

Supporting Information

for

A Se^{...}O bonding catalysis approach to the synthesis of calix[4]pyrroles

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Beilstein J. Org. Chem. 2022, 18, 325–330. doi:10.3762/bjoc.18.36

Full experimental procedures and compound characterization

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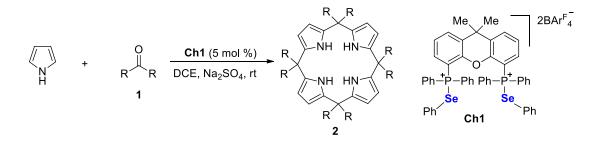
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1. General information

All the chemicals were either purchased from commercial suppliers or purified by standard procedures as specified in *Purification of Laboratory Chemicals*, 7th Ed (Armarego, W. L. F.; Chai, C. L. L. Butterworth Heinemann: 2013). All reactions were carried out under argon atmosphere. Analytical thin-layer chromatography (TLC) was performed on silica gel plates and analyzed by UV light or by potassium permanganate or vanillin sulfuric acid stains followed by heating. Flash chromatography was carried out utilizing silica gel (200–300 mesh). ¹H NMR, ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded in CDCl₃ at room temperature on a Bruker AM-400 spectrometer (400 MHz ¹H, 100 MHz ¹³C). The chemical shifts are reported in ppm relative to either the residual solvent peak (¹³C) ($\delta = 77.00$ ppm for CDCl₃; $\delta = 53.84$ ppm for CD₂Cl₂), (¹H) ($\delta = 7.26$ ppm for CDCl₃ or TMS (¹H) ($\delta = 0$ ppm) as an internal standard. Data for ¹H NMR are reported as follows: chemical shift (δ ppm), multiplicity (s = singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, m = multiplet, dd = doublet doublet), coupling constant (Hz), integration. Data for ¹³C NMR are reported as chemical shift. HRMS were performed on a Bruker Apex II mass instrument (ESI).

2. General experimental procedure

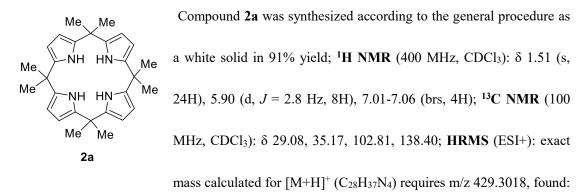


Catalysts **Ch1–3** were prepared according to the reported procedure (Kong, X.; Zhou, P.-P.; Wang, Y. *Angew. Chem., Int. Ed.* **2021**, *60*, 9395-9400.

To a dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with magnetic bar was added Ch1 (26.3 mg, 0.01 mmol) and Na₂SO₄ (50.0 mg). Then DCE (0.5 mL), pyrrole (14.0 μ L, 0.2 mmol) and ketone (0.3 mmol) were added under an argon atmosphere. This reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature until the reaction was complete as judged by TLC analysis. Then the solvent was removed and the residue was purified by column chromatography (PE/EA = 120:1 to 50:1) to afford the calix[4]pyrrole product.

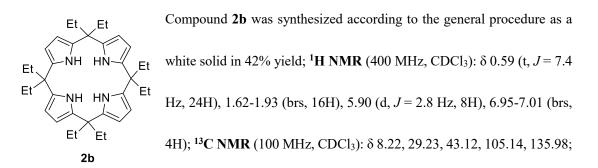
3. Analytical data

calix[4]pyrrole 2a:



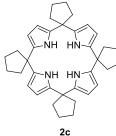
m/z 429.3015. Compound **2a** is known in the literature and the above spectral data are in agreement with the literature report (Nishiyabu, R.; Palacios, M. A.; Dehaen, W.; Anzenbacher, P. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2006**, *128*, 11496-11504).

calix[4]pyrrole 2b:



HRMS (ESI+): exact mass calculated for $[M+H]^+$ (C₃₆H₅₃N₄) requires m/z 541.4265, found: m/z 541.4262. Compound **2b** is known in the literature and the above spectral data are in agreement with the literature report (Mohebbi, S.; Rayati, S. Transition Met. Chem. (Dordrecht, Neth.) 2007, 32, 1035-1038).

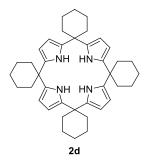
calix[4]pyrrole 2c:



Compound 2c was synthesized according to the general procedure as a white solid in 45% yield; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 1.62-1.75 (m, 16H), 2.01-2.03 (m, 16H), 5.85 (d, J = 2.8 Hz, 8H), 6.90-7.13 (brs, 4H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 23.84, 39.00, 46.86, 103.02, 137.06; HRMS (ESI+): exact mass calculated for $[M+H]^+$ (C₃₆H₄₅N₄) requires m/z 533.3644, found: m/z 533.3647. Compound 2c is known in the literature and the above spectral data are in agreement with the

literature report (Rawat, A. K.; Chauhan, S. M. S. Tetrahedron Lett. 2014, 55, 6969-6971).

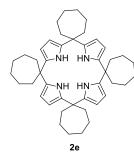
calix[4]pyrrole 2d:



Compound 2d was synthesized according to the general procedure as a white solid in 58% yield; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 1.36-1.54 (m, 24H), 1.88-1.96 (m, 16H), 5.90 (d, *J* = 2.7 Hz, 8H), 7.01-7.07 (brs, 4H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 22.75, 26.02, 37.23, 39.63, 103.49, 136.42; **HRMS** (ESI+): exact mass calculated for $[M+H]^+$ (C₃₆H₅₃N₄)

requires m/z 589.4265, found: m/z 589.4262. Compound 2d is known in the literature and the above spectral data are in agreement with the literature report (Jain, V. K.; Mandalia, H. C.; Suresh, E. J. Inclusion Phenom. Macrocyclic Chem. 2008, 62, 167-178).

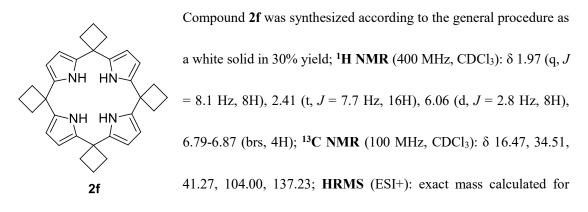
calix[4]pyrrole 2e:



Compound **2e** was synthesized according to the general procedure as a white solid in 42% yield; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 1.52-1.56 (m, 32H), 2.00-2.03 (m, 16H), 5.87 (d, J = 2.8 Hz, 8H), 6.86-6.93 (brs, 4H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 23.15, 29.76, 39.39, 42.73, 102.95, 138.30; ass calculated for [M+H]⁺ (C₃₆H₆₁N₄) requires m/z 645.4891, found: m/z

HRMS (ESI+): exact mass calculated for $[M+H]^+$ (C₃₆H₆₁N₄) requires m/z 645.4891, found: m/z 645.4884.

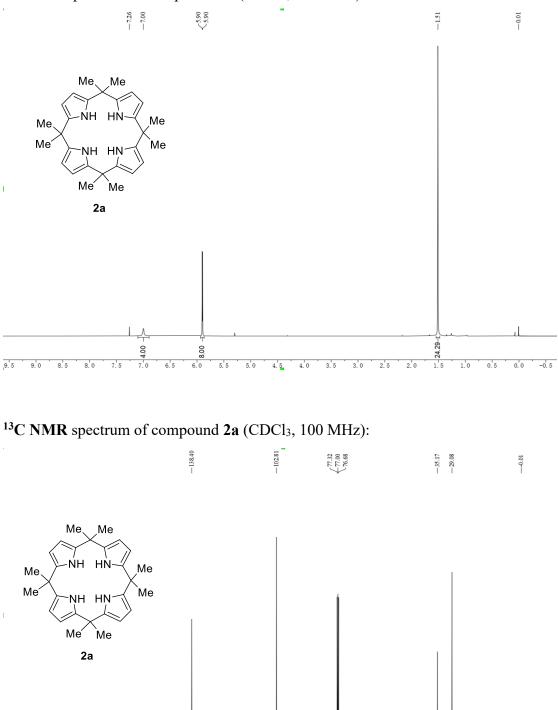
calix[4]pyrrole 2f:



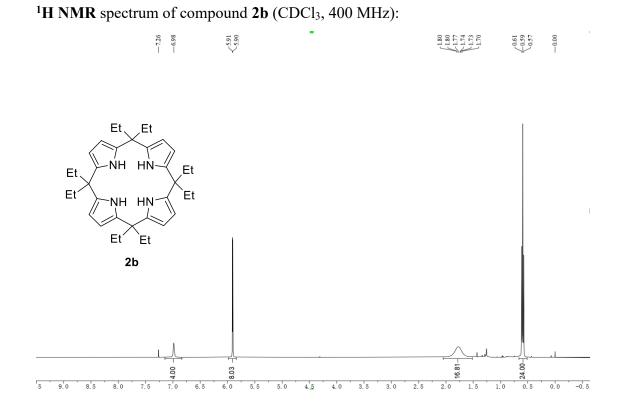
[M+H]⁺ (C₃₆H₃₇N₄) requires m/z 477.3013, found: m/z 477.3015.

4. Copies of NMR spectra

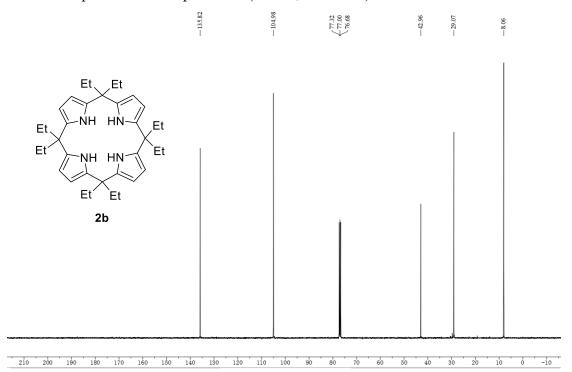
¹H NMR spectrum of compound **2a** (CDCl₃, 400 MHz):

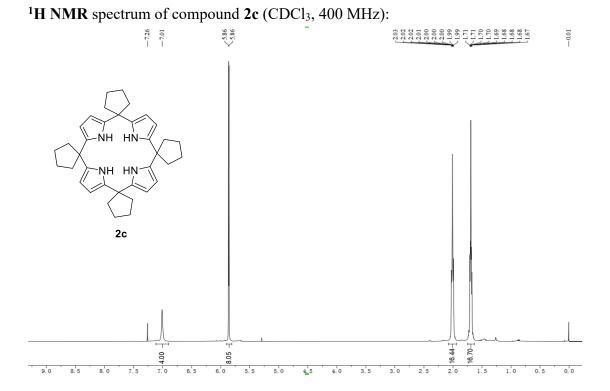


210 200 190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0 -10

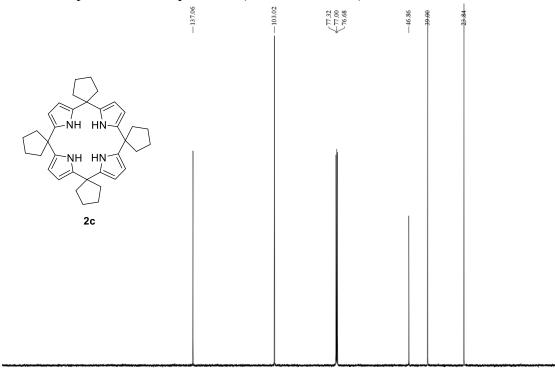


¹³C NMR spectrum of compound **2b** (CDCl₃, 100 MHz):

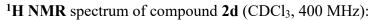




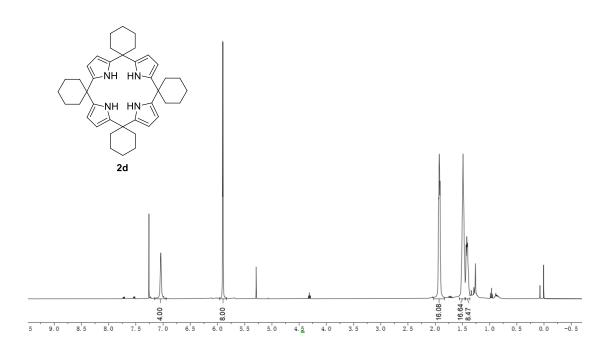
¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 2c (CDCl₃, 100 MHz):



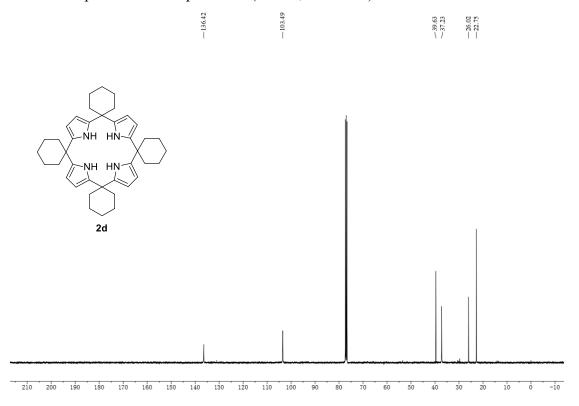
210 200 190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0 -10

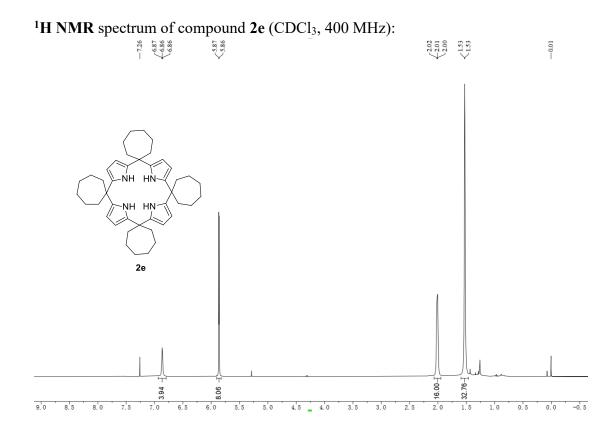




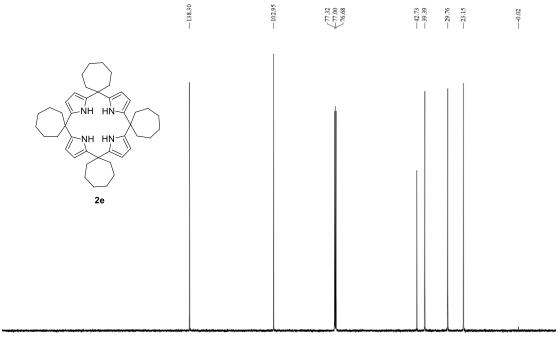


¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 2d (CDCl₃, 100 MHz):

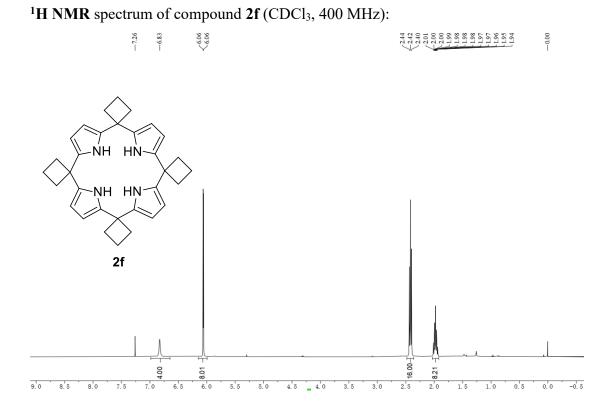




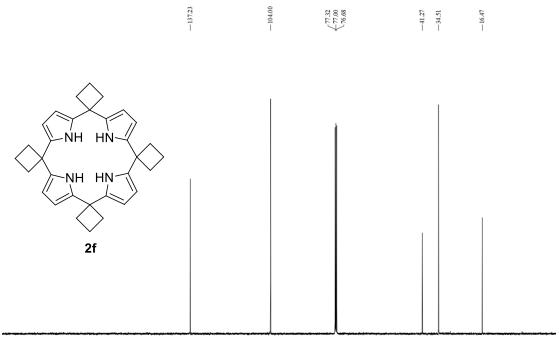
¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 2e (CDCl₃, 100 MHz):



210 200 190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0 -10



¹³C NMR spectrum of compound **2f** (CDCl₃, 100 MHz):



210 200 190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 80 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0 -10