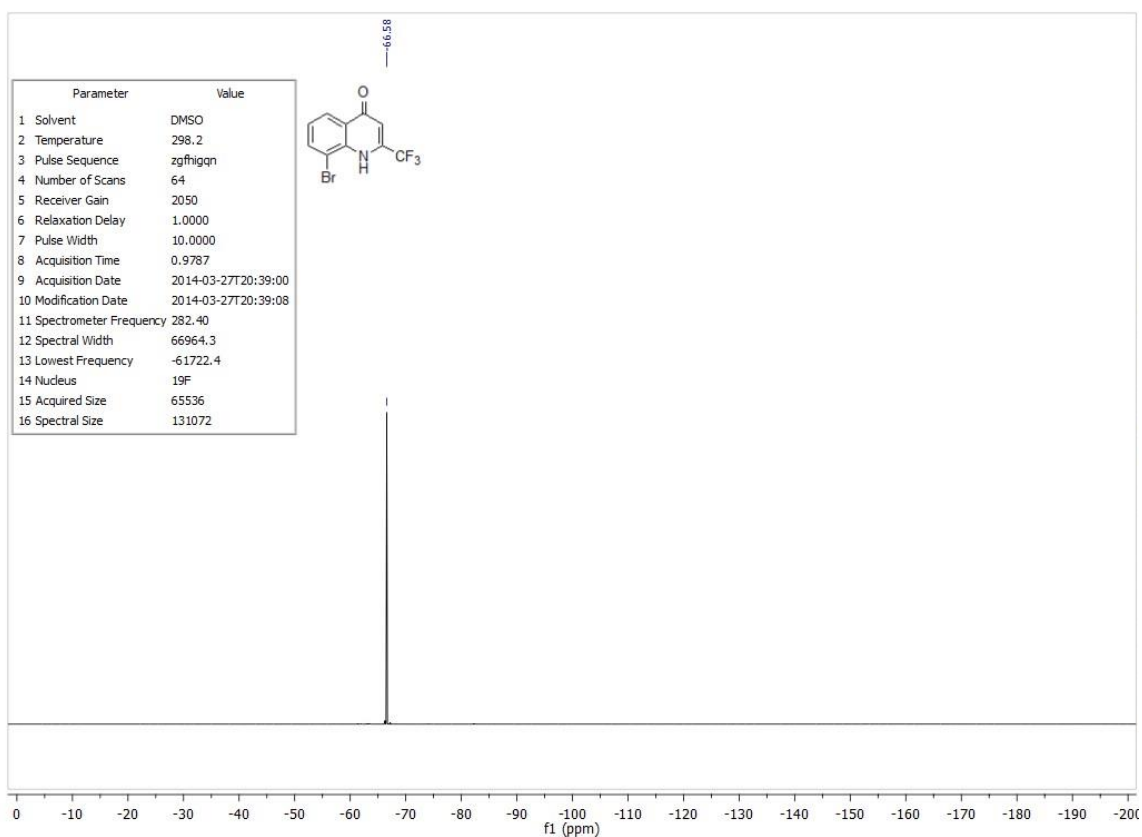
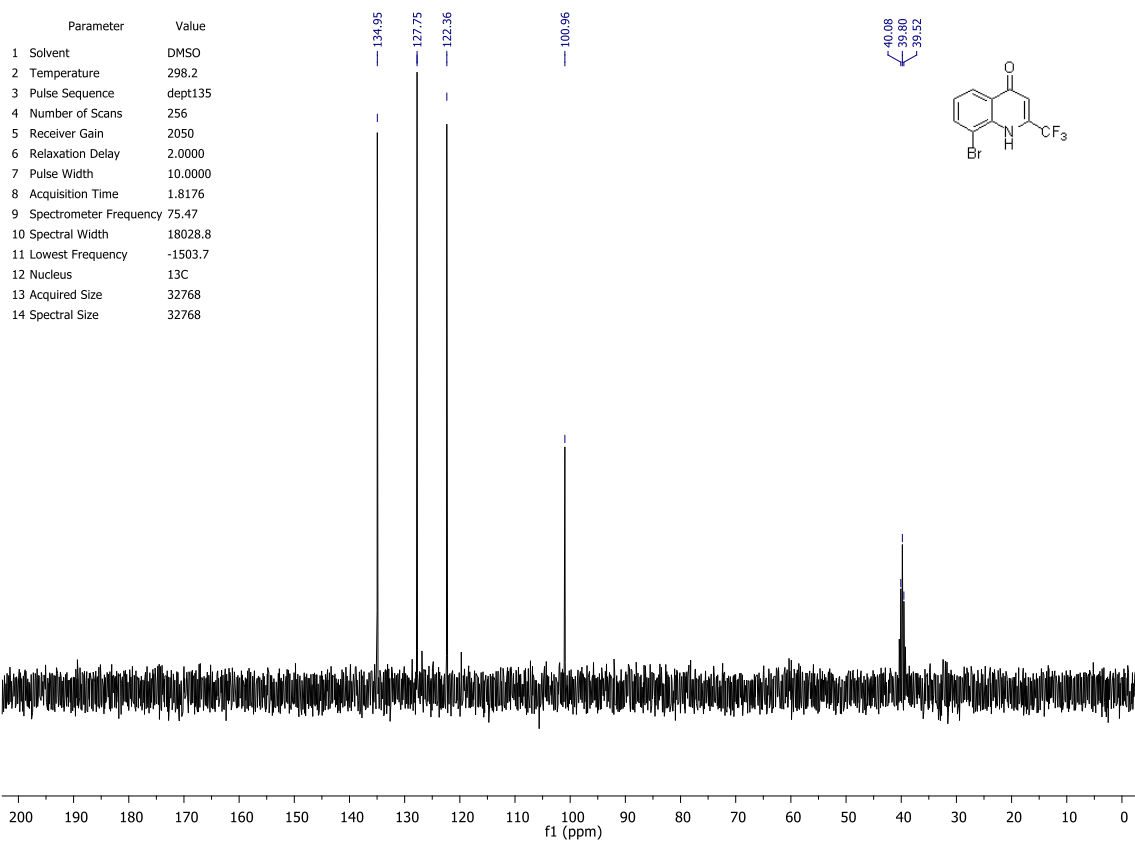
3,4,8-Tris(cyclopropylethynyl)-2-trifluoromethylquinoline (12g)

12g was synthesized according to general procedure B using **11** and cyclopropylacetylene (**5g**, 2.0 mmol, 170 μ L) and was purified via column chromatography (heptane/dichloromethane 15:1). Yield: 132 mg (68%). mp. 120–121 °C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 0.91$ – 1.12 (m, 12H); 1.54 – 1.72 (m, 3H); 7.53 (pt, $^3J = 7.84$ Hz, 1H); 7.79 (dd, $^3J = 7.36$ Hz, $^4J = 1.32$ Hz, 1H); 8.08 (dd, $^3J = 8.31$ Hz, $^4J = 1.32$ Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (63 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 0.76$, 0.92, 1.00 (CH); 9.08, 9.27, 9.92 (CH₂); 69.7, 71.3, 72.4, 101.8, 105.9, 101.4 (C \equiv C); 117.3 (C); 121.2 (q, $^1J = 276.6$ Hz, CF₃); 125.2 (CH); 125.3, 128.2 (C); 128.6, 134.0 (CH); 135.5, 144.1 (C); 147.3 (q, $^2J = 32.9$ Hz, C-CF₃). ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = -66.71$. IR (ATR, cm⁻¹): $\tilde{\nu} = 3095$ (w), 3010 (w), 2923 (w), 2852 (w), 2219 (m), 1590 (w), 1474 (m), 1368 (m), 1294 (m), 1206 (m), 1162 (m), 1120 (s), 1028 (m), 947 (m), 873 (m), 811 (m), 769 (s), 692 (m), 565 (m). MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 390 (27), 389 (M⁺, 100), 388 (18), 321 (19), 320 (65), 319 (19), 318 (24), 317 (14), 316 (12), 305 (16), 304 (43), 303 (28), 302 (23), 292 (16), 291 (25), 290 (25), 289 (21), 279 (19), 278 (37), 277 (10), 276 (10), 265 (12), 263 (10), 145 (15). HRMS (ESI): Calculated for C₂₅H₁₈F₃N ([M+H]⁺), 390.14641; measured 390.14629.

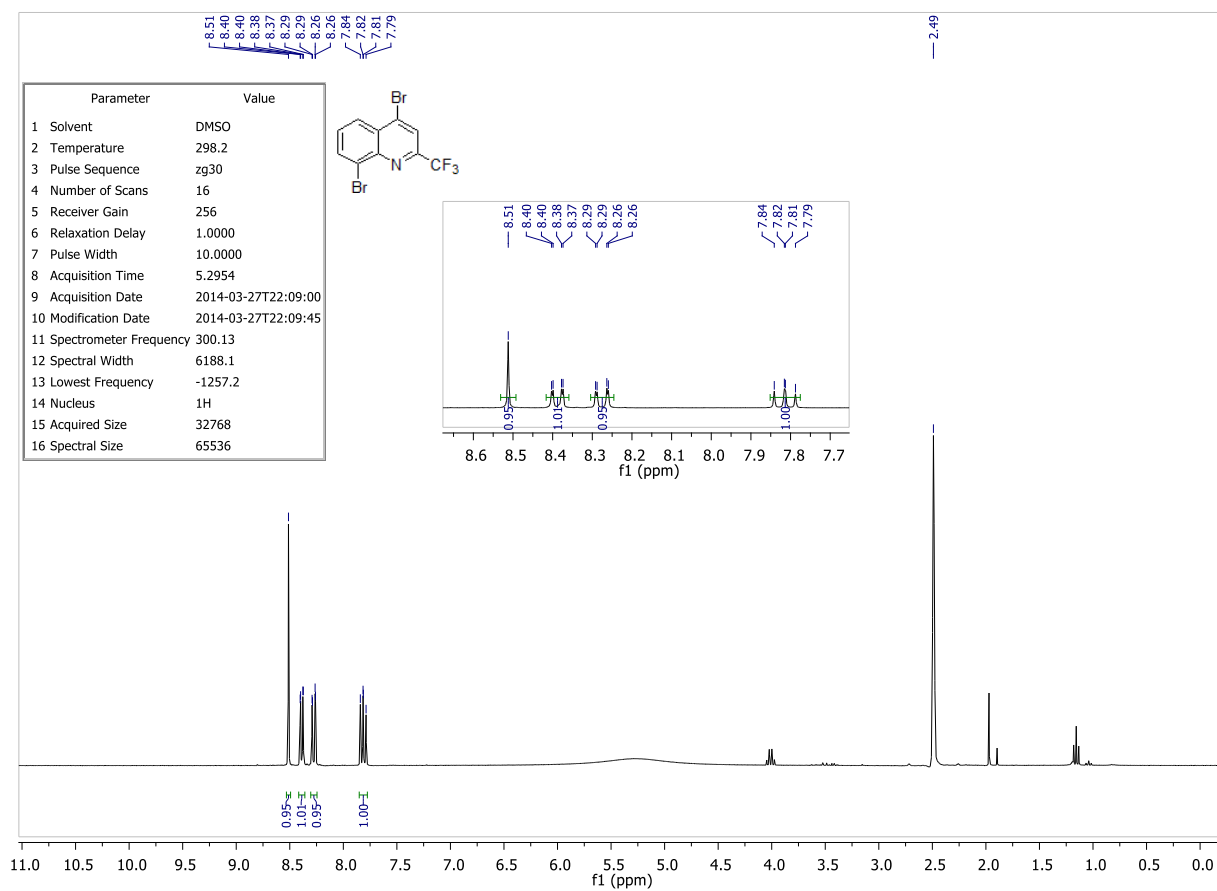
4. NMR-Spectra (^1H -, ^{13}C -, dept, and ^{19}F -NMR)
 (The spectra are listed in the order ^1H -NMR, ^{13}C -NMR, dept, and lastly ^{19}F -NMR.)

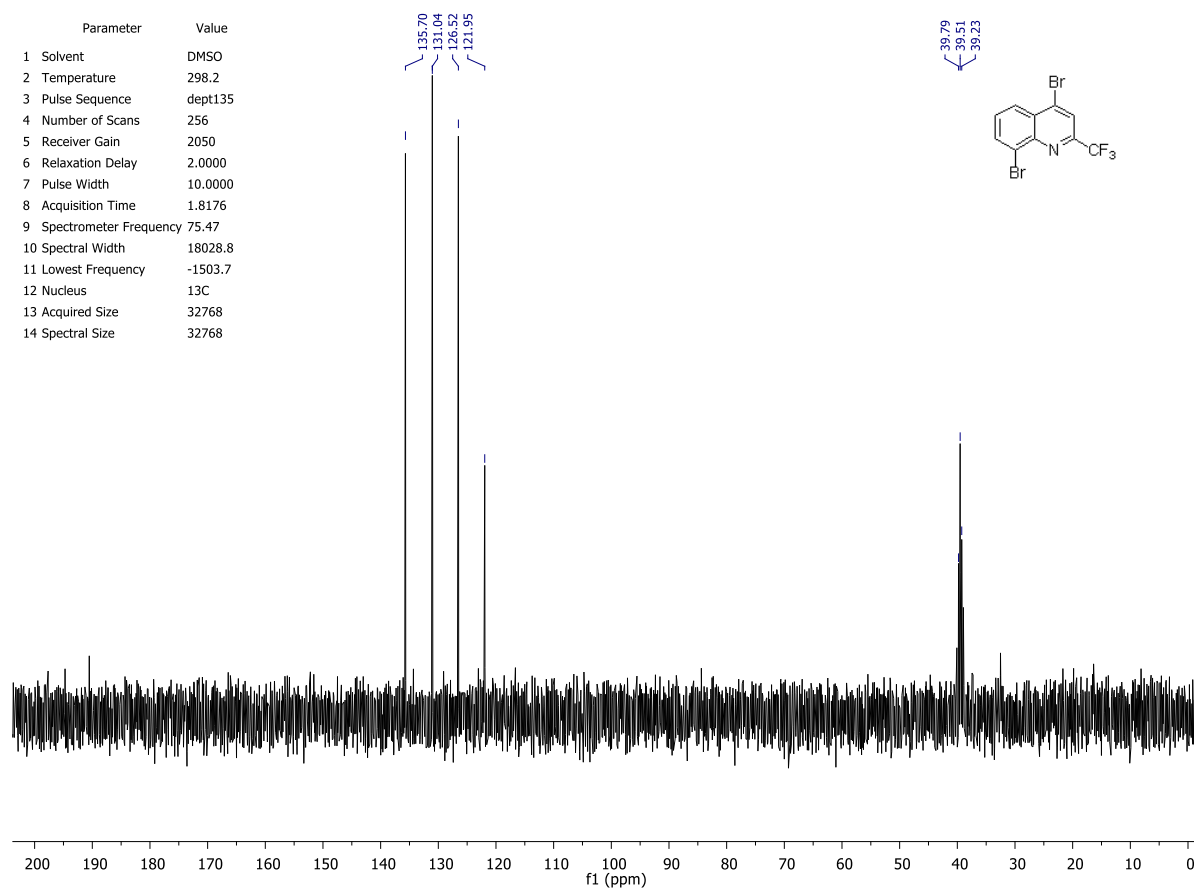
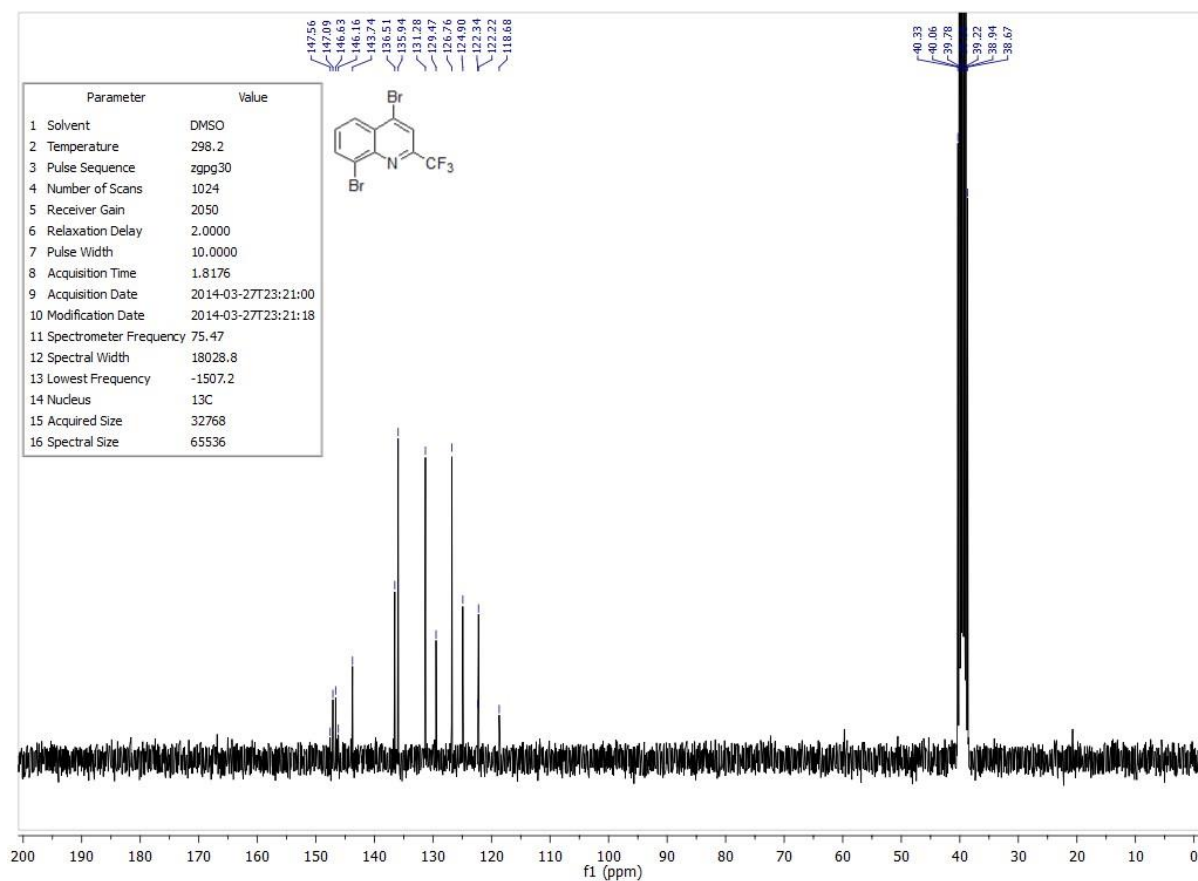
3 - 8-Bromo-2-trifluoromethyl-4-quinolinone

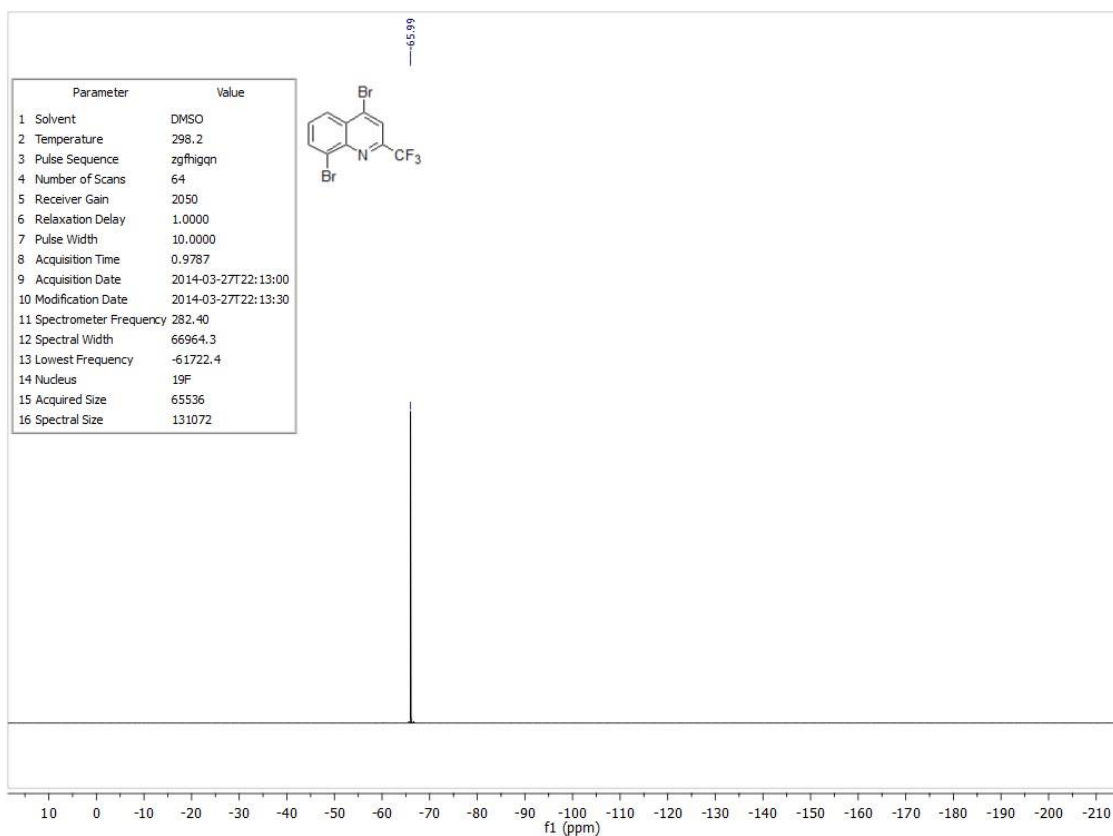




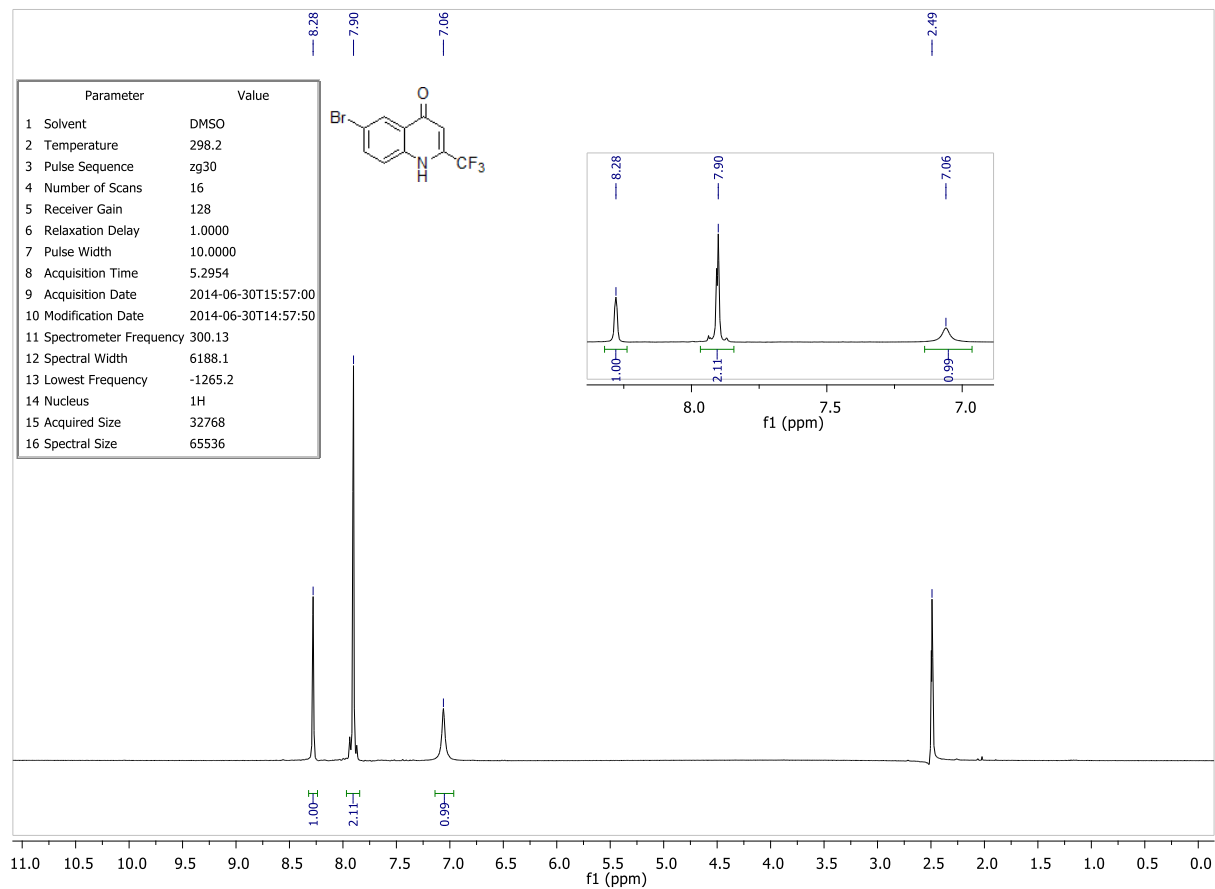
4 - 4,8-Dibromo-2-trifluoromethylquinoline

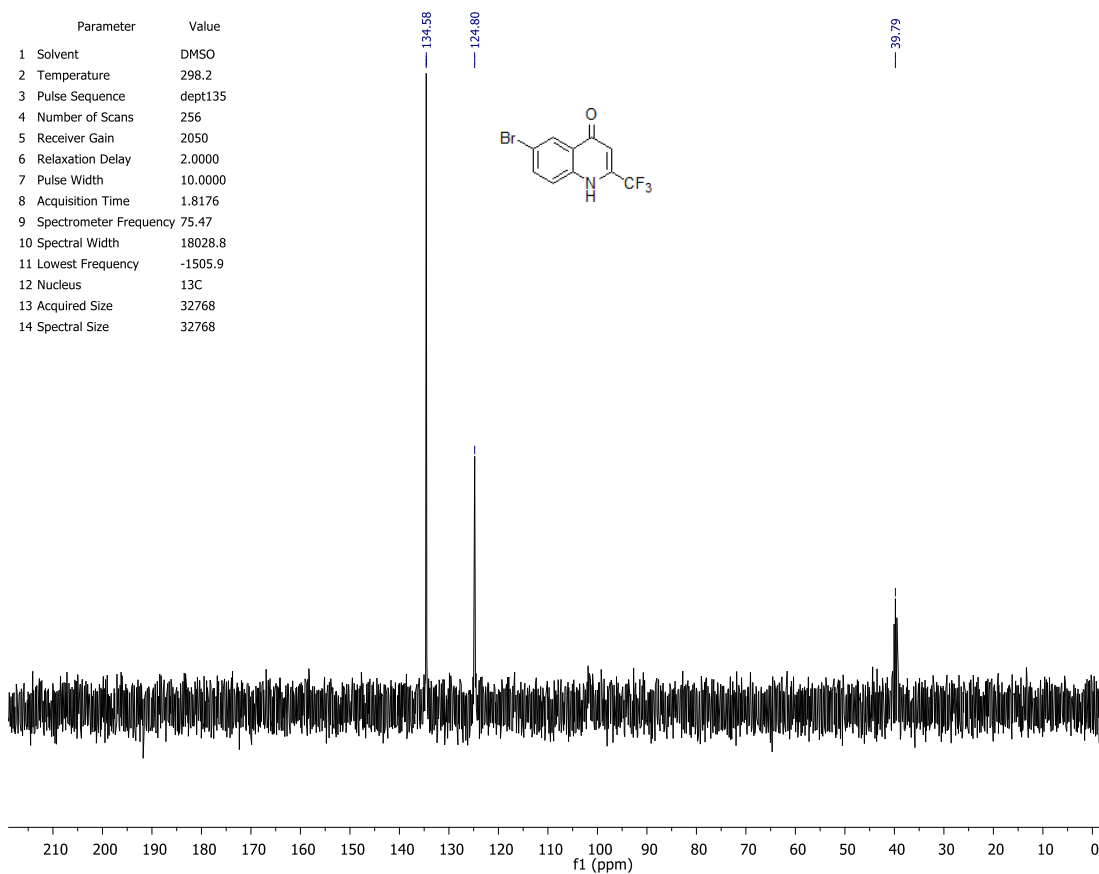
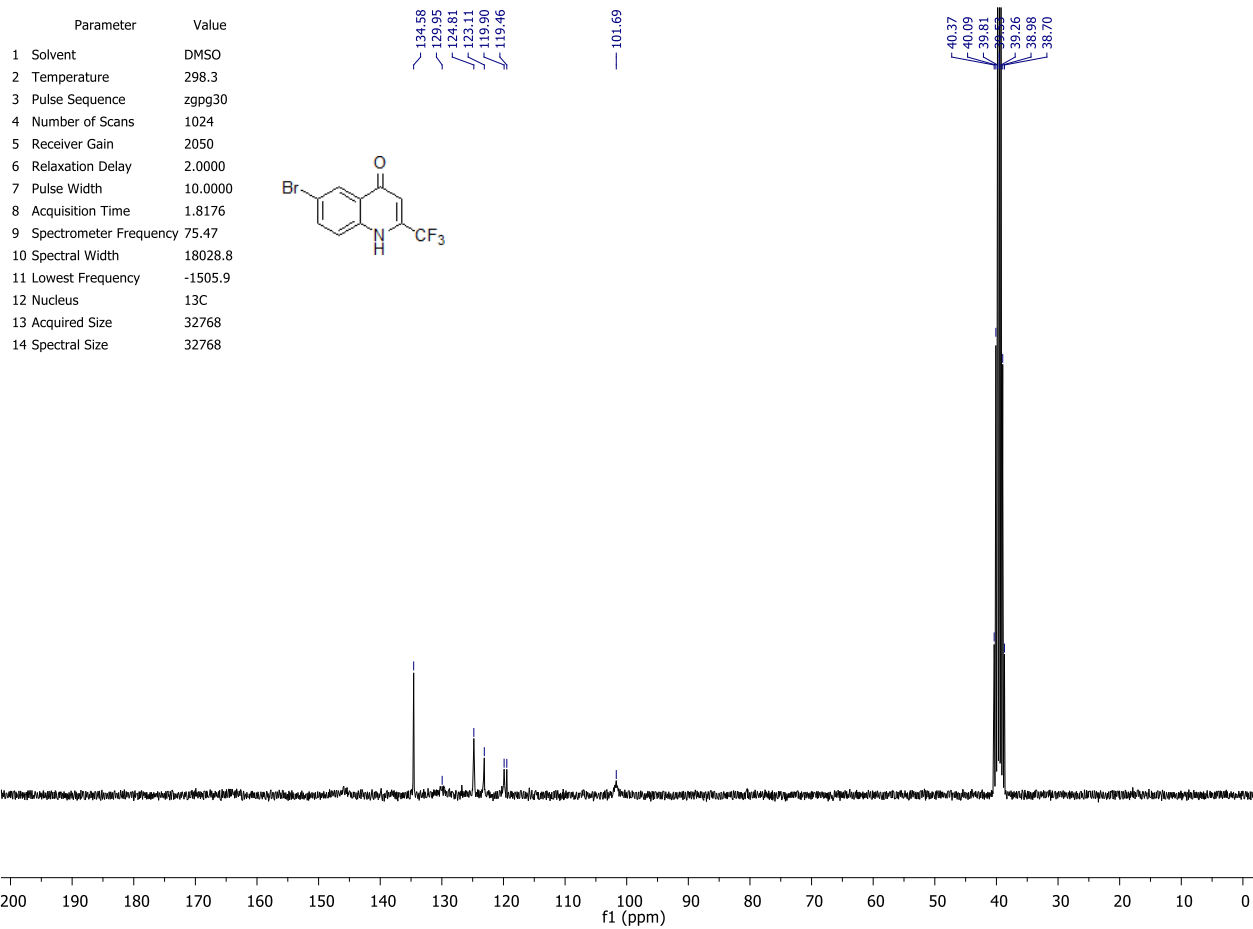


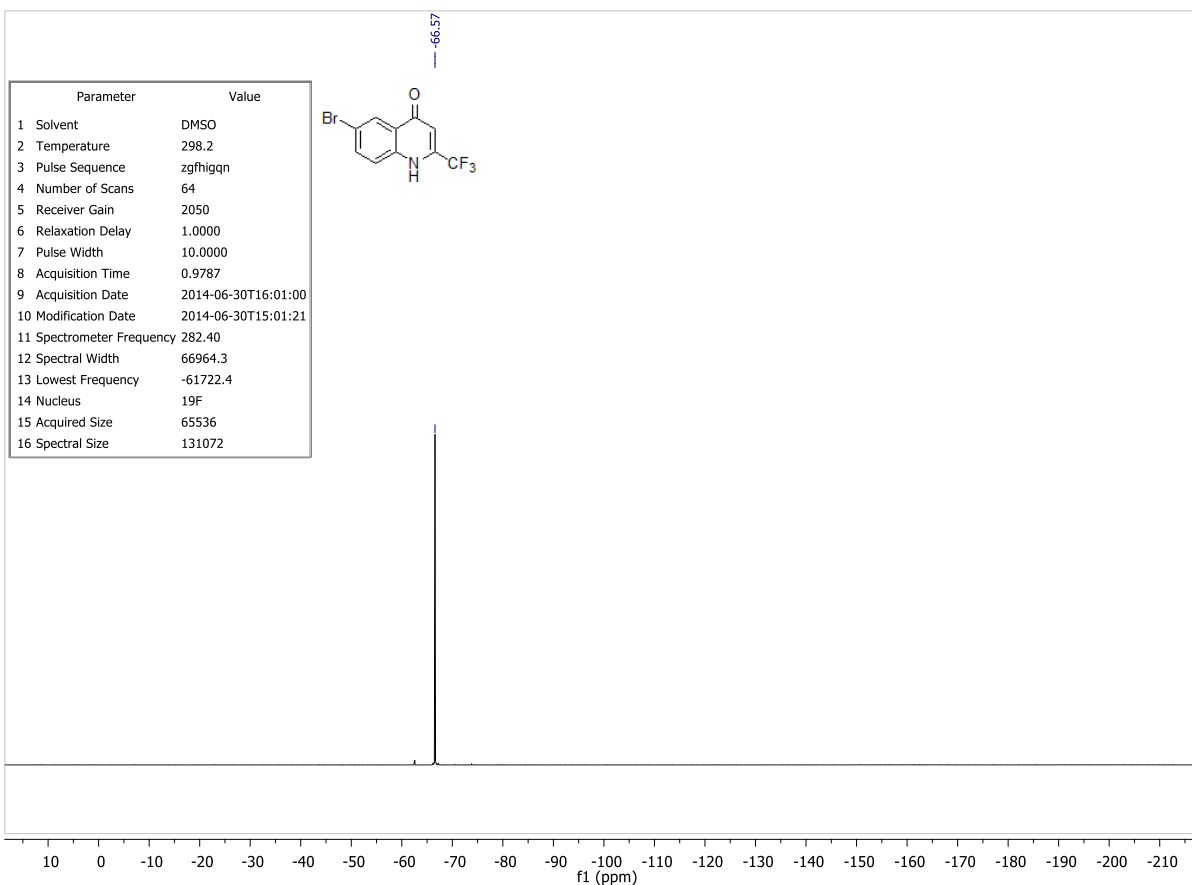




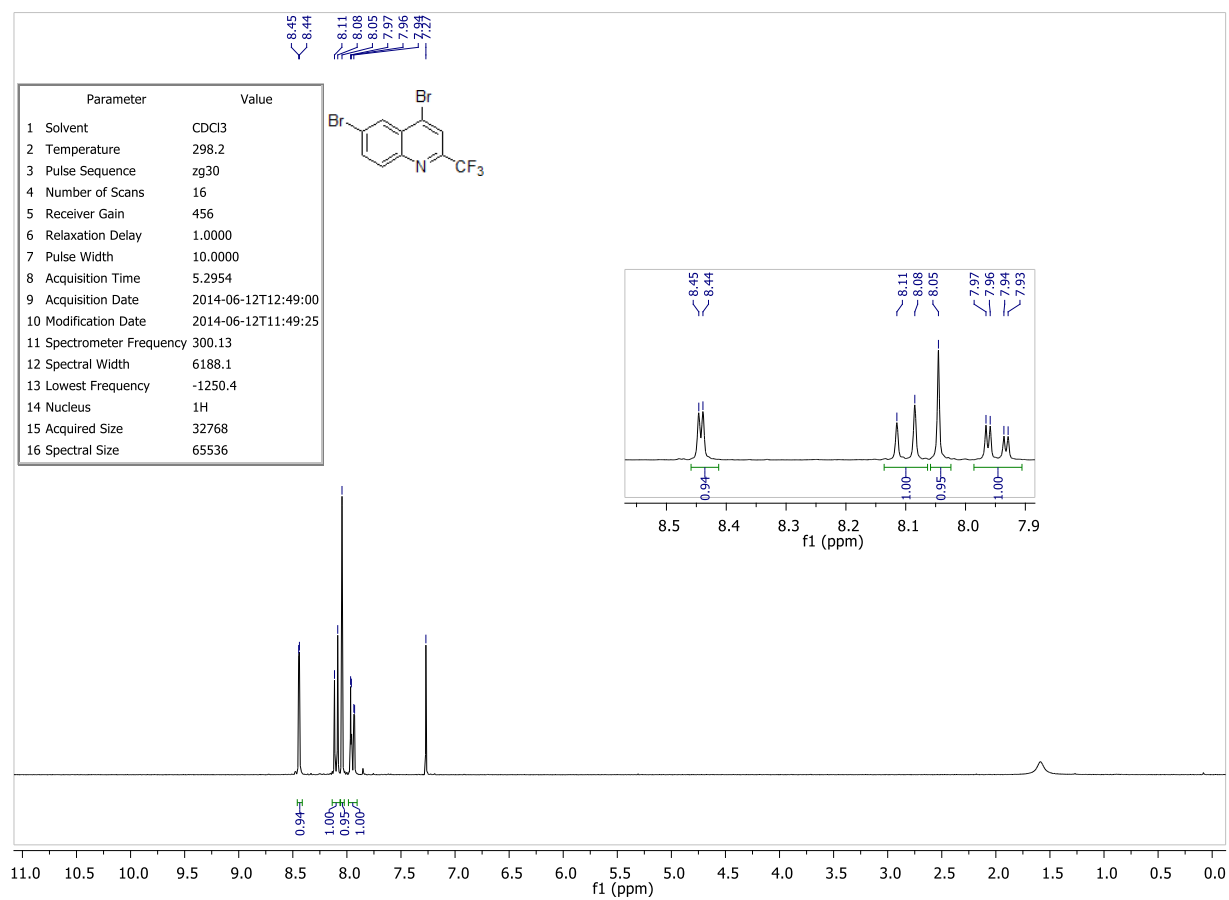
7 - 6-Bromo-2-trifluoromethyl-4-quinolinone

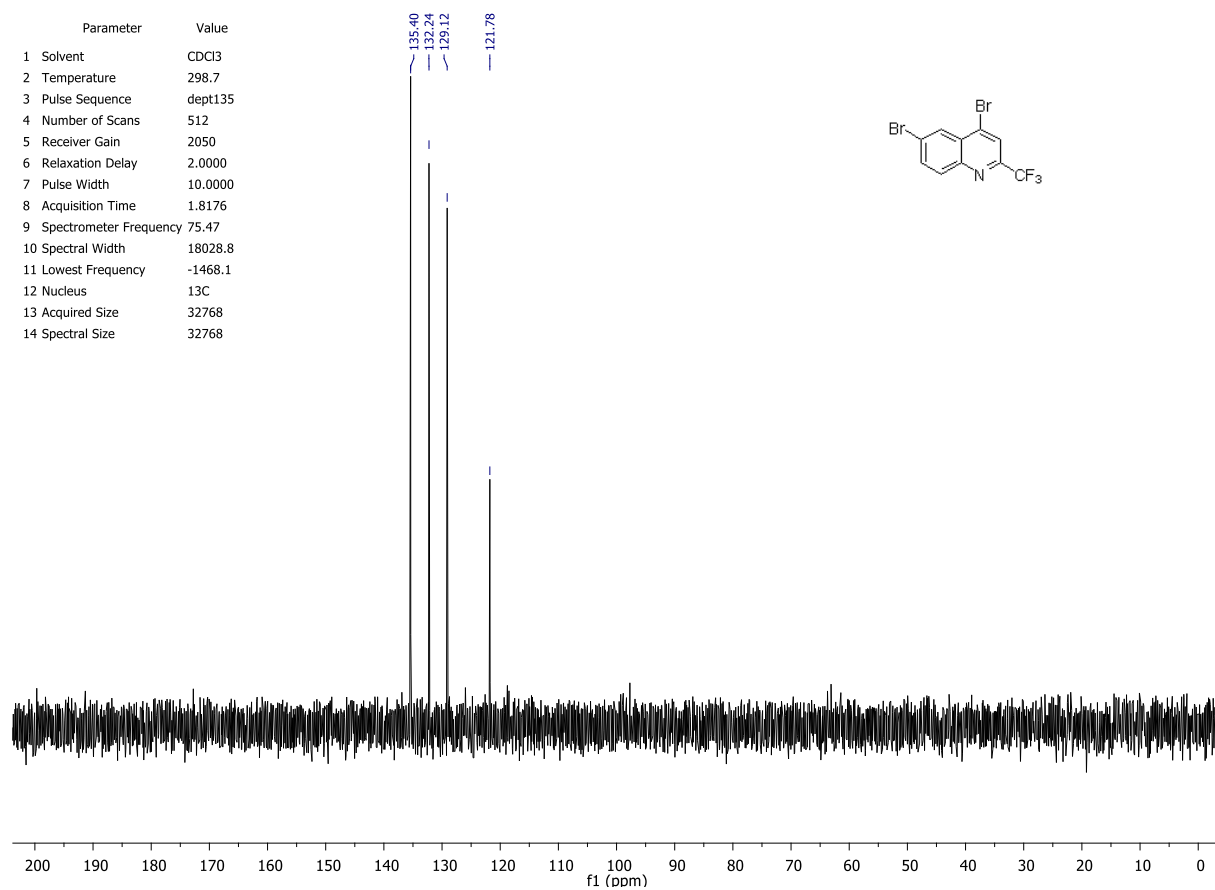
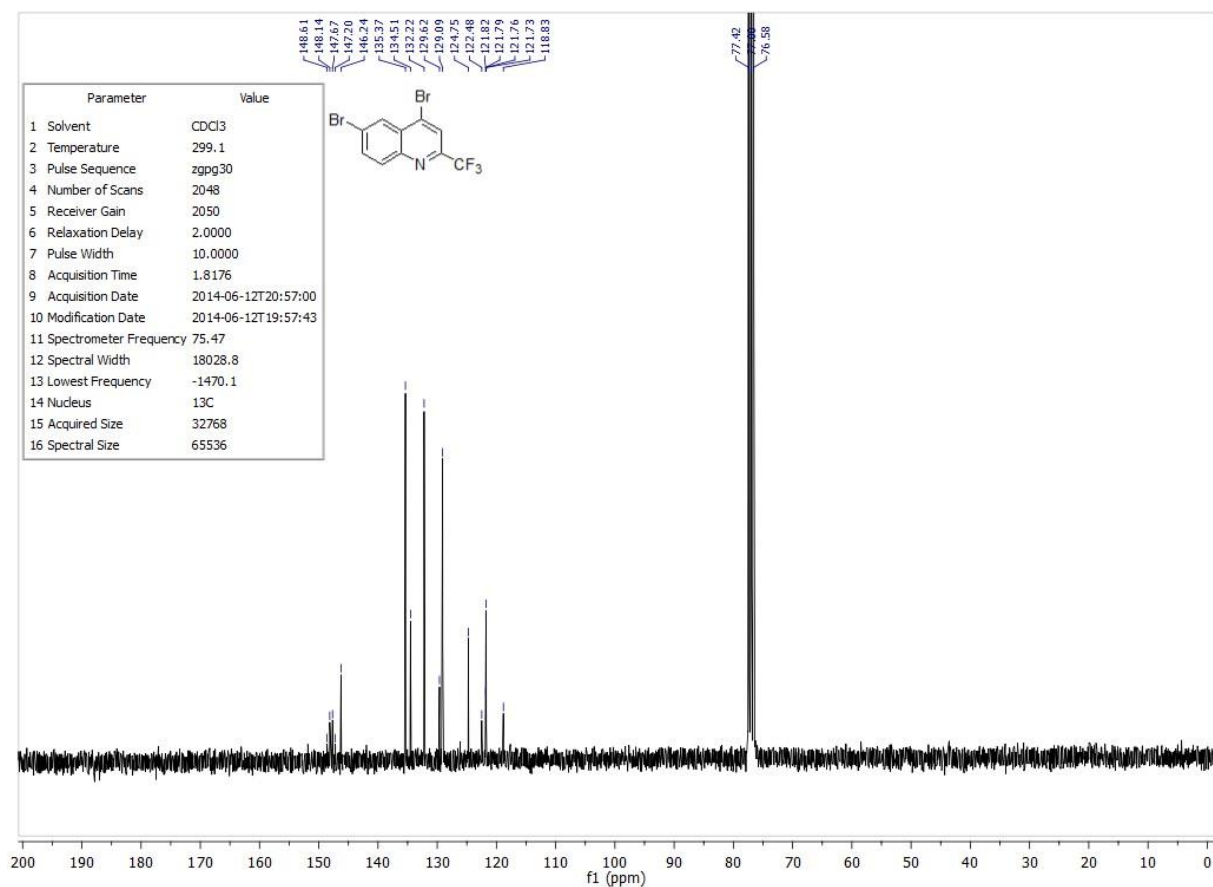


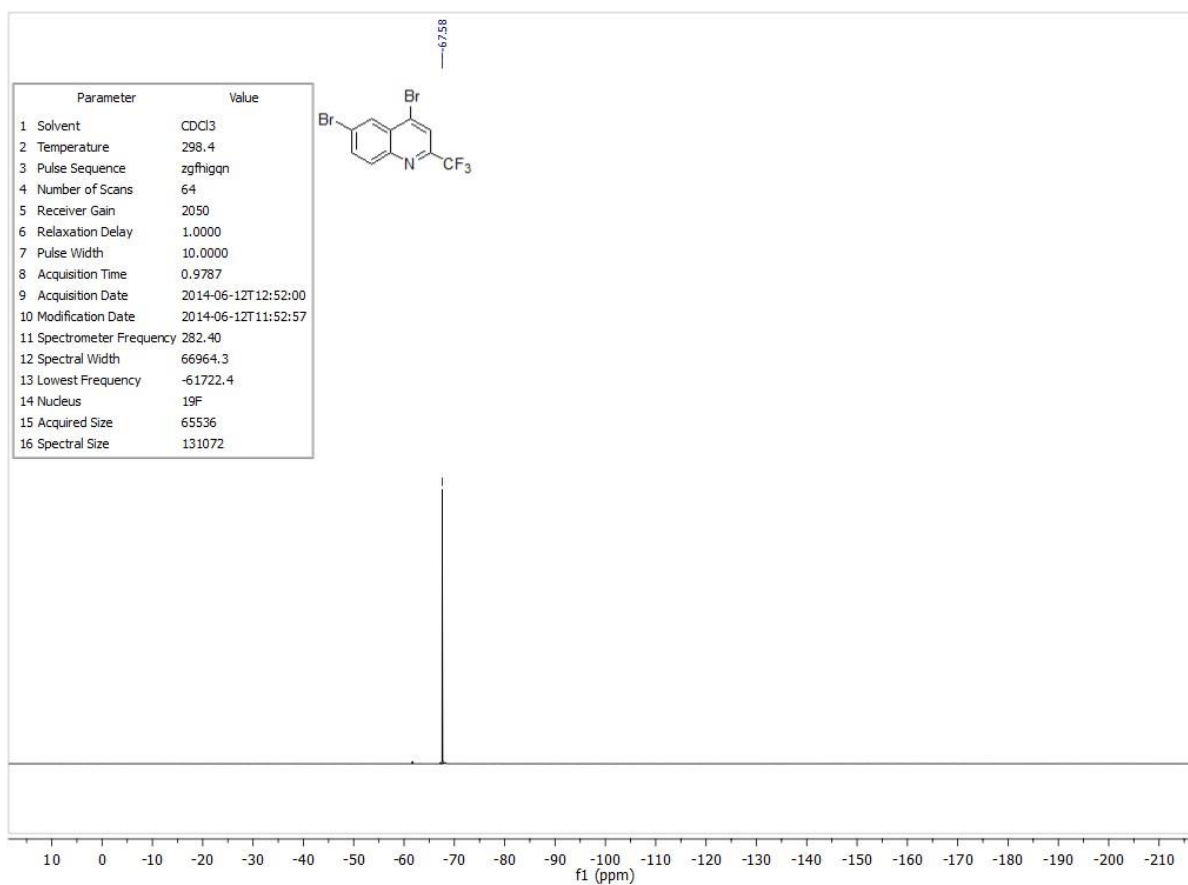




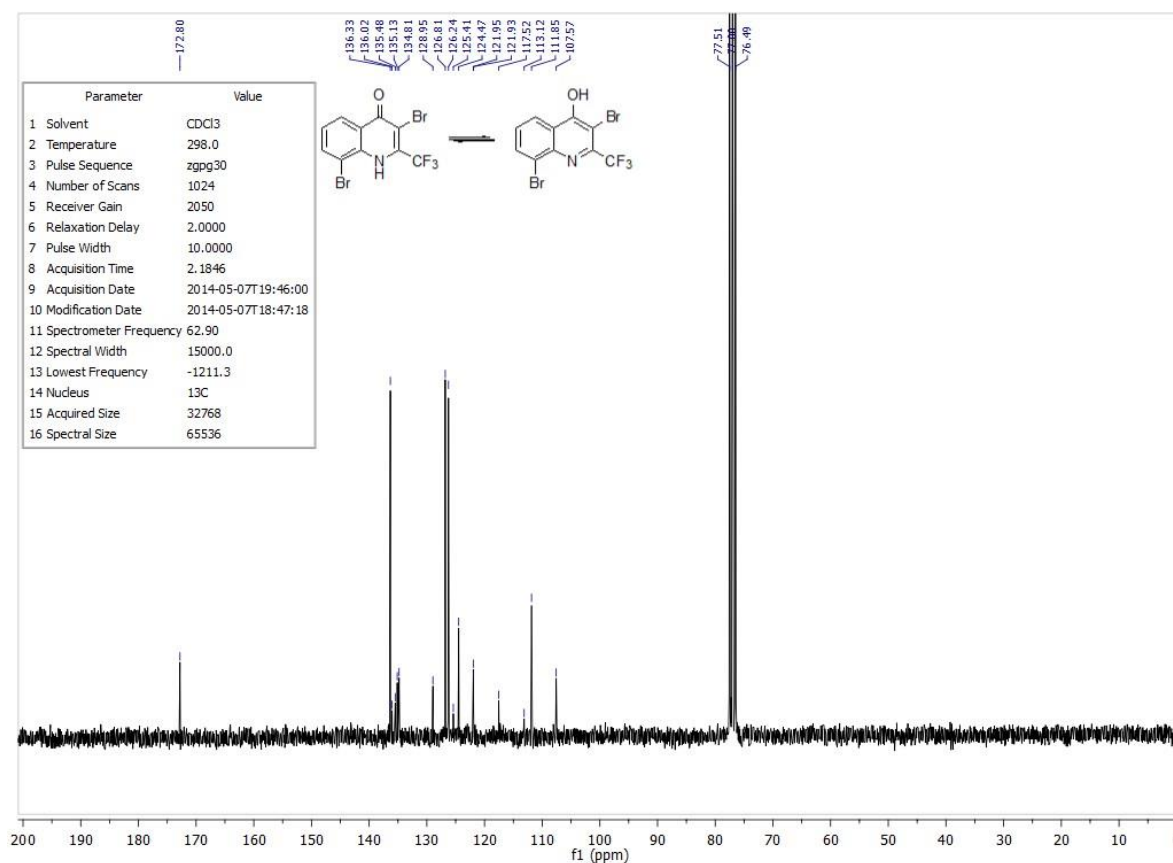
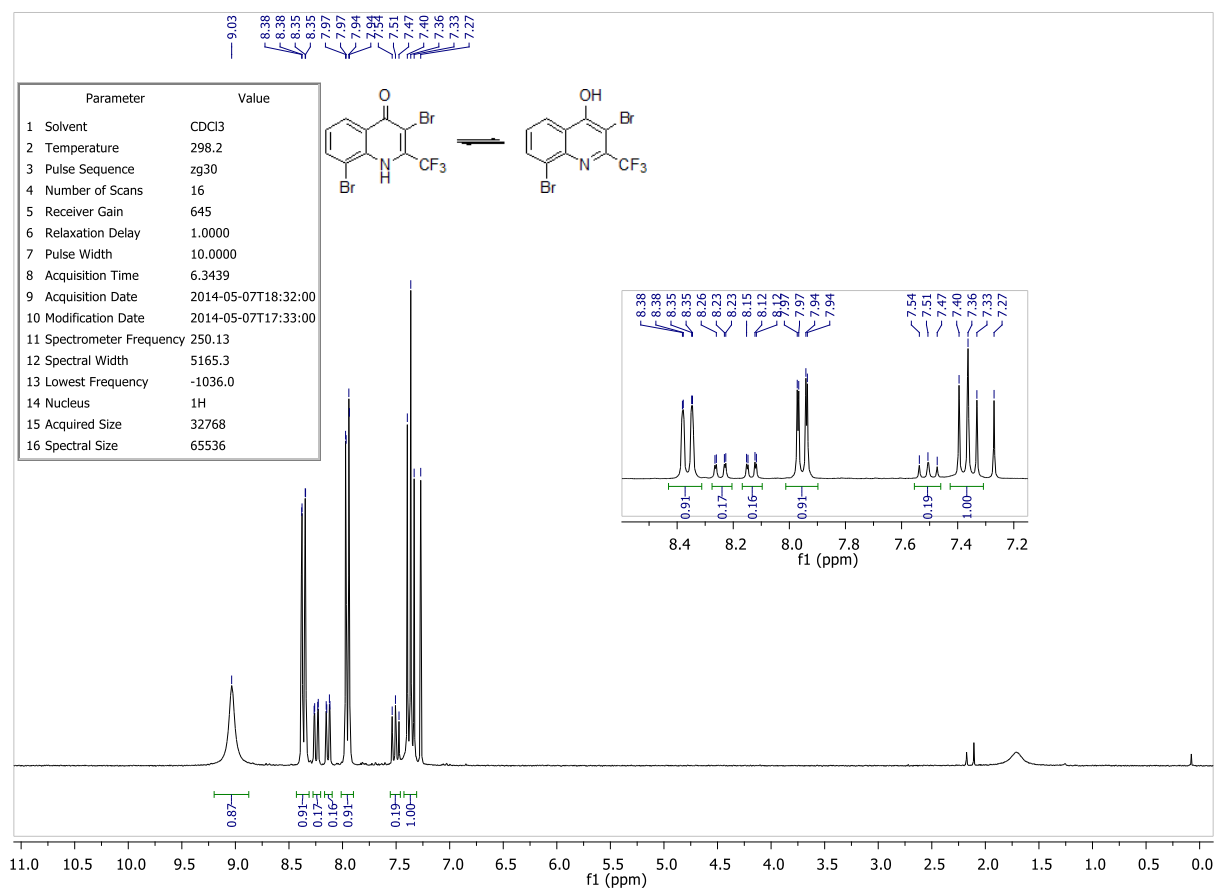
8 - 4,6-Dibromo-2-trifluoromethylquinoline





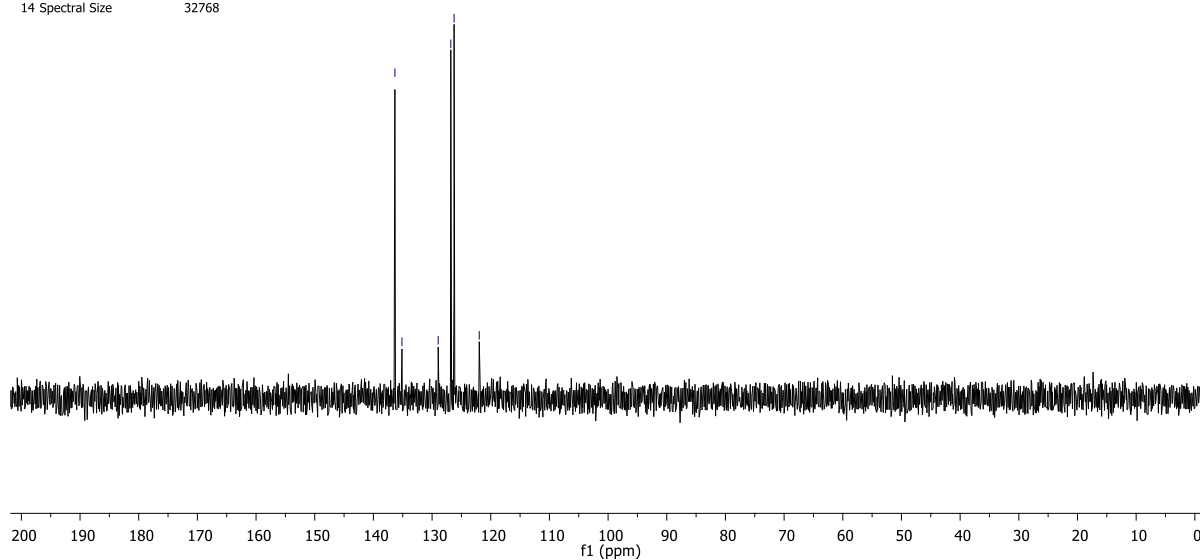
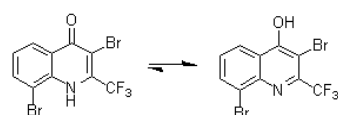


10 – 3,8-Dibromo-2-trifluoromethyl-4-quinolinone

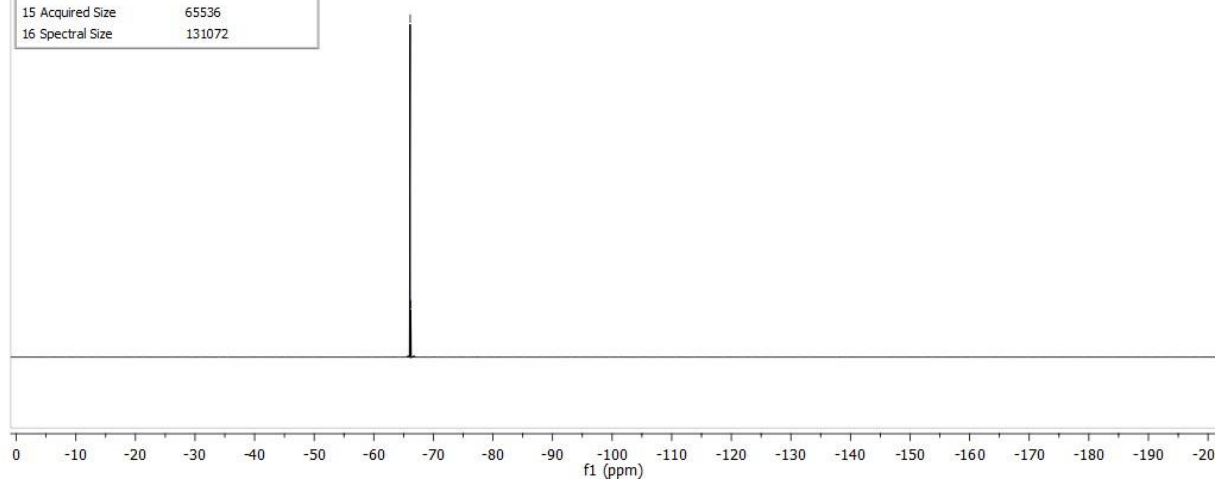
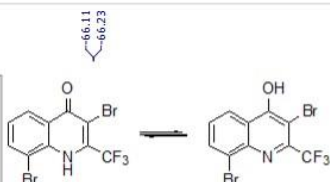


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12 Nucleus	¹³ C
13 Acquired Size	32768
14 Spectral Size	32768

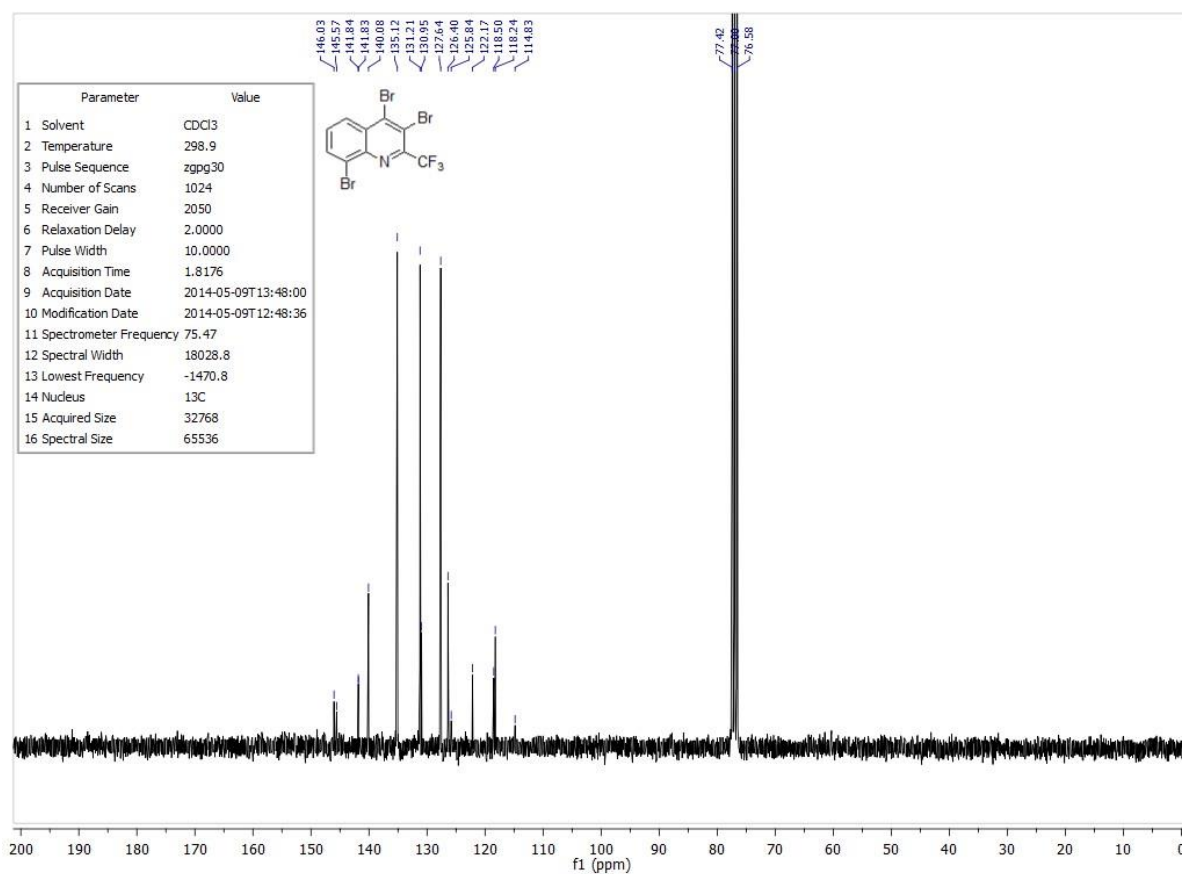
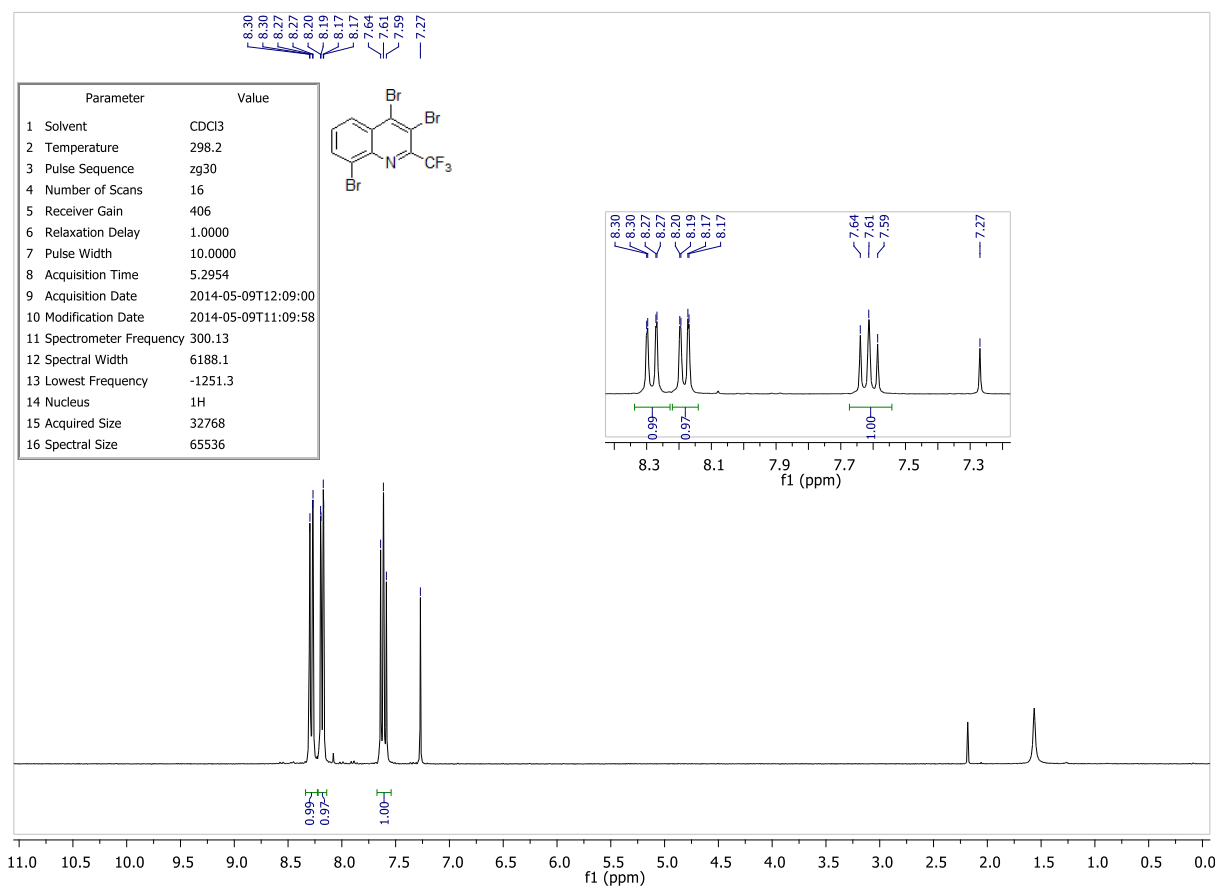
136.33
135.13
128.95
126.81
126.25
121.96

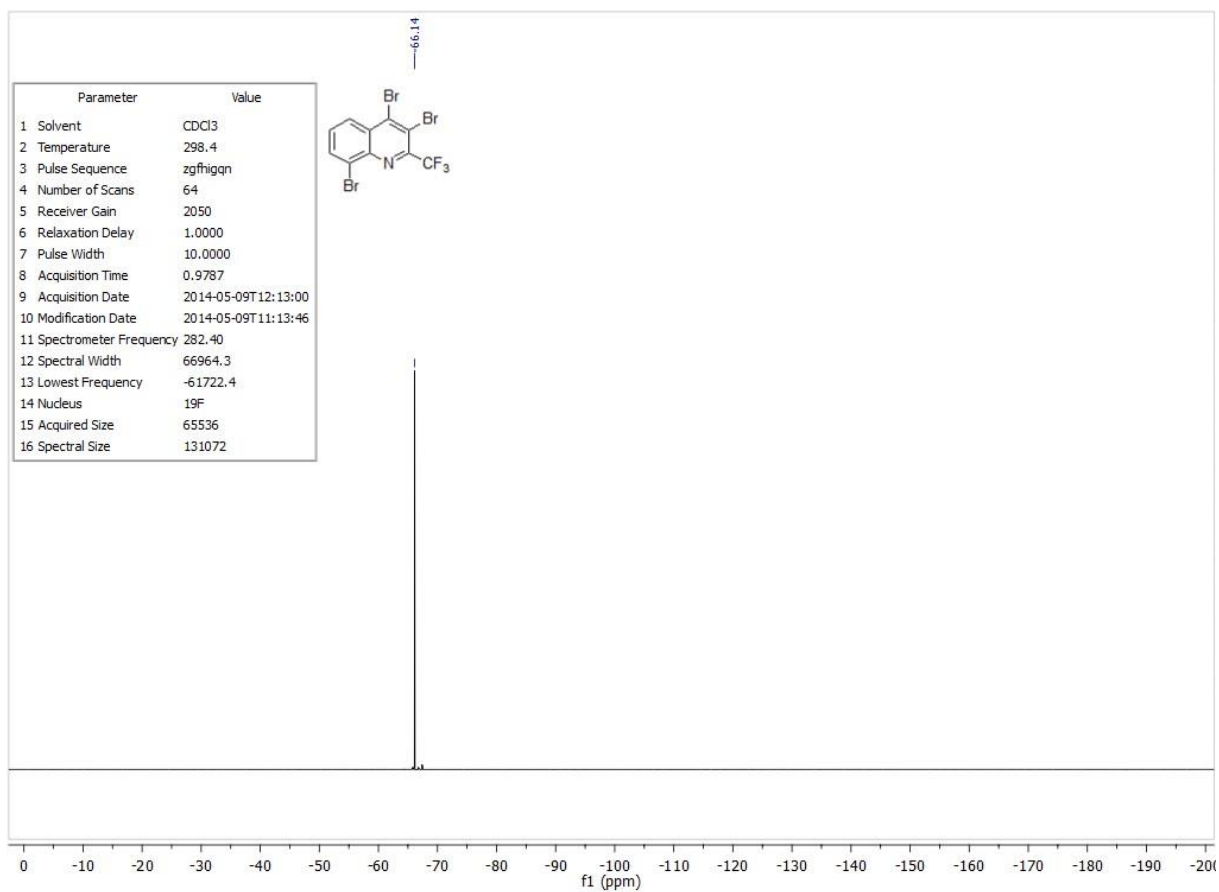
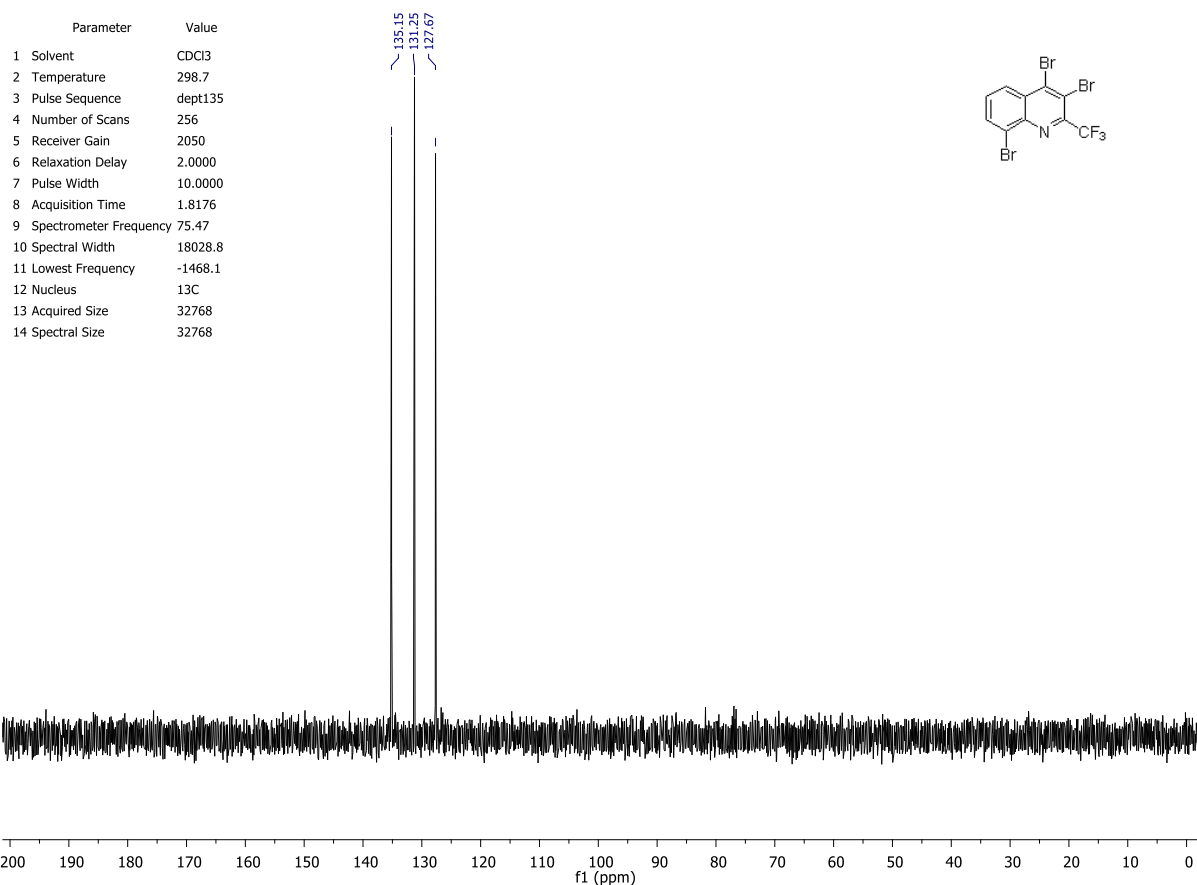


Parameter	Value
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7 Pulse Width	10.0000
8 Acquisition Time	0.9787
9 Acquisition Date	2014-05-08T10:17:00
10 Modification Date	2014-05-08T09:17:53
11 Spectrometer Frequency	282.40
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14 Nucleus	¹⁹ F
15 Acquired Size	65536
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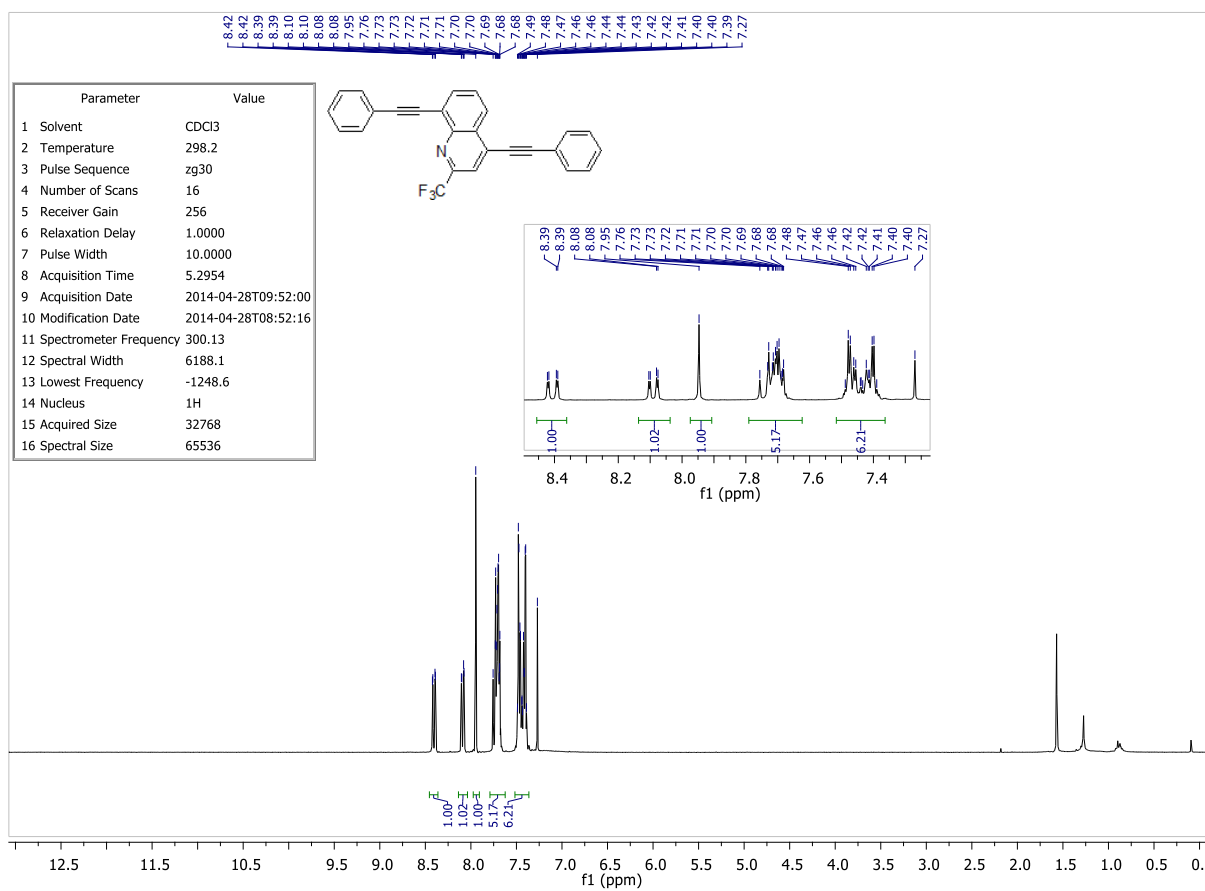


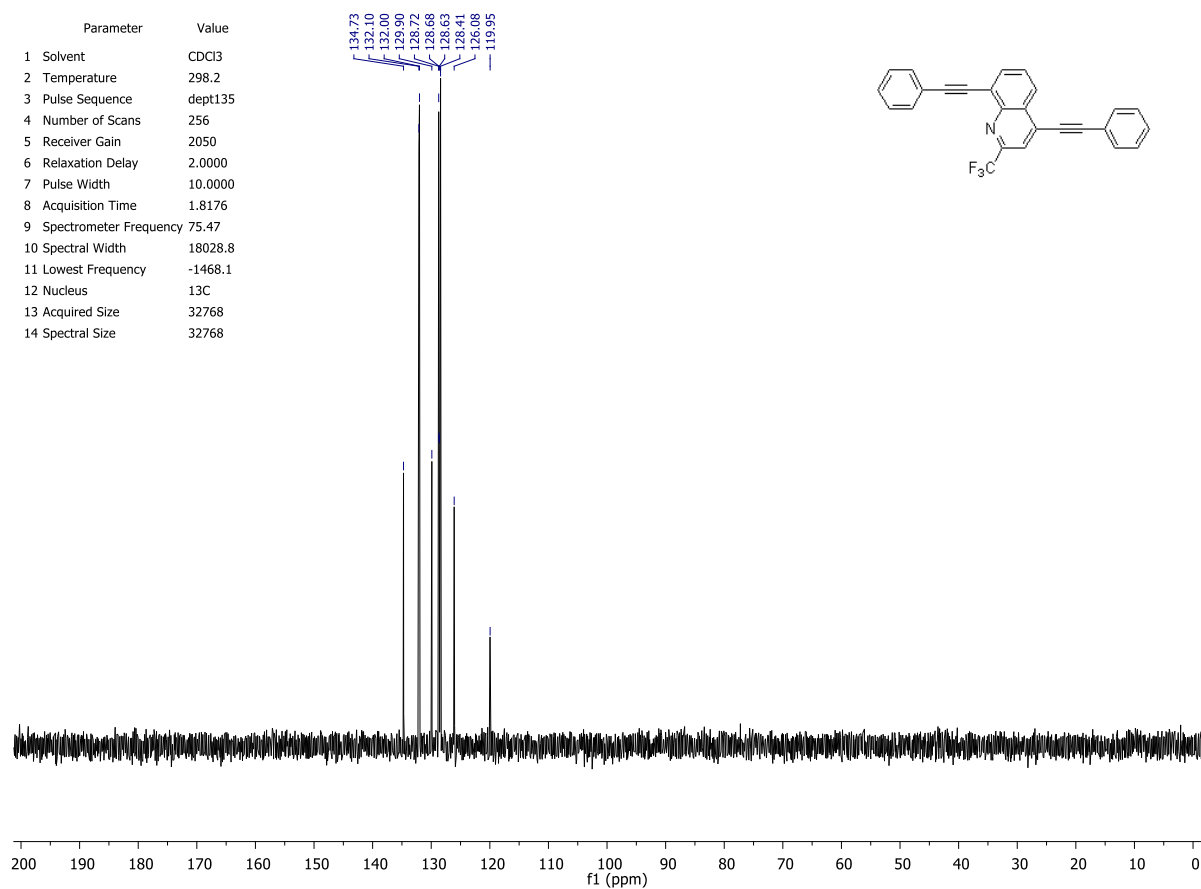
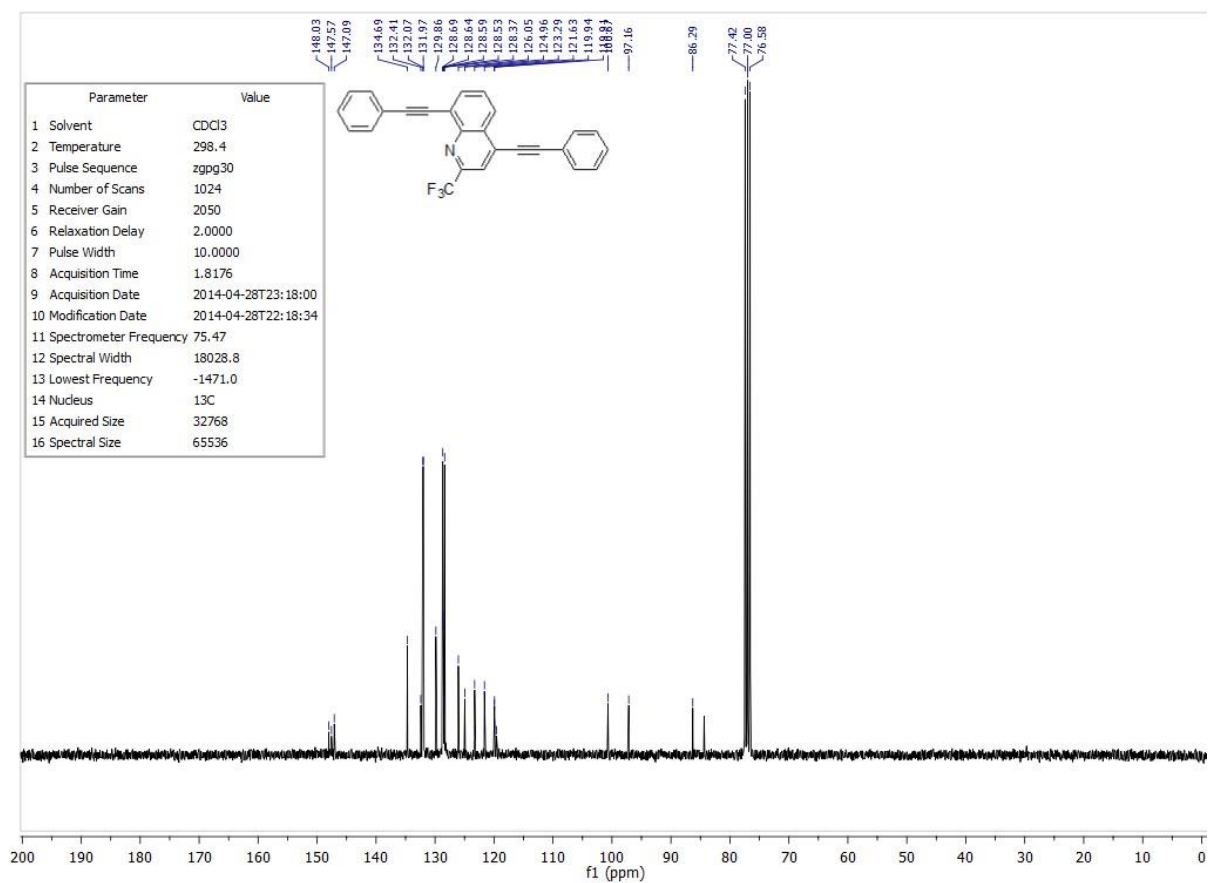
11 - 3,4,8-Tribromo-2-trifluoromethylquinoline

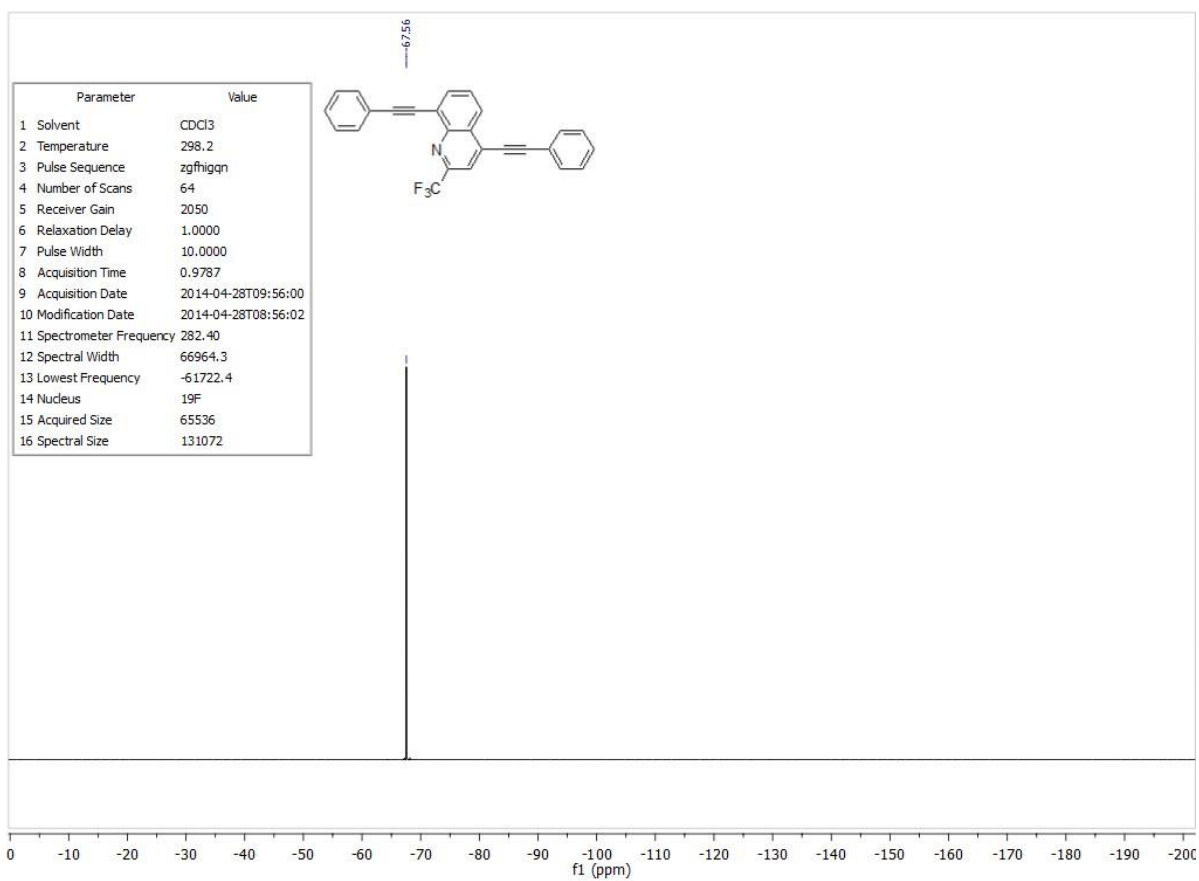




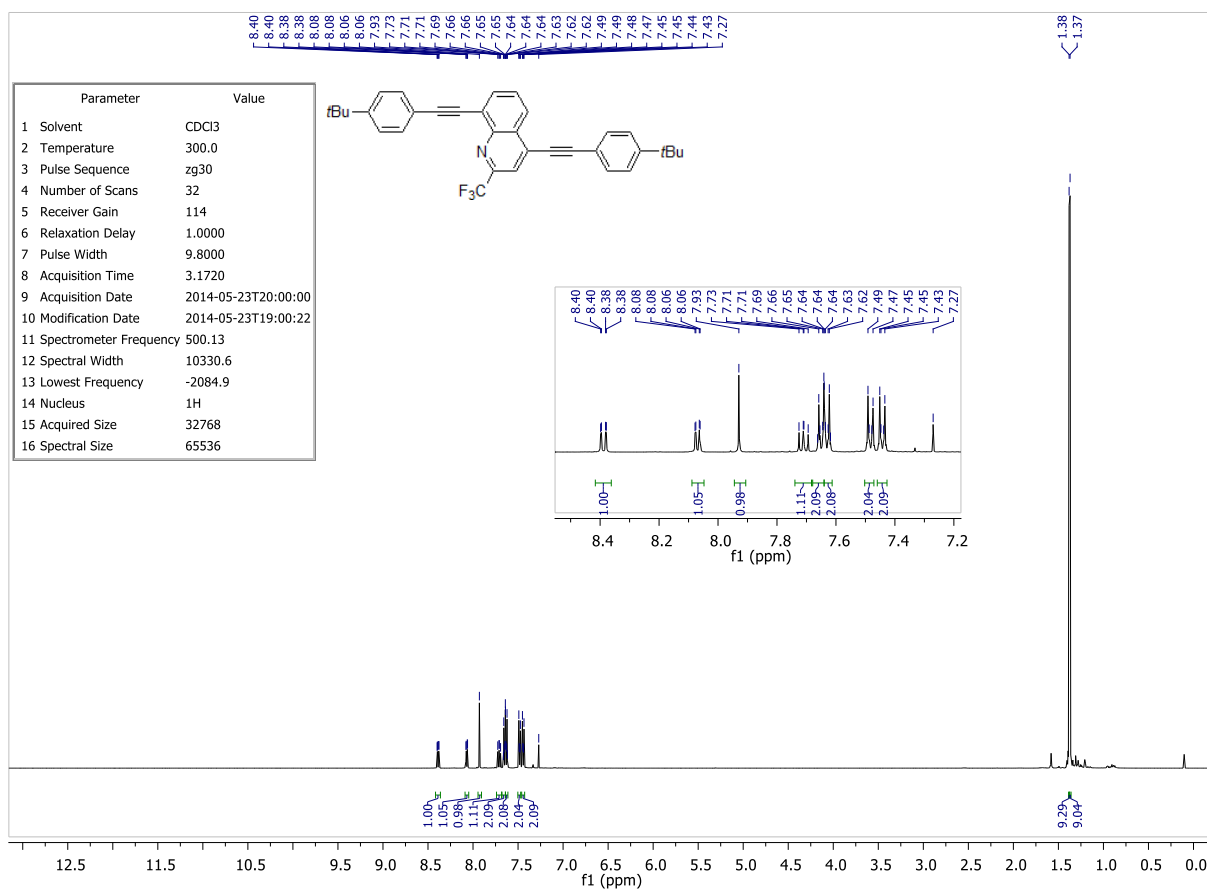
6a - 4,8-Bis(phenylethynyl)-2-trifluoromethylquinoline

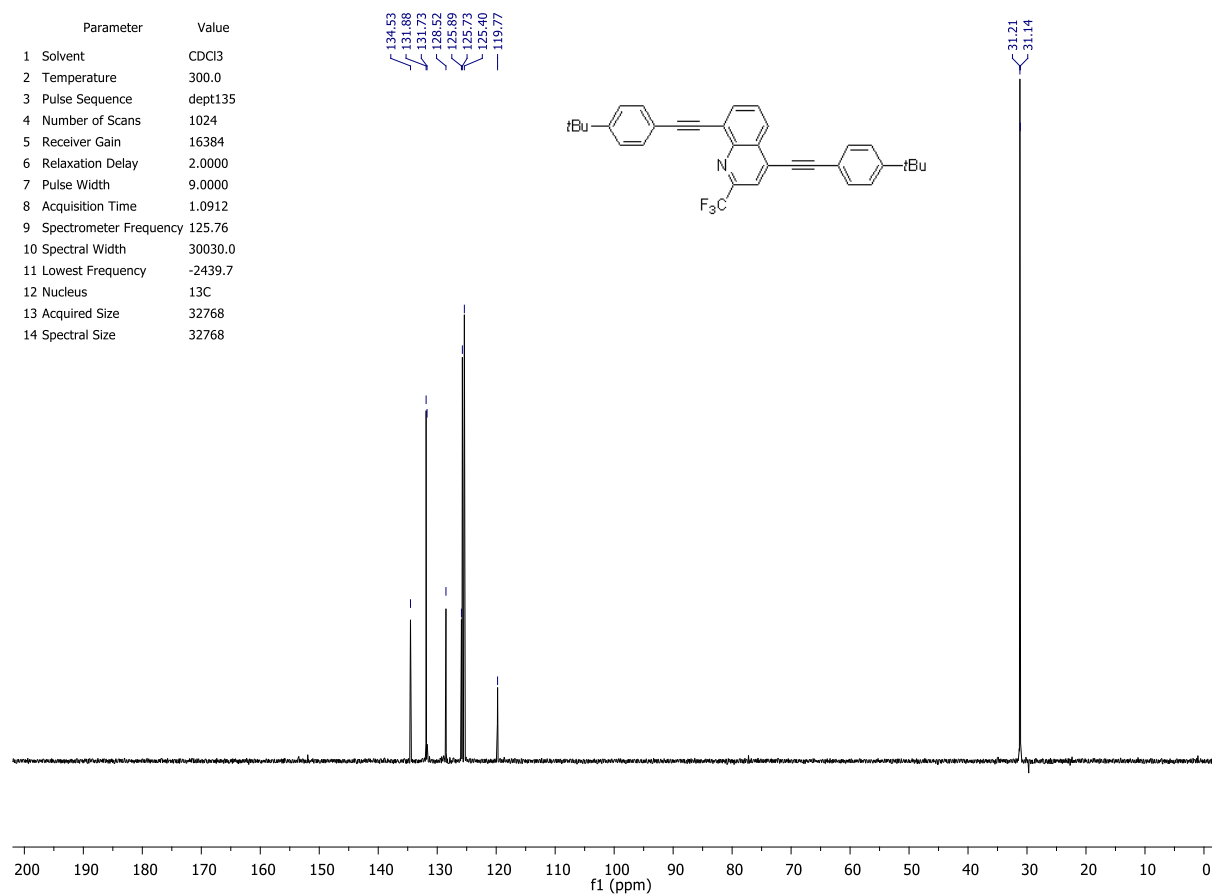
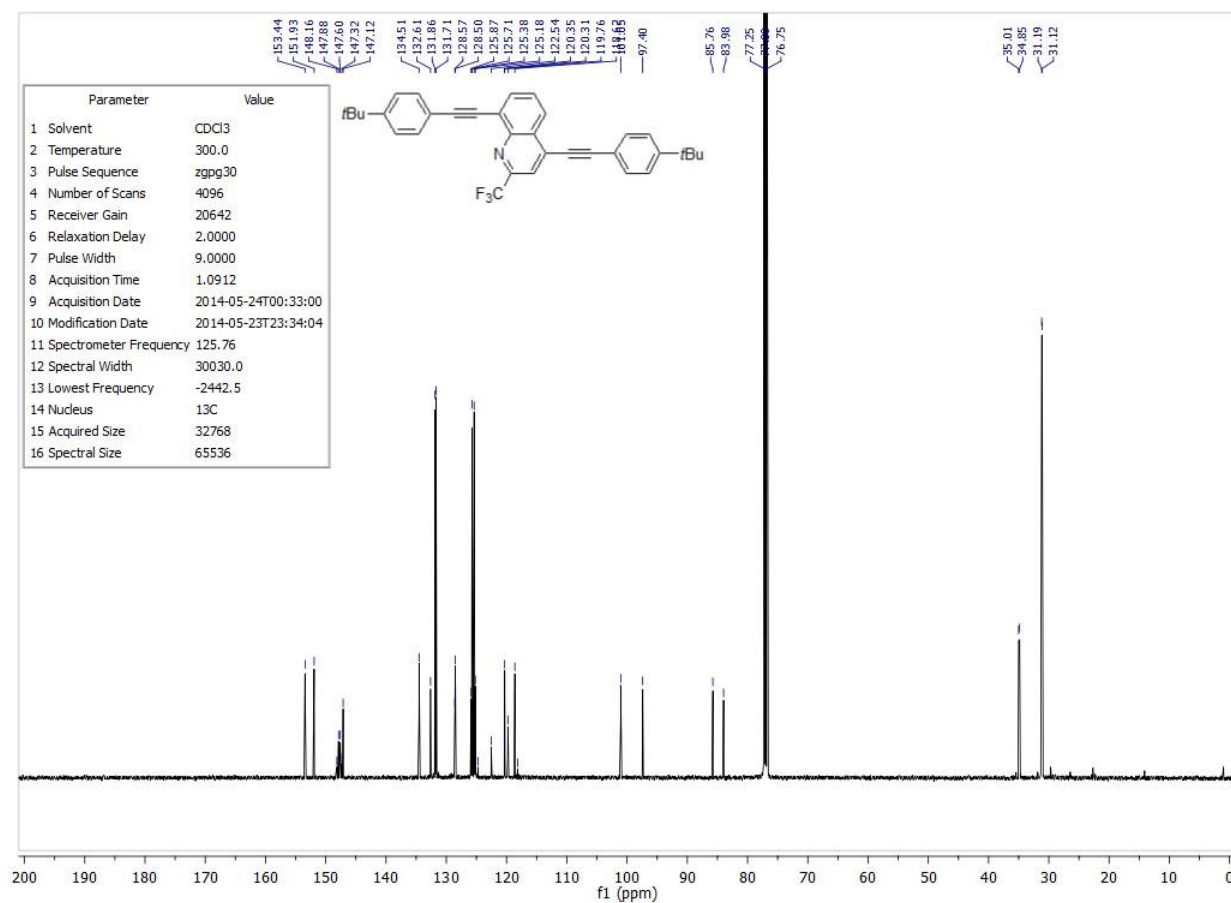




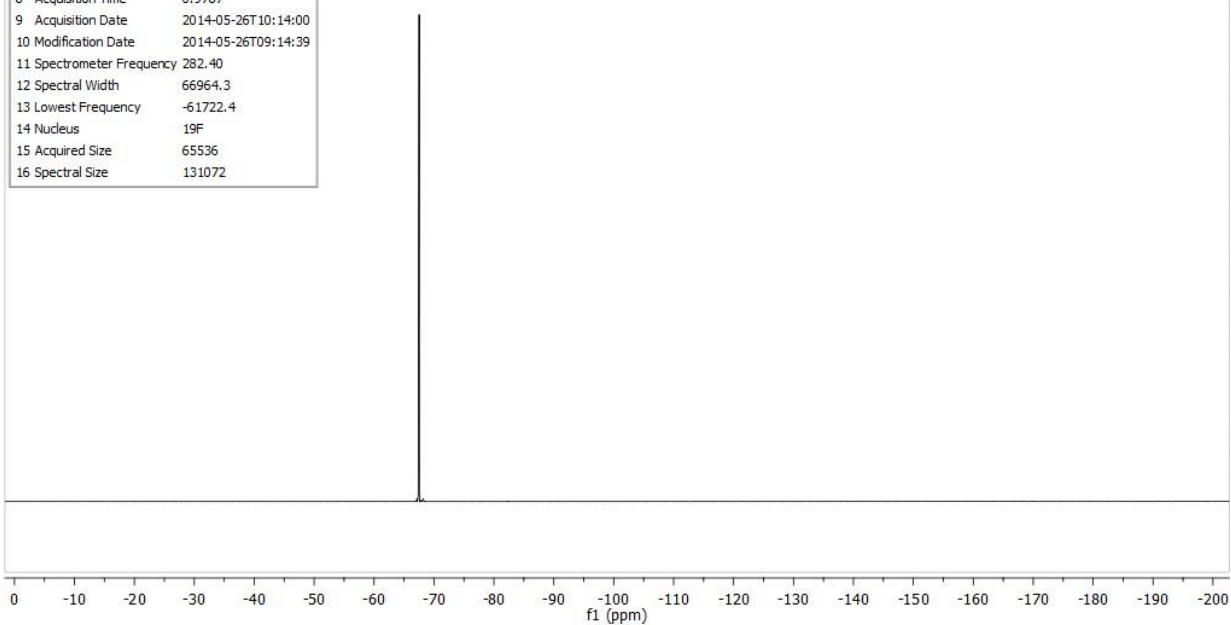
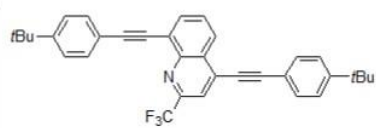


6b - 4,8-Bis(4'-tert-butylphenylethynyl)-2-trifluoromethylquinoline

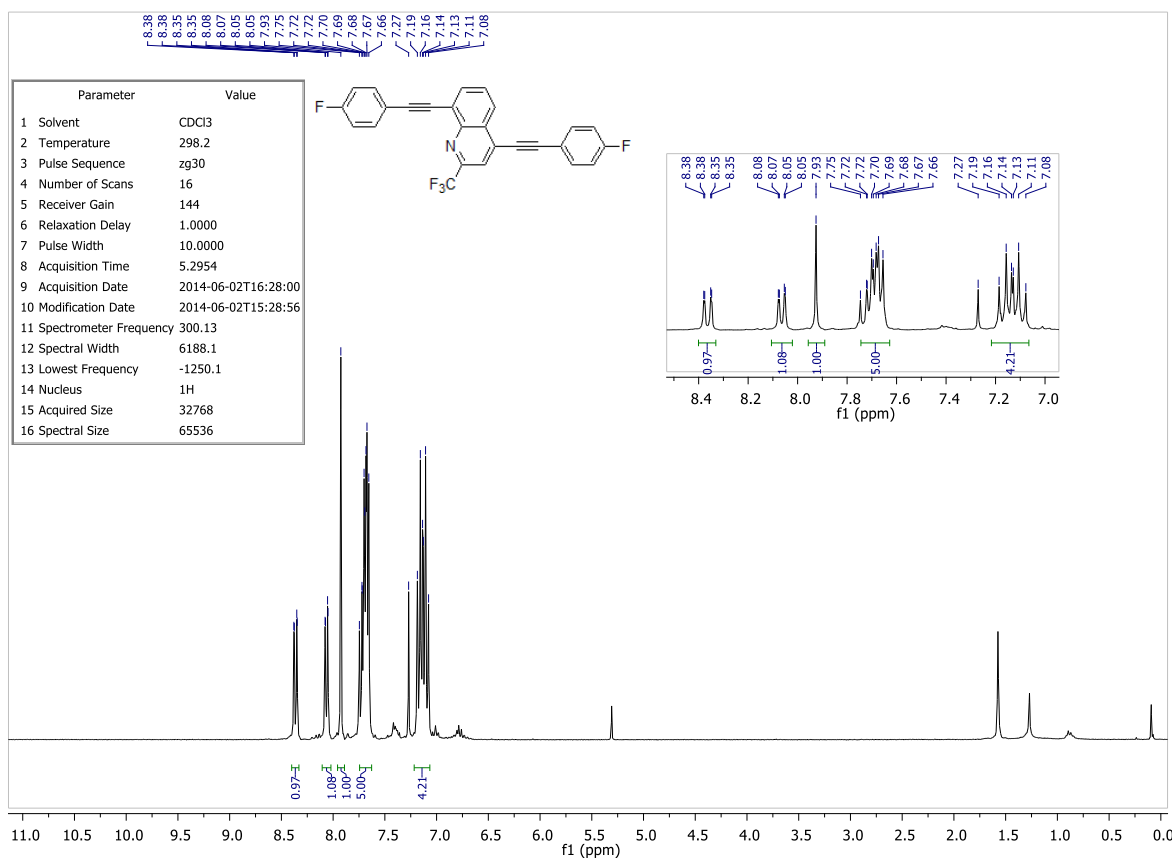


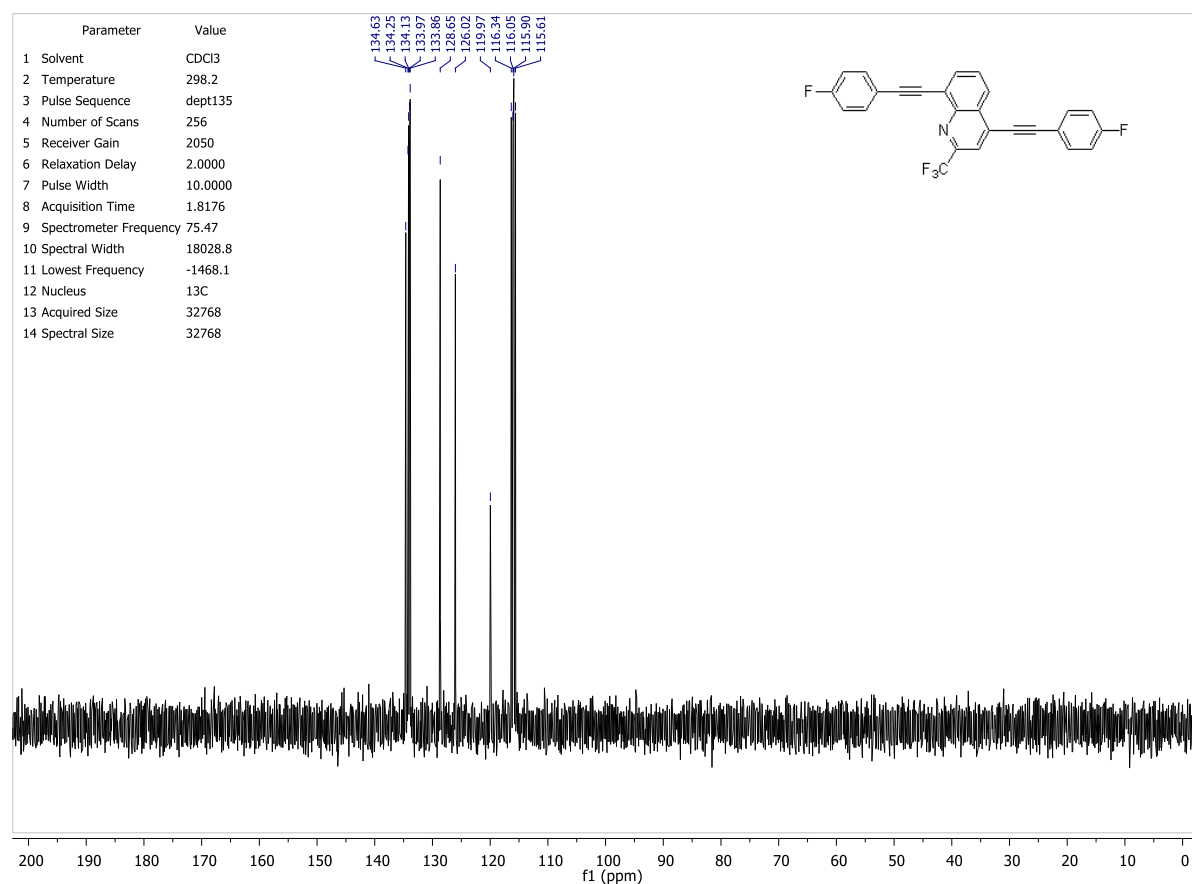
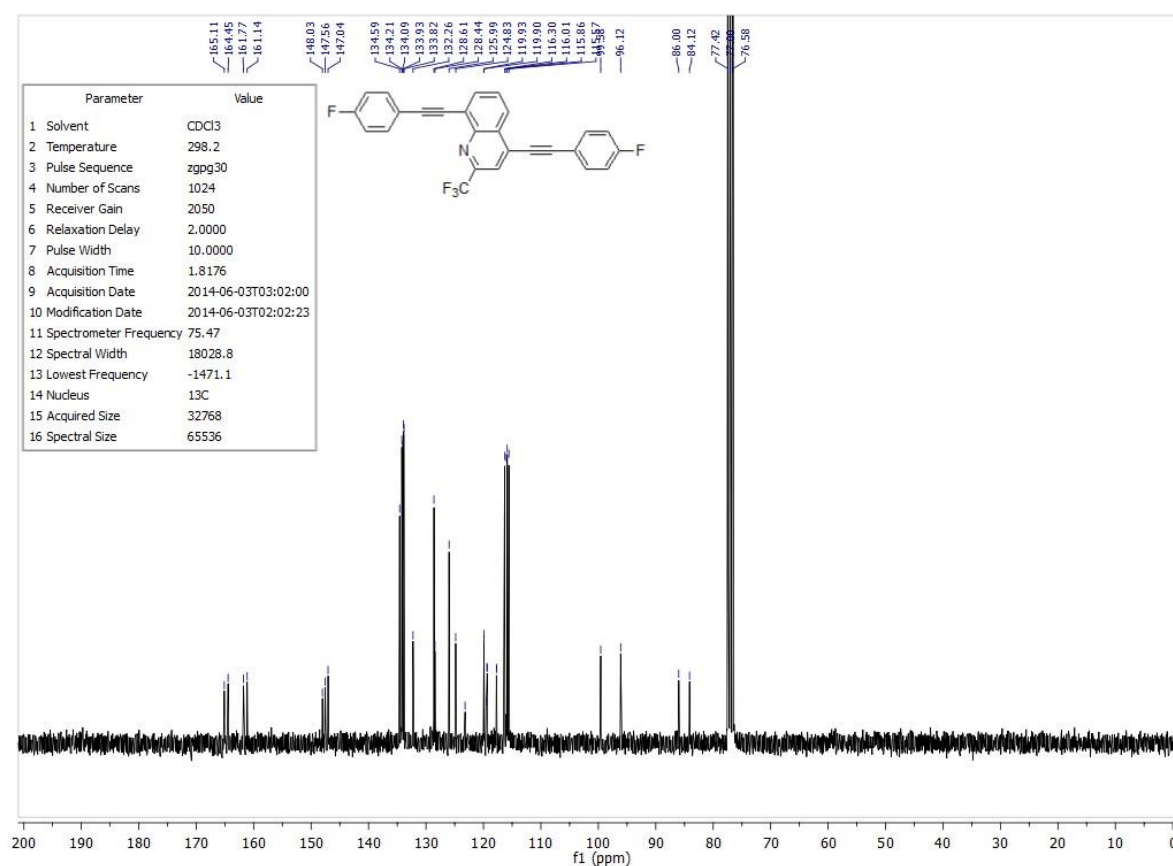


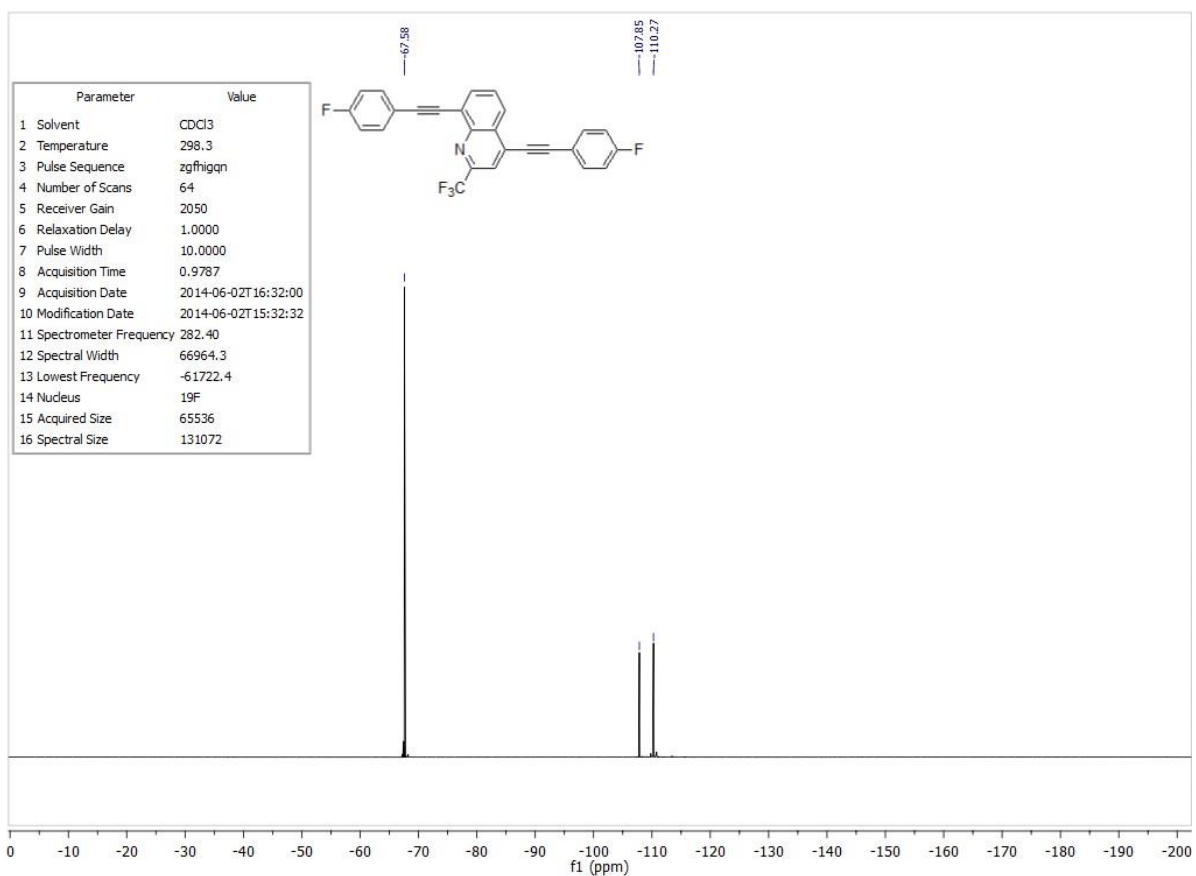
Parameter	Value
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13 Lowest Frequency	-61722.4
14 Nucleus	¹⁹ F
15 Acquired Size	65536
16 Spectral Size	131072



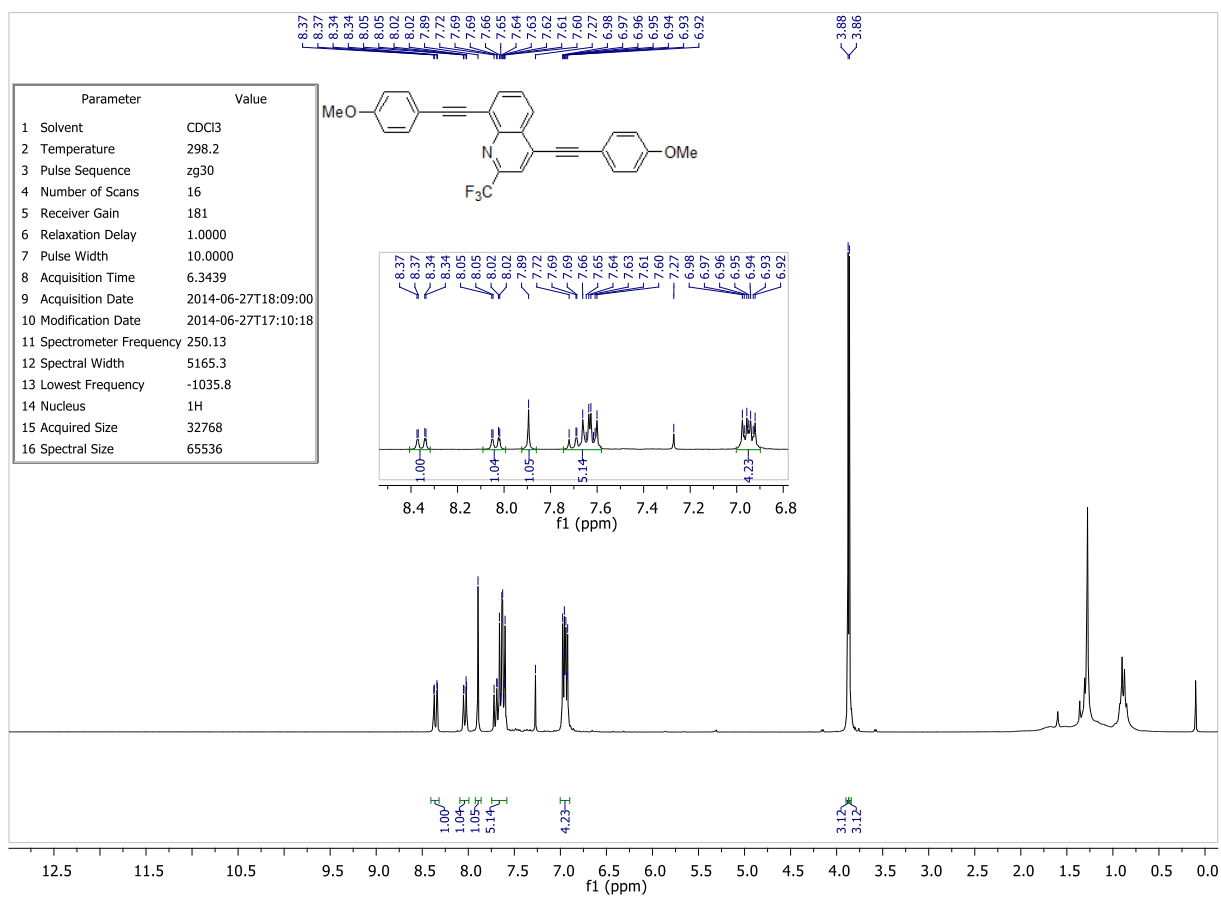
6d - 4,8-Bis(4'-fluorophenylethynyl)-2-trifluoromethylquinoline

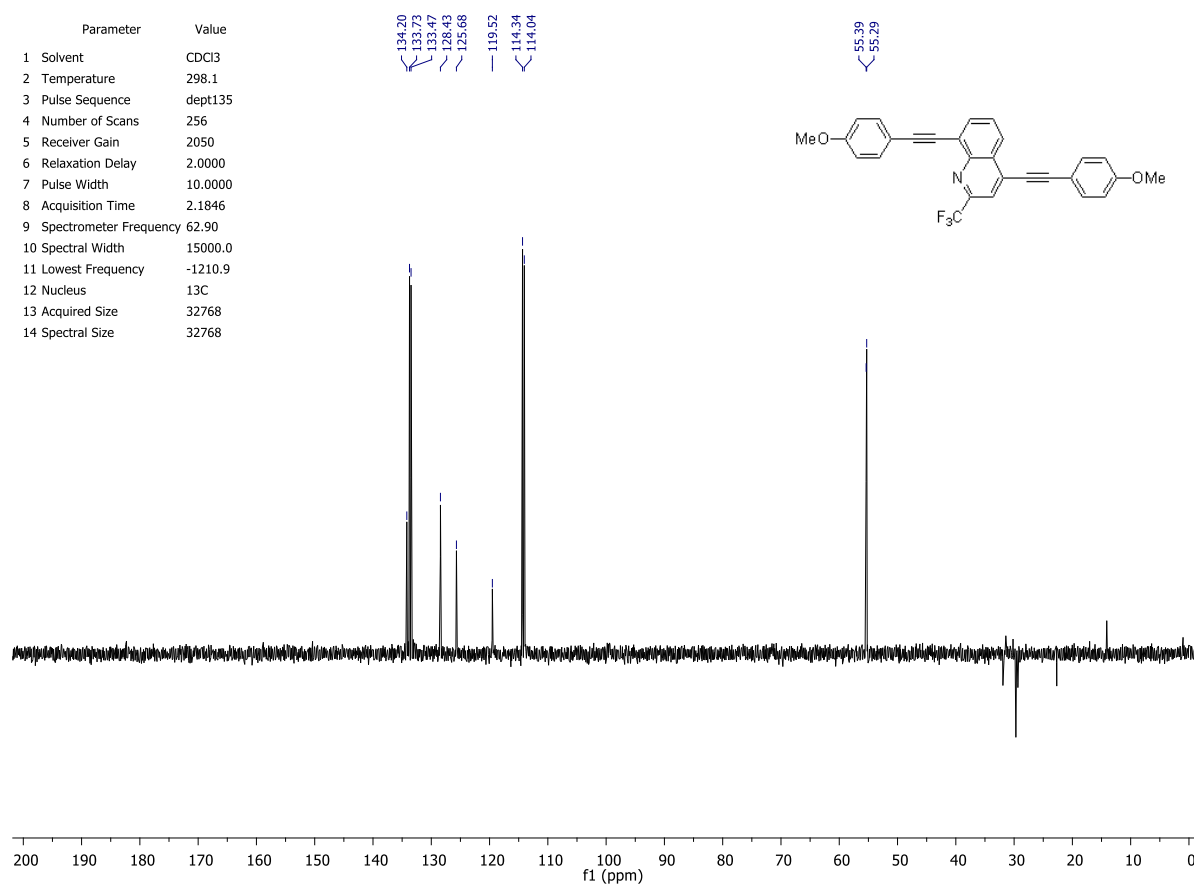
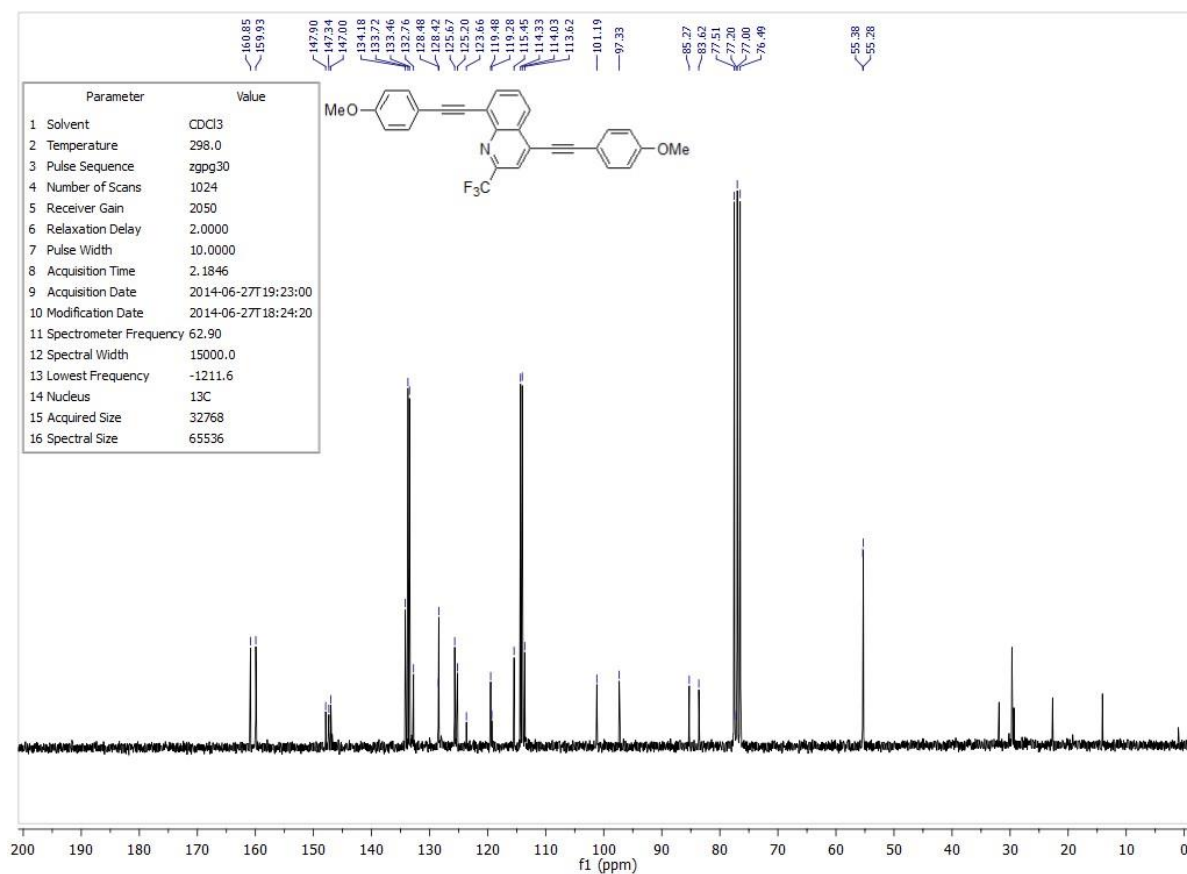


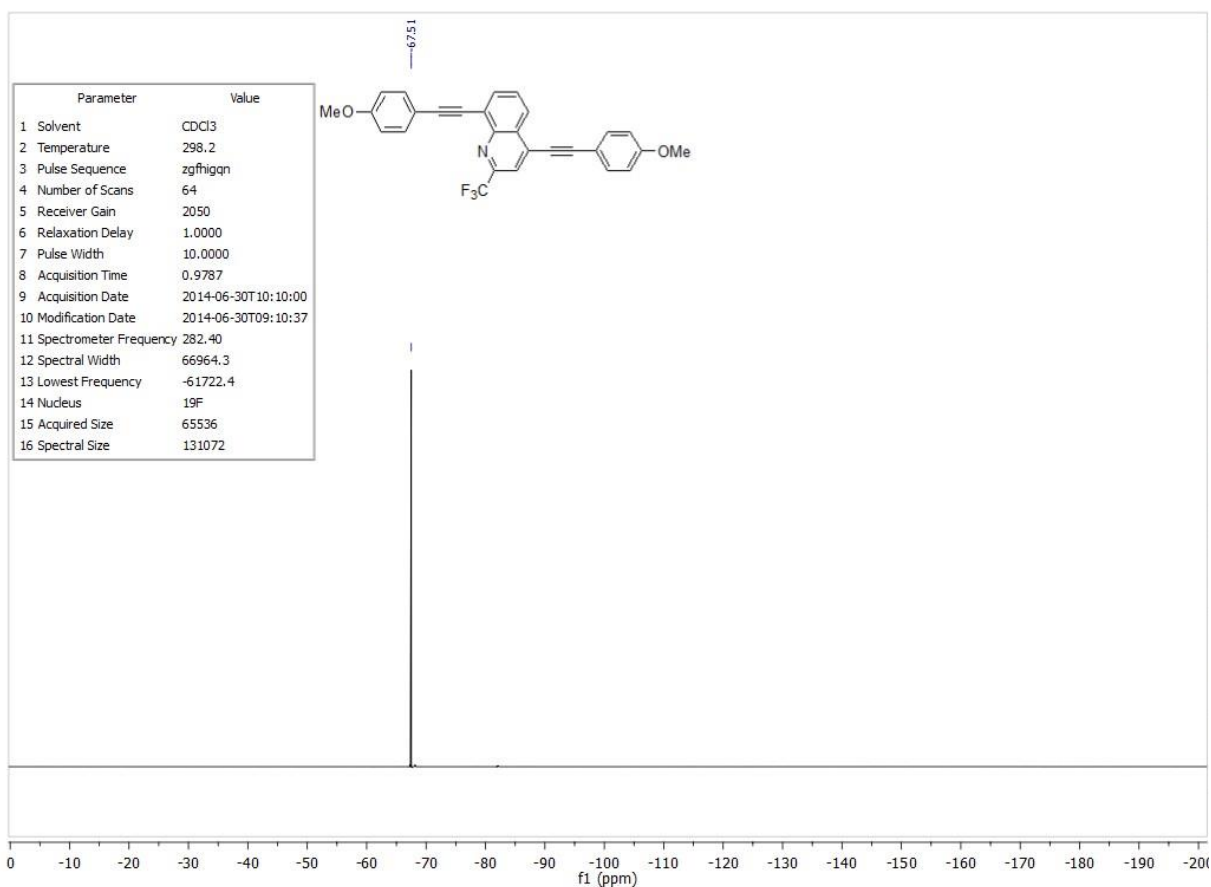




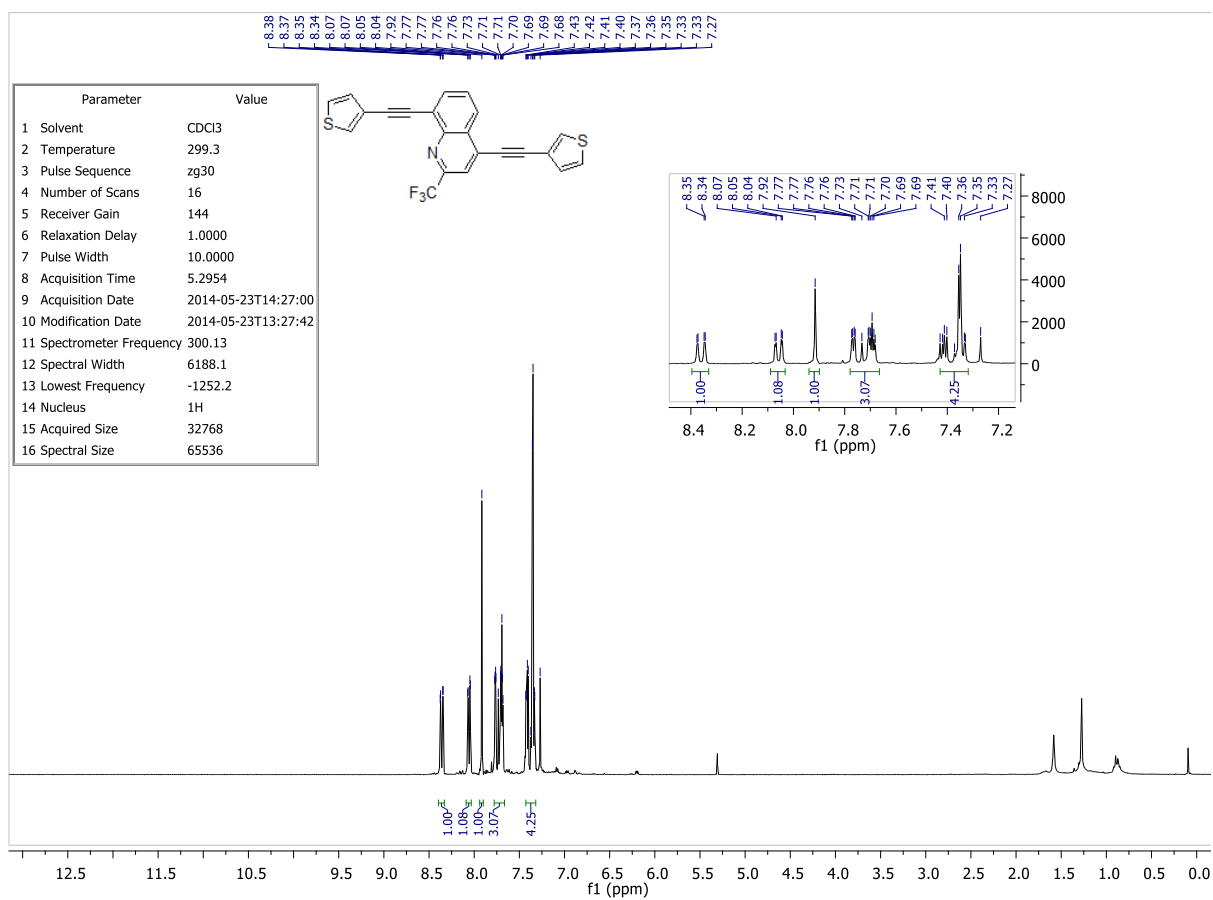
6e - 4,8-Bis(4'-methoxyphenylethynyl)-2-trifluoromethylquinoline

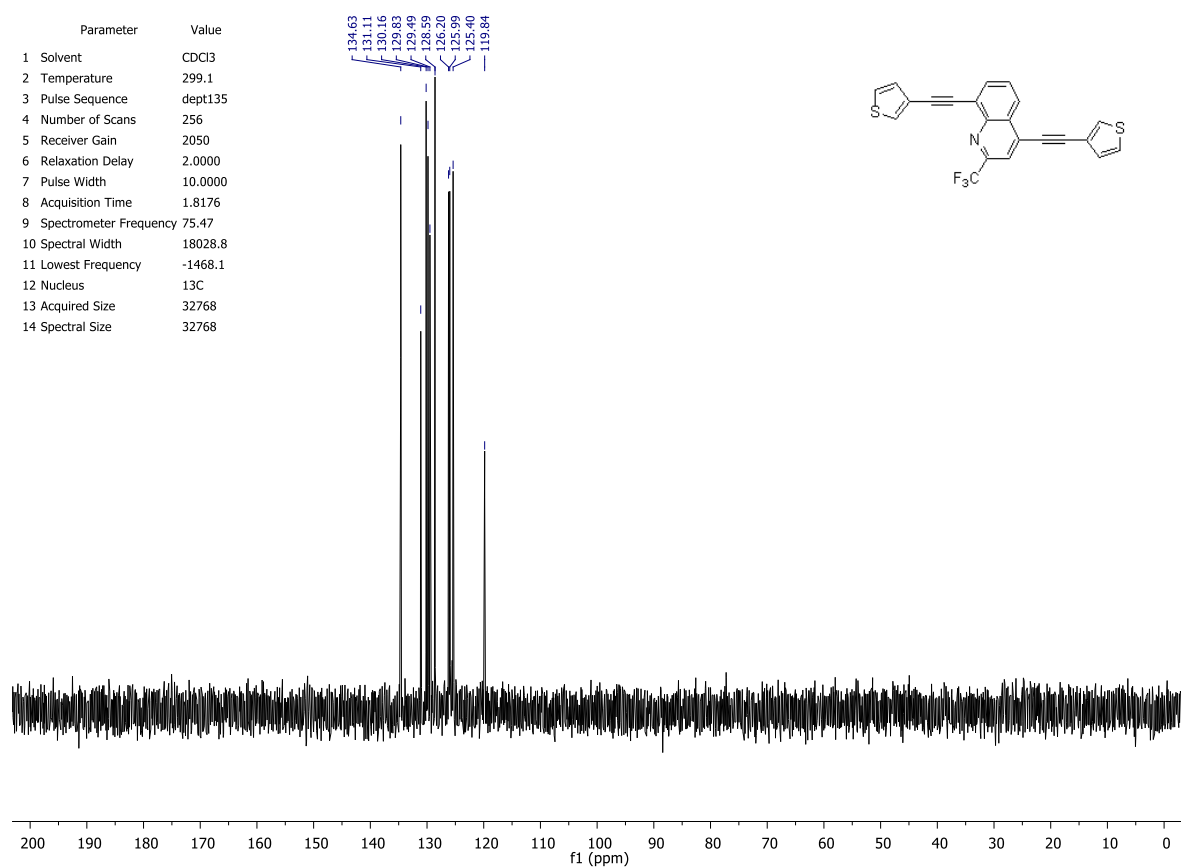
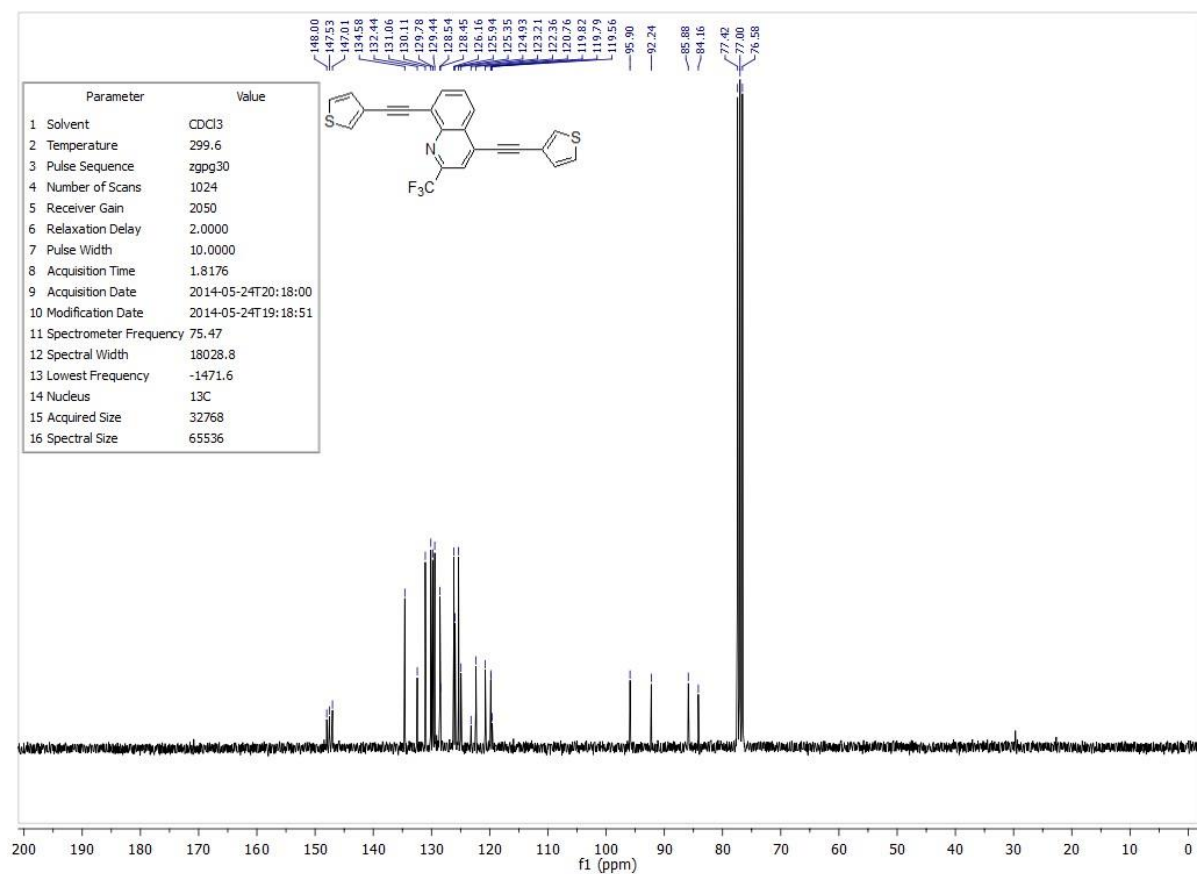


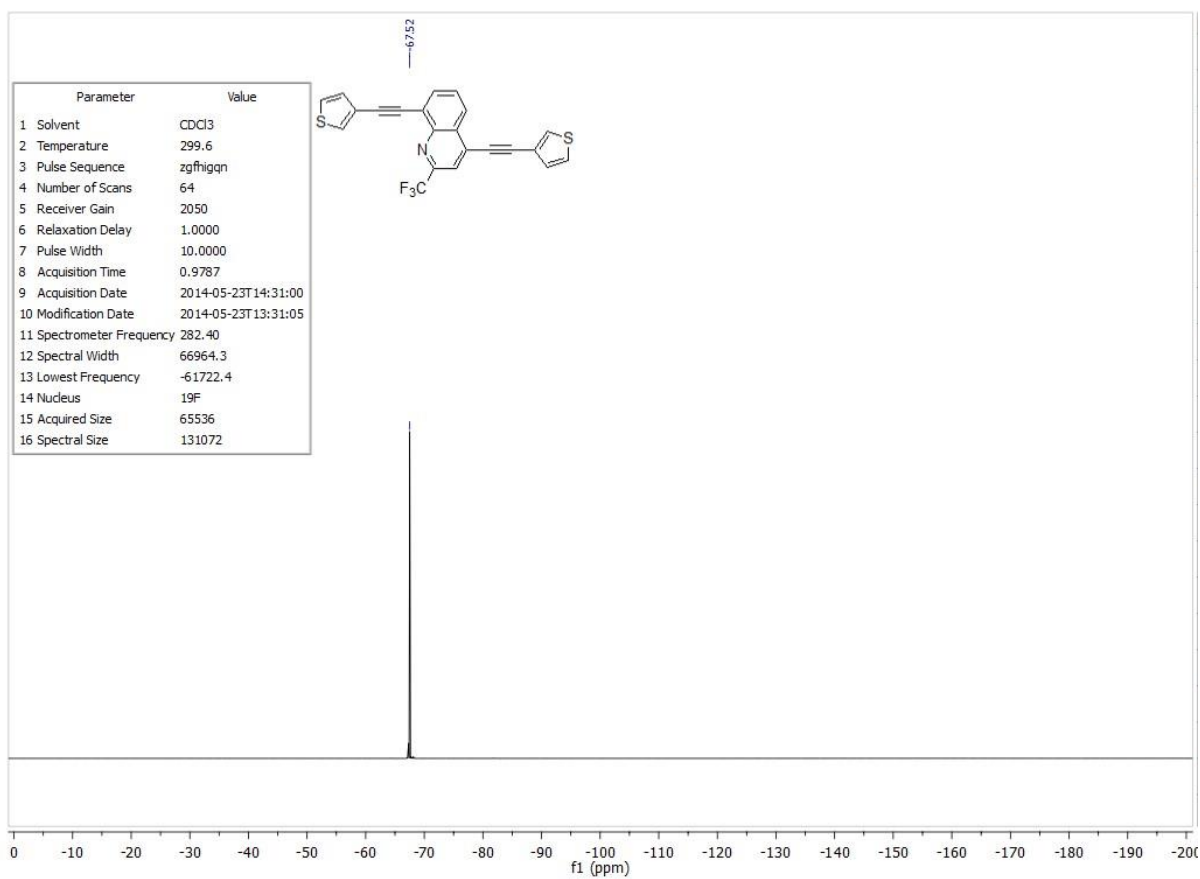




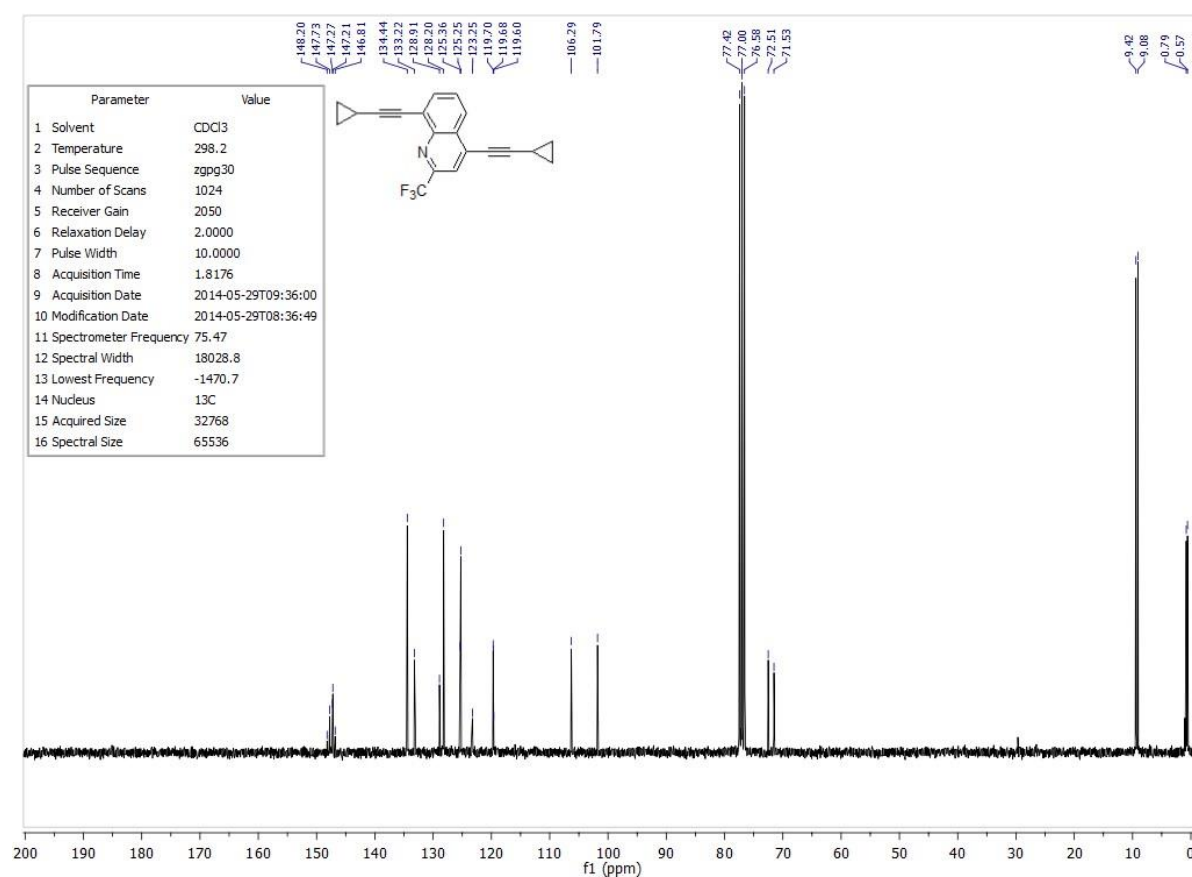
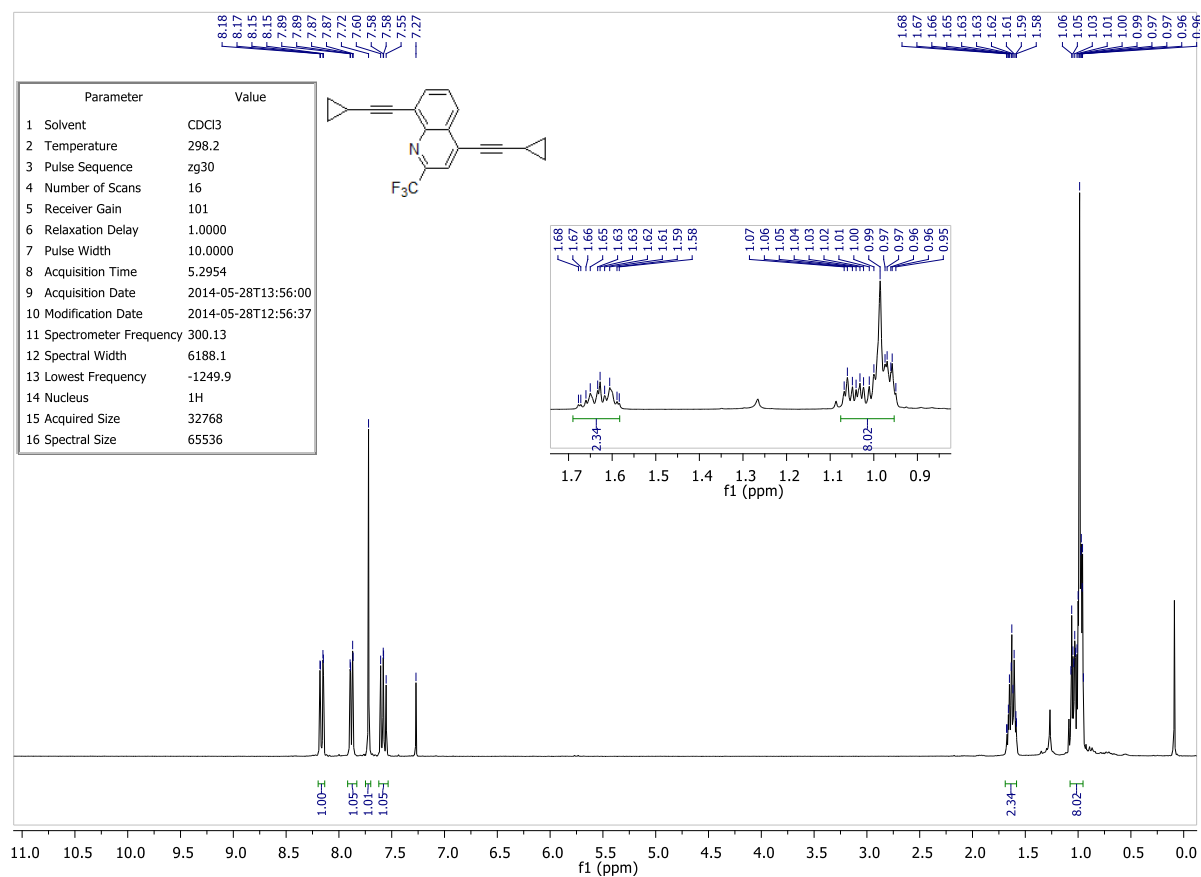
6f - 4,8-Bis(3'-thienylethynyl)-2-trifluoromethylquinoline

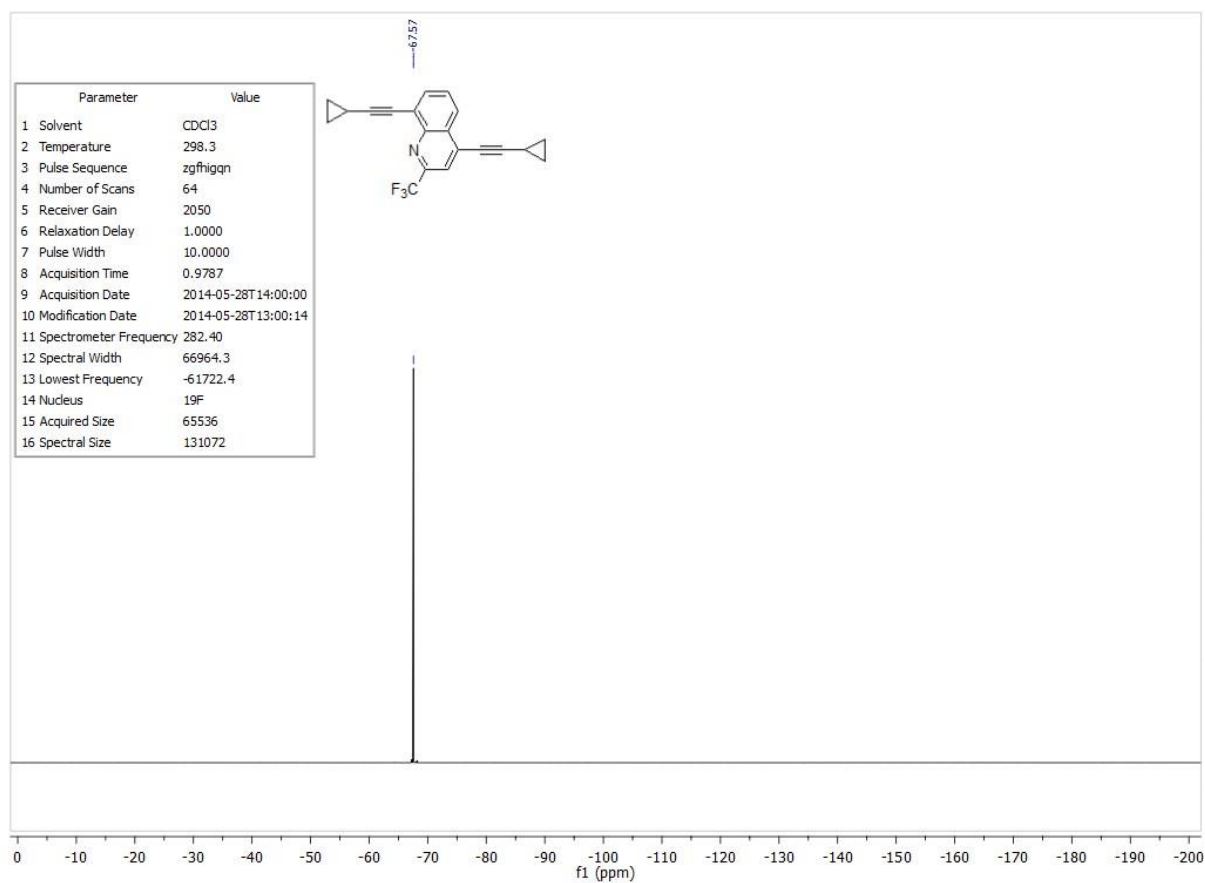
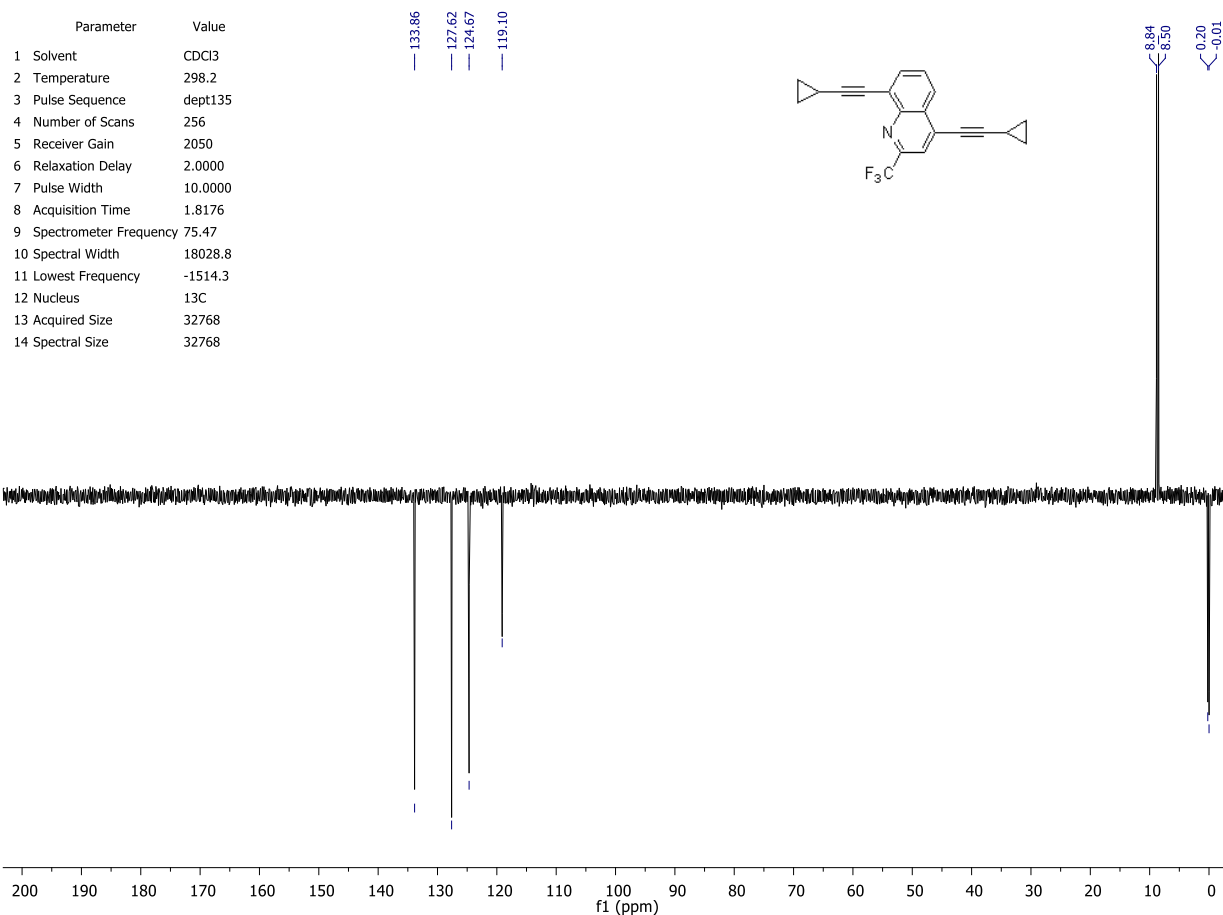




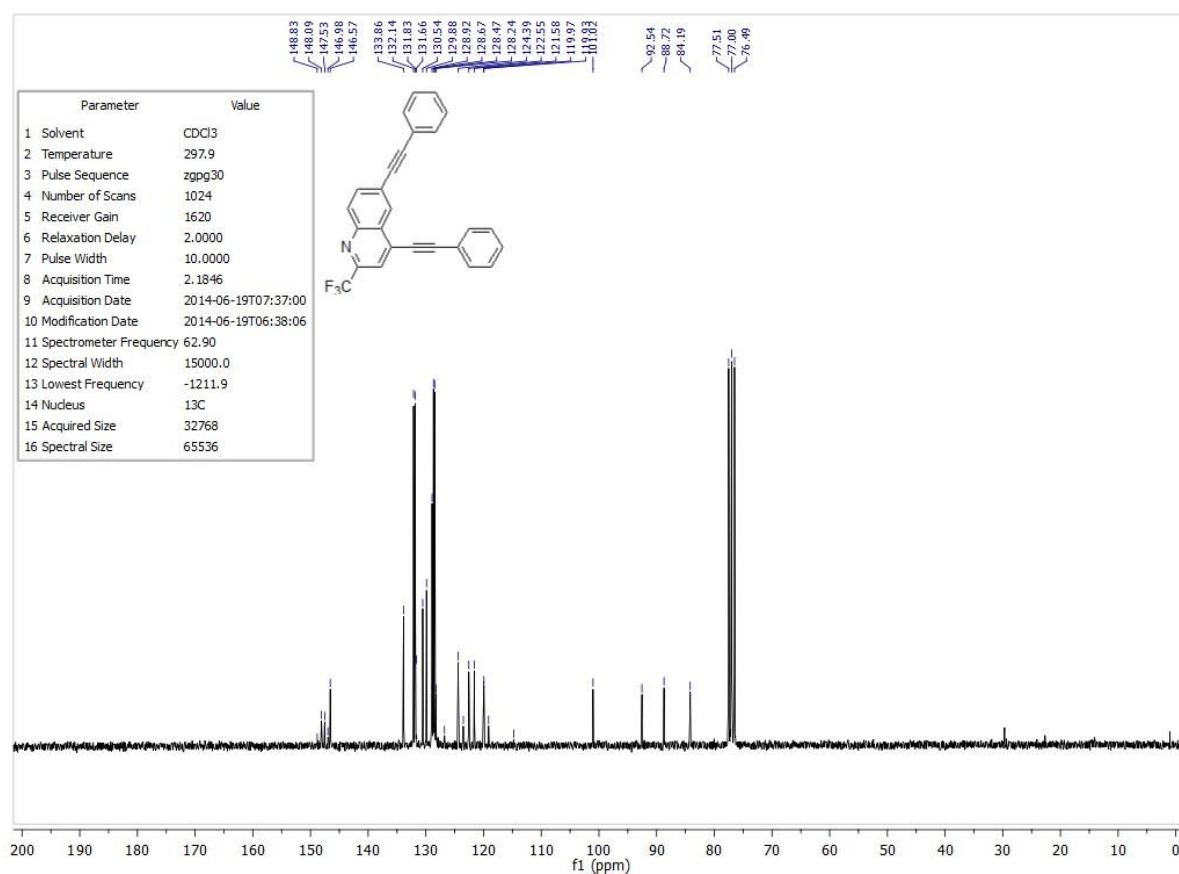
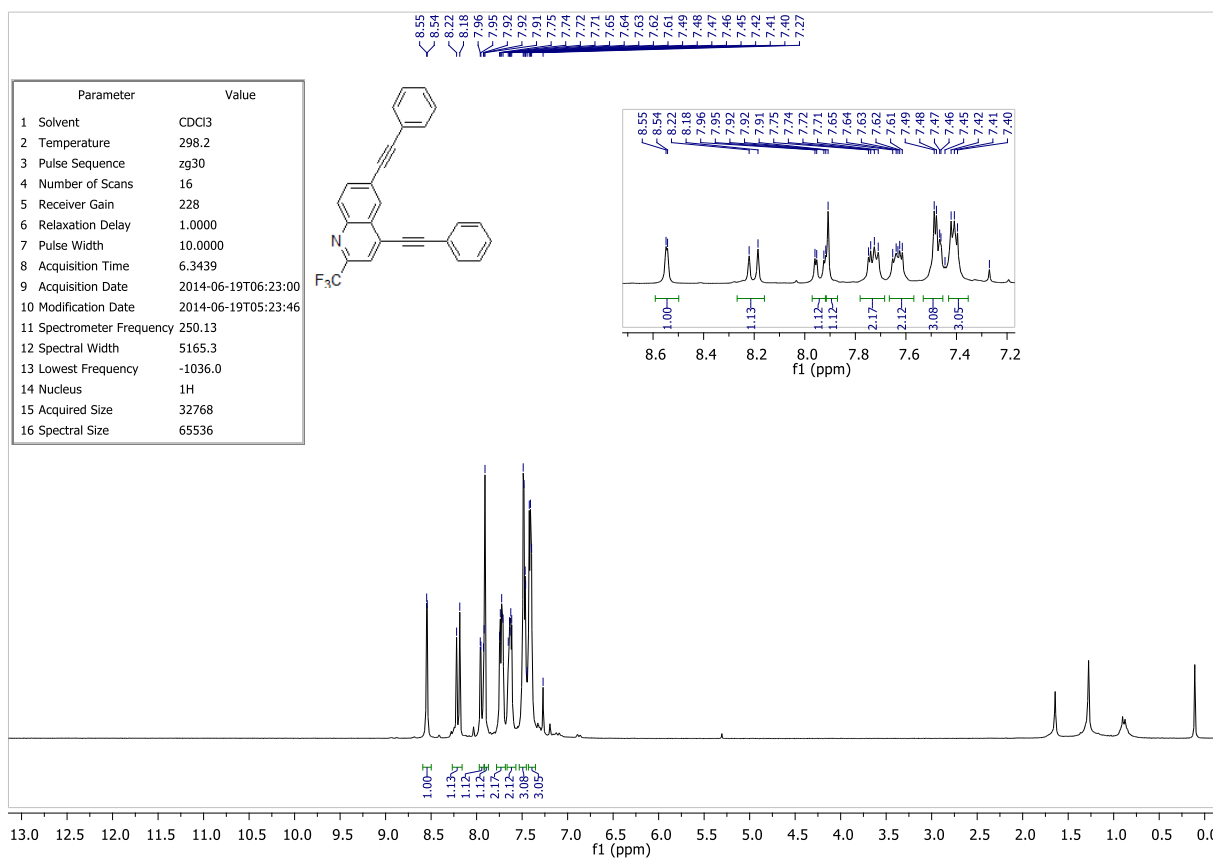


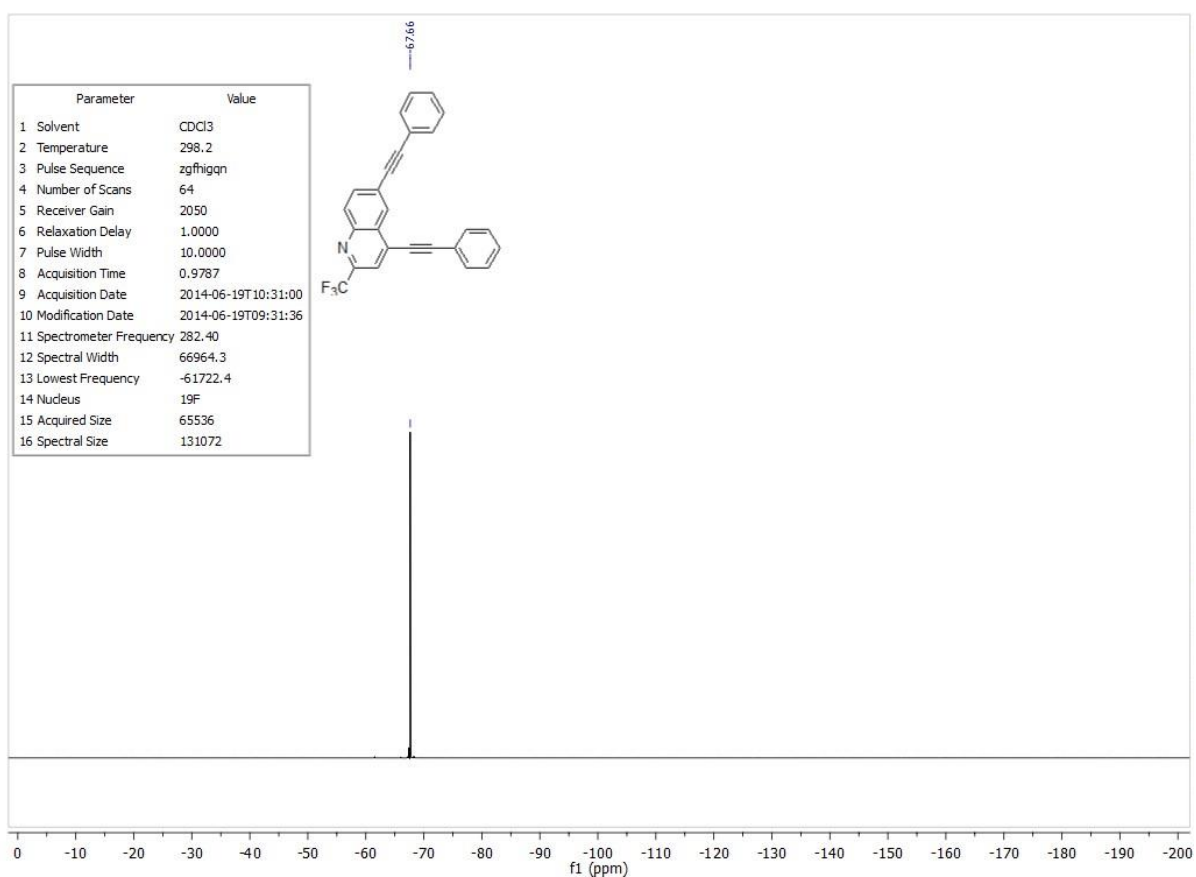
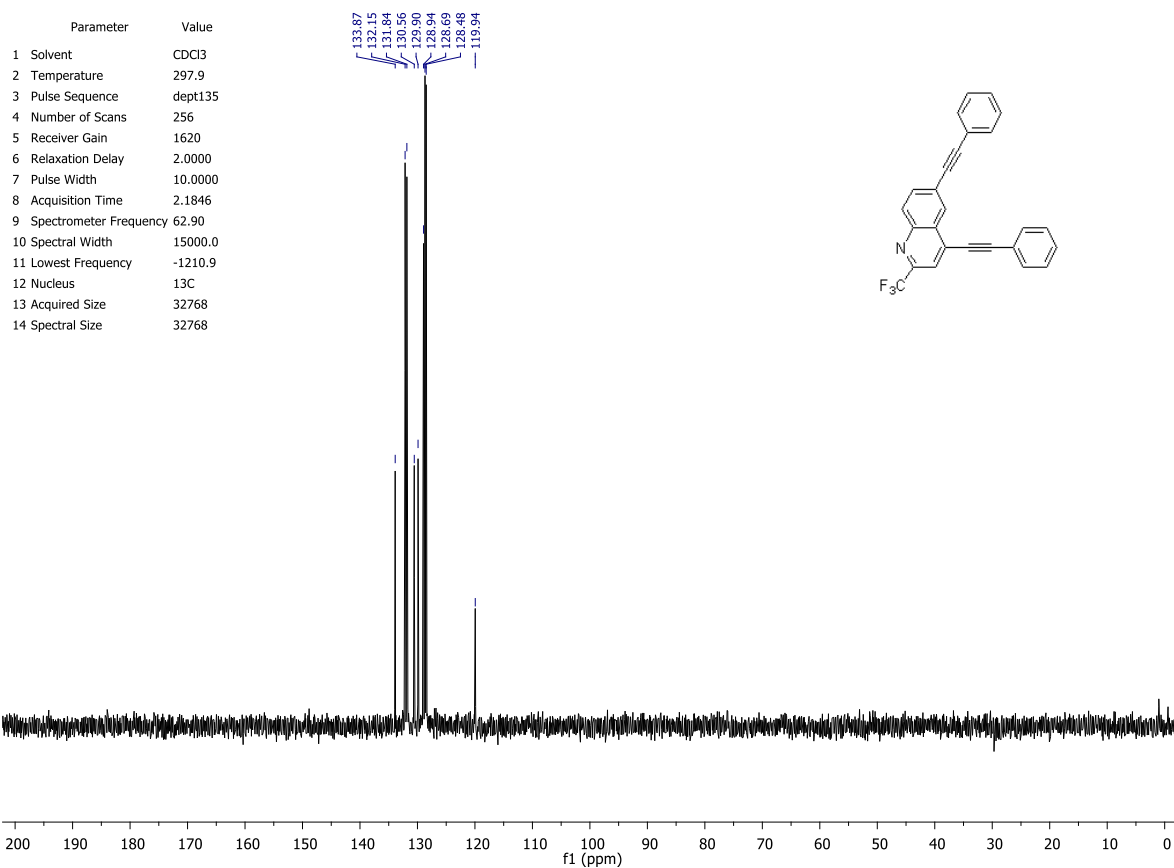
6g - 4,8-Bis(cyclopropylethynyl)-2-trifluoromethylquinoline



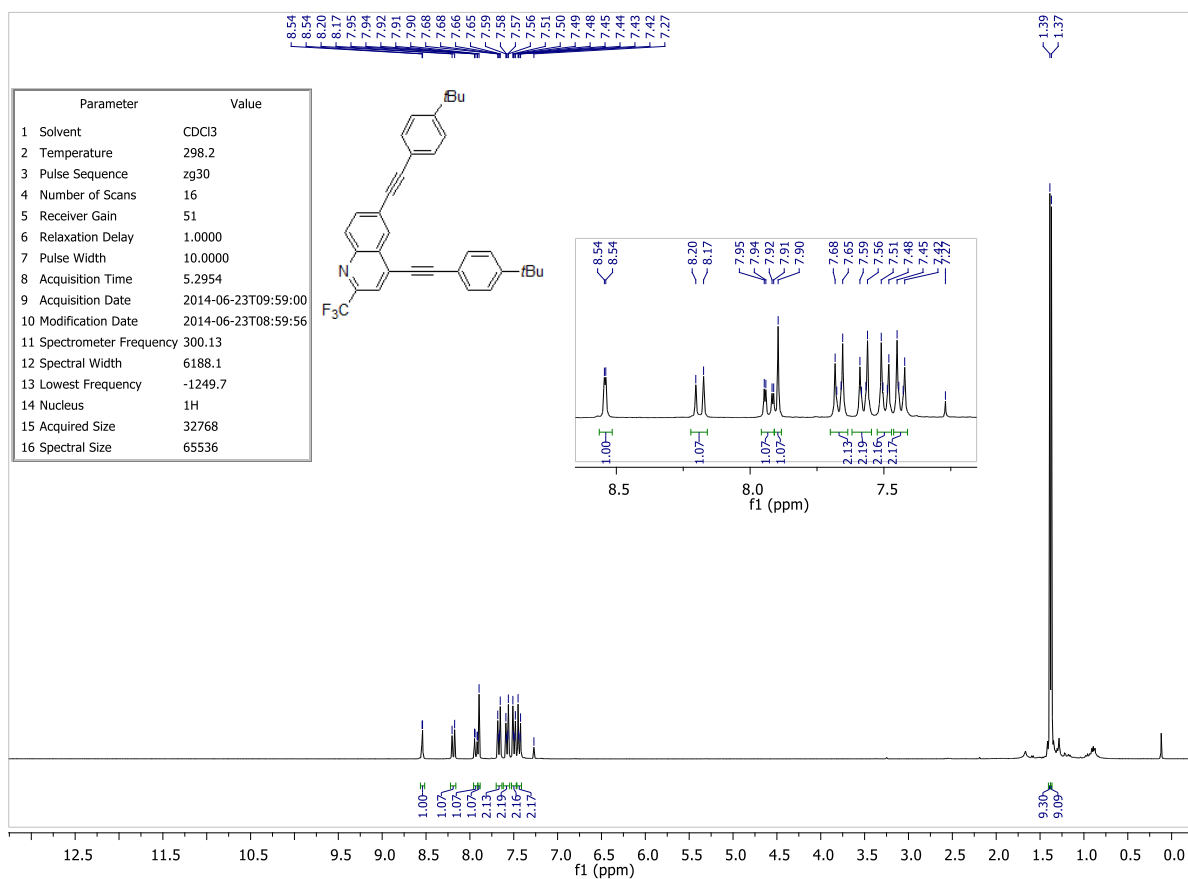


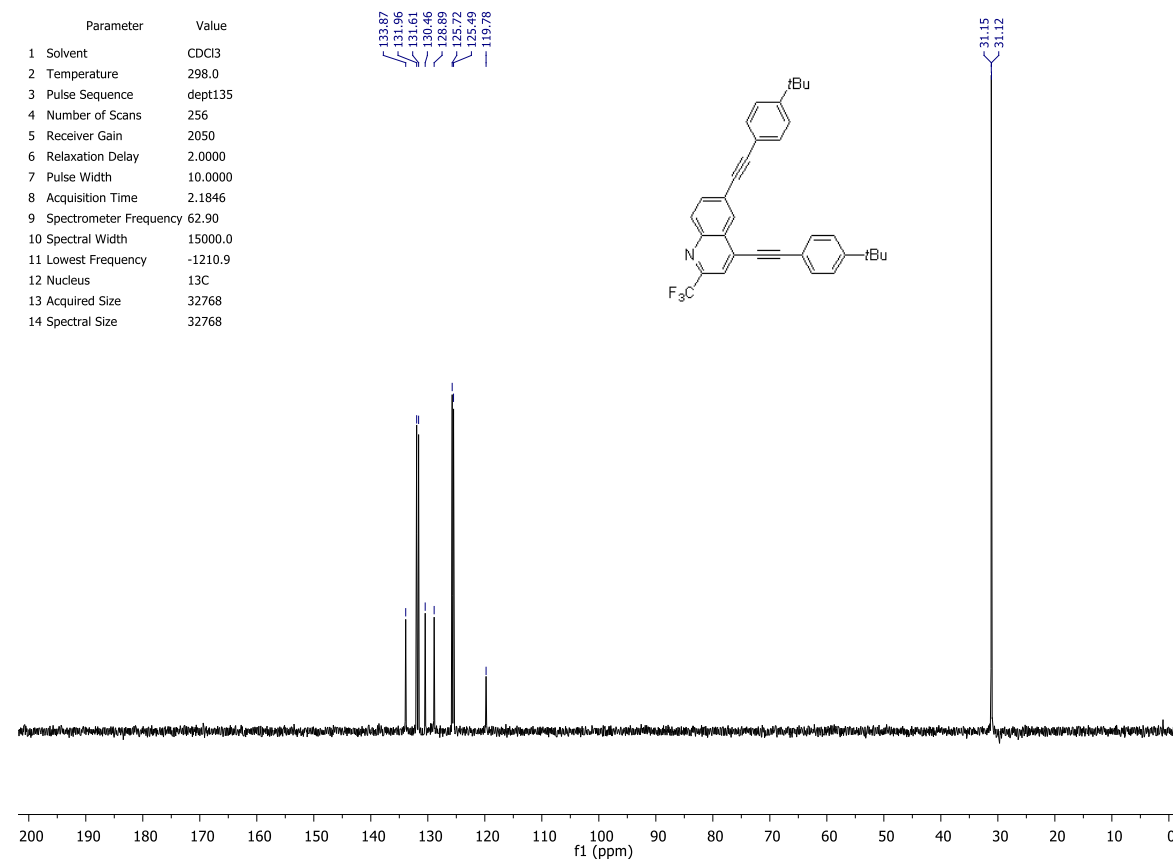
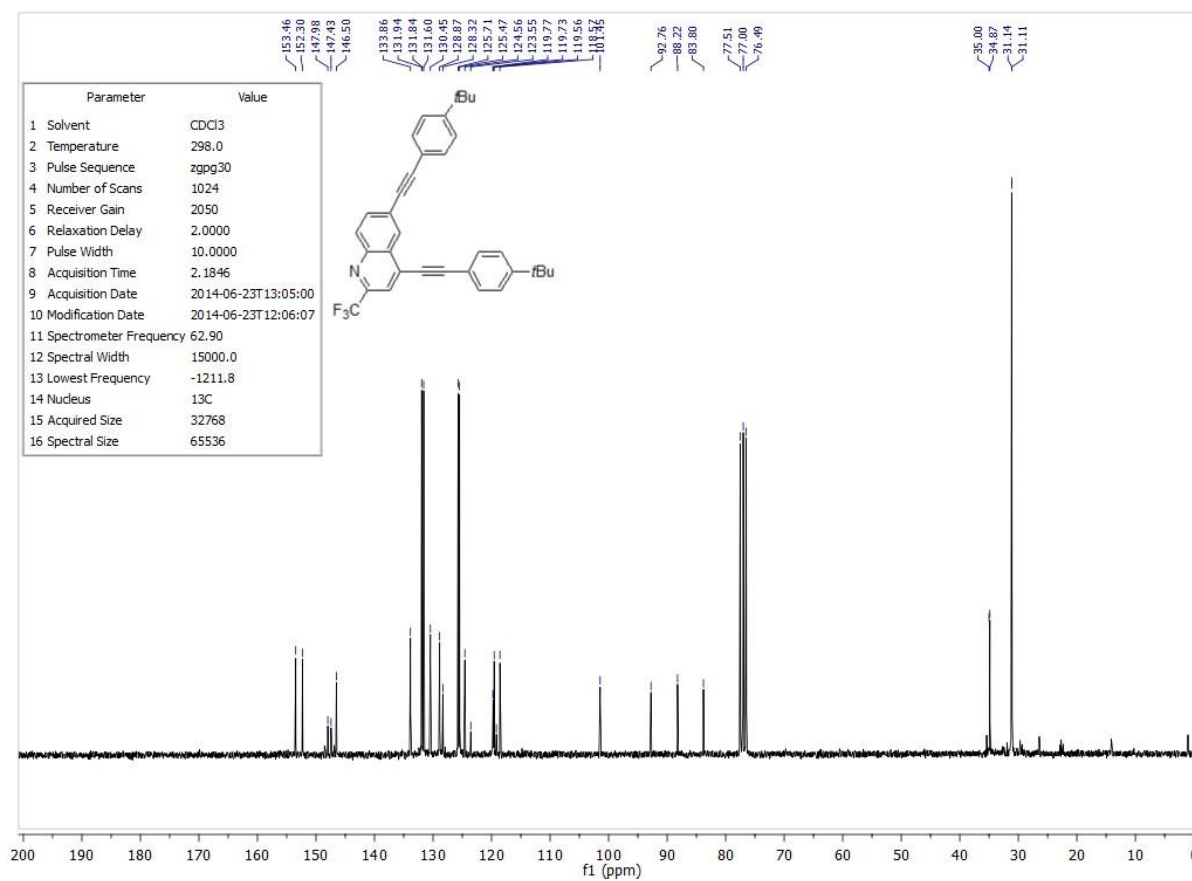
9a - 4,6-Bis(phenylethynyl)-2-trifluoromethylquinoline

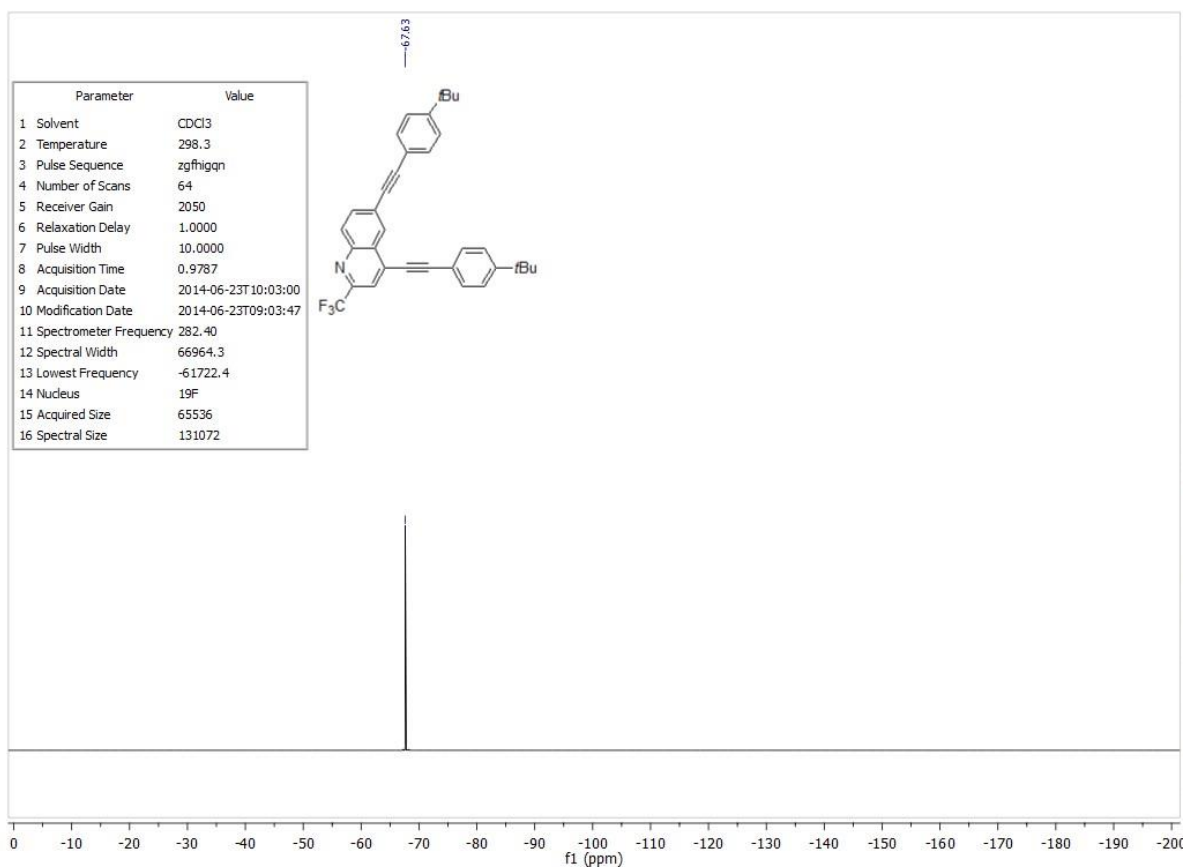




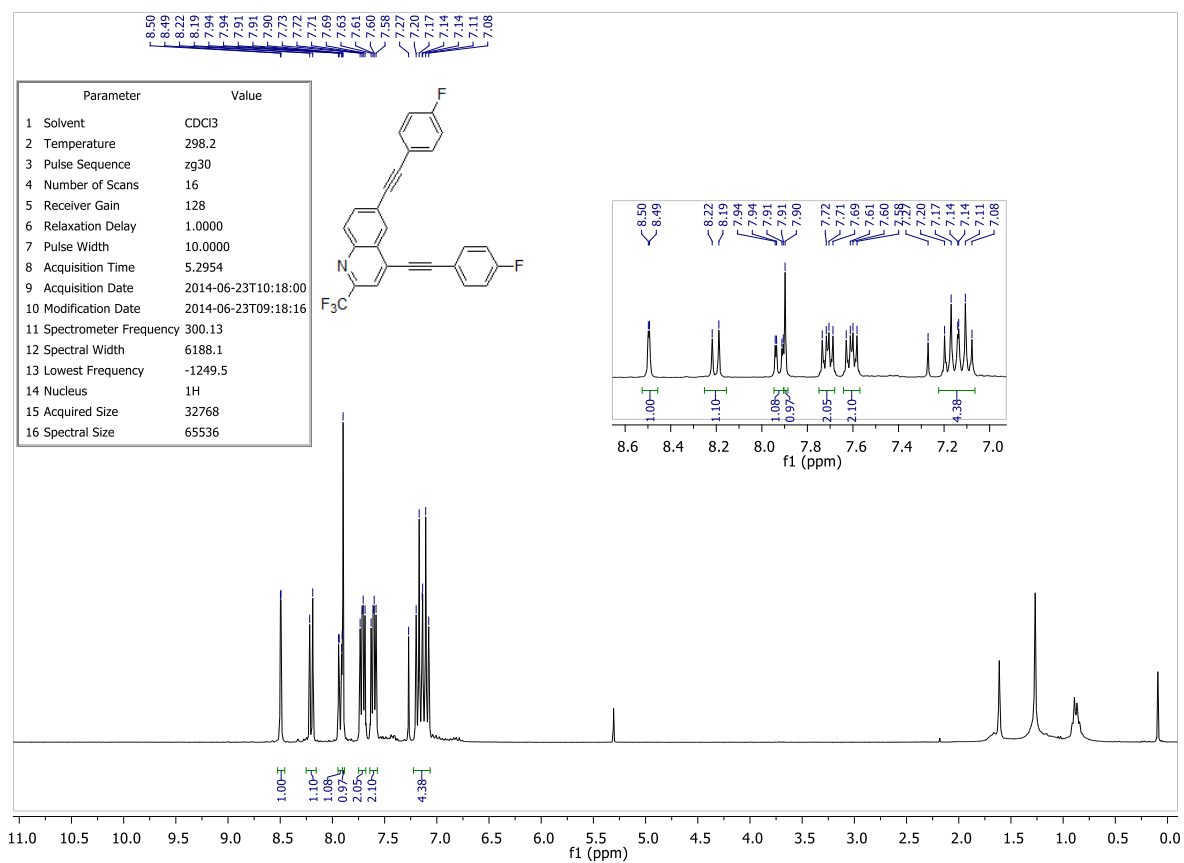
9b - 4,6-Bis(4'-tert-butylphenylethynyl)-2-trifluoromethylquinoline

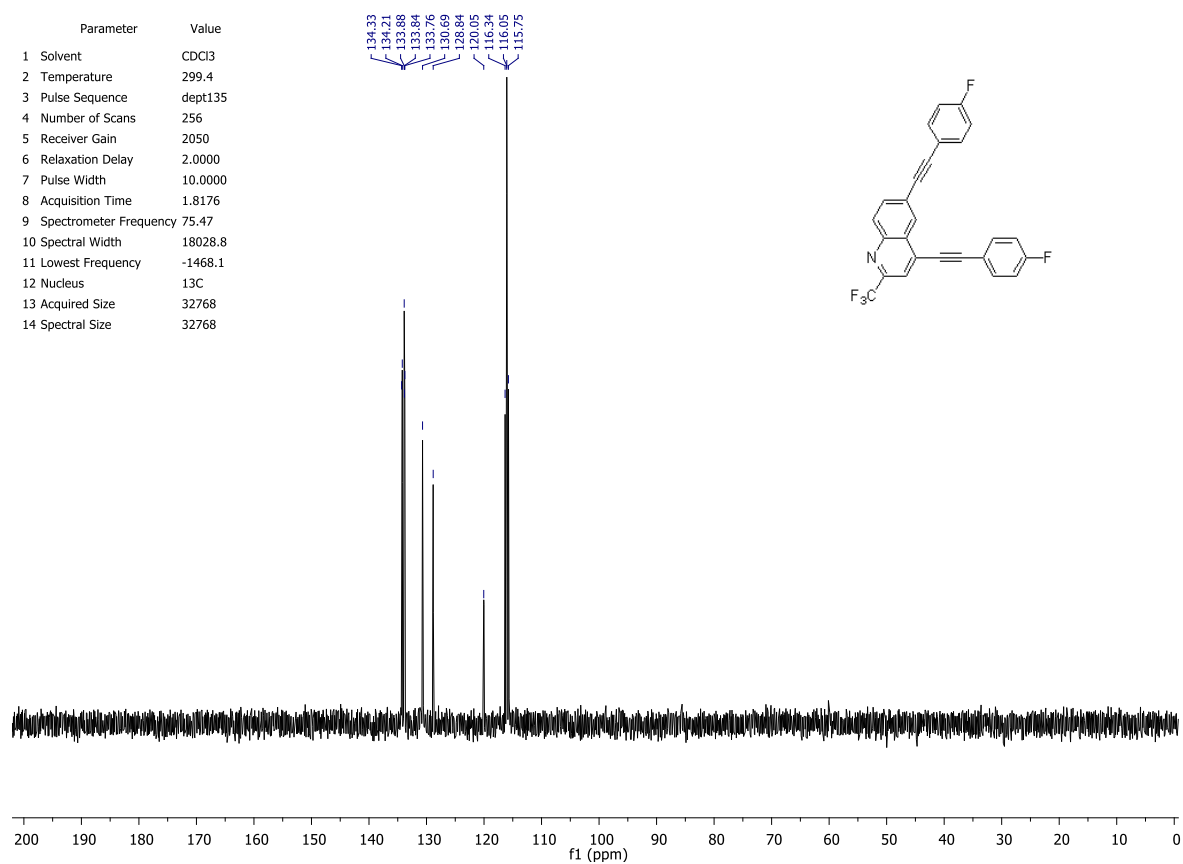
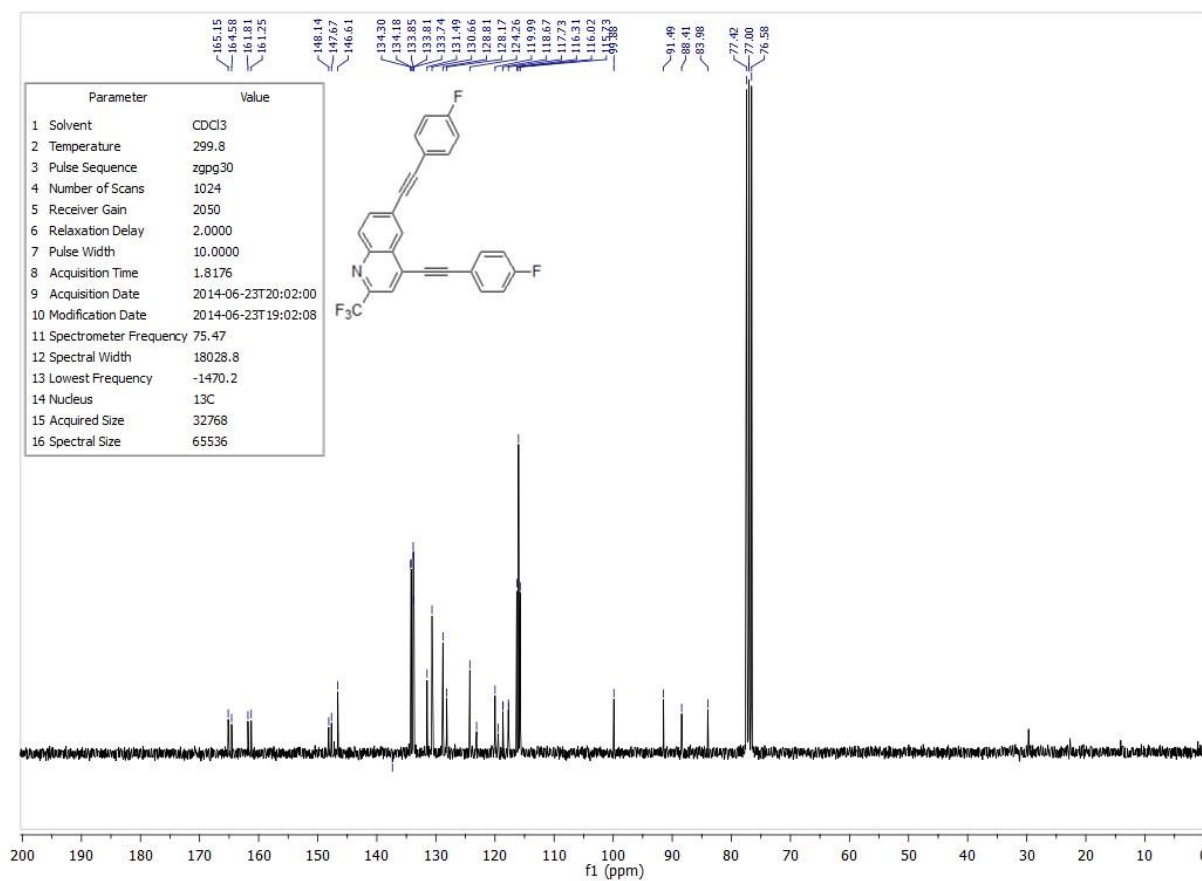


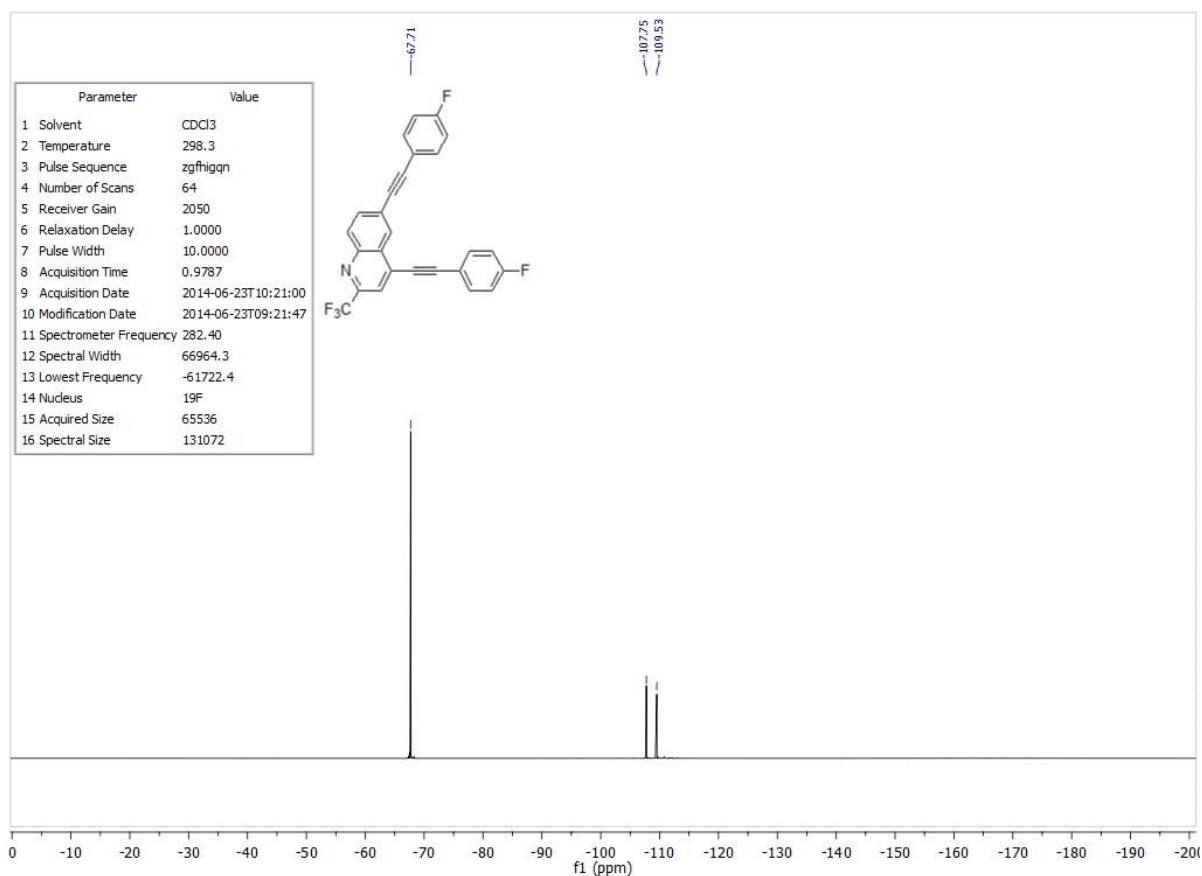




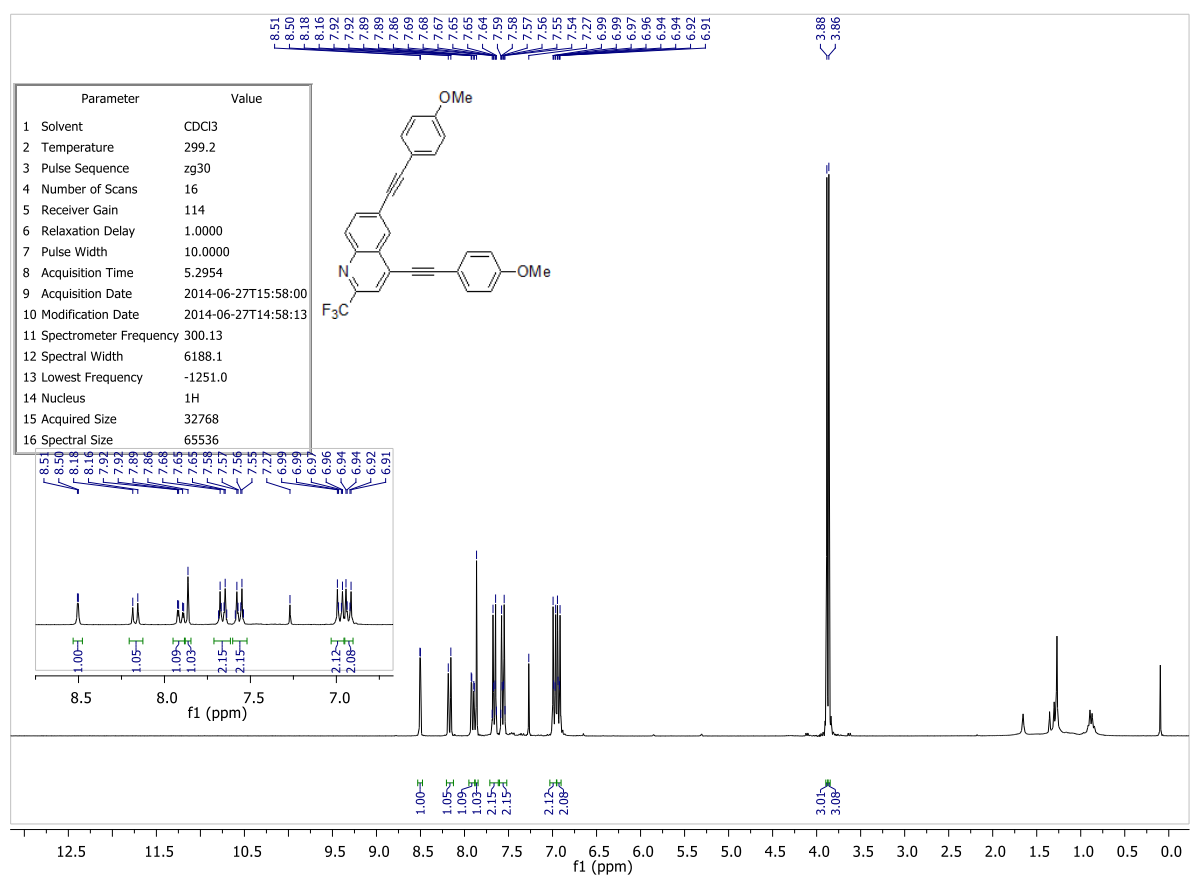
9d - 4,6-Bis(4'-fluorophenylethynyl)-2-trifluoromethylquinoline

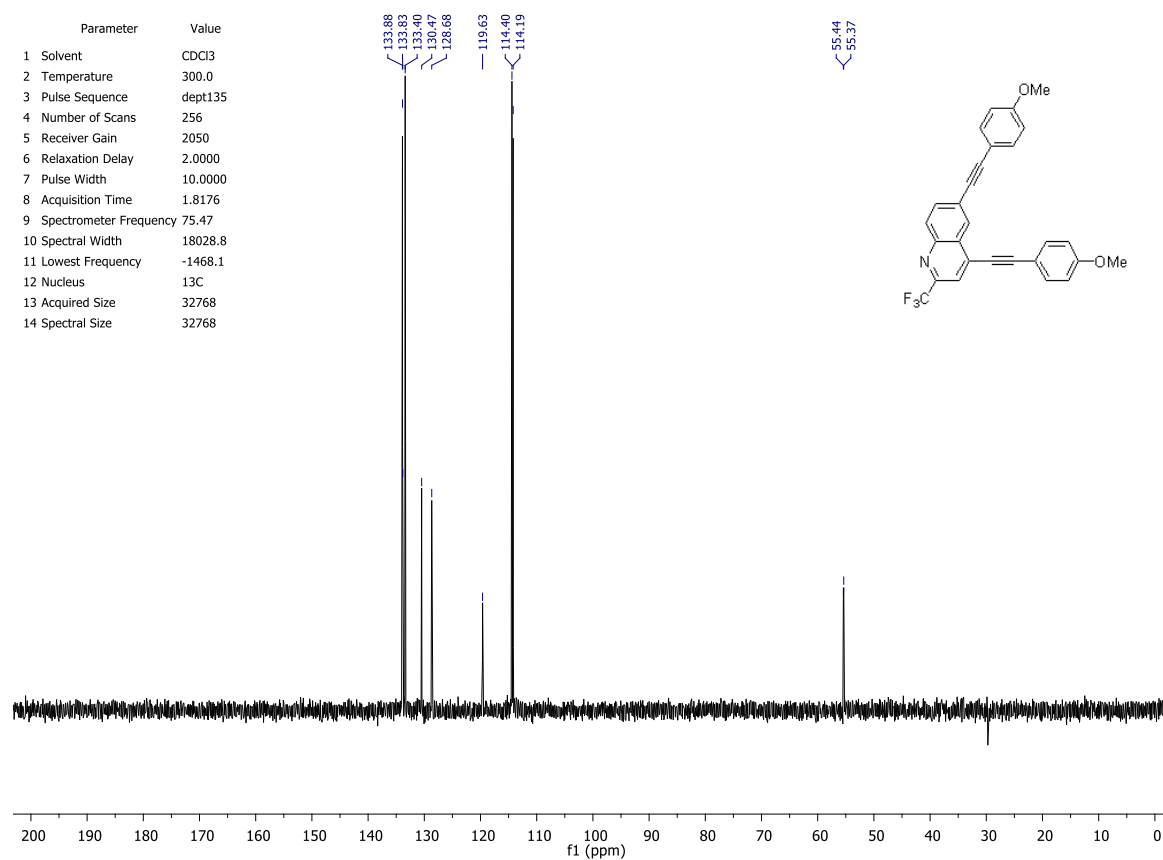
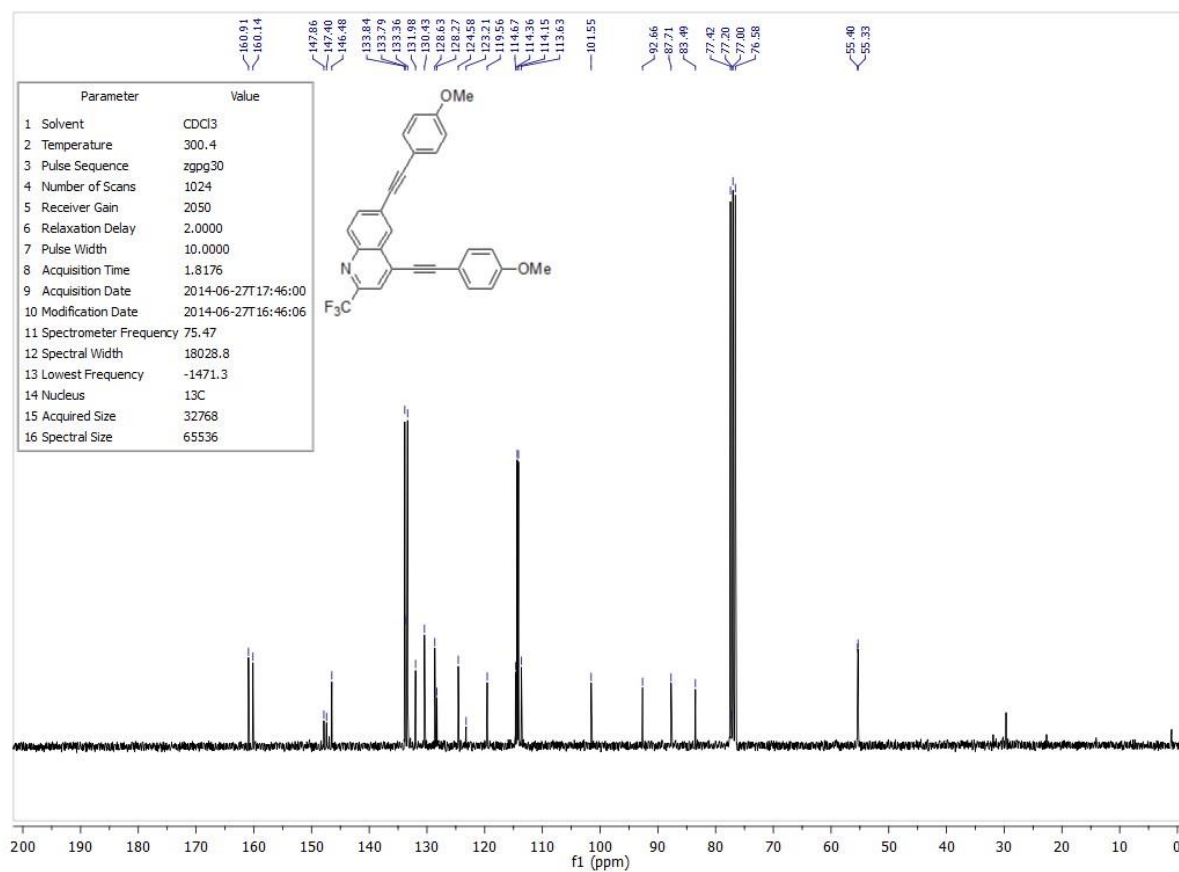


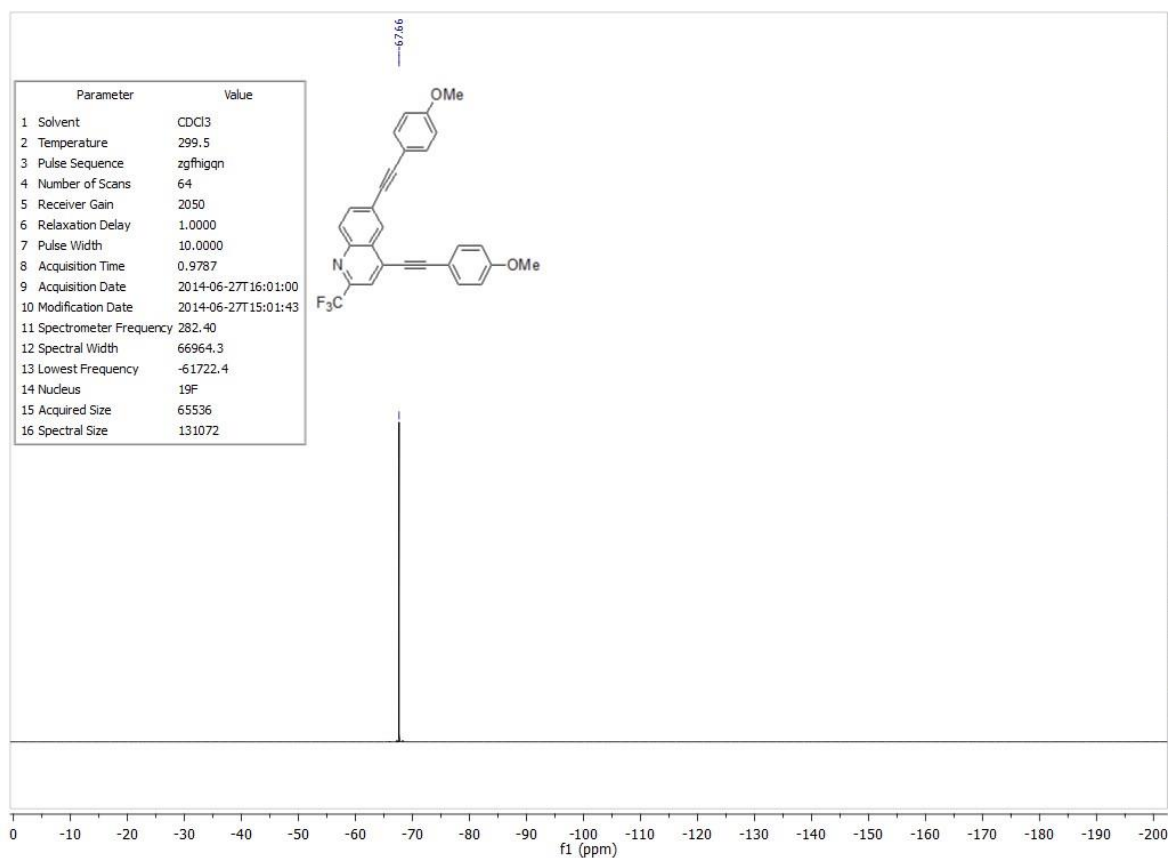




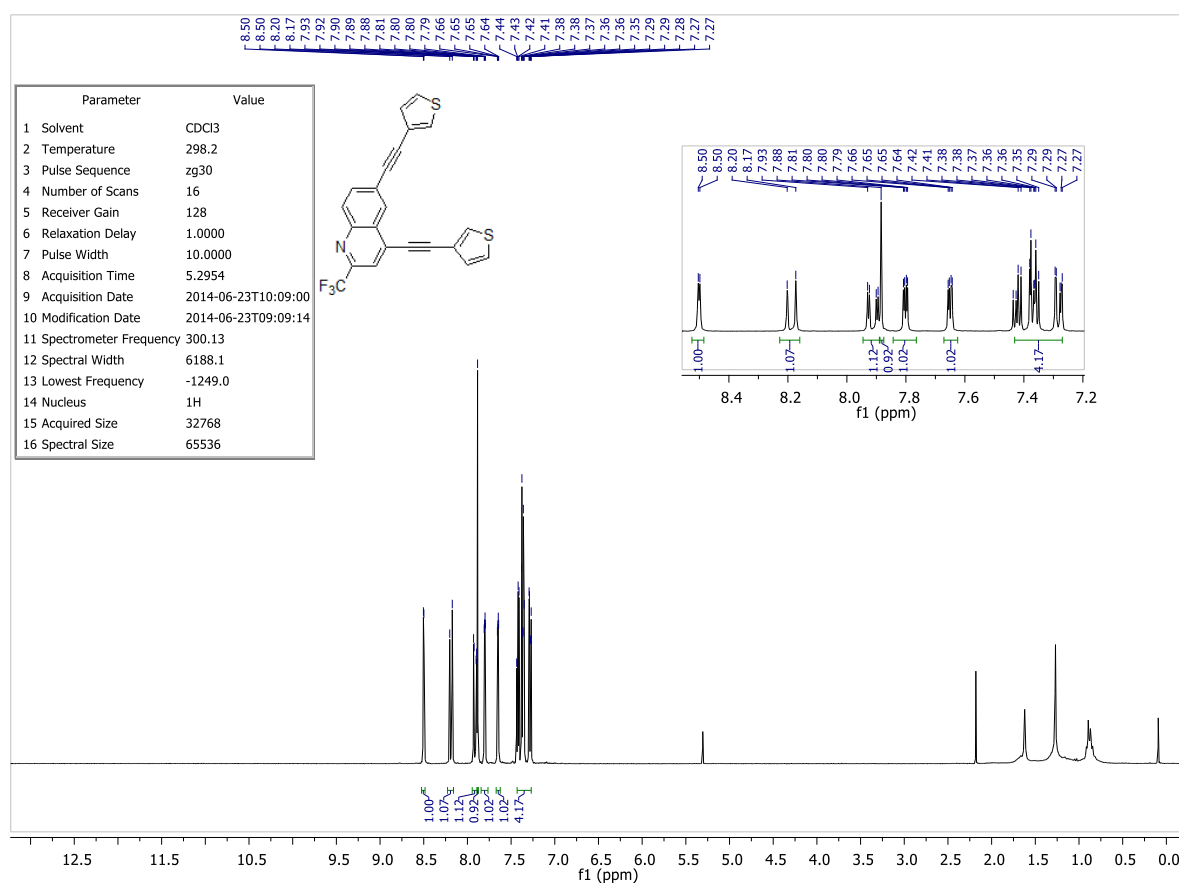
9e - 4,6-Bis(4'-methoxyphenylethynyl)-2-trifluoromethylquinoline

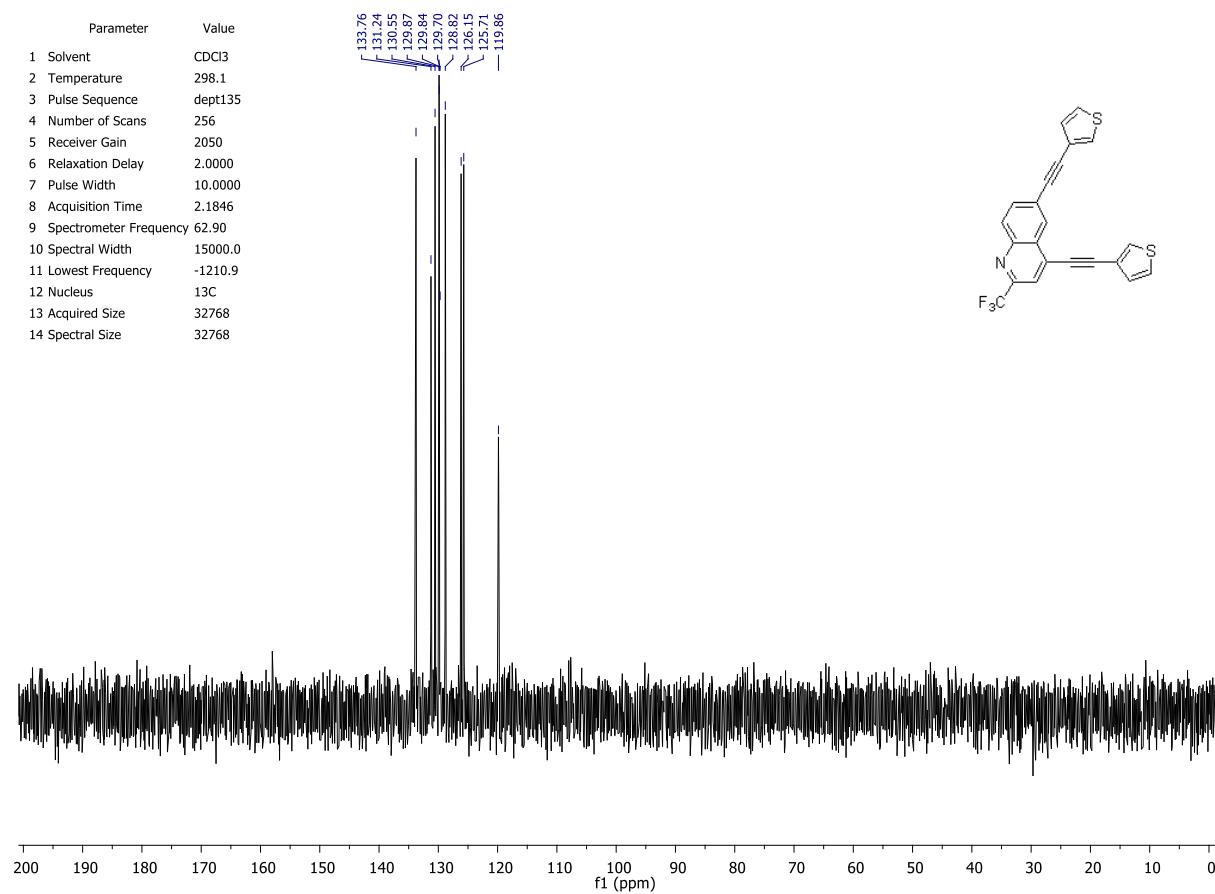
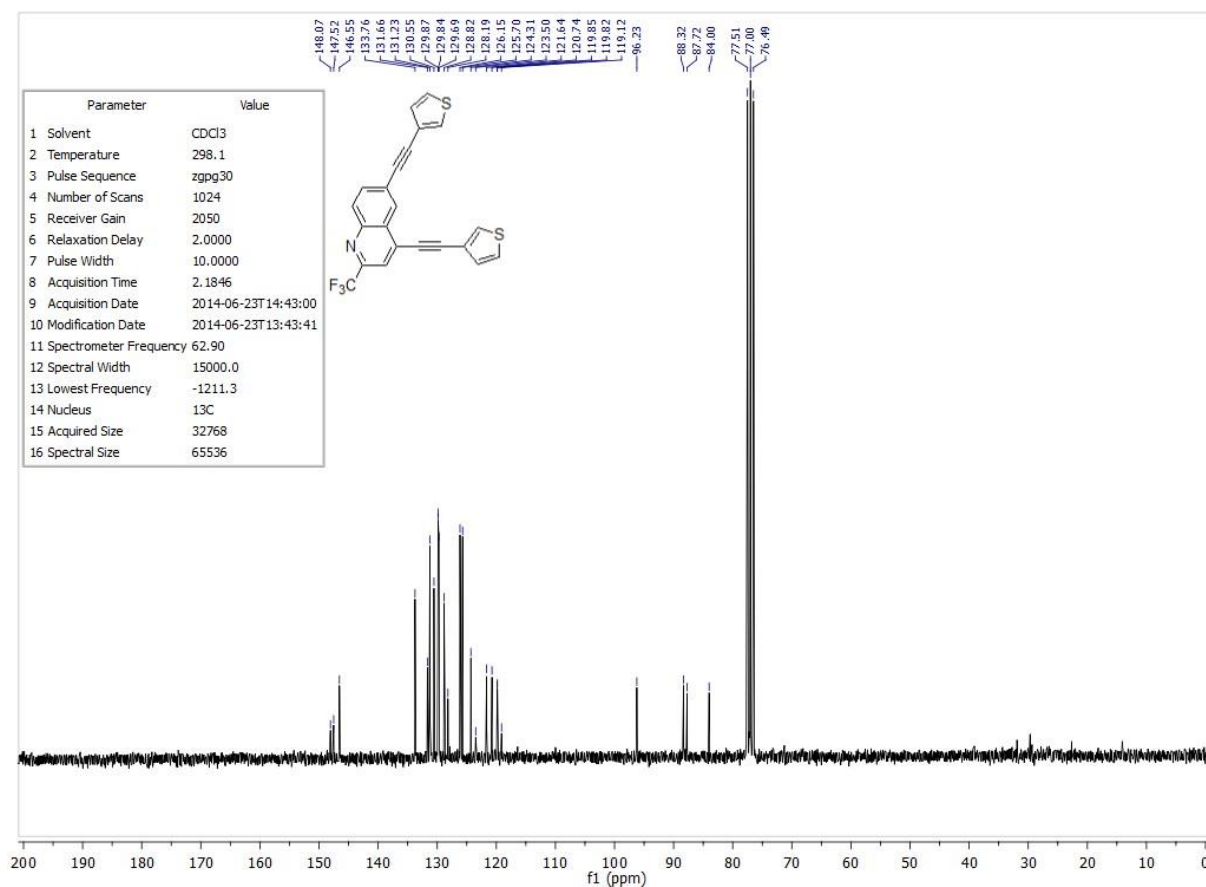


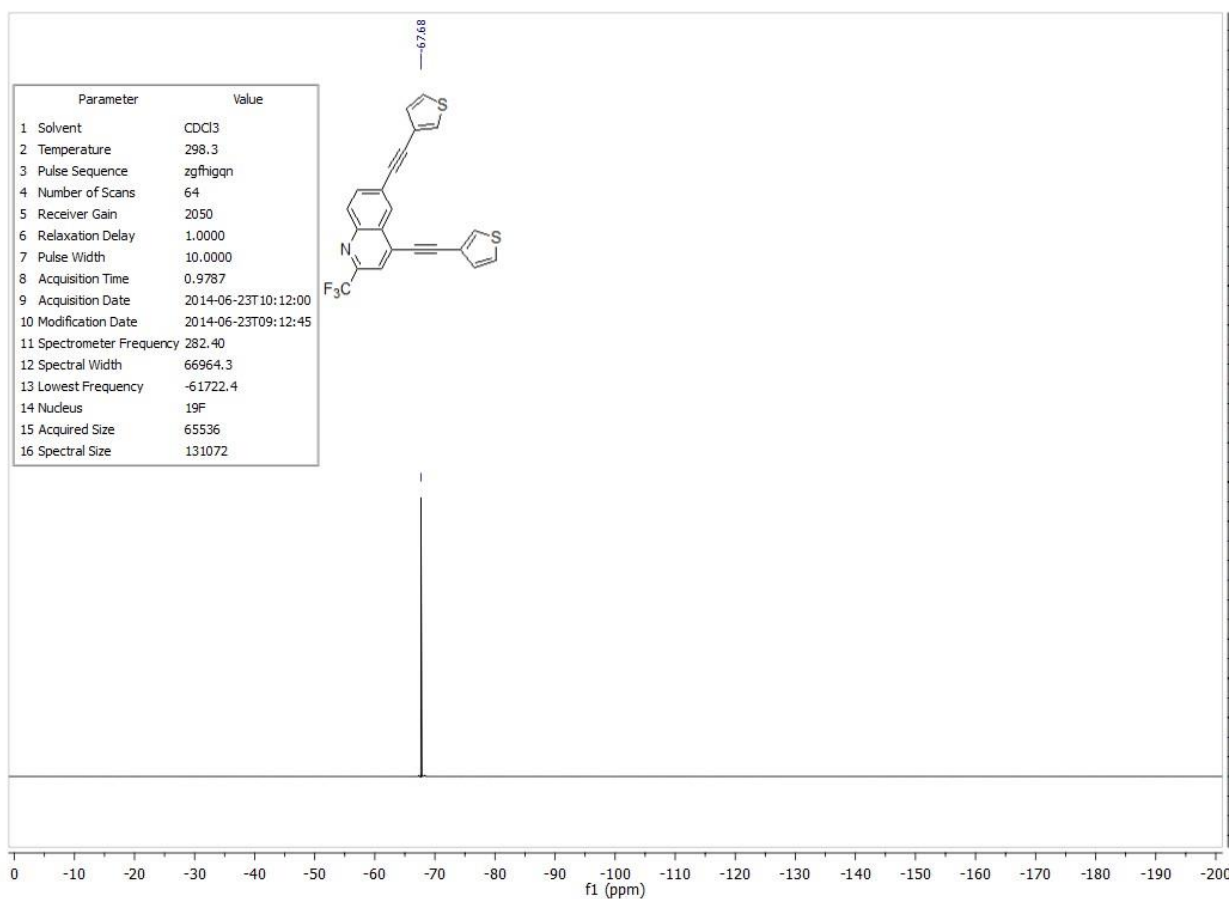




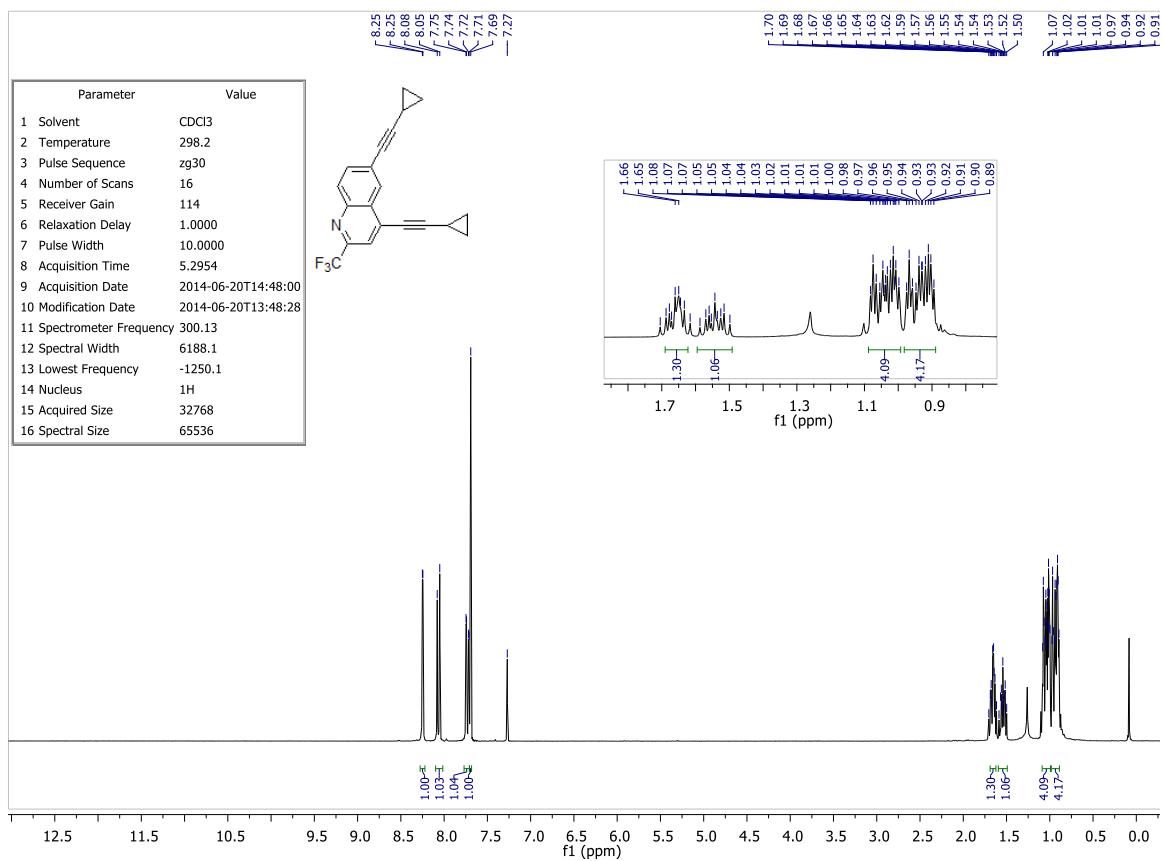
9f - 4,6-Bis(3'-thienylethynyl)-2-trifluoromethylquinoline

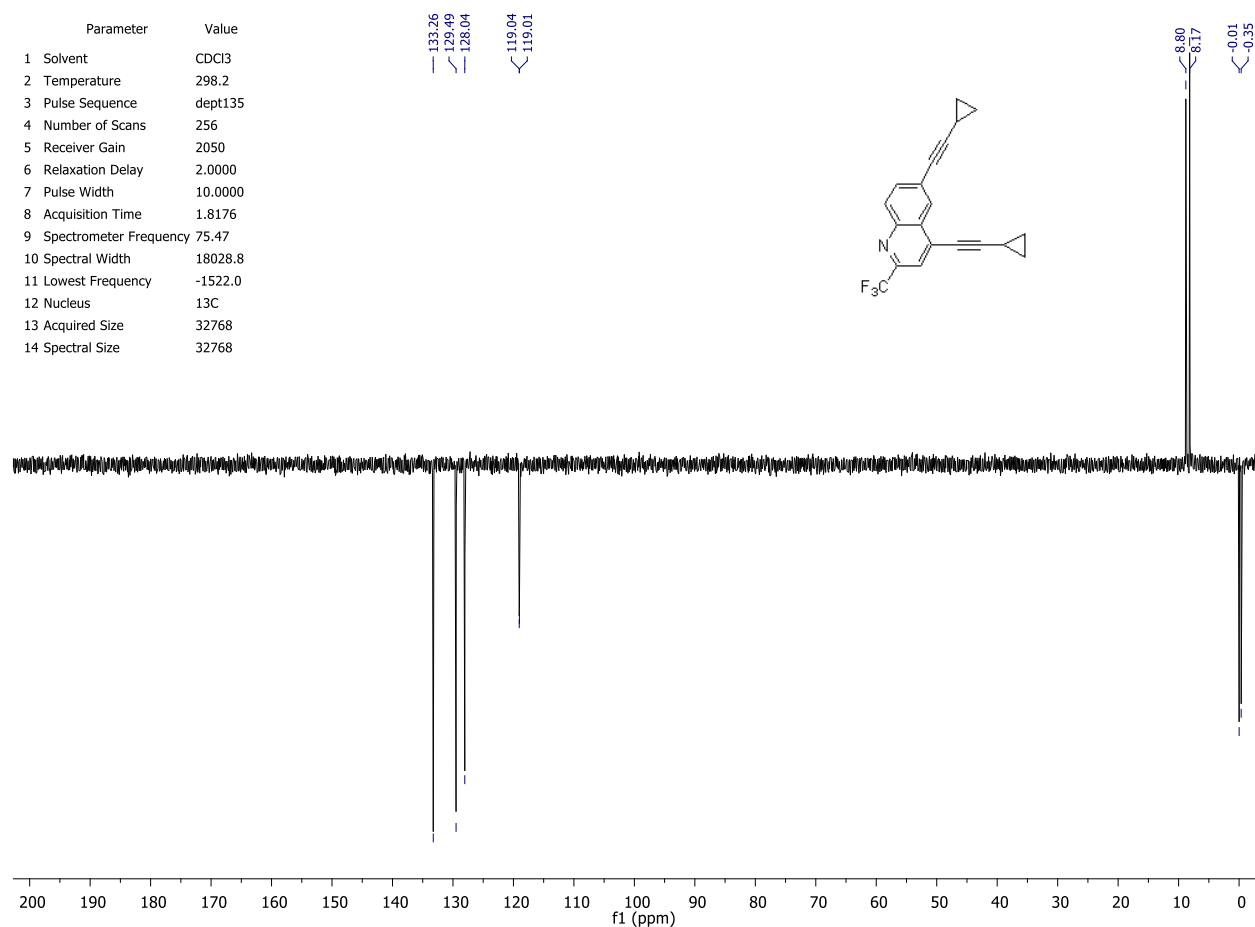
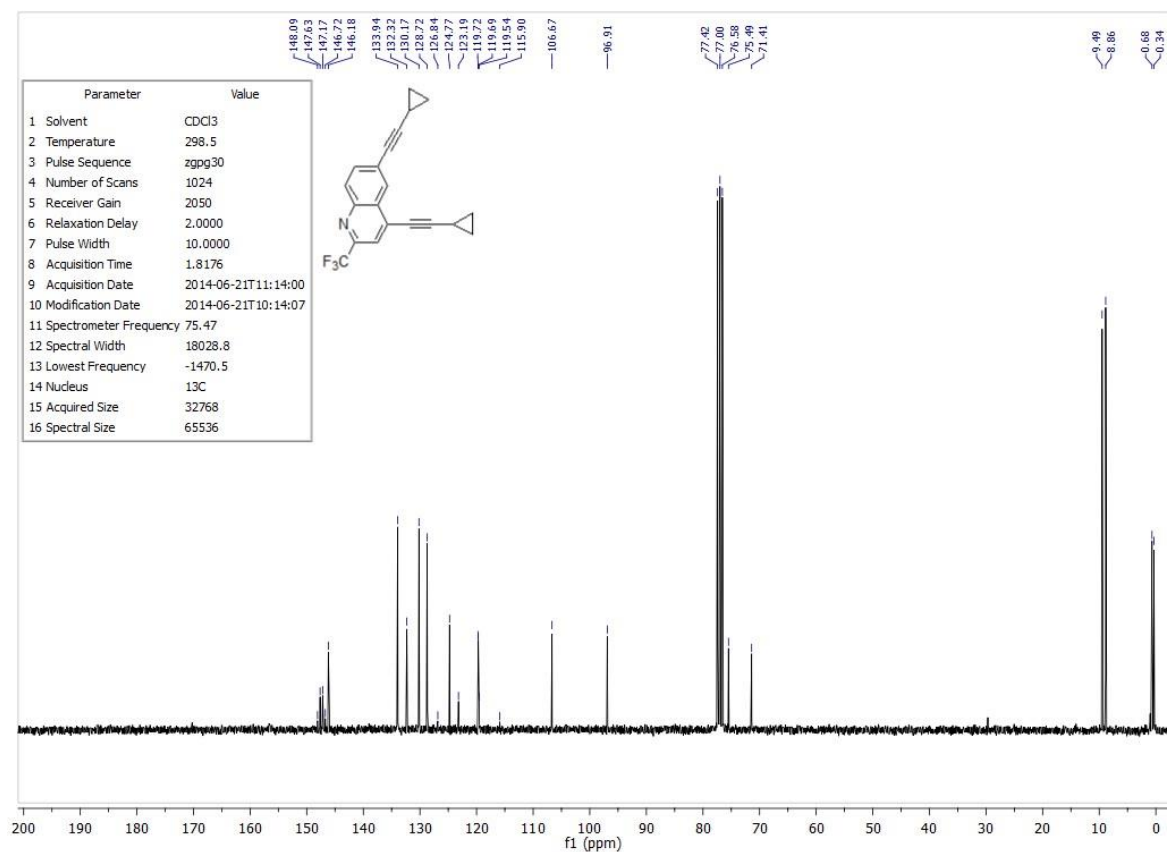


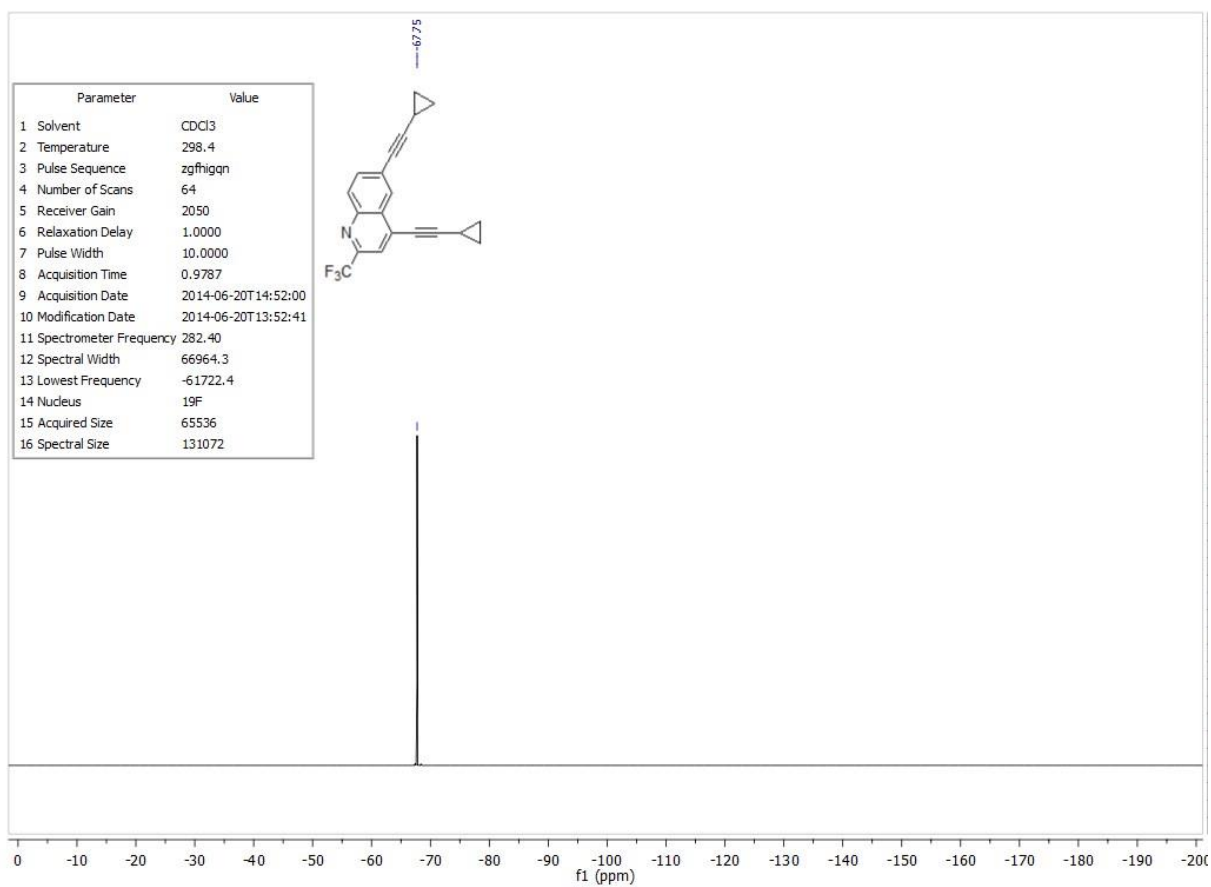




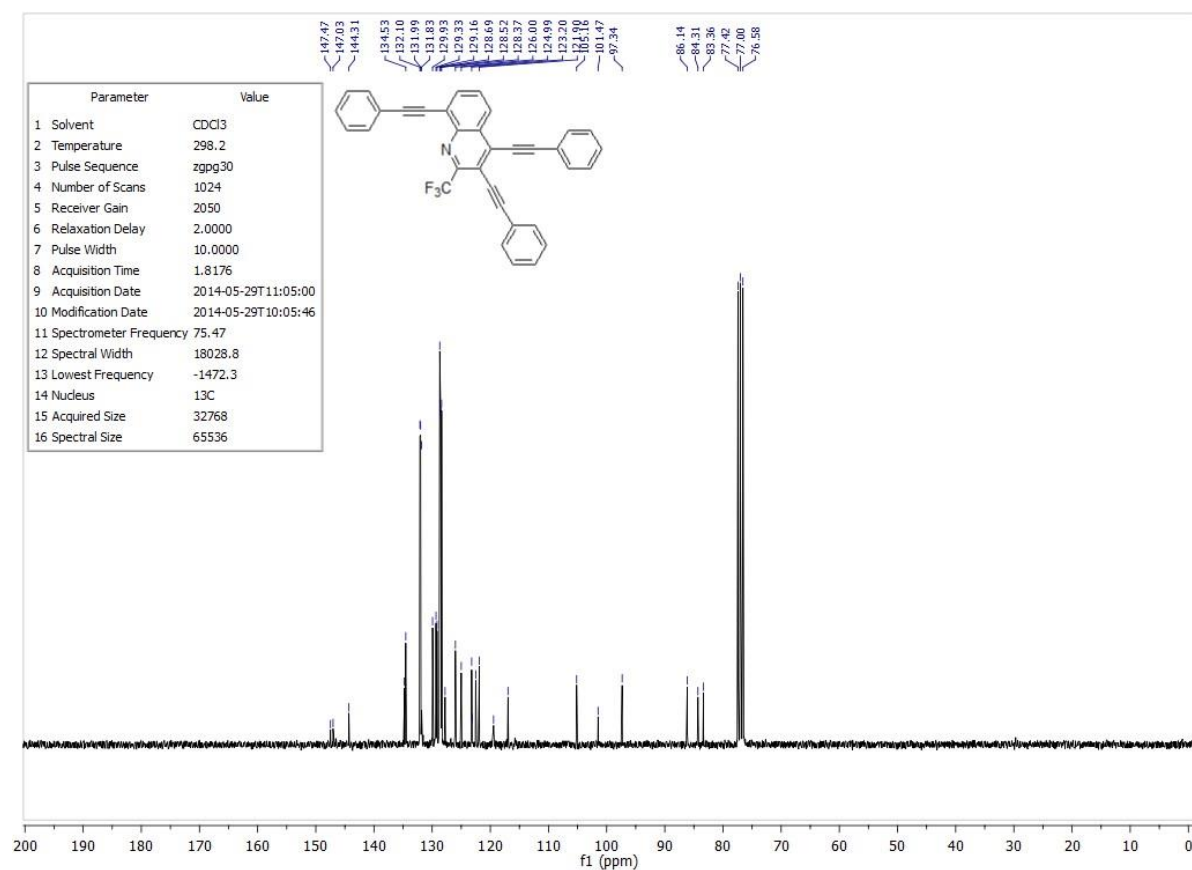
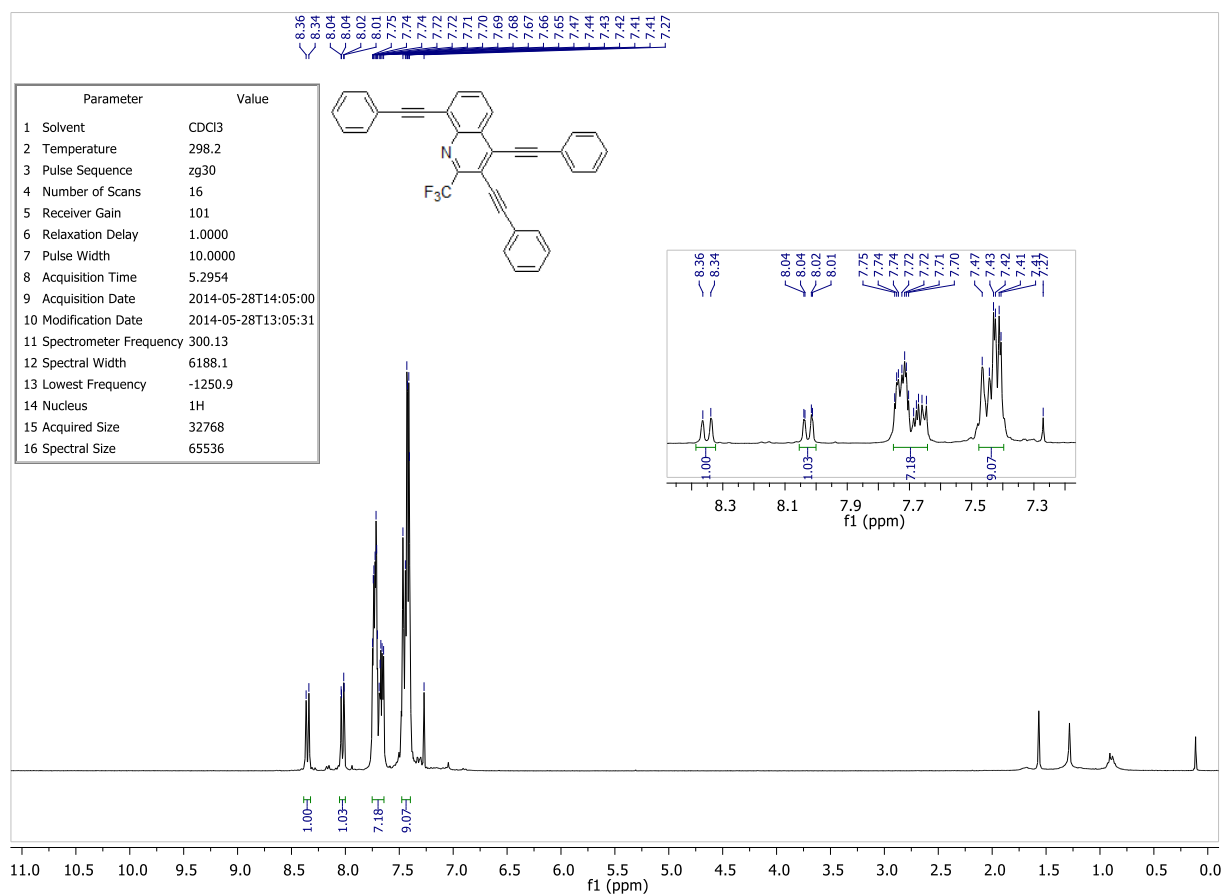
9g – 4,6-Bis(cyclopropylethynyl)-2-trifluoromethylquinoline

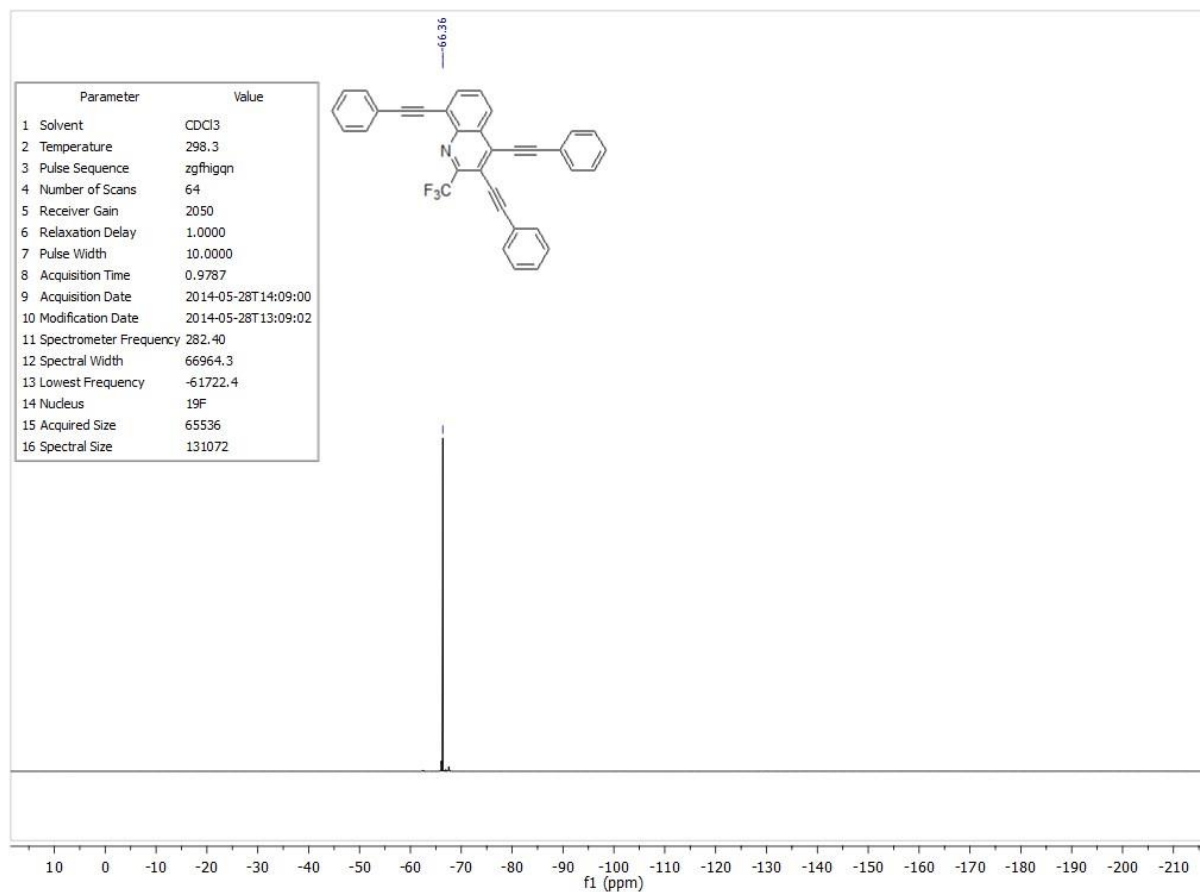
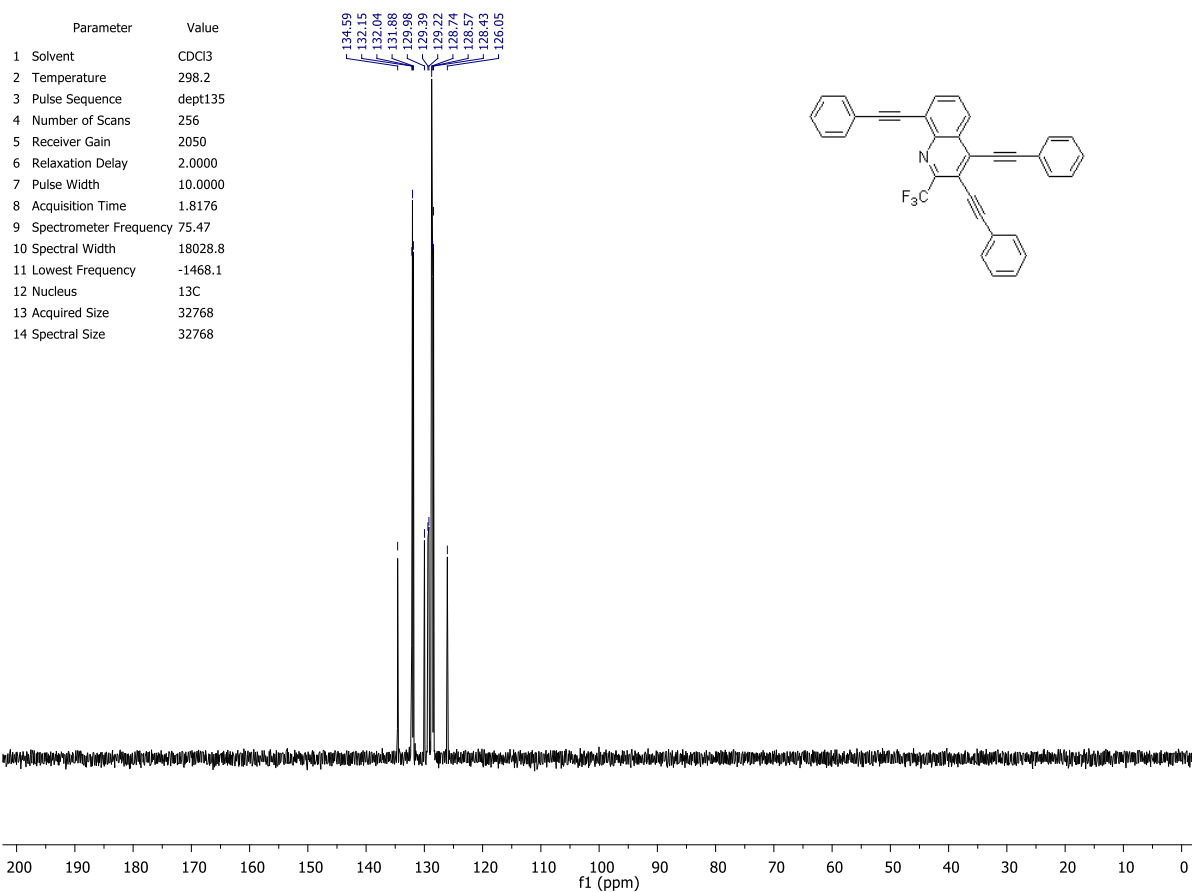




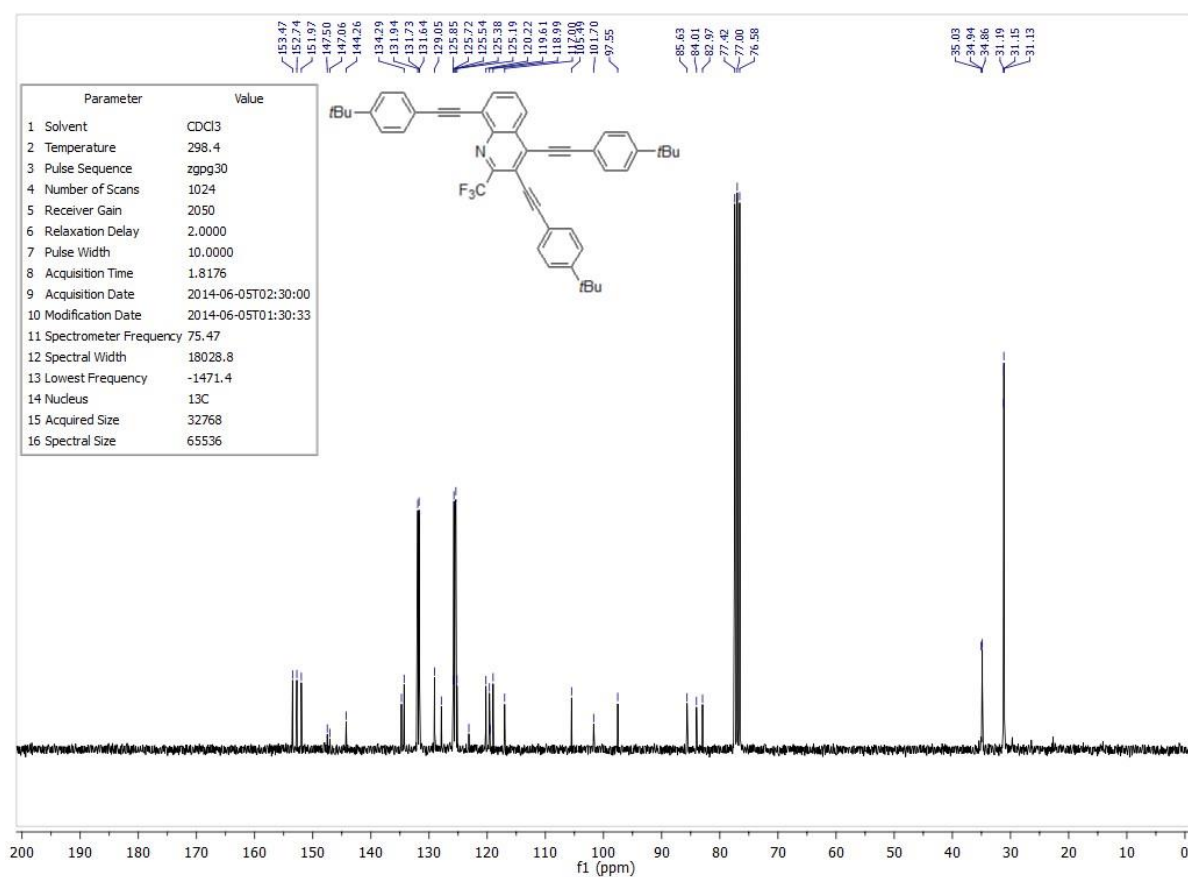
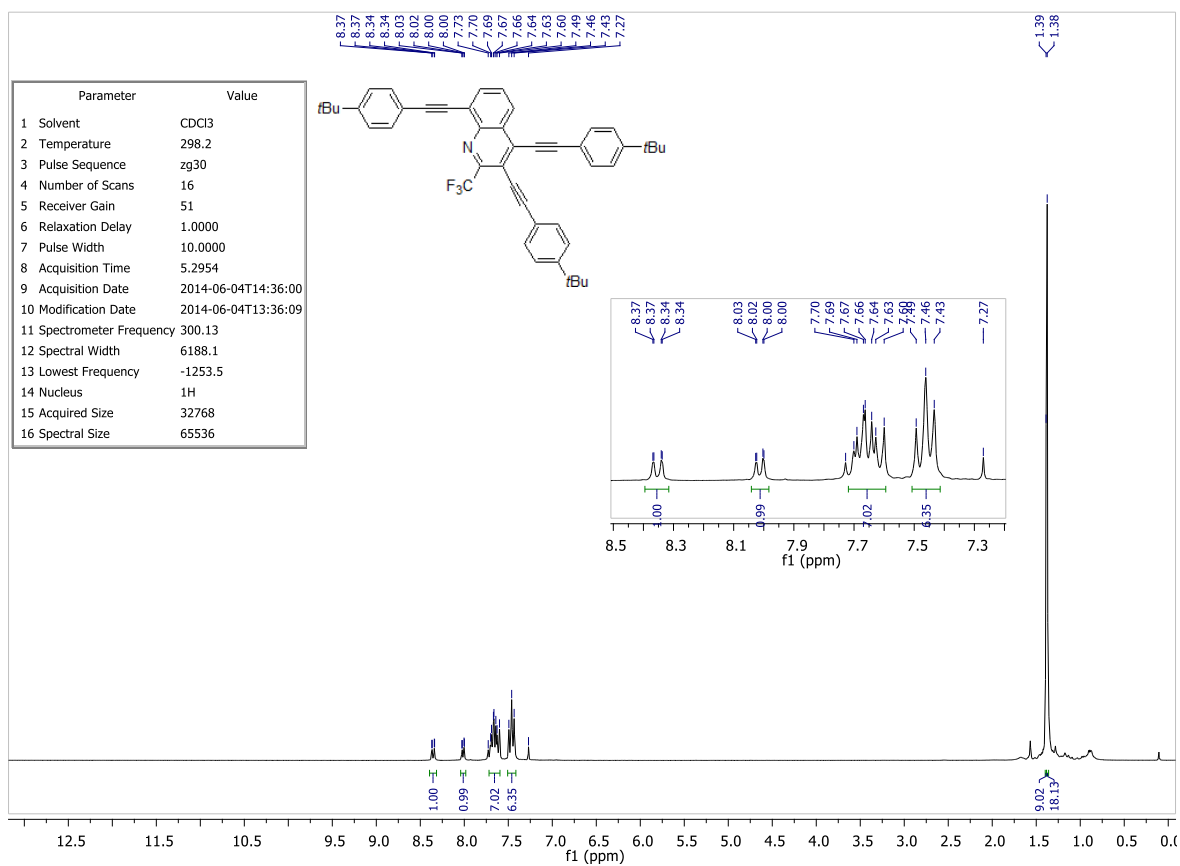


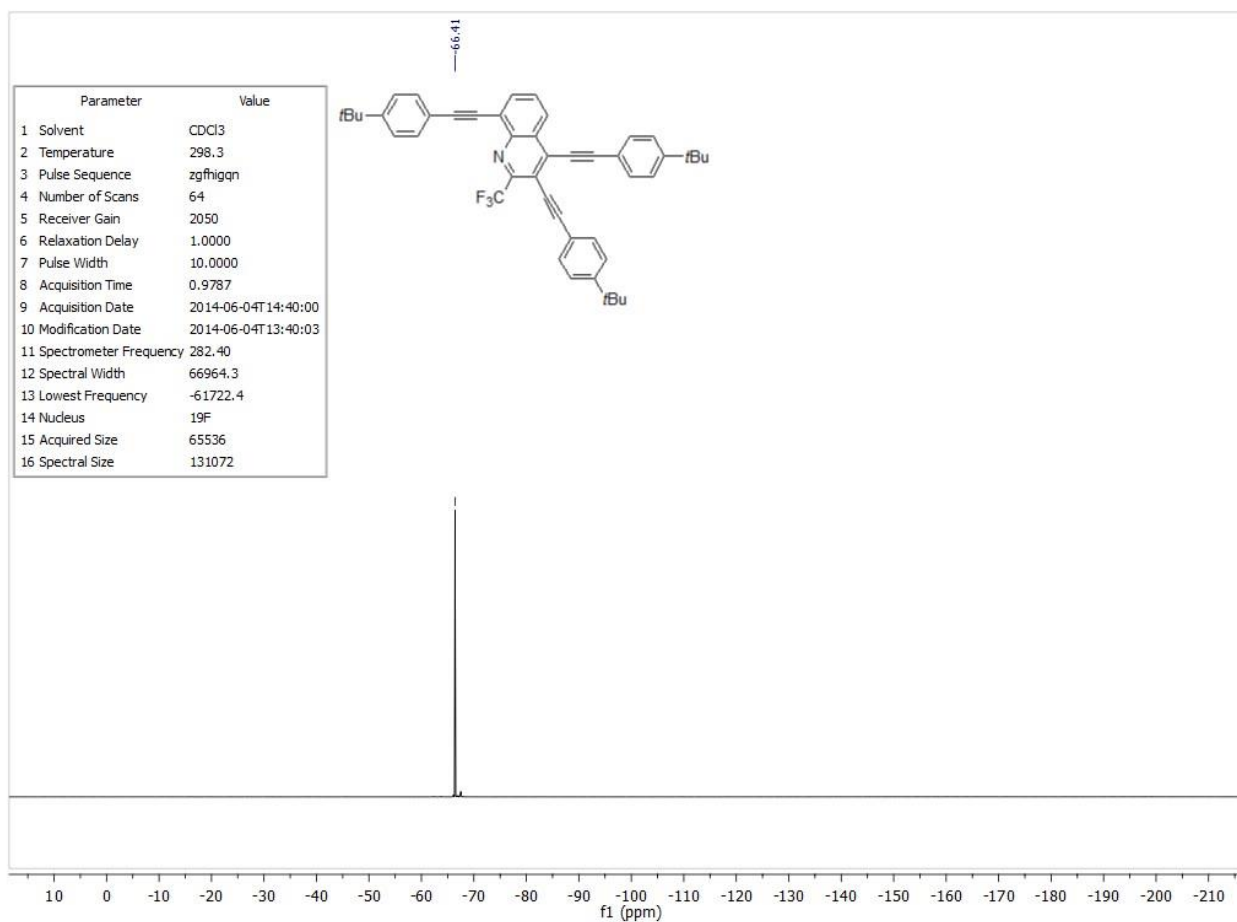
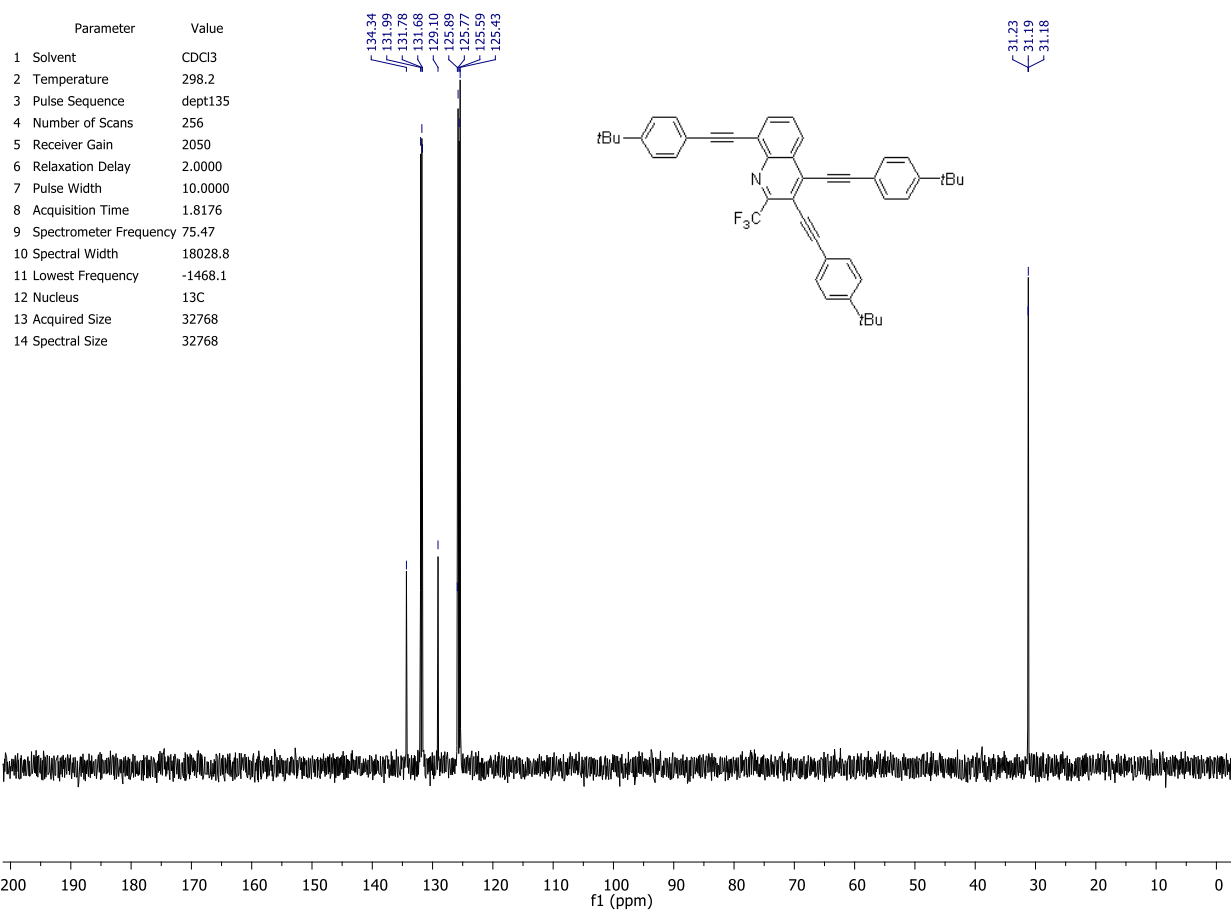
12a - 3,4,8-Tris(phenylethynyl)-2-trifluoromethylquinoline



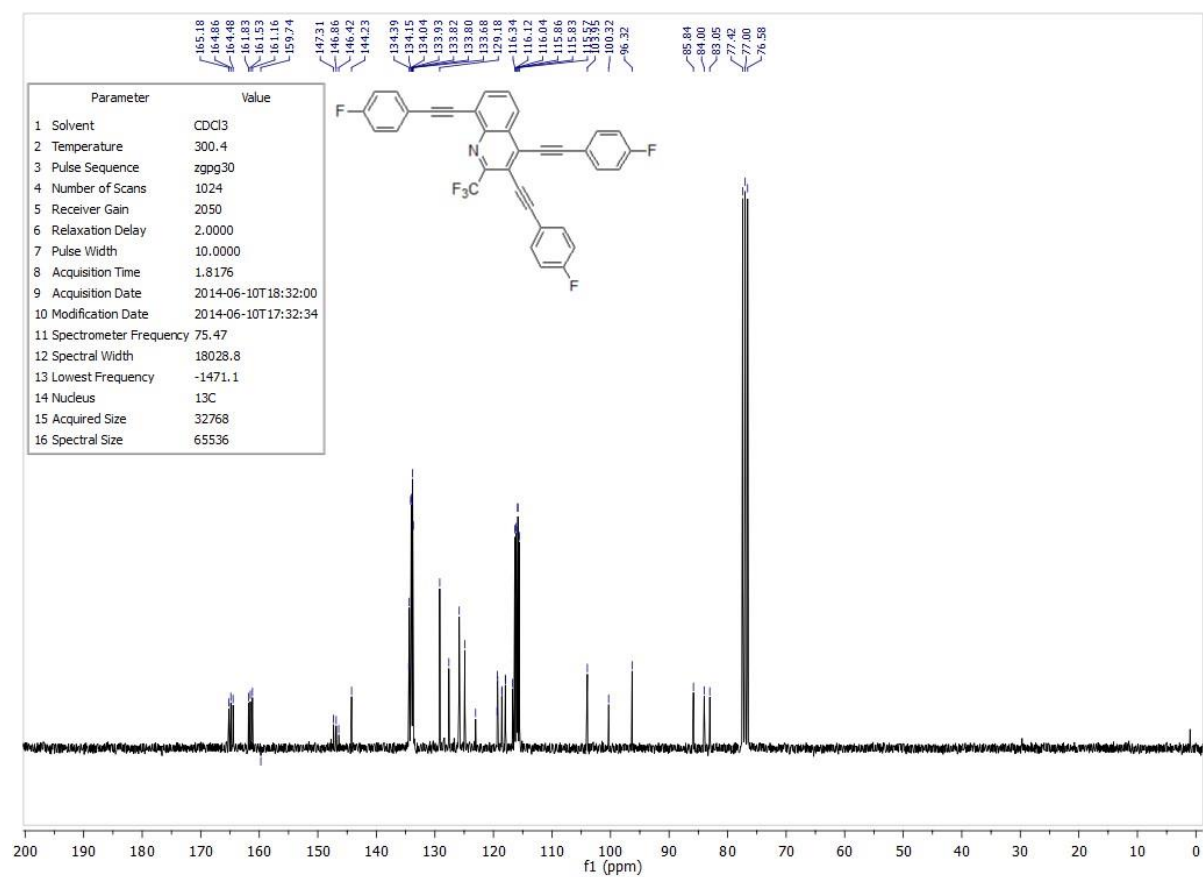
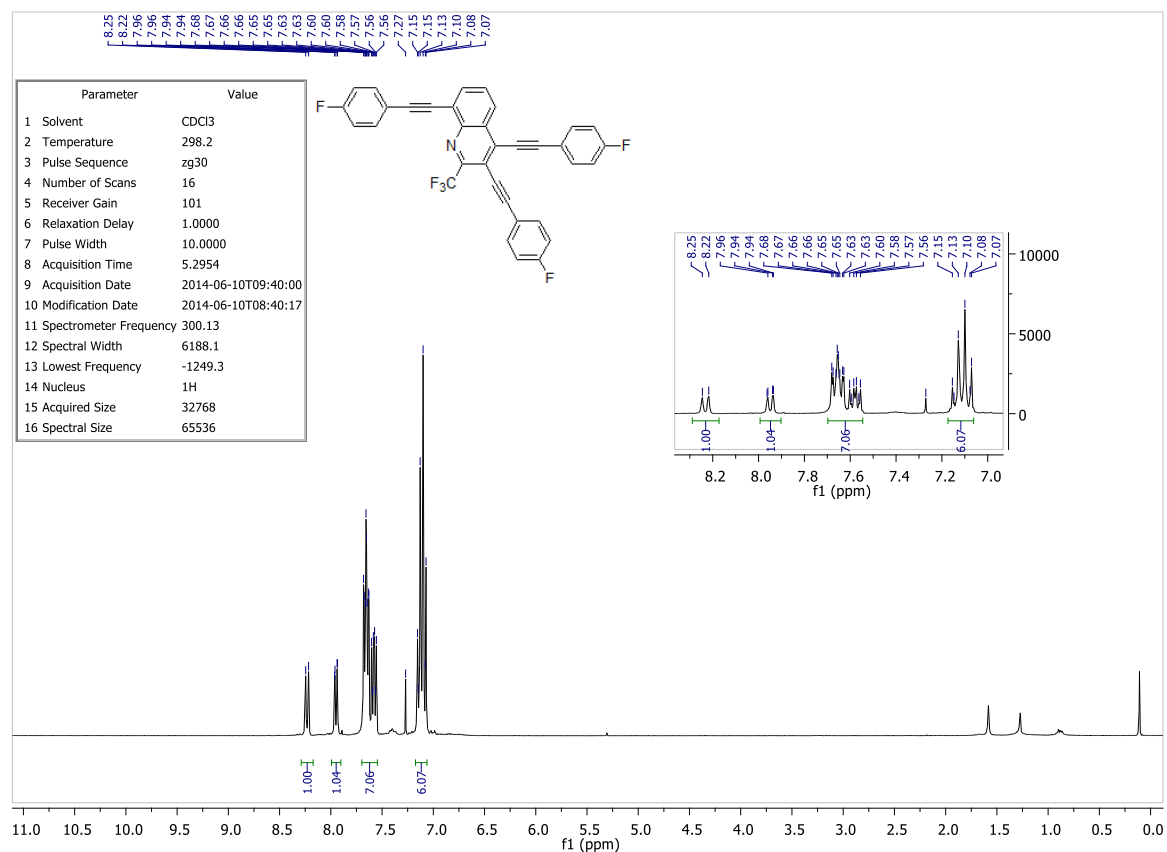


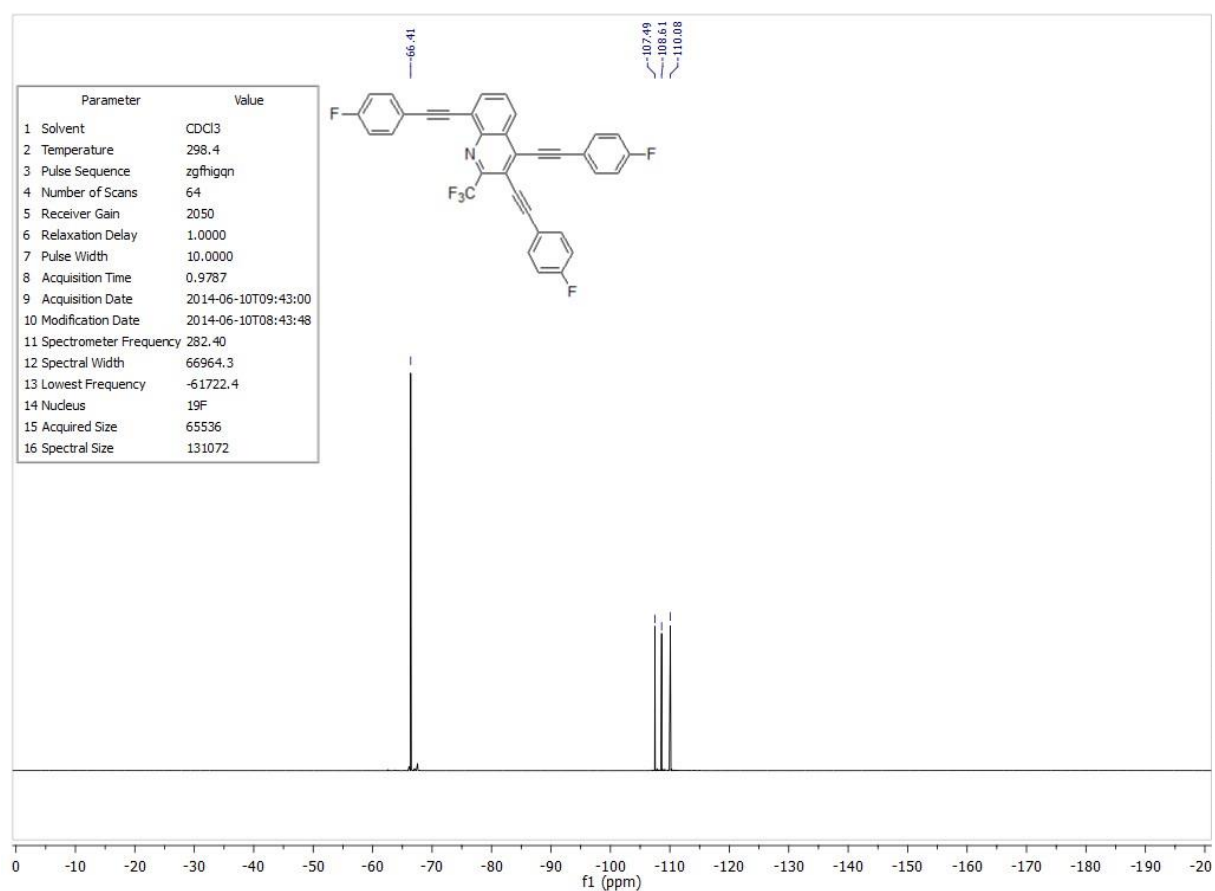
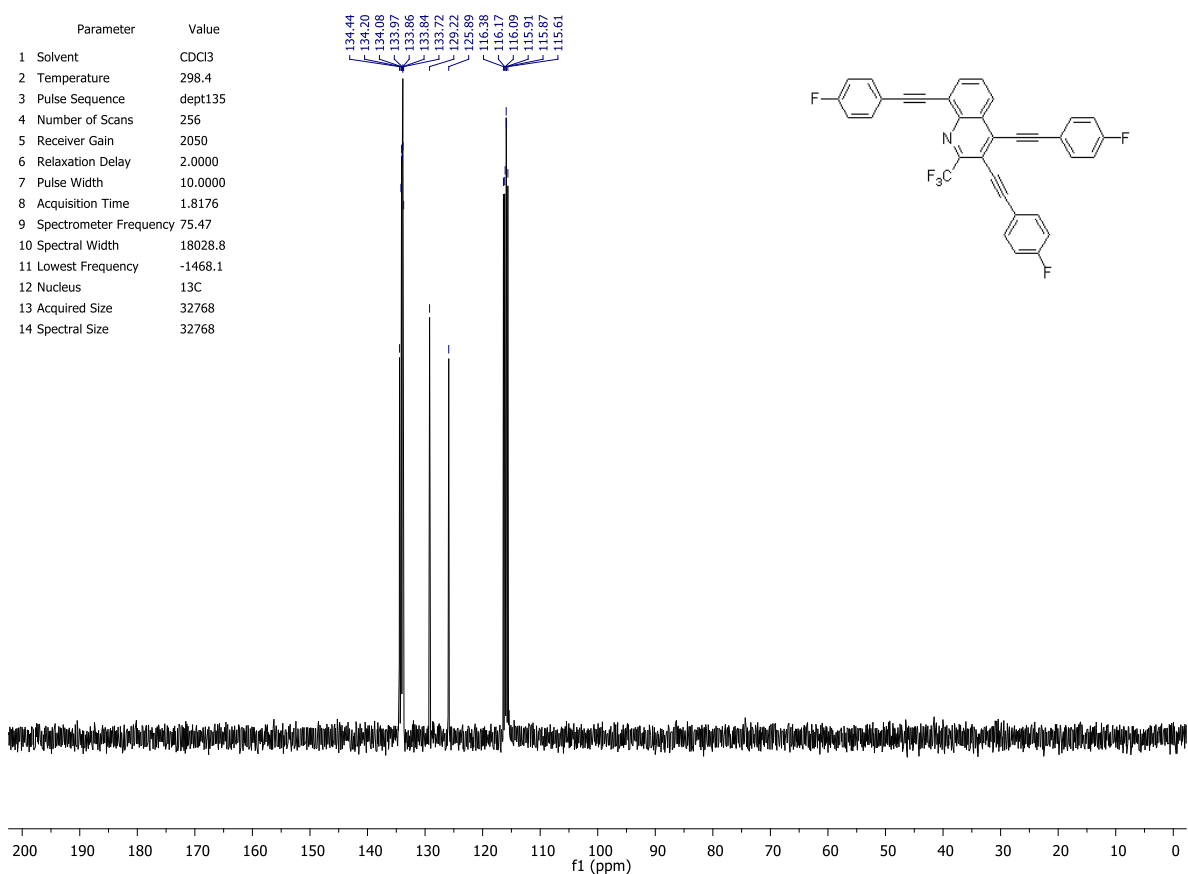
12b - 3,4,8-Tris(4'-tert-butylphenylethynyl)-2-trifluoromethylquinoline



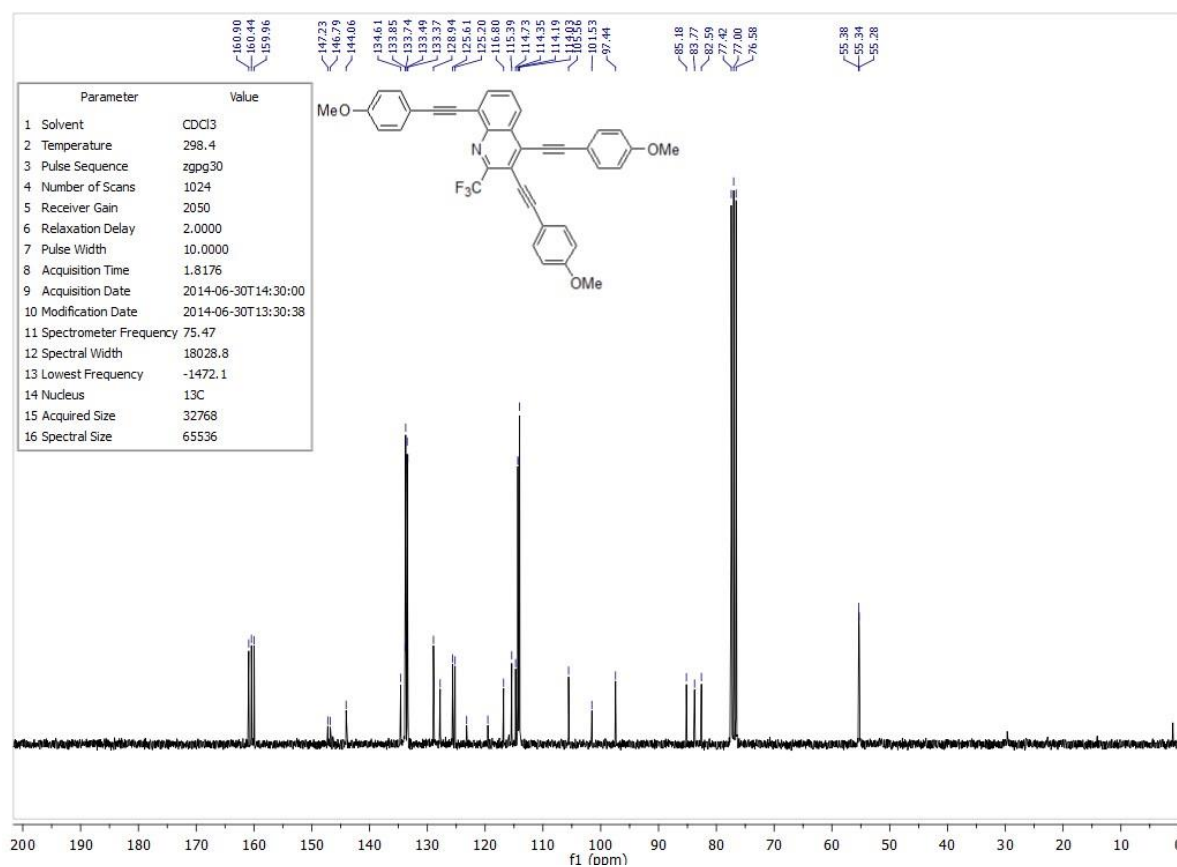
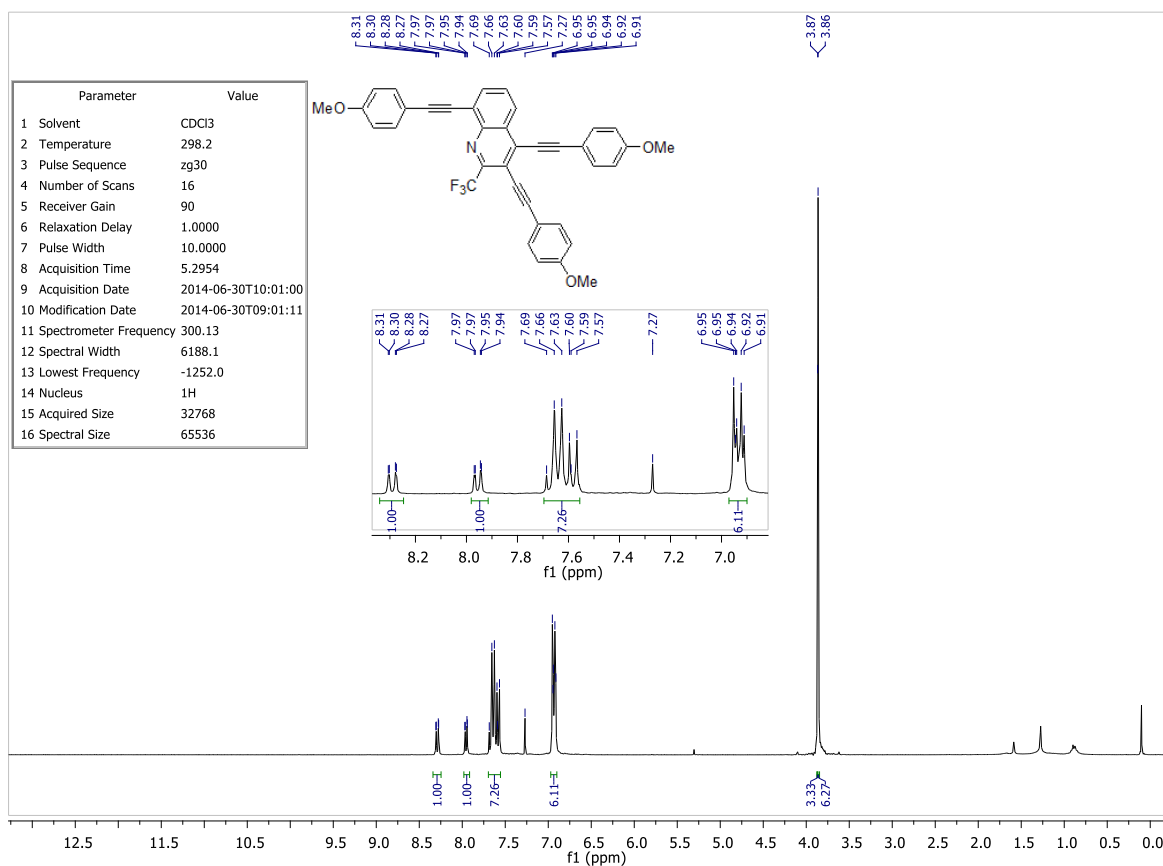


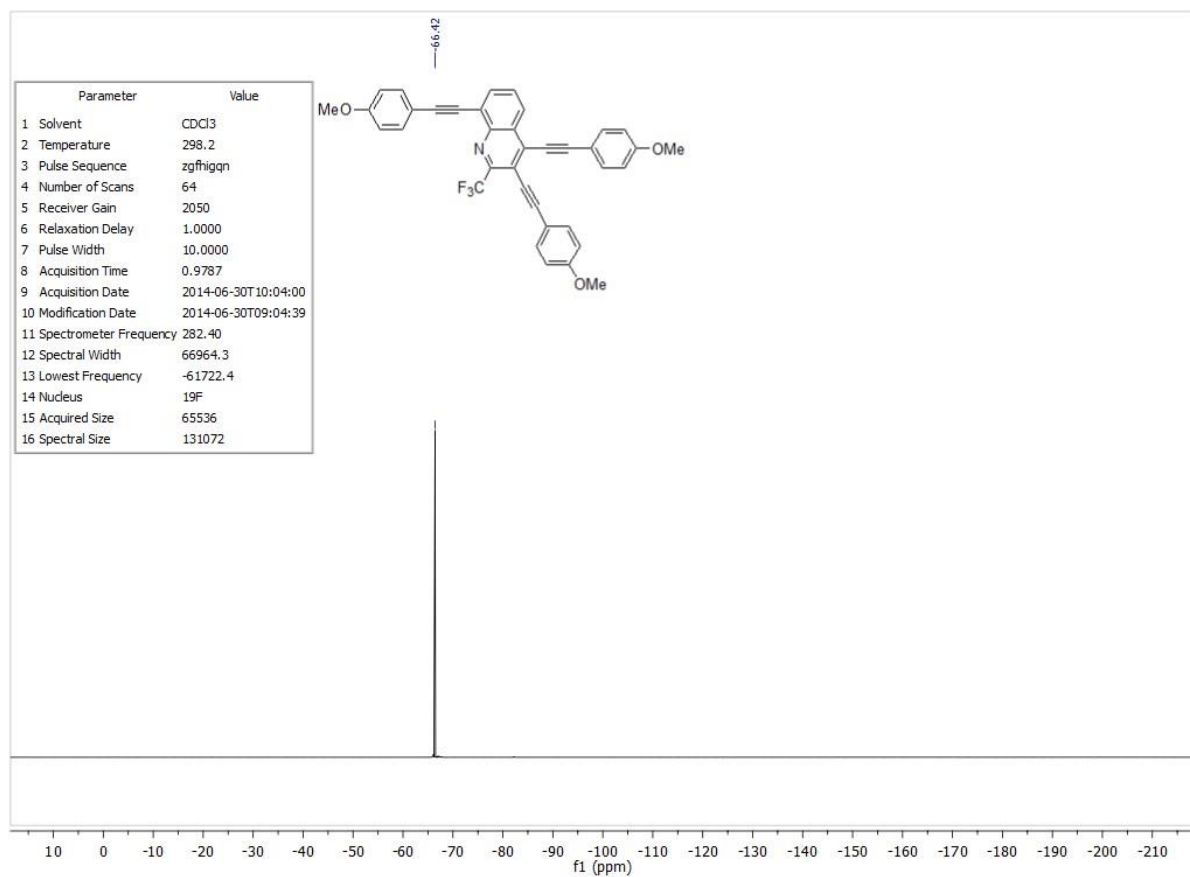
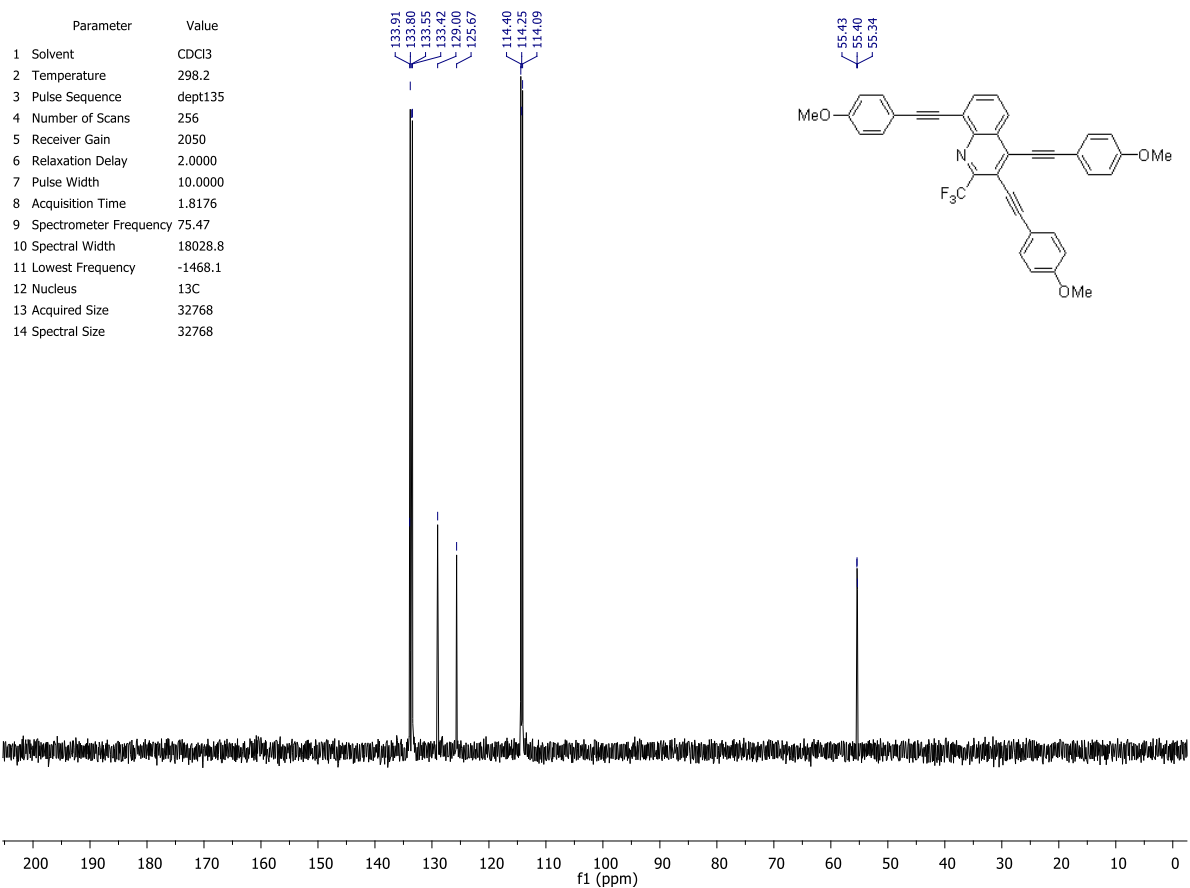
12d - 3,4,8-Tris(4'-fluorophenylethynyl)-2-trifluoromethylquinoline



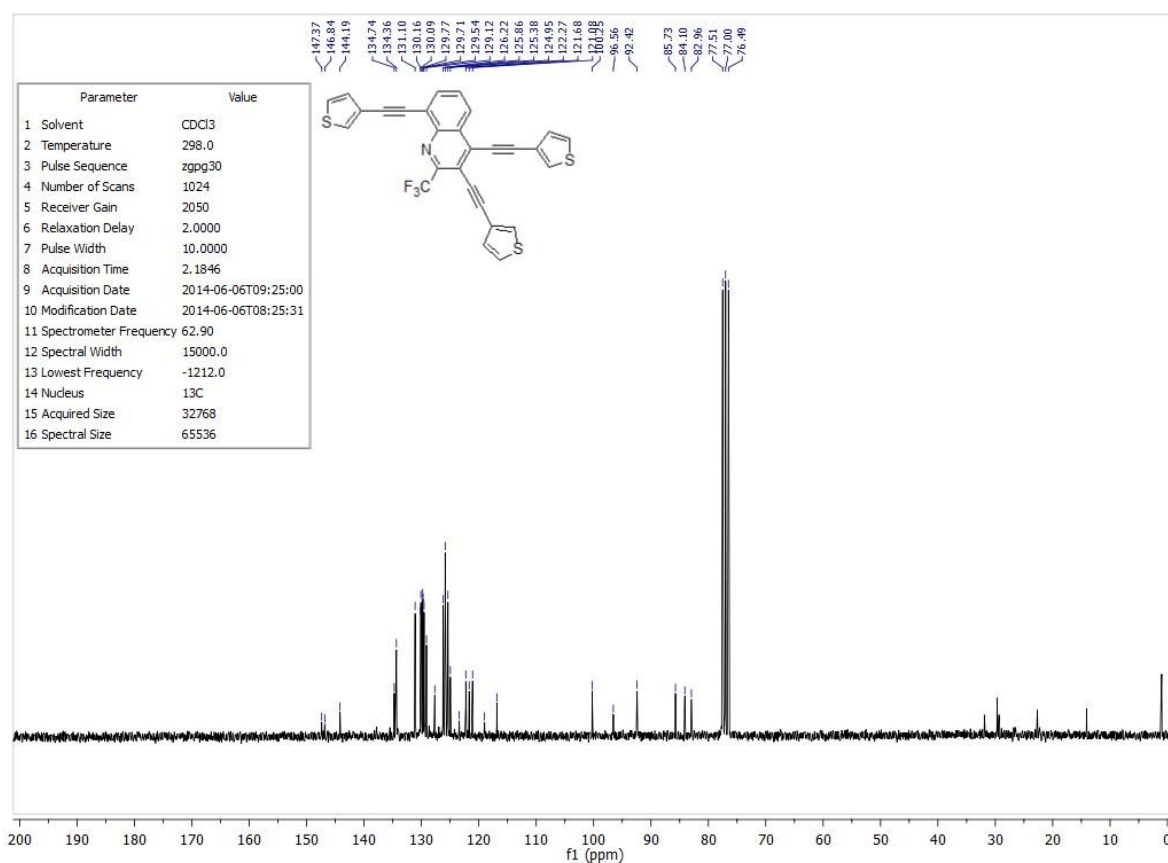
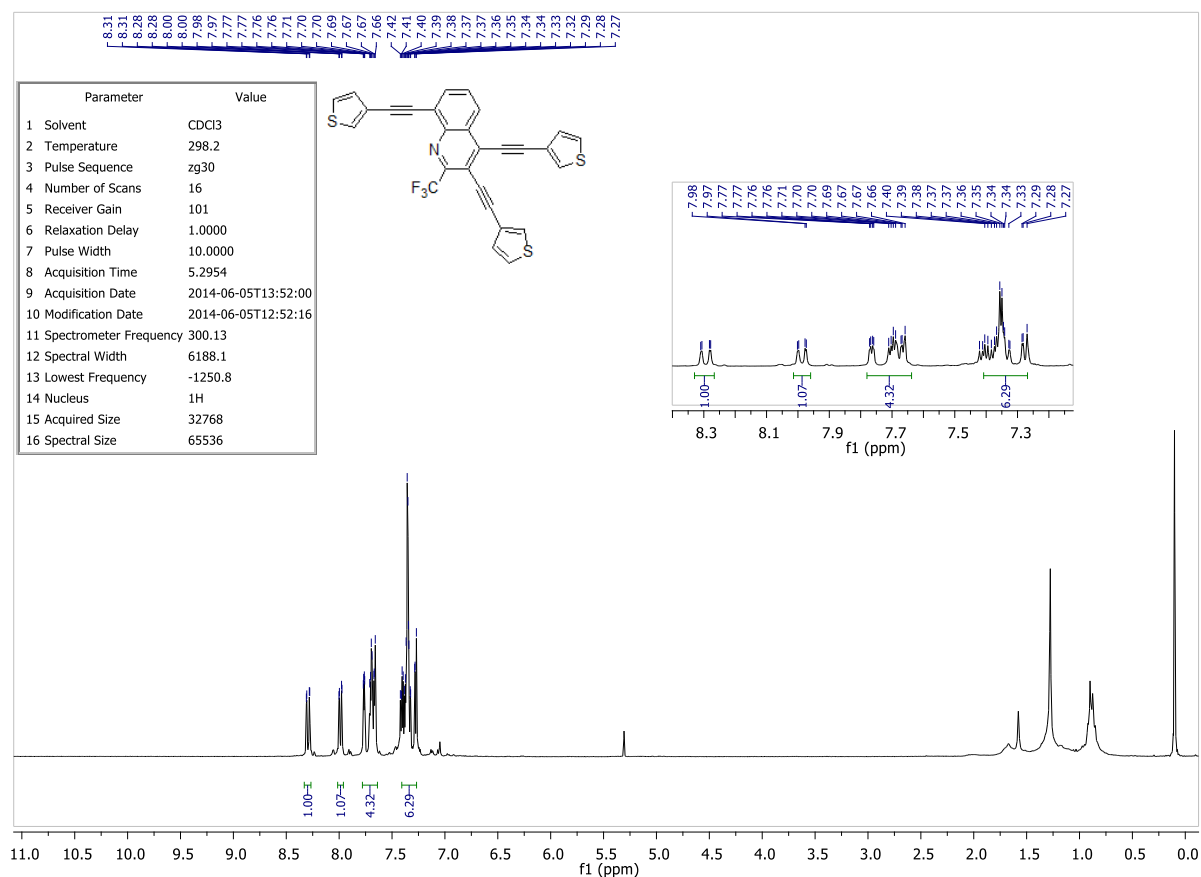


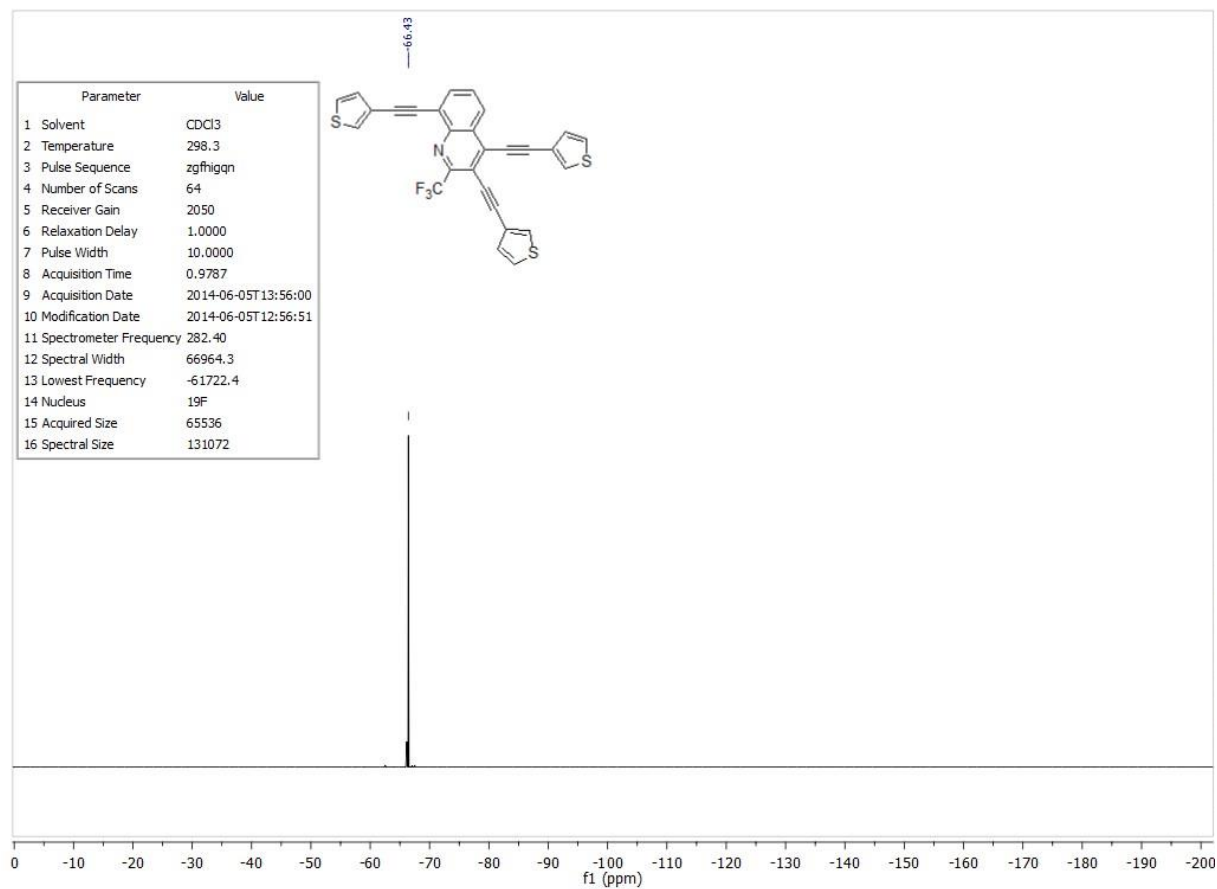
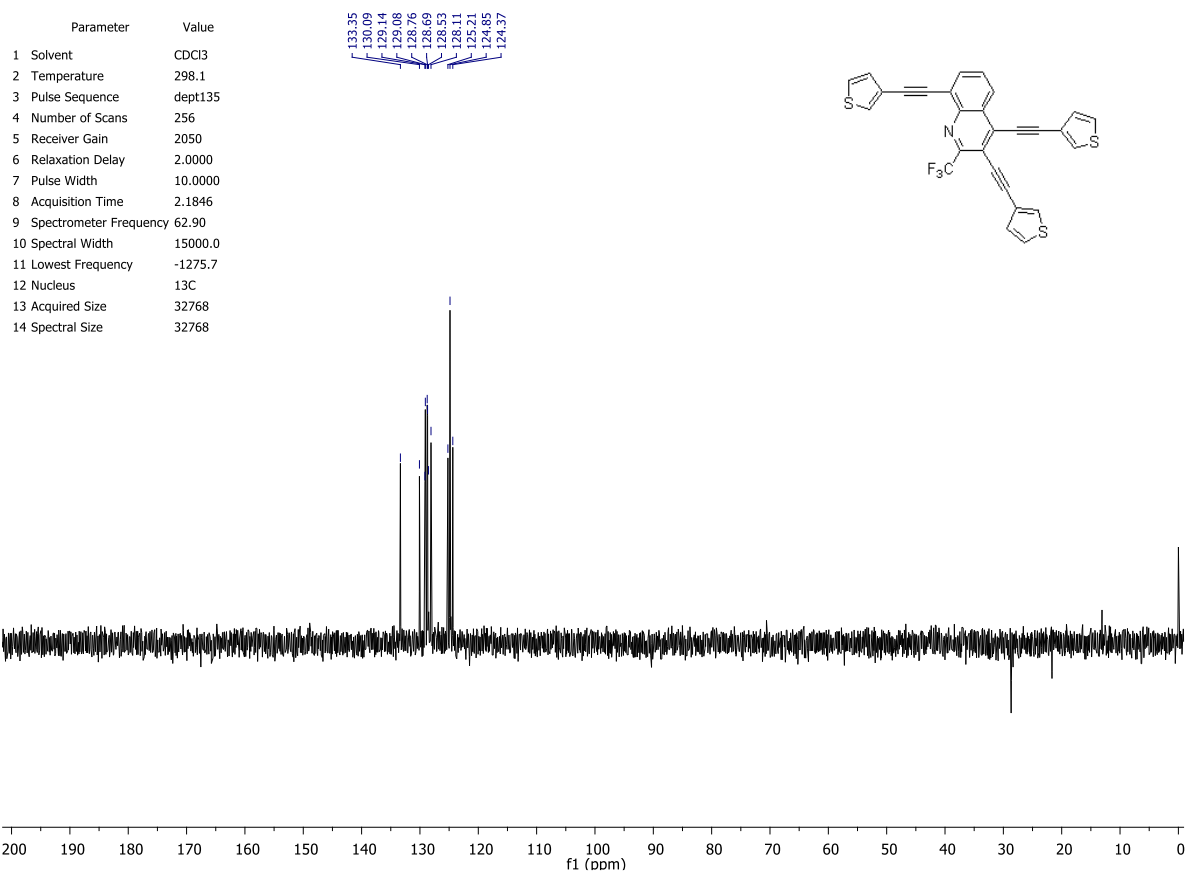
12e - 3,4,8-Tris(4'-methoxyphenylethynyl)-2-trifluoromethylquinoline



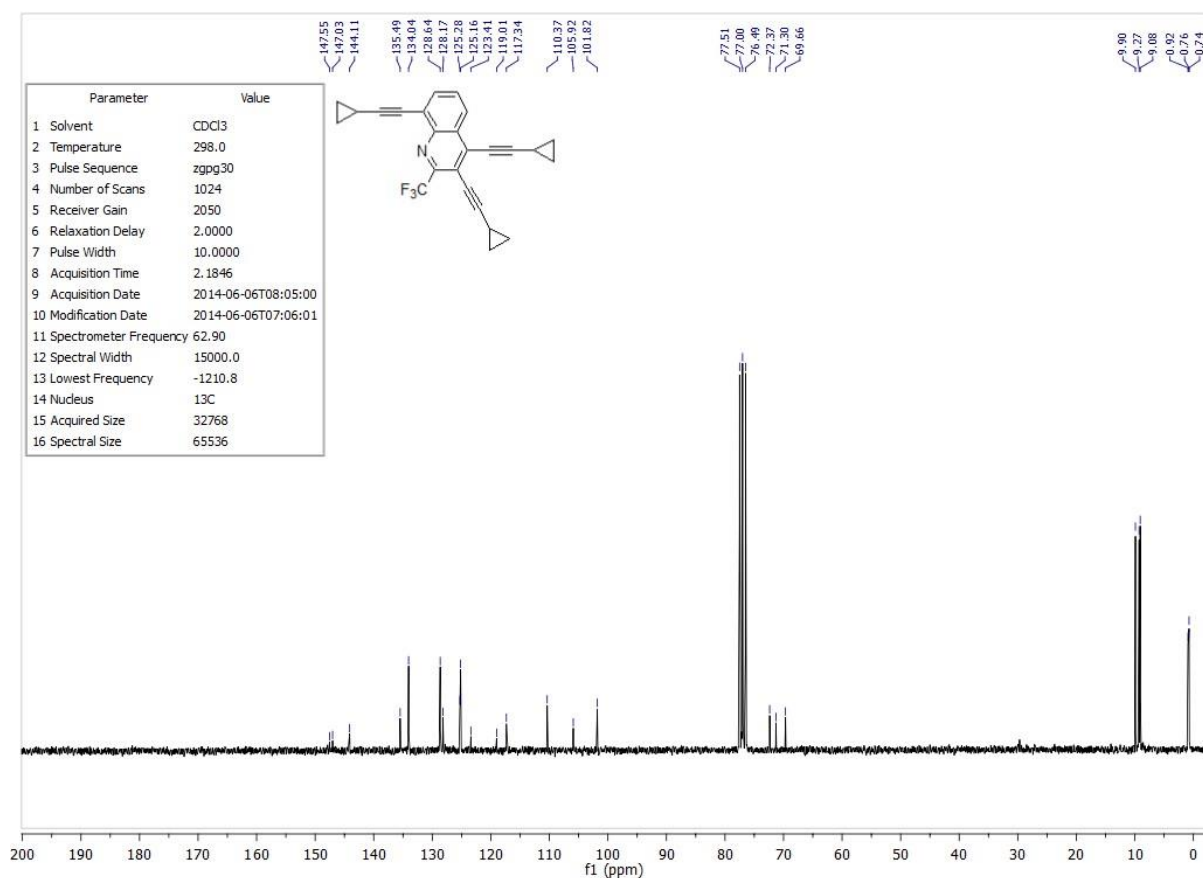
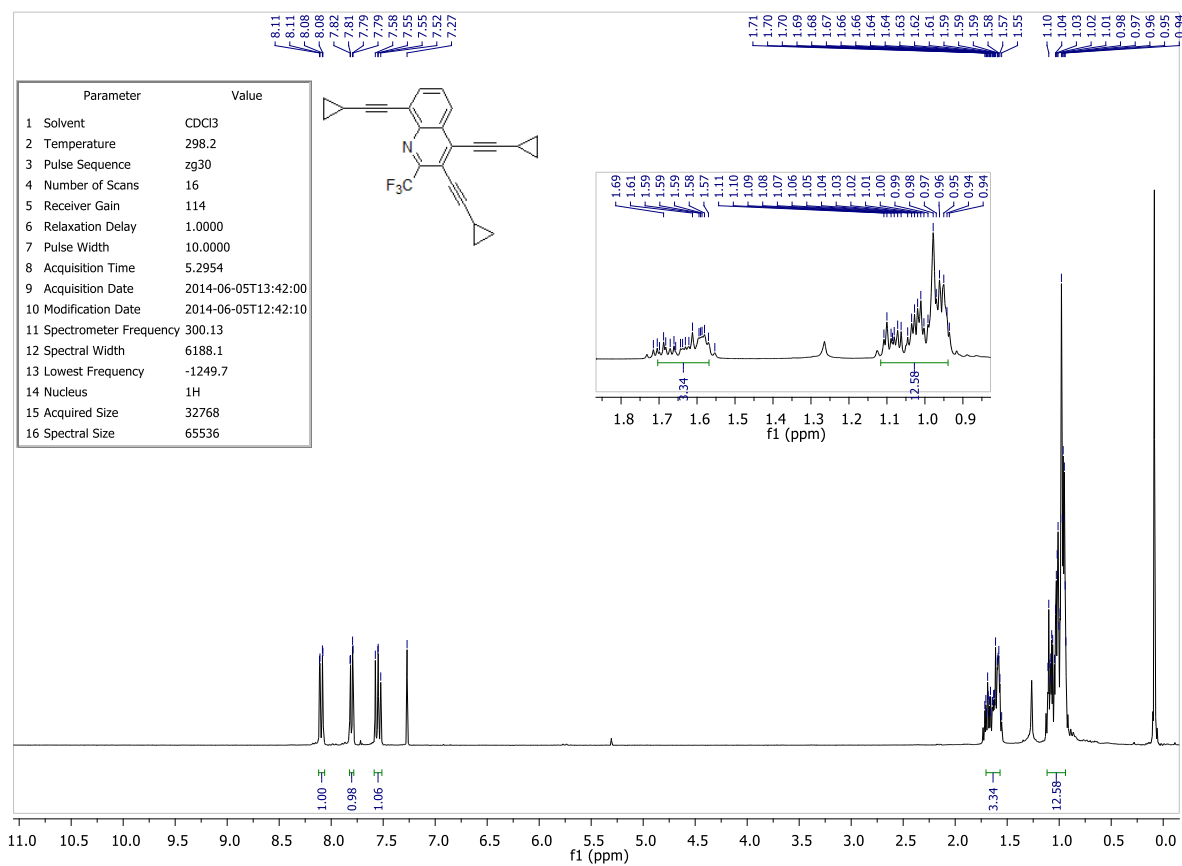


12f - 3,4,8-Tris(3'-thienylethynyl)-2-trifluoromethylquinoline



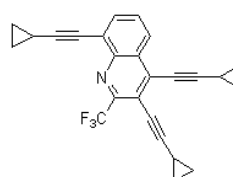


12g - 3,4,8-Tris(cyclopropylethynyl)-2-trifluoromethylquinoline

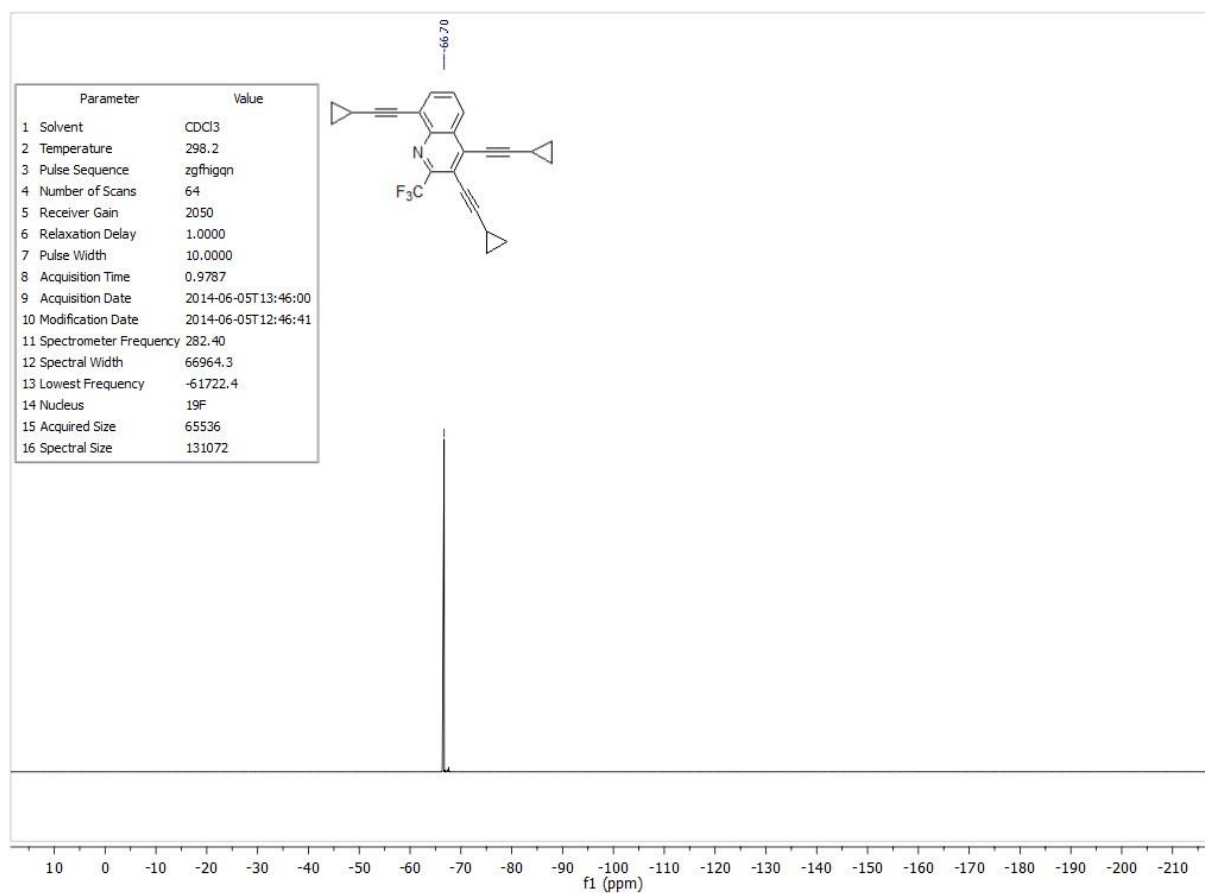
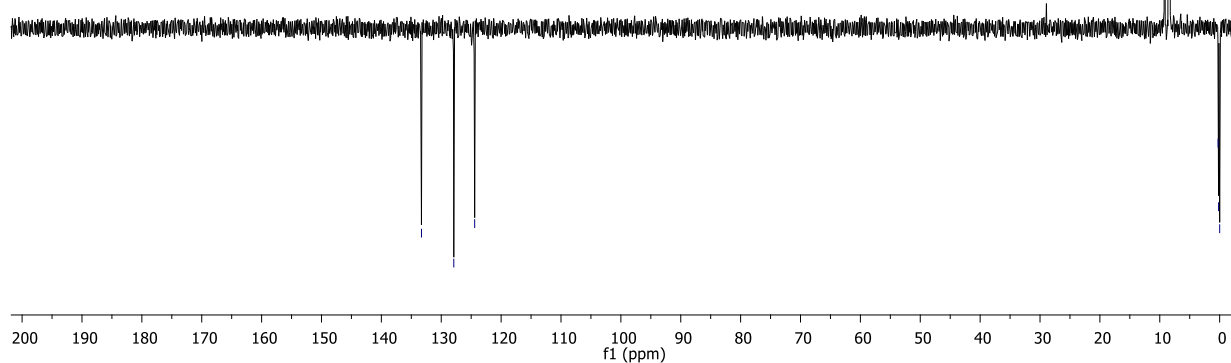


Parameter	Value
1 Solvent	CDCl ₃
2 Temperature	298.1
3 Pulse Sequence	dept135
4 Number of Scans	512
5 Receiver Gain	2050
6 Relaxation Delay	2.0000
7 Pulse Width	10.0000
8 Acquisition Time	2.1846
9 Spectrometer Frequency	62.90
10 Spectral Width	15000.0
11 Lowest Frequency	-1257.5
12 Nucleus	¹³ C
13 Acquired Size	32768
14 Spectral Size	32768

133.30
127.90
124.42



9.16
8.53
8.34
0.26
0.18
-0.01



ⁱ Marull, M.; Schlosser, M. *European Journal of Organic Chemistry* **2003**, 2003 (8), 1576–1588. doi:10.1002/ejoc.200390217

ⁱⁱ Da Silva, E. T.; Andrade, G. F. de; Da Araújo, A. S.; Lourenço, M. C. S.; Souza, M. V. N. de. *European journal of pharmaceutical sciences : official journal of the European Federation for Pharmaceutical Sciences* **2021**, 157, 105596. doi:10.1016/j.ejps.2020.105596

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